64TH CONGRESS }

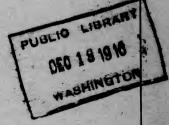
No. 1503

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916

Vol. II

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT REPORTS





WASHINGTON 1916

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916

Vol. II

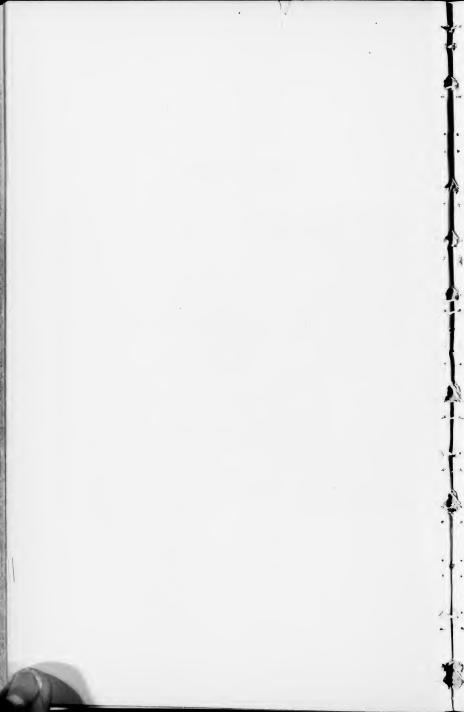
ENGINEER DEPARTMENT REPORTS





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EXTRACT FROM REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

Office of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, Washington, December 1, 1916.

To the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia herewith submit for the information of Congress, pursuant to the requirements of section 12 of an act providing a permanent form of government for the District of Columbia, approved June 11, 1878 (20 U. S. Stats., 108), a report of the official doings of that government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

ROADWAY PAVEMENTS.

The accompanying table shows the area in square yards of new roadway pavements laid and old roadway pavements resurfaced during the year, with the totals in square yards and miles of the various kinds of pavements at the close of the fiscal year.

Comparative statement showing character and extent of roadway pavements.

	Existing amount on June 30, 1915.		ment laid Replaced	Existing a June 30		
	Square yards.	Miles.	year (square yards).	with asphalt.	Square yards.	Miles.
Sheet as phalt and coal tar	2,920,969	154.54	86,983		3,007,952	159. 4
Asphalt block Asphaltic or bituminous concrete:	594,626	30.17	9,451	816	603, 261	30.5
On concrete base	78, 708	4.58			78,708	4.5
On broken-stone base	51,088	2.68			51,088	2.6
ement concrete	51,997	3.00	16,658		68, 655	3.7
ranite block and rubble	465,685	25.24		20,863	444,822	23.9
itrified block	25, 535	1.34			25,535	1.3
obble	80,751	3.98		11,952	68,799	3.3
racadam	1,980,000		9,766	8,930	1,961,304	122.7
ravel and unimproved		161.42	9,744			161.3
utters on asphalt streets	208,389		6,601	2,042	217,032	
utters on concrete streets	11,201				11,201	
avements maintained by street railways.	559,089				559,089	
Total	7,028,037	510. 19			7,097,446	513.6

 ${
m Note.--67,093}$ square yards of sheet asphalt pavement replaced, including 38,978 square yards of a sphalt surface laid on old base.

The sums appropriated for expenditures during the year under this head were as follows:

For paving new roadways and repairing old roadway pavements	\$525, 400
For the construction and repair of suburban roads.	199, 200
For grading streets, alleys, and roads.	15, 000

The types of fixed roadway pavements laid during the year were sheet asphalt, asphalt block, and concrete. But a limited amount of asphalt block was laid, in comparison with sheet-asphalt, due to the low prices received during the year for sheet-asphalt pavement.

The prices paid under contract for roadway pavements during the

year were as follows:

rer
sq. yd.
Laying sheet-asphalt pavement (2½-inch asphalt surface, 2-inch binder, before
compression), with 6-inch concrete base
Laying vitrified-block gutters, with 6-inch concrete base. 1.23
Laving sheet-asphalt pavement (2½-inch asphalt surface, 2-inch binder, before
compression), with 5-inch concrete base. 1.43
Laving vitrified-block gutters, with 5-inch concrete base
Allowance for stone furnished by the District of Columbia:
On District wharf, per cubic yard
On barges alongside District wharf, per cubic yard
On parges alongside District wharf, per cubic yard
The prices for the fiscal year 1917 are as follows:
Laving sheet-asphalt pavement (2½-inch asphalt surface, 2-inch binder, before
compression), with 6-inch concrete base
Laving vitrified block with 6-inch concrete base
Laying sheet-asphalt pavement (2½-inch asphalt surface, 2-inch binder, before
compression), with 5-inch concrete base
Laying vitrified block with 5-inch concrete base
The current prices for resurfacing and repairing asphalt pavements
under a contract for a period of two years beginning July 1, 1916,
are as follows:

Per

sq. yd. Laying sheet-asphalt pavement (2½-inch asphalt surface, 2-inch binder, before compression), with 6-inch concrete base...... . \$1.51 Laving sheet-asphalt surface (2½ inches before compression). . 57 Laying asphalt binder (in connection with resurfacing work), per cubic foot... . 24 Laying sheet-asphalt surface for repairs, etc., within the space required by law to be kept in repair by street railway companies, per cubic foot...... . 47 Laying asphalt binder for repairs, etc., within the space required by law to be kept in repair by street railway companies, per cubic foot... .39

In suburban road construction, in addition to the roadways paved with sheet asphalt under contract, there were constructed about 11,230 square yards, or 0.63 mile, of cement roadways; 20,166 square yards, or 1.9 miles of macadam roadway, and 9,744 square yards, or 0.74 mile, of gravel roadway. In addition, the grading of suburban streets aggregated 25,437 cubic yards. The larger part of the appropriation for repairs to suburban roads was expended in the repairing of the trunk lines of travel. Among the principal roads repaired were New Cut Road, Massachusetts Avenue extended, Rhode Island Avenue extended, Pennsylvania Avenue SE., Georgia Avenue NW., Bladensburg Road NE., Michigan Avenue NE., Connecticut Avenue NW., and Benning Road NE.

Approximately \$34,000 was expended for surface treatments of roadways with tar and oil, and \$2,600 for sprinkling roadways with

water.

MUNICIPAL ASPHALT PLANT.

The District of Columbia operates a portable municipal plant in the repair of asphalt pavements and the repair of macadam streets by the construction of an asphalt-macadam wearing surface thereon. The plant was operated 236 working days during the year, with an

average daily output of 715 cubic feet, and a total output of 168,684 cubic feet. This output is not the capacity of the plant, but its use is limited by the needs of the service. Old material is used to a large extent in the manufacture of the output. Old asphalt topping removed from the streets in resurfacing is crushed to a finely broken product to which is added new material. The materials purchased for use during the year for this plant were as follows:

Sand, 2,160.50 cubic yards	\$1.03
Asphaltic cement, 461-74 tons	10 00
Limestone dust, 205 tons	2.53
Screenings, 855 tons.	1.32

There was purchased for use in operating the crusher and mixer the following large items:

Fuel oil, 23,927 gallons	\$0.031
Coal, 170 tons.	3.45
Wood, 80 cords (average)	5.00

The details of the cost of operation are contained in the report of the engineer of highways. The cost of the product laid on the street as compared with the contract price of a similar product is as follows:

	Municipal plant, per cubic foot.	Contract price, per cubic foot.
Asphalt surface (class b). Asphalt surface (class a). Asphaltic binder (class a). Asphaltic binder (class b).	.3447	\$0.47 .52 .39 .41

The total cost of minor repairs to sheet-asphalt pavements during the year was \$41,982.41.

This cost represents the maintenance of all asphalt streets not under guaranty by contractors, a total yardage of 2,396,063. The cost per square yard was therefore about 1.9 cents.

SIDEWALKS AND ALLEYS.

The sum of \$220,000 was appropriated for paving sidewalks and alleys and in addition the sum of \$10,000 for laying sidewalks and curbs around public reservations and municipal buildings. Sidewalks are paved with cement and alleys with vitrified brick or asphalt block; 30,219 square yards of vitrified block and 5,439 square yards of asphalt block pavements were laid in alleys. There was also 2,940 square yards of concrete pavement laid in alleys, this being a new departure during the year. The cement sidewalks laid aggregated 77,072 square yards. One-half the cost of curbs, sidewalks, and alley paving is assessed against the abutting property, except in the case of public buildings and reservations. Cement sidewalks are laid under contract and alleys are paved by day labor.

The contract prices paid for laying cement sidewalks during the year were as follows:

 For the fiscal year 1917 the prices are as follows:

The initiative in the matter of paving sidewalks and alleys is generally left with the owners of abutting property, the Commissioners requiring a majority petition for such work before it is ordered. Exceptions are made, however, in cases where, on account of public danger or other public reason, the paving is demanded. The law requires the Commissioners to advertise for two weeks their intention to lay sidewalks and curbs and to pave alleys and to give a hearing to the property owners affected. The work is ordered subsequent to such hearing when, in the opinion of the Commissioners, it is necessary for the public safety, health, comfort, and convenience. The demand for this class of construction is constant, and increased appropriations for this work could advantageously be expended.

BRIDGES.

The Q Street bridge across Rock Creek was completed during the year and the approaches paved. By an order of the commissioners this bridge was named Dumbarton Bridge. The bridge across Rock Creek on the line of Pennsylvania Avenue was also completed during the year, and by order of the commissioners this bridge was named Meigs Bridge. A description of these two bridges will be found in the report of the Engineer of Bridges, which also gives the detail of expenditures on the smaller bridges in the District of Columbia. The engineer of bridges calls attention to the necessity for replacing the Calvert Street bridge over Rock Creek. An appropriation of \$6,000 has been made for the preparation of plans for a new bridge at this point, and it is the intention to obtain competitive designs for the structure.

Among the larger items of improvements made during the year were the reflooring of the old Aqueduct Bridge across the Potomac River, the paving of the roadway of the Connecticut Avenue bridge over Rock Creek, and the widening of the south approach to the

Anacostia Bridge.

At the last session of Congress a bill was passed providing for replacing the old Aqueduct Bridge across the Potomac River with a new bridge at an estimated cost of \$1,000,000. This work was placed under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Engineers, United States Army.

SURVEYOR'S OFFICE.

The work done by the surveyor is of two classes, namely, that done for private parties and that done for the District of Columbia and the United States. For the work done for private parties fees are charged in accordance with the schedule approved by the commissioners. The total amount of fees collected during the year was \$15,005.15. The amount received during the previous fiscal year was \$12,817.95.

The surveys made for the District of Columbia and the Federal Government also considerably increased over the previous year. Considerable time was spent in making a survey of the Anacostia River and Flats for the purpose of instituting condemnation proceedings to acquire land in connection with reclamation of these flats.

Under an appropriation of \$2,500 made for surveys of old subdivisions many old boundary lines were marked out on the ground. For the present fiscal year no appropriation was made for this purpose, although the work has not been completed.

STREET AND ALLEY EXTENSIONS.

During the year 24 street, alley, and park condemnation cases were prepared and filed, an increase of 6 over the previous year. Twenty-eight street and park condemnation cases and 15 alley condemnation cases were under consideration by the courts during the year. Among the important cases were the opening of Thirteenth Street between Spring Road and Colorado Avenue; Perry Place and Spring Place; eleven small park places; the widening of Wisconsin Avenue between Garfield Street and the District line; Widening of Naylor Road between Good Hope Road and the District line; the opening and extension of Calvert Street and Cleveland Avenue; the widening of Georgia Avenue and of Benning Road.

A table appended to the report of the surveyor gives the status of all condemnation cases instituted by the District of Columbia where the proceedings have been instituted or have been completed during

the year.

TREES AND PARKINGS.

The number of trees on streets, in school yards, and on play-grounds at the close of the fiscal year was 104,490. The trees planted during the year amounted to 3,421, and those removed amounted to 2,066, leaving a net increase over the preceding year of 1,355 trees. Of the total number of trees, 104,306 are planted along the curbs of streets, the increase in the number of trees along curbs being 1,488. The mileage of trees at the close of the year was 592,64, being an increase of 8.46 over the mileage of the preceding year. The trees are planted on both sides of the street and the mileage is figured on the basis of 352 trees to the mile. The length of streets planted with trees is 296.32 miles, being an increase of 4.23 over the preceding year. The amount expended for planting and care of trees was \$43,879.63. The amount spent in care and mowing of parkings was \$2,190.91. This office also issued 768 permits to grade parking terraces.

It was not possible to undertake any general trimming of trees on account of the smallness of the appropriation, and the total trees

trimmed was only 10,119.

STREET AND ALLEY CLEANING.

The street and alley cleaning division serves a population of 357,749 and covers an area of approximately 70 square miles. It has charge of the cleaning of all streets, avenues, and alleys in the District of Columbia, except such work on the outlying county roads and suburban streets as is done under the supervision of the superintendent of county roads. The work is done by day labor and not by contract.

The best method of cleaning streets is by hand patrol, supplemented by washing with either squeegees or flushers. By the hand

patrol the coarser particles are removed before they have chance to be crushed by traffic into dust. The washing removes all fine dust. The area cleaned by this method has gradually been increased, and the expenditures for hand patrol work and washing represents over two-thirds of the expenditure in street cleaning work. The street flushers are used to clean roughly paved streets.

The unit cost per 1,000 square yards of this work is as follows:

Hand patrol.	\$0.132
Machine sweeping	
Alley cleaning.	
Squeegeeing.	.106
Flushing	.212

The total cost of street cleaning, including all charges except interest on investment and depreciation, was \$297,317.19. With the population served, 357,749, this gives a per capita cost of \$0.831.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF CITY REFUSE.

New contracts for the collection and disposal of city refuse went into effect at the beginning of the fiscal year. The contract prices were as follows:

	Per annum.
Garbage	
Miscellaneous refuse	. 28, 400
Ashes.	. 69, 000
Dead animals	2,988

The contracts for garbage, miscellaneous refuse, and dead animals were for a three-year period ending June 30, 1918. The contract for ashes was for a one-year period ending June 30, 1916. For the fiscal year 1917 a new contract was made for a period of two years at a price of \$60,000 per annum.

The unit costs are as follows:

Garbageper ton	\$1,34
Ashesper cubic vard	. 51
Miscellaneous refusedodo	. 18
Night soilper harrel	1 17
Dead animalseach.	. 14

The per capita cost of this service is about 61 cents.

MUNICIPAL COLLECTION OF CITY REFUSE.

At the last session of Congress the commissioners recommended an appropriation of \$300,000 toward the purchase of site and the construction of a plant for the disposal of city refuse, in accordance with plans which had been prepared under an appropriation made by Congress. The total cost of such plant was estimated at \$885,900. This appropriation was not made. The contracts for the disposal of garbage, refuse, and dead animals expire June 30, 1918, and unless municipal collection and disposal is authorized by Congress in time to construct the plant before the expiration of the present contracts either new long-term contracts must be made or some other plan adopted to carry on the work by contract during the construction of the municipal plant. The commissioners have included in their esti-

mates for the ensuing fiscal year a modified plan, providing for the construction of a reduction plant on land owned by the District of ('olumbia at Blue Plains, D. C., to take care of garbage and dead animals. The question as to whether the municipality is to take care of the disposal of city refuse itself or to continue the method of collection and disposal by contract should be settled at an early date.

BUILDING OPERATIONS.

The estimated value of building construction, including repairs, during the year, not including buildings under construction by the Federal Government, was \$13,495,535, an increase over the preceding year of \$4,895,603.

The number of permits issued for buildings, building repairs, awnings, signs, engines, motors, etc., was 5,797, an increase of 226 over

the preceding year.

The total number of new buildings constructed during the year was 1,839, an increase of 353 over the preceding year. Of these 1,349 were dwellings, an increase of 194 over the preceding year; 60 were apartment houses, an increase of 18 over the preceding year, and 430 were business buildings, an increase of 141 over the preceding year. The permits issued for repairs to buildings were 3,236, a decrease of 132 under the preceding year.

The distribution of the cost of these improvements, including

repairs, is as follows:

	Buildings.	Repairs, etc.
Northeast Southeast Northwest Southwest County	\$411,423 252,610 4,037,764 105,655 6,983,979	\$75,07 50,19 837,55 101,34 621,51
Total	11,791,431 1,685,689	1,685,689
Sum total	1 13, 477, 120	

¹ Does not include awnings or signs, cost of which is estimated.

It is estimated that there are 63,590 brick buildings and 26,576 frame buildings in the District of Columbia, of which 1,529 brick and 310 frame were erected during the year. There were torn down dur-

ing the year 38 brick and 71 frame buildings.

Permits for buildings are issued upon the payment of a fee, which is intended to cover the cost of the operation of the building inspector's office. The fees collected during the year amounted to \$31,285.05, an increase of \$4,650 over the preceding year. The receipts for fees just about equaled the salaries of the office, but expenses incurred for transportation and contingencies made the total expenses \$2,797.32 in excess of the receipts. The building operations in the District of Columbia were the largest since the year 1912.

About 800 passenger elevators were inspected by the two elevator inspectors during the year.

INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS.

The number of steam boilers inspected by the inspector of steam boilers during the year was 525. The compensation of this official is received from fees paid by the owners of the boilers. The total amount of fees reported by him during the year was \$2,300, and the expenses of inspection \$325, leaving a net compensation of \$1,975.

EXAMINATION OF STEAM ENGINEERS.

The board of examiners of steam engineers held 53 meetings, and examined 118 applicants, of whom 39 were found competent and 79 incompetent.

CONSTRUCTION OF MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

During the year seven buildings were under construction, as follows:

Building.	Location.	Estimated cost.
New Central High School, No. 173	Eleventh and Thirteenth Streets, Florida Avenue and Clifton Street.	\$1,118,886.67
Dunbar High School, No. 174	First Street, between N and O Streets	414, 719. 13 120, 796. 46
Western High School, No. 117, re- building.	Thirty-fifth and R Streets NW	132, 572. 30
Powell School, No. 157, addition	School Street, opposite Lamont Street	71,869.00
Engine house No. 28	Streets NW.	25,613.52
Truck house No. 1	New Jersey Avenue, between D and E Streets NW.	35, 595. 21

The plans and specifications for all buildings appropriated for were completed and contracts made before the end of the fiscal year with the exception of the fish market and the public convenience station at Fifteenth and H Streets NE. The Central and Dunbar High Schools and the Park View School were completed and occupied on the opening of the school term, October 2, 1916. The Powell School addition is expected to be completed and ready for occupancy on December 1, 1916. Truck house No. 1 on New Jersey Avenue, between D and E Streets, and engine house No. 28, at Connecticut Avenue and Ordway Street, have been completed.

School buildings and other District buildings have heretofore been contracted for at a cost of between 14 and 17 cents per cubic foot. On account of the great advance in wages and in the price of building materials the buildings to be constructed during the next fiscal year will probably cost from 18 to 20 cents per cubic foot. The increase in

cost since 1898 has been about 60 per cent.

REPAIRS TO MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

All municipal buildings are kept in repair by the superintendent of repairs under the direction of the municipal architect. In repairs to school buildings \$119,777.11 was spent.

In repairs to engine houses of the fire department \$11,780.85 was

spent.

In repairs to police stations \$5,793.02 was spent.

In repairs to the police court building \$990.09 was spent.

PLUMBING AND PLUMBING INSPECTION.

During the year the plumbing office made 35,742 inspections, a decrease under the preceding year of 1,736. It is estimated that the total cost of new plumbing work installed in private buildings during the year was \$962,978, and the estimated value of repairs and remodeling to old plumbing is \$331,695. This is an increase over similar construction during the preceding year. The average number of inspections per day per man was 15, and the greatest number 61. Fifteen cases of violations of the plumbing regulations were prosecuted in the police court.

Under the compulsory drainage act 27 cases were forwarded by the health department and other branches of the District government for the installation of sewer and water, in those instances where the owner had failed to do the work after notice served upon him. In 5 of these cases the owner or agent subsequently agreed to install the services, and in 1 case the building was torn down by the owner. Only in 3 cases was it necessary for the work to be done by the District of Columbia and an assessment of the cost made against the property.

There are 8 cases now under consideration.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE STATIONS.

The three public convenience stations located at Seventh Street and Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Thirteenth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue NW., and Ninth and K Streets NW. were operated during the year from 6 a. m. until midnight. The total number of patrons of these stations was 3,122,948. Receipts from pay compartments aggregated \$3,098.16.

The use of these stations demonstrates their value and necessity to the community, and it is the intention of the commissioners to recommend the construction of additional stations at points where the

public demand is urgent.

PLUMBING BOARD.

During the year the plumbing board held 26 sessions for examination for candidates for license as master plumber and gas fitter. The total number of applicants examined was 48, of whom 22 were original candidates, of whom 6 passed and 16 failed, and 26 were candidates who had been previously examined, of whom 1 passed and 25 failed.

STREET LIGHTING.

There are 18,805 street lamps of all kinds in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Mantle gas	10, 248
Electric arc.	840
Electric incandescent. Street designation lamps.	479
debignation tamps	

18,805

This was a net increase during the year of 604 lamps.

Improved incandescent lighting was extended during the year on slightly over 3 miles of streets involving the erection of 528 lamps of 100 candlepower each on Pennsylvania Avenue SE., from Second

Street to Seventeenth Street; Eighth Street SE., from Pennsylvania Avenue to M Street; Eleventh Street SE., from Pennsylvania Avenue to O Street; Seventh Street NW., from New York Avenue to Florida Avenue; and Nichols Avenue SE., from Navy Yard Bridge to Sheridan Road.

FIRE-ALARM, TELEPHONE, AND TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

Four and eight-tenths miles of underground cable were installed during the year. The amount in service at the close of the year was 140 miles.

The aerial cable in service at the end of the fiscal year was 5.3

miles.

Twelve new fire-alarm boxes were placed in service during the year, making a total of 593. The total number of fire alarms received and transmitted during the year was 1,362, of which 130 were false.

The total number of poles connected with street and steam railroads, telephone, telegraph, and electric light, and the District service at the end of the year was 18,072, of which 17,202 are line poles and 870 guy poles.

The fees collected for the inspection of electric wiring in private

premises amounted to \$6,008.

PERMITS.

The permits issued by the permit clerk of the engineer department other than those for buildings amounted to 14,071, and of this number 9,565 were covered by fees and 4,506 were issued without fee.

ROCK CREEK PARK.

The jurisdiction and control over Rock Creek Park is placed by law under the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, acting jointly. The amount appropriated for the care and maintenance of the park during the year was \$18,000. The principal improvement during the year was the completion of the macadamizing of Ross Road, which was begun in the preceding fiscal year. The sum spent on this work was \$4,662.12. In the general repair and care of the park \$8,694.99 was expended, and in the cutting and hauling of fallen timber \$1,342.92. The timber was cut into firewood, of which 222 cords were sold to the public schools and 30 cords to private parties, the amounts received from this source being turned in to the Treasury.

The bridle path along the west side of Rock Creek was widened and relocated for about three-fourths of a mile and connected with the bridle-path system farther west. Additional temporary toilet facilities were provided, two baseball diamonds were laid off, the existing swimming pools were provided with rustic shelters, and one new swimming pool established. It is proposed during the ensuing year to clear of undergrowth as much as possible the area of the park adjacent to roadways and in the more frequented sections of Rock Creek Park and the Piney Branch Parkway and to extend the system of bridle paths and footpaths, and, in addition, it is contemplated to

construct another line of roadway crossing the park.

ANACOSTIA RIVER AND FLATS.

The total expenditure on the project for the reclamation and improvement of the Anacostia River and Flats from the Anacostia Bridge to the District line to June 30, 1916, as reported by the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, under whom this work is being prosecuted, amounted to \$425,766.17. The balance of the appropriation unexpended was \$256,632.28. The amount required to be appropriated for the completion of the project in addition to funds heretofore appropriated is estimated at \$2,006,000 (exclusive of the cost of the acquisition of the land). At the end of the fiscal year 1916 the project was about 16 per cent completed. The work done included the dredging of 1,143,024 cubic yards of material, the construction of 7,702 feet of masonry sea wall, and the placing of 98,703.6 cubic yards of riprap. By the operations to date 120 acres of land have been reclaimed or partially reclaimed.

HARBOR FRONT.

The total amount received from the rental of wharves and river frontage placed by law under the direction of the commissioners was \$19,601.75, divided as follows:

Potomac River front	\$17, 278.00
Anacostia River front	956. 25
James Creek Canal	

19,601.75

The actual water frontage in the District of Columbia devoted to commerce, with the exception of canals, is about 2 miles. The total available water frontage is about 18 miles, of which about 8 miles is set aside for parks and purposes of the United States. The largest amount of wharf property under the control of the commissioners is along the Washington Channel. The total frontage along this channel is 9,275 linear feet, of which 4,675 linear feet, between the grounds of the War College and the south curb line of N Street, is under the control of the United States. Of the remaining 4,600 linear feet, 4,021 linear feet is under the jurisdiction of the commissioners and 559 linear feet, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets, has been designated by Congress as the site of the central heat, light, and power plant.

Along the frontage under the control of the commissioners are located the harbor police station and dock of the harbor boat, house and dock of the fire boat, the District morgue, the numicipal fish wharves, and a District property yard. The balance of the frontage is leased to private parties, generally for terms of five years, the basis of rental being a net return of 4 per cent on the estimated value of the wharf property, with the requirement that the lessee shall make all improvements and repairs.

The public space along James Creek Canal, in the southeastern section of the city, extending from N to P Streets, a distance of 1,000 feet, is under lease for commercial purposes. By an order of the commissioners, dated September 29, 1916, based upon a recommendation by the health officer, it has been determined to fill the canal between N and P Streets as soon as questions affecting existing leases have been

settled. This will leave the canal open from P Street to the Anacostia River, a distance of about 3,000 linear feet, along the grounds of the War College and Engineer School.

CONDEMNATION OF INSANITARY BUILDINGS.

The board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings held seven meetings and issued orders for the demolition of 64 buildings and the repair of 89 buildings. Of those demolished 48 were in streets and 16 in alleys, and of those repaired 57 were in streets and 32 in alleys.

Since the creation of the board it has examined 6,583 buildings, of which 2,040 were demolished and 1,527 repaired. Of buildings in alleys 664 were demolished and 490 repaired, and of buildings in

streets 1,376 were demolished and 1,037 repaired.

The estimated number of tenants required to secure other quarters through the action of the board in the demolition of buildings has been 5,947. The estimated number of tenants benefited by repairs to buildings required by the board is 5,116.

SEWERS.

The length of main and pipe sewers constructed during the year was 20.15 miles. The total length of main and pipe sewers in the District of Columbia on June 30, 1916, was 702.06, of which 139.53 are main sewers and 562.53 miles are pipe sewers. The total cost of the sewerage system to June 30, 1916, was \$13,294,695.25. The cost of the sewage-disposal system to June 30, 1916, was \$4,671,279.19, making the total cost of the complete system to June 30, 1916, \$17,965,974.44.

The main sewage outfalls of the sewagesdisposal system on the Potomac River about opposite Alexandria were under observation throughout the year. In general the condition of the river water-continued good, the beaches free of any deposit, and the river bottom failed to disclose appreciable evidence of sludge deposits. There is an approaching need, however, for the removal of a considerable portion of the organic matter in sewage before discharging it into the river. This has been indicated during the year by odors observable for the first time over considerable areas in the vicinity of the outfall. With the increasing volume of sewage these conditions will gradually grow worse unless an adequate remedy is applied. This remedy would involve the installation of sewage-treatment works, and the commissioners have given this matter consideration in the preparation of their estimates to Congress.

The sanitary survey of the river, undertaken by the United States Public Health Service, particularly with reference to the discharge of sewage from the District of Columbia, was published during the year, and indicated that in important respects there was no apparent need at present for any apprehension that the sanitary condition of the river is such as to be a menace to health by the pollution of oyster beds in the lower river or otherwise. This thorough study of the river explains the peculiar natural local conditions favorable to the disposal of sewage by dilution, but also indicates that there is a limit to the volume of sewage which may be so disposed. When this limit is reached it must be expected that unfavorable conditions will

develop.

Metropolitan sewerage system.—In the last District appropriation act authority was granted the commissioners to enter into agreements with the authorities of Maryland to take care of the question of the streams carrying sewage from the adjacent counties of Maryland into the District of Columbia. Gradual installation of sewerage systems in the bordering Maryland towns which discharge their sewage into these streams is the principal cause of increase in pollution. It is hoped under this legislation to permanently remedy this condition by providing the necessary intercepting sewers to connect the Maryland system with the District of Columbia system.

Sewage disposal system.—The sewage disposal system was in continuous operation throughout the year, handling the sewage of practically the entire District, as well as the storm water from the 900 acres of low area within the District. At the pumping station at the foot of New Jersey Avenue 21,034,000,000 gallons of sewage and 303,000,000 gallons of storm water were pumped. In this service 10,156,250 pounds of coal were used. In addition to this main station there are substations at Poplar Point and Woodridge. Poplar Point station pumped 273,000,000 gallons of sewage, and the

Woodridge station 5,156,000 gallons.

Sewer construction.—The following table shows the length and cost of sewers constructed during the year:

Section.	Length.	Cost.
1. County west of Rock Creek. 2. County east of Rock Creek. 3. County west of Anacostia River. 4. County east of Anacostia River. 5. Washington City.	Feet. 21, 987, 08 26, 499, 16 7, 822, 29 26, 001, 31 19, 503, 46	\$76, 651, 65 46, 900, 73 16, 569, 54 121, 203, 31 59, 110, 21

PARKS.

Within the last three years \$75,000 has been appropriated for the acquisition of small parks outside of the limits of the original city of Washington. The appropriations for these parks not only required that they should be located outside of the city of Washington, but that they should be surrounded by streets. The commissioners have made selections of small parks complying with these two conditions, and the parks have either been condemned or are in process of condemnation. A considerable proportion of the money appropriated can not be judiciously expended, however, due to the lack of land complying with requirements of the law.

The commissioners do not believe that they should be restricted in their selections, but should be left free to select for small parks land situated anywhere within the District of Columbia, and it is their intention to submit to Congress a list of such parcels as they think

should be acquired.

In their estimates for the ensuing fiscal year they have also included items providing for the acquisition of larger parks as follows: Patterson tract, lying north of Florida Avenue and east of New York Avenue; Dean tract, located at the intersection of Connecticut and Florida Avenues; and the Klingle Valley from Woodley Road to the Zoological Park. For the Klingle Valley Park approximately 83 acres will be required.

WATER MAINS,

During the year 54,114 linear feet, or 10.2 miles, of water mains of all sizes were laid, making the total length of water mains in service at the end of the year 3,220,487 linear feet, or 609.9 miles; 6,083 linear feet of water main of various sizes were abandoned.

Two hundred and fifty-three hydrants, 5 public hydrants, 4 sanitary fountains, and 1 horse fountain were erected during the year, and 183 fire hydrants, 4 public hydrants, and 1 sanitary fountain were abandoned, making the total number in service at the end of the year as follows:

Fire hydrants	$3,444 \\ 218$
Sanitary fountains. Horse fountains.	16

There are also 44 deep public wells and 9 shallow public wells in service.

WATER CONSUMPTION AND WASTE.

By means of the installation of water meters and the operation of the pitometer service for the detection of leaks, the mean daily rate of consumption has been reduced from 52,512,000 gallons reported during the preceding year to 49,698,000 gallons, and the per capita rate has been reduced from 144 gallons to 136.5 gallons. Measures to reduce the consumption of water were started in 1905, when the mean daily rate had reached 65,000,000 gallons and the per capita rate about 227 gallons.

The total pumpage of water during the year was 8,623,533,740 gallons, and the coal burned in this pumping amounted to 5,845.71

tons.

In the report for last year attention was invited to the very large use of water in Federal buildings for condensing and cooling purposes. As there is no direct charge against Federal departments for water delivered to them, the cost of the water is seldom taken into consideration when additions are made to the mechanical equipment in such buildings, and, with an inlimited supply of water available, without cost, there is no incentive to conserve the supply by the use of cooling devices.

Some of the largest users of water among the Federal departments are the Washington Navy Yard, averaging 1,860,518 gallons per day; the Government Printing Office, 2,497,402 gallons; the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, 168,382 gallons; and the Capital power plant.

648,159 gallons.

WATER REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES.

The water revenues from all sources during the year amounted to \$866,133.22. The cash expenditures amounted to \$617,690.45. The outstanding liabilities, including balance of appropriation not available to June 30, 1916, amounted to \$204,831.47, leaving a balance available for appropriation carried forward to the fiscal year 1917 of \$45,137.86. Of the total cost of work done during the year 42.1 per cent was for new work, 39.7 per cent for operation, 12.7 per cent for general repairs, and 5.5 per cent for replacements.

WATER METERS.

During the year there were installed 5,880 water meters, at a cost of \$69,617.67. This makes the total number in use on June 30, 1916, 53,983. The percentage of water services now metered is 77.5. average cost of installing a meter is \$11.27, of which amount the meter costs \$5. The rate charged for water on metered services during the year was 4 cents per 100 cubic feet for all used in excess of 7,500 cubic feet. The minimum charge to each premises, allowing the use of 7,500 cubic feet, is \$4.50 per annum. On unmetered services the rate for domestic service is charged according to stories and front feet. For premises of two stories with a front width of 16 feet or less the minimum rate is \$5 per annum; for each additional front foot or fraction thereof 31 cents is charged. For each additional story one-third of the charges as computed above is added. business premises not metered rates vary from \$1 to \$25 per annum. Where the rate is \$25 or more a meter is required to be installed at the expense of the consumer.

Very respectfully,

OLIVER P. NEWMAN, LOUIS BROWNLOW, CHARLES W. KUTZ, Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

ORGANIZATION OF THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT, D. C.

Lieut, Col. Charles W., Kutz, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Engineer Commissioner. Capt. R. G. Powell, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistants. Capt. J. J. LOVING, CORPs of Engineers, United States Army, Assistants.

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE SUPERVISION OF THE ENGINEER COMMISSIONER.

RECORD DIVISION—
D. E. GARGES, Chief Clerk.
WHARF COMMITTEE—
DANIEL E. GARGES, Chief Clerk, Engineer Department.
D. E. MCOOMS, Engineer of Bridges.
ROCK CREEK, PARA, Harbor Master.

L. R. Grabill, Assistant Engineer in Charge. Electrical Department—

WARREN B. HADLEY, Electrical Engineer. ENGINEER DEPARTMENT STABLES—

J. W. BEALE, Superintendent.

DISTRICT BUILDING—

Capt. R. G. POWELL,
Capt. J. J. LOVING,

Superintendents.

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE SUPERVISION OF CAPT, LOVING,

Highways (Streets, Roads, Bridges, etc.)— C. B. Hunt, Engineer of Highways, Sidewalks and alleys—

II. N. Moss, Superintendent of Streets.

Construction and maintenance of suburban roads—
L. R. Granill, Superintendent of Suburban Roads.

Construction and care of bridges—
D. E. McComb. Engineer of Bridges.

STREET AND ALLEY CLEANING, COLLECTION OF GARBAGE, ETC.— J. W. PAXTON, Superintendent of Street Cleaning. ASPILALIS AND CEMENTS—

J. O. HARGROVE, Inspector of Asphalts and Cements.

Surveyor's Office (including street extensions)—

M. C. HAZEN, Surveyor.

TREES AND PARKINGS-

TRUEMAN LANHAM, Superintendent of Trees and Parkings.

II. M. WOODWARD, Permit Clerk.

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE SUPERVISION OF CAPT. POWELL.

WATER DEPARTMENT

WATER DEPARTMENT—
J. S. (BARLAND, Superintendent,
Water rates—
G. W. WALLACE, Water Registrar and Chief Clerk,
SEWER CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—
ASA E. PHILLIPS, Superintendent of Sewers,
MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT—
SONOBEN ASHFORD,
Repairs to municipal buildings—
HENRY STOREY Superintendent of Penairs

HENRY STOREY, Supermement by Repairs.

BUILDING INSPECTION.

Plumbing plans and inspection—
A. R. McCionsgal, Inspector of Plumbing, Plumbing board—
P. C. Schaefer,
J. S. O'llagan,
Samuel Tapp,
Board of examiners of steam engineers— HENRY STOREY, Superintendent of Repairs.

Board of examiners of steam engineers— E. F. Vermillion. H. Boesch. W. I. Evans.

BOARD FOR CONDEMNATION OF INSANITABY BUILDINGS— Capt. R. G. POWELL, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner. Dr. WILLIAM C. WOODWARD, Health Officer. MORRIS HACKER, Inspector of Buildings.

REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

SURFACE DIVISION-REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT IN CHARGE.

Office of the Engineer Commissioner of the District of Columbia, Washington, October 7, 1916.

Colonel: I have the honor to transmit herewith annual reports, giving in detail the operations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, of the surface division; the surveyor's office, including the office of street extensions; the office of the inspector of asphalts and cements; the office of superintendent of trees and parkings; and the superintendent of street cleaning. In the report of the engineer of highways are included the reports of the superintendent of streets, the superintendent of suburban roads, and the engineer of bridges.

Very respectfully,

J. J. LOVING,

Captain, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner.

Lieut. Col. Chas. W. Kutz, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE ENGINEER OF HIGHWAYS.

Washington, D. C., August 21, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the office of the engineer of highways for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916:

The total amount of funds appropriated by Congress and deposited by corporations and others for disbursement by the surface division aggregated \$1,121,850, of which \$220,000 was for paving sidewalks and alleys in all parts of the District; \$525,400 for paving new roadways and repairing old roadway pavements; \$199,200 for construction and repair of suburban roads; \$27,600 for construction and repair of bridges and viaducts; \$15,000 for grading streets and avenues; \$10,000 for sidewalks and curbs around Government reservations, buildings, and parks; \$124,650 was spent in repairing pavements disturbed by other branches of the District government and by various corporations and others.

Summary of work under appropriation for improvements and repairs for year ended June 30, 1916.

Character of work.	Streets and avenues.	Suburban roads and streets.		Total.
Sheet asphalt pavement			1 28,884 38,978	115,098 38,978
Vitrified block guttersdo	4.957	1,644	38,978 3,986	10, 587 9, 451
Asphalt block do. Cement concrete pavement do. Granite block do.	5, 428 2, 663	11,330		16,658
Magadam madaway	,	0 500		2,663 9,766
Matchiant roadway d0. (Obble and granite gutters. do. Gravel roadway. do. Old pavement removed. cubic yards. Old cobble and granite removed. square yards. Granite and bluestone curb set. linear feet. Cement curb formed and laid. do.		6,573 9,744	8,724	6,573 9,744 8,724 39,125
Old cobble and granite removedsquare yards.	31,525	7,600		39, 125
Cement curb formed and laiddo	4,699	9, 133		33, 086 4, 699 35, 040
Grading	26,266		15, 902 1, 440	82,505
Sidewalks and curbs, under assessment and permit work				69,901
Square yards Sidewalks and curbs around Government reservationsdo. Sidewalks, whole costdo				7,063 108
Alley pavements, assessment work: Asphalt block				
Vitrified block				30, 219
Cement				2,940

^{1 769} square yards asphalt block replaced with asphalt.

The types of fixed roadway pavements laid during the year were sheet asphalt, asphalt block, and concrete. The latter pavement was selected this year for the first time for use on two streets within the city limits—Union Street and Hanover Street. A limited amount of asphalt block was laid in comparison with our standard pavement, which is sheet asphalt. This latter circumstance was contributed to by the unusually low price bid for sheet asphalt. No bituminous concrete pavements were laid. A limited yardage of concrete alley pavements (2.940 square yards) was laid, while of vitrified block 30,219 and of asphalt block 5,439 yards were constructed.

The construction of the Q Street Bridge across Rock Creek was completed during the year and the approaches paved. The structure of the Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge across Rock Creek was completed and contracts let for the paving of the approaches. Work under these latter contracts was in progress at the end of the year. The commissioners by formal orders named the Q Street structure Dumbarton Bridge, and the Pennsylvania Avenue structure Meigs Bridge. Due to delays in the court proceedings the acquisition of the land necessary for the construction of the Benning Road Viaduct was not completed and actual construction work was not practicable during the year. Conditions indicate that contracts can be let during the coming year.

All new sidewalk work was of cement concrete, as has been the rule for many years past.

MUNICIPAL ASPHALT PLANT.

The municipal asphalt plant was operated during 236 working days during the year—a full average experience. The total output was 168,684 cubic feet of the various products—an average daily output of 715 cubic feet, about the same as our previous experience. This output, it should be understood, is not limited by the capacity of the plant, but by the needs of the service.

The crusher, by which old asphalt topping removed from the streets is reduced to a finely broken product for use in the asphalt plant, was operated for 52 days during the year—a comparatively brief period due to the small amount of material available for crushing.

The plant in all its details was maintained in as good working condition as was practicable, and the comparative costs of the products indicate that this was accomplished. The repairs and upkeep of the plant proper cost \$365.93, and of the crusher \$83.04, and these costs are incorporated, separate from obsolescence, in the costs of the output.

OTERATIONS OF THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT, D. C.	9
The following amounts of materials were purchased for use in manufacoutput during the year:	turing the
•	
Sand, 2,160.50 cubic yards, cost. Asphaltic cement, 461.74 tons, cost. Limestone dust, 205 tons, cost. Screenings, 855 tons, cost.	10.00
There was purchased for use in operating the crusher and mixer the following	
items:	***
Fuel oil, 23,927 gallons, cost. Coal, 170 tons, cost Wood, 80 cords, cost (average).	3. 45 5. 00
The costs of operation, including material and labor, is kept from day t the summary of this data for the fiscal year develops the following unit cover's operations:	o day, and osts for the
OPERATION OF CRUSHER.	
Period of operation 52 working days; output of crusher, 2,327 cubic yar	de
Labor and fuel (\$1,320.06 plus \$83.20)	\$1, 403. 26
Cost per cubic yard, \$0.603. Maintenance, renewals, and repairs	83. 04
Cost per cubic yard, \$0.0357.	00.01
Overhead costs:	
Capital invested, \$1,910, at 3½ per cent. Obsolescence, 5 years, at 20 per cent. Cost per cubic yard, \$0.193.	66, 85 382, 00
	448. 85
Cost of anythed anodyst non orbic words	
Cost of crushed product, per cubic yard: Labor and materials	. 603
Repairs to plant	. 036
Overhead	. 193
	. 832
OPERATION OF PLANT.	
Period of operation, 236 days; total output, 168,684 cubic feet. At plant:	
Labor (3.56 cents per cubic foot)	6, 004. 18
Fuel oil (0.50 cent per cubic foot)	776. 68 455. 80
Coal (0.27 cent per cubic foot)	
Binder stone.	82. 50
Binder stone	329. 66
Total (4.71 cents per cubic foot)	7, 872. 42
Haul from plant to street: Labor (3.85 cents per cubic foot)	5, 904. 05
On street:	
Labor (12.3 cents per cubic foot)	18, 905. 53
Painting joints (0, 15 cent per cubic foot)	250.00
Wood (0.13 cent per cubic foot)	223. 60 164. 83
Total (12.68 cents per cubic foot)	19, 529. 96
Maintenance and repairs:	
At plant (0.22 cent per cubic foot)	365.93
On street (0.15 cent per cubic foot)	228. 94
Total (0.37 cent per cubic foot)	594. 87

Overhead: Capital invested, \$6,900, at 3½ per cent Obsolescence, 5 years, at 20 per cent	\$241.50 1,380.00
Total (1 cent per cubic foot)	
Supervision: Foremen and overseers (3.7 cents per cubic foot)	6, 239. 67
Total manufacturing costs per cubic foot:	Cents.
Plant, labor	4.71
Hot haul	3. 85 12. 68
Street work. Maintenance of plant and tools. Overhead—	37
Interest and obsolescence. Supervision.	1. 00 3. 70
•	26. 31
The sand used was bought under contract at 44 cents per cubic yard from the wharf to the plant at a cost of \$1,266.26 for 2,160.5 cubic yard per cubic yard, a total of \$1.03 per cubic yard. All other expendable delivered at the plant site at the costs thereof used herein. The cost of a cubic foot of old material mixture from the above was a 0.67 cubic foot crushed material, at \$3.2 cents per cubic yard	ls, or 59 cents material was s follows:
0.27 cubic foot sand, at \$1.03 per cubic yard	0103
2.1 pounds limestone dust, at \$2.53 per ton	
3.89 pounds asphaltic cement, at \$10 per ton	0195
Total, material	0530
Manufacturing and placing cost	
Total (cubic foot)	3161
0.5 cubic foot screenings at \$1.32 per ton	0330
0.5 cubic foot sand at \$1.03 cubic yard	0190
4.2 pounds limestone dust at \$2.53 per ton	0053
Total material	1031
Manufacturing and placing costs	2631
Total per cubic foot	3662
For the purpose of indicating that that portion of the law is being of which authorizes the operation of this plant only when the cost of the promised in comparison with contract work, the following statement of contract figures are comparable is submitted:	product is eco-
Asphalt surface topping mixture (class b):	
1 cubic foot building sand, at \$1.03 per cubic yard.	\$0.0381
4.20 pounds limestone dust, at \$2.53 per ton. 9.16 ¹ pounds asphaltic cement, at \$10 per short ton.	0053
Material cost. Manufacturing and placing cost.	0892
Manufacturing and placing cost	2522
Manthacturing and placing cost.	. 3523
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cubic	
Topping, $\$0.36$ per cubic foot; contract price (class b), $\$0.47$ per cub Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a):	ic foot.
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cubic Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a): L cubic foot building sand at \$1.03 per cubic yard.	ic foot.
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cubic Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a): L cubic foot building sand at \$1.03 per cubic yard.	ic foot.
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cubic Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a): 1 cubic foot building sand, at \$1.03 per cubic yard	ic foot. • \$0.0381 \$0.0447
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cub Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a): 1 cubic foot building sand, at \$1.03 per cubic yard. 4.16 pounds limestone dust, at \$2.53 per short ton. 9.16 pounds asphaltic cement, at \$31.60per short ton. Material cost.	\$0.0381 \$0.0381 \$047
Topping, \$0.36 per cubic foot; contract price (class b), \$0.47 per cubic Asphalt surface topping mixture (class a): 1 cubic foot building sand, at \$1.03 per cubic yard	\$0.0381 \$0.0381 \$047

.1208

.2631 . 3839

1 cubic foot binder stone, at \$1.32 per ton	\$0.0635 .0181
Material cost Manufacturing and placing cost	. 0816 . 2631
_	. 3447
Binder (class b), \$0.3447 per cubic foot; contract price (class b) \$0.39 per c	cubic foot.
Asphaltic binder (class a): 1 cubic foot binder stone, at \$1.32 per ton 3.63 1 pounds asphaltic cement, at \$31.60 per ton	\$0. 0635 . 0573

Binder (class a), \$0.3839 per cubic foot; bid (class a), \$0.41 per cubic foot.

Material cost....

Manufacturing and placing cost....

The total cost of minor repairs to sheet asphalt pavements during the year, the same representing the maintenance cost for the year, was \$41,982.41. This cost represented the maintenance of all asphalt streets not under guarantee by contractorsa total yardage of 2,396,063. The cost per square yard per year was therefore about

My acknowledgments are due to the employees of this division for the work accom-

plished by the office during the year.

I transmit herewith the reports of the engineer of bridges, the superintendent of streets, and the superintendent of suburban roads.

Very respectfully,

Asphaltic binder (class b):

C. B. HUNT, Engineer of Highways.

('apt. J. J. Loving,

Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STREETS.

Washington, September 15, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of the operations under

my charge for fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

Table H is a summary of work done by day labor under the appropriation for current repairs to streets, avenues, and alleys. The cost of such work was \$74,295.63, including the repair of 5,250 dangerous holes.

Table I is a list of work done under the permit system, wherein the property owners

requested the improvement and paid one-half cost, the District paying the other half. The cost of this work was \$14,178.93.

Table K is a list of work done under the assessment system. One-half of the cost of such work is charged against the abutting property. The total cost was \$203,640.07. Table L is a list of the work paid for from the appropriation for "Replacing side-

walks and curbs around public reservations."

The amount expended was \$11,805.03, which includes \$1,887.77 omitted from 1915

report.

Very respectfully,

H. N. Moss, Superintendent of Streets.

The Engineer of Highways.

¹ Ten per cent tare included.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF SUBURBAN ROADS.

Washington, D. C., October 10, 1916.

Sir: The appropriations expended wholly or in part under this office in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, were as follows:

Construction of suburban roads and suburban streets	\$76,000
Repairs to suburban roads	145,000
Grading streets, alleys, and roads about	10,000
Repairs to streets	18,000

Itemized statements of these expenditures appear in tables herewith. The following are the more notable features of the work for the fiscal year:

1. Construction of suburban roads and suburban streets. - In addition to streets paved with sheet asphalt, there were constructed from this appropriation about 11,230

with sneet asphatt, there were constructed from this appropriation about 11,235 square yards of cement roadway (0.63 mile); 20,166 square yards of macadam roadway (1.9 miles); 9,744 square yards of gravel roadway (0.74 mile); grading streets, 25,437 cubic yards, in addition to grading included in above work.

2. Repairs to suburban roads.—The repair of trunk lines of travel required the largest part of the appropriation, but it was found that the extensive repairs last year decreased the cost for the same roads for this year. The principal items including those from about \$2,000 upward were approximately as follows: New Cut Road, \$4,000; Massachusetts Avenue extended, \$2,300; Rhode Island Avenue, NE., \$2,600; Pennsylvania Avenue, SE., \$3,000; Georgia Avenue, NW., \$4,400; Bladensburg Road \$4,600; Michigan Avenue \$2,400; Connecticut Avenue \$3,000; Benning Road \$1,800. Approximately \$27,600 was expended from this appropriation for surface treatments with tar and oil, in addition to which \$6,400 was expended for this class of work by the same force from the appropriation for "Repairs to streets." About \$2,600 was expended for water sprinkling, and \$26,304.75 was expended for minor repairs too small to classify.

About 1.1 miles of new first-class macadam roadway, 3 miles of second-class macadam, and 3.2 miles of cinder roads were built from the repair appropriation.

The mileage of improved streets and roads in the District of Columbia, outside of the limits of the city of Washington, not including streets paved with standard pavements—viz., granite block, asphalt block, or sheet asphalt—is as follows:

	Miles.
Bituminous concrete roadway	
Bituminous macadam roadway	4.36
Cement roadway	3.61
Macadamized roadway	
Gravel roadway	50.26

Although considerable increase was made during the year in the amount of permanent pavement on suburban streets, the annual addition to the macadamized roads is much larger than the area which is paved annually, necessitating larger repair appropriations to take care of the entire system. In addition to this, the amount of wear on each road due to travel increases annually, and repairs become more expensive. For these reasons, all trunk roads carrying heavy travel should be paved with permanent fixed pavements as rapidly as funds can be secured.

Very respectfully,

L. R. GRABILL. Superintendent of Suburban Roads, District of Columbia.

The Engineer of Highways.

Repairs to suburban roads, appropriation 1916.

Job No.	Location.	Work.	Cost.
	SECTION 1.—Potomac River to Rock Creek.		
40131	Streets		\$489.00
4015	New Cut Road NW., Thirty-sixth Street to Canal Road. Pierce Mill Road, between Wisconsin Avenue and Bureau of	do	3,997.3
4016			
4017	Ridge Road, between Nebraska Avenue and reservoir	do	1,031.31
4023			
4084	Klingle Road, between Rock Creek Park and Cathedral Avenue.	do	374.65 126.19

Repairs to suburban roads, appropriation 1916—Continued.

Job No.	Location.	Work.	Cost,
	SECTION 1.—Potomac Rivier to Rock Creek—Continued.		
4092	Rock Creek Ford Road	Repair	192.37
4093	Pleasant Drive south of McKinley Street	do	586.82 36.75
4094 4096	Pleasant Drive south of McKinley Street. Klingle Street NW., between Ridge and Tunlaw Road Massachusetts Avenue NW., between Observatory entrance and Wisconsin Avenue.	do	113.67
$\frac{4103}{4115}$	Nebraska Avenue NW., between Pinehurst Circle and Wise Road.	Cleaning gutters Repair	98.00 371.50
4125 4129	West side Belt Road, square 1741. Thirty-sixth Street NW., north of Reservoir Street and R Street, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets. North side Windom Place, between Wisconsin Avenue and	Granite block gutters . Repair	59.43 100.12
4143		Cobble gutters	186.25
4149	Thirty-seventh Street NW., between New Cut Road and Wisconsin Avenue.	Repair	862.94
4161	Canal Road	Cleaning gutters	217.00
4170 4174	River Road NW., from Fessenden to District of Columbia line. Thirty-fourth Street NW., between Macomb Street and Woodley Road.	Resurface	1,95.720 178.28
4176	Murdock Mill road, River Road to Brandywine Street	Removing fence	66.00 13.50
4177 4195	Murdock Mill road, River Road to Brandywine Street	Repair	336.56
4212 4213	Woodley Road, between Connecticut Avenue and Twenty-	Refay gutters Repair	35.00 84.07
4226	Upton Street NW., east of Connecticut Avenue	do	44.63
4186 4205	Brandywine Street NW., east of Connecticut Avenue. Brandywine Street NW., east of Thirtieth Street. McKinley Street NW., Connecticut Avenue to Thirty-ninth Street.	Repair cement walk	78. 63 96. 55
$\frac{4246}{4229}$	Grant Road, east of Connecticut Avenue Broad Branch Road, between Rock Creek Park and Chappell	Repairdo	257.00 669.99
4153	Road. West half block Highland Place, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets.	do	147.75
$\begin{array}{c} 4179 \\ 4206 \end{array}$	Streets in American University Park. Thirty-fifth Place NW., between T and U Streets, and U Street, between Wisconsin Avenue and Thirty-fifth.	Cinders	98.75 111.00
4248	Chain Bridge	Cleaning gutters	43.00
4278	Chain Bridge. Macomb Street NW., Connecticut Avenue to Ross Place. Highland Place, across Ashley Terrace. Streets in Chevy Chase.	Patching	33.84 31.00
$\frac{4291}{4056}$	Streets in Chevy Chese	Repair	2,214.35
4065 4151	Massachusetts Avenue NW., between California and Wisconsin	Headley material Repair	2,214.35 783.86 207.40
4301	Avenue. Massachusetts Avenue NW., between Thirtieth and Wisconsin	Macadam	1,248.95
4302	Avenue. Massachusetts Avenue NW., from east end of bridge across Rock Creek to Thirtieth Street.	Resurface	1,033.06
4090	Rock Creek to Thirtieth Street. Connecticut Avenue NW. Wisconsin Avenue NW. Various streets. Watering roads, various streets. Various roads.	Patching Repair	3,014.78 880.11
4091	Wisconsin Avenue NW	Repairdo	4,510.07
4105	Watering roads various streets	Watering	571 25
4095	Various roads	Tarvia	4, 430. 71
4261 4150	do. Twenty-eighth Street NW., Woodley Road to Cathedral Avenue.	Repair	4, 430.71 4, 206.02 110.75
4172	Pierce Mill Road, between Connecticut Avenue and Bureau of	do	526.22
4175	Broad Branch Road, between Rittenhouse and McKinley Streets.		288.93
	Dangerous holes and minor repairs		6,086.12 42,851.26
	SECTION 2.—Rock Creek to North Capitol Street and Riggs Road.		
4019	Rock Creek Church Road, between Georgia Avenue and Fifth Street.		384.30 1,473.64
4055	Vorious roads	Oiling Open culvert	1,473.64
4085 4126	East side Georgia Avenue NW., near Freeman's hothouse. Maple Avenue NW., between Carroll Street and District of Columbia line.		185.50
4127	Eastern Avenue NW., between Laurel Avenue and Second		427.09 632.92
4130		do	516.67
$\frac{4180}{4216}$	Sixteenth Street NW., between Butternut and Cedar Streets	Extend gutters	241.97
4224 4051	Fourth Street NW., between the sunt and Cedar Streets. Sixteenth Street NW., between Montague and Madison Streets South side Carroll Street, between Maple and Willow Streets. Thirteenth Street NW., between Colorado Avenue and Madison Streets.	Repair cement walk	28.50 39.50
4240 4237	Street. Ninth Street NW., between Allison and Buchanan Streets Allison Street NW., 300 feet west of Georgia Avenue	Placing cinders	248, 50 254, 88

Repairs to suburban roads, appropriation 1916—Continued.

	Location.	Work.	Cost.
	Section 2.—Rock Creek to North Capitol Street and Riggs Road—Continued.		
4140	Park Place NW., between Lamont Street and alley south of Kenyon Street.	Old material	\$198.00
4024	Shepherd Road	Repair	298.41
4045 4071	Streets in Petworth.	do	1, 153, 48
4072	Streets in Brightwood Park Streets in Takoma Park	do	183.00
4088	Saula Subdivision	do	763.71 428.06
4133	Riggs Road, between Rock Creek Church Road and District of Columbia line.	do	428.06 307.53
4171	Kenyon Street NW., between Nineteenth and Adams Mill Road. Rock Creek Church Road, between Upshur and Varnum	Gutters and old ma- terial.	338.62
4202	Streets.	Gutter and sidewalk	659.32
4228	Upshur Street NW., from New Hampshire Avenue to Rock Creek Church Road. Blair Road NW.	Gravel	82.75
4238	Blair Road NW	Repair	211.61
4239 4249	Shepherd Street NW., between Georgia Avenue and Four- teenth Street. Kenyon Street NW., between Eighteenth and Nineteenth	do	165.00
4289	streets. Chestnut Street, from Blair Road to Eastern Avenue	Repair	132.75 73.74
4290	Military Road, between Georgia Avenue and Rock Creek Ford Road.	do	160.26
4066	D. 11D1	do	714.50
4108 4264	Rock Creek Church Road, Fifth Street to Riggs Road	Tarvia	992.39
4265	Various roads, section 2.	Oil	2, 264. 25
4025	Georgia Avenue	Repair	933.14 4,375.71
4039	Georgia Avenue. Various streets.	Emulsion	894 30
4014	do	Watering	1, 108. 00 1, 937. 85
4032	do. Dangerous holes and minor repairs.	Tarvia	1,937.85
	Dangerous notes and minor repairs.		9,274.05
	Section 3.—North Capitol Street to Eastern Branch.		32, 103. 40
4005	Sixteenth Place, Seventeenth Street, and Franklin Street to Seventeenth Street.	Grading and laying pipe.	\$332.83
4006 4031	Montello Avenue N.E., north from Florida Avenue	Repair	1,143.78 148.13
4036	Various roads	Oiling	
4004	Morse Street NE., between West Virginia Avenue and Trini-	Repair	1,890.30 734.37
4048	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood	Repair Surface old material	734.37
	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue.	Surface old material	734.37 246.50
4048	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens	Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37
4048 4068 4074	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road ME. between Tenth Street and Syrvey Road	Surface old material Repairdododo	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25
4048 4068 4074 4086	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Tenth Street and Sargent Road Perry Street NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg.	Surface old material Repairdo	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Tenth Street and Sargent Road Perry Street NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE.	Repair Surface old material Repair do do do Surface Cobble gutters Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109 4118 4119 4142	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Tenth Street and Sargent Road. Bates Road NE., between Twenth and Thirteenth Streets Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets	Surface old material Repairdodo Surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE, 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE, between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE, between Tenth Street and Sargent Road. Berry Street NE. between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlion and Vista Streets.	Repair Surface old material Repair do do Surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE, 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE, between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE, between Tenth Street and Sargent Road. Berry Street NE. between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlion and Vista Streets.	Repair Surface old material Repair do do do Surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repair Cinders	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamilin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road ANE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Streeth And Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. Chapel Road. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. Montreet, east of Bladensburg Road. Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Tide and Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Tide and Carlton Streets.	Repair Surface old material Repair do do Surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201 4204 4225 4227	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Street, east of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrtle and Carlton Streets. Central Avenue, between Myrtle and Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenues. Brentwood Road NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue.	Surface old material Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 145.12
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201 4204 4225 4227 4083	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenues. Brentwood Road NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue and Central Avenue. Larlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road Detween Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road.	Repair. Surface old material. Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 100.00 113.32 44.25 43.31 145.12
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109 4119 4142 4168 4201 4204 4225 4227 4083 4203	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street and Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenues Brentwood Road NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road between Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road.	Repair. Surface old material. Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.33 92.25 100.00 113.32 44.25 43.31 145.12 130.75
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201 4204 4225 4227 4083 4203 4294 4009	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street and Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road ANE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Sireet, east of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrlle and Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenues. Brentwood Road NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Doughas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Helm Road. Helm Road. Street NE., between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets. Neal Street NE., between Girard and Hamlin Streets. Neal Street NE., between Girard and Hamlin Streets.	Repair. Surface old material. Repair	138. 25 172. 88
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201 4204 4225 4227 4083 4203 4294 4009 4247 4270	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamilin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street	Repair Surface old material Repairdododo Surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repairdo Grade and cinders Repair Cinder walk Cinders	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.30 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 45.12 130.75 246.00
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109 4118 4119 4142 4168 4201 4225 4227 4083 4203 4204 4247 4270 4009 4247 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street and Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Street, cast of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrtle and Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Pooglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road, between Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road. North side Irving Street NE., between Thirteenth and Sreets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Girard and Hamlin Streets. Soul Street XE., between West Virginia Avenue and Trinidad Street. Servets NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street. Streets, I., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street. Streets, I., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street. Streets, I. I. Victive Streets II Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City.	Repair Surface old material Repairdododosurface Cobble rutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repairdodo Grade and cinders Repairdo Cinder walk Cinders Cinders Cinder walk Cinders Cinders Cinders Cinder walk Cinders Cinders Cinders Cinders Cinder walk Cinders C	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 145.12 130.75 246.00 82.62 184.07 748.05
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4109 4118 4118 4119 4142 4201 4227 4083 4294 4009 4247 4270 4008	dad Street, Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE, between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Perry Street NE. between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Bates Road NE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Street, east of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrtle and Carlton Streets. Erentwood Road NE, from Central to Eastern Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road, between Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road. North side Irving Street NE., between Thirteenth and Four- teenth Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Giard and Hamlin Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Giard and Hamlin Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Grand and Twenty- Breet NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street. Treets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Langdon.	Repair Surface old material Repairdo .do .do .surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repairdo .do .do .do .do .do .do .do .do	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.33 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 145.12 130.75 246.00 82.62 184.00 748.03
4048 4068 4074 4086 4106 4109 4119 4119 4119 4203 4201 4225 4227 4083 4204 4204 4204 4204 4204 4204 4204 420	dad Street, Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamlin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street. Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street NE, between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road NE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Perry Street NE. between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Bates Road NE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Road. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Dakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Street, east of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrtle and Carlton Streets. Erentwood Road NE, from Central to Eastern Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road, between Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road. North side Irving Street NE., between Thirteenth and Four- teenth Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Giard and Hamlin Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Giard and Hamlin Streets. Twenty-fifth Street NE., between Grand and Twenty- Breet NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street. Treets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Ivy City. Streets in Langdon.	Repair Surface old material Repairdo .do .do .surface Cobble gutters Repair Pave gutters Cinders Repairdo .do .do .do .do .do .do .do .do	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 145.12 130.75 246.00 65.62 184.00 748.05 65.62 101.25 204.79 301.87
4048 4068 4074 4086 4109 4119 4119 4118 4201 4203 4227 4083 4294 4294 4297 4270 4008 4009 4039 4039 4039 4039 4039 4039 4039	dad Street. Douglas Street, from Rhode Island Avenue to Brentwood Road and Montana Avenue. Hamilin Street NE., 250 feet west of Seventh Street and Queens Chapel Road. Evarts Street AE., between Twenty-second Street and Queens Chapel Road. Bates Road AS., between Tenth Street and Sargent Road. Perry Street NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Eastern Avenue, between Brentwood Road and Bladensburg Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. Sixteenth and Levis Streets NE. South Pakota Avenue, between Carlton and Vista Streets. M Street, east of Bladensburg Road. Central Avenue, between Myrile and Carlton Streets. Brentwood Road NE., from Central to Eastern Avenues. Brentwood Road NE., between Rhode Island Avenue and Douglas Street. Carlton Avenue NE., between South Dakota Avenue and Central Avenue. Harewood Road, between Michigan Avenue and Rock Creek Church Road. North side Irving Street NE., between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets. Neal Street XE., between West Virginia Avenue and Trinidad Street. Neal Street XE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street NE., between Bladensburg Road and Twenty-eighth Street in Langdon.	Repair. Surface old material. Repair	734.37 246.50 100.68 211.37 138.25 172.88 345.36 92.25 43.25 100.00 113.32 46.25 43.31 145.12 130.75 246.00 65.62 184.00 748.05

Repairs to suburban roads, appropriation 1916—Continued.

Joh No.	Location,	Work,	Cost.
	Section 3.—North Capitol Street to Eastern Branch—Continued.		
132 160	Thirteenth Street NE., between Kearney and Otis Streets North side of Rhode Island Avenue NE., between Twentieth and Twenty-second Streets.	Cobble guttersGutters	\$307.12 236.25
169	and Twenty-second Streets. South side of Rhode Island Avenue NE., between Mills Avenue and Thayer Street.	do	242.62
236	Bennings Road NE., end of asphalt to bridge	Repair Tarvia B	905.91
267 279 287	Various roads. Corner Twenty-fourth Street and Rhode Island Avenue NE Twenty-sixth Street NE., between Irving Street and 400 feet	Tarvia B	108.12 27.87 78.00
022 034	south of Hamlin Street. Bladensburg Road. Michigan Avenue NE., between North Capitol Street and Dis-	Repairdo	4,601.13 2,441.3
014	trict of Columbia line. Various roads	Watering	272.00
117 192	Lincoln Road NE., between V Street and Michigan Avenue	Emuision	26. 62 33. 75
	Dangerous holes and minor repairs		23,021.41 3,970.03
	Section 4.—East and south of Eastern Branch.		26, 991. 44
1035	Gay Street NE., between Division Avenue and St. Catherines.	Cinders	101.37
1054	Various roads	Oiling Grade and cinders	842.32 265.13
1069 1107	Eastern Avenue, between St. Catherines and Sheriff Road Streets in Deanwood	Repair	48.00
1128 1131	Morris Road, from Pomeroy Road to Fifteenth Street Minnesota Avenue NE., between Deane Avenue and Sheriff Road.	Widen roadway Repair	100.00 257.13
1173 1178	Eastern approach to Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge NE Pennsylvania Avenue SE., between Railroad Avenue and Branch Avenue.	Repair with crushed stone.	455.3 2,721.6
1152 1021	Trenton Street SE., west of Nichols Avenue	Gravel	137.73 294.43
4047	lumbia line. Kenilworth Road NE., from Bennings Road to District of Co- lumbia line.	do	43.2
1057	Anacostia Road NE., between Pennsylvania Avenue and Ben- nings Road.	do	470. 7
1076 1089	Walker Road	Whitewash barricades.	137.3 76.2
1217	Various roads Sixteenth Street and Fort Stanton Road	Repair	20.2
1235	Bennings Road at Smithers School	Clean culvert	9. 9. 54. 0
1257 1020 1026	Magazine Road SW Bennings Road, from bridge to District of Columbia linc Alabama Avenue SE., between Seventh Street and Stanton	Repair Gravel	880. 5 280. 9
1258	Hayes Street NE., from Minnesota Avenue east of Forty-	Cinders	162.3
4 167	second Street. Alabama Avenue, between Wheeler Road and Seventh Street, and Congress Road, between Alabama Avenue and Nichols		52.4
4292 4116	A venue. Raleigh Place SE., between Seventh Street and Nichols A venue Nichols A venue, from Sheridan A venue to District of Columbia	Gravel	70.13 1,220.3
4269		Oil	2,709.5
4268 4272	Various roads section 4 N.E.	do	2,164.50 254.7
4014 4038	Various roads	Watering Emulsion	622. 2 90. 4
	Heights. Dangerous holes and minor repairs		14, 543. 3 6, 974. 5
	Dangerous noies and minor repairs		21,517.8
-	RECAPITULATION.	1	
loof:			\$42,851.2
ecti ecti	on 1		32, 103.4
	ellaneous items.		123, 463. 9 21, 511. 2
	nce.		24.8

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REPORT OF ENGINEER OF BRIDGES.

Washington, D. C., August 22, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations under my charge for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

The expenditures from the appropriation for the construction and repair of bridges

were as follows:

	Character or work.	Cost.
7 7 7 82 129 0 80 1	Aqueduct Bridge, painting. Division Avenue, constructing reinforced concrete bridge, completing work commenced under 1915 appropriation. Kingle Road, repair. Estreet, painting and repairing approaches West end of M Street Bridge, constructing concrete wall, top of coping. West end of M Street Bridge, constructing concrete wall, top of coping. West end of M Street Bridge, constructing concrete wall, top of coping. West end of Hospital and bridge and barricading path. Culvert crossing Albemarle Street west of Connecticut Avenue, repairing South end. Aqueduct Bridge, reflooring five south spans. Aqueduct Bridge, reflooring four north spans. Livingston Road, refloor. Connecticut Avenue Bridge, 3,291.51 square yards standard asphalt laid and work incidental thereto, 86,092.55; plumbing, \$80.40. e. do. do.	\$2, 118, 19 403, 29 351, 65 244, 18 28, 03 6, 96 40, 02 3, 271, 00 1, 636, 07 2, 071, 58 165, 15 6, 172, 95 25, 98 3, 85 161, 31
		16, 700. 21
	Dangerous holes and minor repairs: \$16.75 Aug. 16-31, 1915. \$5.80 Sept. 16-30, 1915. \$1.80 Sept. 16-30, 1915. \$1.80 Sept. 16-30, 1915. \$1.40 Oct. 1-15, 1915. \$1.24.29 Oct. 16-31, 1915. \$21.98 Nov. 16-30, 1915. \$221.98 Nov. 16-30, 1915. \$8.70 Dec. 1-15, 1915. \$8.70 Dec. 1-8-31, 1915. \$8.70 Dec. 1-8-31, 1915. \$8.70 Dec. 1-8-31, 1915. \$8.70 Dec. 1-8-31, 1916. \$8.70 Dec. 16-31, 1916. \$9.90 May. 1-15, 1916. \$9.80 May. 1-15, 1916	
	June 16-30, 1916. 11. 50 739. 62	739. 62
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid. Salaries, enineer of bridges' office. Coal. Tools. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker. Lumber. Miscellaneous.	17, 439, 83 1, 300, 25 2, 686, 02 21, 36 58, 13 305, 60
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid. Salaries, engineer of bridges' office. Coal. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker	17, 439. 80 1, 300. 22 2, 686. 00 21. 36 58. 16 305. 66 4, 189. 16 107. 12 26, 107. 46
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid. Salaries, enineer of bridges' office. Coal. Tools. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker. Lumber. Miscellaneous.	17, 439, 80 1, 300, 20 2, 686, 00 21, 33 58, 13 305, 66 4, 189, 18 107, 12 26, 107, 46 3, 427, 26
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid. Salaries, engineer of bridges' office. Coal. Tools. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker. Lumber. Miscellaneous. Less overhead charges. Less lumber, etc., purchased from 1915 appropriation. Total net expenditures. RECAPITULATION	17, 439. 80 1, 300. 20 2, 686. 00 21. 30 58. 10 305. 66 4, 189. 10 107. 12 26, 107. 46 3, 427. 26
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid Salaries, engineer of bridges' office. Coal. Tools. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker. Lumber. Miscellaneous Less overhead charges. Less lumber, etc., purchased from 1915 appropriation. 3,367.92 Total net expenditures.	17, 439. 8: 1, 300. 2: 2, 686. 0: 21. 36. 58. 1: 305. 64. 189. 1: 107. 1: 26, 107. 4: 3, 427. 2: 22, 680. 2: 22, 000. 0: 990. 6:
	Contract entered into with L. M. Johnston for constructing culvert at Evarts Street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets NE.; price bid. Salaries, engineer of bridges' office. Coal. Tools. Hire of horse and buggy for Inspector G. Ricker. Lumber. Miscellaneous. Less overhead charges. Less lumber, etc., purchased from 1915 appropriation. Total net expenditures. RECAPITULATION	17, 439. 83 1, 300. 25

The following bridges were repainted: Bridge No. 7, Aqueduct Bridge, Bridge No. 69, T Street over B. & O. R. R. tracks, painted approaches.

The following bridges were refloored: Bridge No. 7, Aqueduct Bridge, 5 south

spans, 4 north spans, and footwalks; Bridge No. 62, Livingston Road.

The Connecticut Avenue Bridge (Bridge No. 29) over Rock Creek was partially paved with asphalt under contract No. 5777 with Warner Quinlan Asphalt Co. Steel concrete bridge No. 204, Division Avenue, over Watts Branch, under construction at the close of the last fiscal year, was completed July 15, 1915.

The following bridges were repaired: Bridge No. 26, Klingle Road over Rock Creek; Bridge No. 145, Culvert crossing Albemarle Street west of Connecticut Avenue.
Contract No. 6049 was made with L. M. Johnston, of Arlington, Va., for constructing culvert at Evarts Street NE., between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets. Price bid, \$1,300.25.

The Dumbarton Bridge, in line of Q Street over Rock Creek, was completed September 25, 1915, by A. L. Guidone & Co., under contract No. 5520. Cost \$198,784.59. The grading of Q Street between Rock Creek and Twenty-eighth Street was done under contract No. 5741 with William F. Cush, and was completed September 24,

1915. Cost, \$3,636.97.

The approach of (Q Street Bridge) Dumbarton Bridge, between Twenty-eighth Street and Rock Creek, was paved under contract No. 5926 with the Cranford Paving Co., and was completed December 2, 1915. Cost, \$14.348.87.

Resetting curb and repairing sidewalk of the approach to Dumbarton Bridge

between Twenty-eighth and Rock Creek, was done under work order 6043. Cost,

Requisition was placed with John Williams (Inc.), New York City, to furnish and emplace upon the north buffalo pedestal one bronze name plate. Cost, \$120.

A revetment wall was built on the south side of Q Street, 150 feet west from the

Dumbarton Bridge. Cost, \$1,199.91.

The Meigs Bridge, in line of Pennsylvania Avenue over Rock Creek, was completed February 8, 1916, by Hardaway Contracting Co., under contract No. 5710. Cost, \$93,363.41.

The reconstruction of the fish wharves was completed May 15, 1916, by W. D. Murray & Co., under contract No. 5724. Cost, \$43,848.79.

The widening of the south approach to the Anacostia Bridge was completed March 31, 1916, by George Hyman, under contract No. 5760. Cost, \$1,947.66. The fence on the south approach to the Anacostia Bridge was rebuilt and painted,

under work order No. 6026, at a cost of \$767.29. The bumper blocks of the Anacostia Bridge were replaced under work order No.

6033. Cost, \$52.95.

A portion of the retaining wall of the Canal Road near College Pond was constructed

by day labor under work order No. 5020.

Contract No. 6083 was made with the Flour City Ornamental Iron Co. to furnish

six bronze lamp-posts for the Dumbarton Bridge.

The Dumbarton Bridge is a viaduct crossing Rock Creek in the line of Q Street. The axis of the bridge is the arc of a circular curve having a radius of 474 feet. The length of the bridge, measured along the axis, between the abutments is 261 feet. The elevation of the roadway above the water level of the creek is 75 feet. There are five full centered arches, varying in span from 41 to 43 feet. Each arch consists of two ribs with connecting concrete screen. The piers are 36 feet long. The carriageway is 33 feet wide between curbs and the two footways are each 7 feet wide. The overhanging footways are supported by concrete arches supported by reinforced concrete corbels. The bridge masonry is steel concrete and is trimmed with sandstone of buff color. The lighting of the bridge is by means of six lamps on posts placed in the axis of the bridge, dividing the roadway into two sections. The floor slabs are supported by beams which rest on transverse walls, which in turn rest upon the arch ribs. These walls are crossed braced. The balustrade and the buffalo pedestals are of sandstone. In addition to the ordinary bridge decorations of cut-stone quoins and copings there is a large amount of carving on the balustrades, corbels, and spandrels. The main decorative feature consists in four bronze buffaloes of heroic size on the pedestals at the ends of the bridge. These were furnished by A. Phimister Proctor, of New York. The architectural features were designed by Mr. Glenn Brown of this city; the structural features were designed in the office of the engineer of bridges. Mr. P. M. Taylor was the resident engineer, Mr. I. R. Saum was assistant engineer, and Mr. P. B. Grant was the level that the resident of the same than the scale of the same than the same than the scale of the sca Grant was the local inspector. The contractor was A. L. Guidone & Co., of New York. The original design for this bridge was prepared by Mr. T. C. J. Baily, engineer of bridges, District of Columbia, and Mr. Glenn Brown, architect. Mr. Brown was engaged to furnish the architectural features of the design. The original design contemplated the construction of a bridge having seven spans, varying between 40 and 43 feet, the axis of the bridge being curved with a radius of 474 feet.

Proposals for the construction of the bridge were requested by advertisement dated April 29, 1913. Four bids were received, the lowest of which exceeded the amount of

the funds available, and all were rejected.

The design for the bridge was revised in order that it could be constructed within the limit fixed in the appropriation act which authorized the construction—viz, \$275,000. The number of spans was reduced from seven to five, which was the only change affecting the architectural features.

Structural changes in the design consisted in modification of the reinforced abutments and wings; substitution of two arch ribs with connecting screen arch in each span in place of full arch ring; reinforced concrete beams for support of corbel arches

in place of structural steel beams and a number of minor modifications.

The Meigs Bridge crossing Rock Creek, in the line of Pennsylvania Avenue, takes the place of the bridge structure constructed as a portion of the Washington Aqueduct in 1859, and which was unique in that the roadway was supported by two cast-iron pipes, which were emplaced as arches having spans 200 feet with 21 feet rise. The new bridge consists of five arch ribs, the actual spans of each being 204 feet and the rise 31 feet; these are founded on ledge rock and are connected by thin screen arches. The 48-inch mains remain in original position and are situated between the center and intermediate arch ribs. The roadway and footways are supported by means of concrete beams resting on columns and the outside spandrel walls. The showing faces of the bridge and the balustrades are of Mount Airy granite. The length of the bridge at roadway level is 276 feet, the width is 70 feet, the roadway width is 50 feet, and there are two footways, each 10 feet in width. There is a double-track underground trolley railway in the middle of the roadway. The width of span between false abutments is 164 feet. The live loads provided for were:

Footway: 100 pounds square foot for slab, 75 pounds square foot for beams.

Roadway: 100 pounds square foot for span outside of concentrated loads. Concentrated loads, 15,000 pounds on each of 4 wheels, spaced 6 by 12 feet, covering area 12 by 36 feet; also 12,000 pounds on each of 8 wheels, spaced 5 by 6 feet, 19 by 6 feet, 22 by

6 feet in space 12 feet wide.

Stresses: Direct compression, 500 pounds square inch for 1:1\(\frac{3}{2}\):3\(\frac{1}{2}\) concrete; bending compression, 750 pounds square inch for 1:1\(\frac{3}{4}\):3\(\frac{1}{2}\) concrete; bending compression, 650 pounds square inch for 1:2\(\frac{1}{2}\) concrete; shear compression, 40 pounds square inch for plain concrete; shear compression, 120 pounds square inch for reinforced concrete; steel tension, 16,000 pounds square inch.

The design for the bridge was prepared in the office of the engineer of bridges; the

And details were worked up by Assistant Engineer P. M. Taylor, assisted by Mr. I. R. Saum. Mr. Taylor was also the resident engineer during construction, assisted by Mr. D. L. Dutton; Mr. J. P. Bouscaren was the local inspector. The contractor was

the Hardaway Contracting Co., of Columbus, Ga.

The fish wharves, completed under contract with W. D. Murray & Co., are of reinforced concrete construction supported by piling. The base of the concrete walls are at mean tide elevation.

The top of the concrete floor slab is finished with troweled surface. The design of the wharves was prepared in this oflice; the details were worked up by Mr. W. A. Draper,

assistant engineer.

Provision should be made for the following: Replacement of the Calvert Street Bridge because of inadequate capacity; replacement of timber floors of M and P Street Bridges across Rock Creek by asphalt floors upon buckle plates. In addition to the above the smaller bridges with wooden floors should be replaced as rapidly as possible from the appropriations for constructing bridges.

Very respectfully,

D. E. McComb, Engineer of Bridges.

The Engineer of Highways.

Table A.—Street railroads in operation in District of Columbia, June 30, 1916.

Name of company.	Underground elec- tric.		Overhead electric.			
	Double track.	Single track.	Double track.	Single track.	Total.	
Washington Railway & Electric Co Capital Traction Co Washington & Virginia Co East Washington Traction Co Washington Interurban Co Washington & Maryland Co	20.19	Miles. 6.34 3.60 .46	Miles. 26.77 3.57	Miles, 3.99 .50 2.65 2.33	60. 19 27. 36 . 46 . 50 2. 65 2. 33	
Total Tracks used in common by Capital Traction Co. and Washington Railway & Electric Co. Tracks used in common by Washington Railway & Electric Co. and Washington & Virginia Co.	43.28 1.55	10.40	30.34	9.47	93. 49 1. 55	
Total.	45.53	10.40	30.34	9.47	95. 74	

Tables B and C.—Character and extent of roadway pavements July 1, 1916. Square Yards.

Section.	Asphalt.	Asphalt block.	Asphal- tic concrete, concrete base.	Asphal- tic concrete, stone base.	Cement concrete.	Granite and rubble.	Vitrified block.
Northwest, city Northeast, city Southeast, city Southeast, city Southeast, city Southeast, city Georgetown Northwest, suburban Northwast, suburban Southeast, suburban	1,728,128 350,706 200,953 241,439 149,676 264,209 58,347 14,494	26, 455 194, 748 234, 749 38, 222 23, 075 79, 087 6, 925	9,674 3,127 8,019 13,535 4,144 25,855 14,354	6,372 4,082 905 36,680 3,049	1,218 4,210 46,677 16,550	139,909 18,289 42,872 172,955 39,881 23,945 5,971 1,000	18,000 3,882 3,138 515
Total	3,007,952	603, 261	78, 708	51,088	68,655	444,822	25 , 5 35
Section.		Cobble.	Mac- adam (esti- mated).	Gutters on asphalt streets.	Gutters on asphaltic concrete streets.	Pave- ments main- tained by street railroads.	Total.
Northwest, city Northeast, city Southeast, city Southewest, city Southwest, city Georgetown Northwest, suburban Northeast, suburban Southeast, suburban		13, 122 11, 233 12, 618		113, 572 28, 284 14, 351 22, 071 5, 220 23, 020 4, 881 5, 633	1,128 231 898 1,254 498 5,871 1,049 272	281,771 69,316 48,328 56,820 31,816 54,668 9,000 7,370	2, 412, 053 753, 583 627, 374 593, 877 272, 348 1, 905, 341 448, 925 83, 945
Total			1,961,304	217,032	11, 201	559,089	7, 097, 446

^{64838°—&}lt;br/>ь с 1916—vol 2——3

Tables B and C.—Character and extent of roadway pavements July 1, 1916—Contd.

Asphalt.	Asphalt block.	Asphal- tic concrete, concrete base.	Asphal- tic concrete, stone base.	Cement concrete.	Granite and rubble.
88. 91 18. 17 10. 74 13. 17 8. 74 14. 61 3. 87 1. 21	1. 57 8. 66 11. 72 2. 25 1. 51 4. 25 . 63	0. 51 . 19 . 43 . 68 . 49 1. 31	0. 24 .17 .06 2. 00	0.08 .22 2.56 .89	7. 20 . 91 2. 50 8. 83 2. 71 1. 13 . 61
159. 42	30. 59	4.58	2.68	3.75	23.93
	Vitrified block.	Cobble.	Mac- adam (esti- mated).	Gravel and unim- proved (esti- mated).	Total.
	. 24	1.50 .66 .51	2. 66 4. 80 2. 90 1. 33	3. 12 5. 00 8. 19 3. 00	106, 59 37, 97 37, 31 30, 26
		.64	. 14 83. 77	58. 66 46. 39 36. 19	15.08 168.29 76.66 41.59
	88. 91 18. 17 10. 74 13. 17 8. 74 14. 61 3. 87 1. 21 159. 42	Aspnait. block. 88, 91 1.57 18.17 8.66 10.74 11.72 13.17 2.25 8.74 1.51 14.61 4.25 3.87 .63 1.21	Asphalt. Asphalt block. 88,91 1.57 0.51 18.17 8.66 1.9 10.74 11.72 43 13.17 2.25 68 8.74 1.51 49 14.61 4.25 1.31 3.87 63 .97 1.21 159.42 30.59 4.58 Vitrified block. Cobble.	Asphalt. Asphalt block. concrete, concrete, concrete, base. SS, 91	Asphalt. Asphalt block. concrete concrete base. Cement concrete. Stone bas

Table G.—Charges against street railroads (work in connection with paving, resurfacing, and minor repairs) for fiscal year ending June 30, 1916.

CAPITAL TRACTION CO.

Street.	From—	То	Section.	Amount.
I I B. Pennsylvania Twenty-fifth Minor repairs on various streets, Distric	New Jersey Second	Second Eighth	Southwest Southeast	572. 91 96. 50
Total				2,036.40

WASHINGTON RAILWAY & ELECTRIC CO.

Connecticut. Eye. H. H. K. N. North Capitol. T. Second. Sixth. Ninth.	Eleventh. Twelfth North Capitoldo. Eleventh Pierce. Second. T B.	Thirteenth Fifteenth First do Fourteenth M Third Todd Missouri	Southeast Northeast Northwest Northwest Northeast Northeast do Northwest	\$12.73 25.71 378.11 358.15 14.50 9.28 171.53 195.87 12.14 41.54
Minor repairs on various streets, Distric 10,668 cubic feet old material in bulk at 4.272 cubic feet asphaltic concrete in bul 9,400 pounds asphaltic cement in bulk a	portable plant	force		2, 133. 60
Total				

When I was a way of the control of t	
Minor repairs on various streets, District of Columbia, repair force	\$5, 57

Table E.—Statement of contract work or

										Contr	ract wo
street or avenue.	From-	То—	Section.	Kind of pavement.	Date work completed.	Square yards.	Length.	Contract number.	Price per square yard.	Grading.	Old cobb remov
Ventin, wenty-seventh, wenty-seventh, eventh, lorida. Ianover. Fourteenth Lye. Thirteenth Do Ourteenth, welfth, mion, cyve. Lighway Bridge Do,	Seventh Rock Creek North Capitol Seventh Thirteenth East Capitol Beast Capitol Beast Capitol Beast Capitol Beast Capitol B M Seventh Seventh Approaches	Ninth. Twenty-eighth Westward. Tenth. Fitteenth. North Carolina. Fitteenth. Potomac C. Massachusetts. Pennsylvania O. Ninth. Third.	do.	do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. concrete Asphalt do.		796, 95 1, 637, 98 3, 846, 69 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 77 1, 768, 78 1,	Lin. feet. 241 490 490 490 2,927 576 1,598 1,598 1,133 1,242 961 33 968 8199 788 674 1,756 1,1604 1,865 1,163 1,164 1,865 1,163 1,162 2,430 1,629				Sq. yy 11, 13, 13, 13, 14, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15

¹ Granite block.

2 Vitrified block.

3 ('ement

64838°—16. (To face page 14.) No.1.

Table E.—Statement of contract work on streets and avenues for year ending June 30, 1916.

									Contr	act work.						Mater	al.						
From-	То-	Section.	Kind of pavement.	Date work completed.	Square yards.	Length.	Contract number.	Price per square yard.	Grading.	Old cobble removed.	Old curb removed.	Curb set.	Curb reset.	Vitrified block gutters.	Vitrified block.	8 by 8-inch curb.	6 by 20- inch curb.	ircinar)	Cost of material.	Cost of extra work.	Amount of contract.	Total cost of work.	Contractor.
meteenth musylvania musylvania musylvania musylvania musylvania musylvania wy Ork keenth keenth keenth mitteenth kst Capitol rirteenth kst Capitol rorth Carolina eventh musylvania st Capitol myrorth Capitol coventh kst Capitol myrorth Carolina eventh kst Capitol myrorth Capitol myrorth Capitol coventh kst Capitol kst	B. P. Q. Ninth. Twenty-eighth. Westward. Tenth. Fitteenth. North Carolina. Fitteenth. Thirteenth Potomac C.	do.	do.	Aug. 11, 1913. Sept. 22, 1914. Nov. 29, 1914. Nov. 29, 1914. Nov. 17, 1914. Nov. 17, 1914. Nov. 25, 1914. Oct. 4, 1914. Oct. 4, 1914. Oct. 4, 1914. Oct. 11, 1914. Oct. 11, 1914. Oct. 11, 1914. Oct. 20, 1916. Oct. 20, 1916. May 20, 1916. Dec. 22, 1916. Nov. 8, 1911. Nov. 13, 1914. Nov. 13, 1914. Sept. 24, 1915.	55, 455, 89	1,865 16,166 2,430 1,629	5777 5777 5777 5777 5926 5850 5777 5777 5777 5777 5777 5777 5777	1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49 1.49	11,969		90 128 306 278 998 263	20.50 742.34 234.78 44.80 582.45 2,337.64 17.40 34,699.10	585, 51 3, 211, 77 23, 55 1, 076, 89 3, 347, 90	21.00	6,100 18,600 14,185 990	347.54 1,118.38 3,354.13 3,173.06 996.33 1,1618.68 14.80	16.82 747.24 238.32 28.95 566.10	40.38 6.28 181.59 19.02 91.06 44.55 166.47 125.60 9.42 15.70 15.75 62.78	120, 03 1 231, 54 1419, 84 3, 411, 83 3, 411, 83 2, 979, 26, 07 1, 607, 48 149, 43 149, 43 149, 43 149, 43 149, 43 149, 23 140, 140 143, 89 227, 71 173, 144 695, 75 404, 044 44, 98 135, 42, 22 21, 98	6, 225. 15 3, 176. 50 285. 65	9,025.77 8,601.82 3,411.13 6,168.22 6,301.25 5,380.90 6,232.14 4,665.04 15,518.23 5,892.12 4,182.03	3,550, 22 10,210, 02 3,687, 23 26,931, 77 4,401, 40 19,546, 67 1,833, 23 10,031, 18 10,275, 30 3,560, 56 7,077, 33 6,725, 14 5,608, 61 6,405, 28 5,360, 79 5,922, 77 5,957, 10 4,317, 48 110,102, 81 110,102, 8	Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co. Do. Do. Do. Do. Cranford Paving Co. G. B. Mullin Co. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Washington Asphalt Block & Tile of Do. Washington Asphalt Co. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co. Do. Co. Cranford Paving Co. R. J. Beall Construction Co. William F. Cush.

¹ Granite block.

2 Vitrified block.

³ Cement curb.

4 Paid from 1915 appropriation.

5 Asphalt block.

Fo face page 14.) No.1.



Street or avenue.	From	То—	Section.	Kind of pavem
Sherman Connecticut Georgia Nichols V W Kenyon Monroe Seventeenth Myrtle Seventeenth Myrtle Division Twenty-fourth	Columbia. Avenue. Irving. Anacostia Bridge. Lincoin. North Capitol. Park Place. Twelfth. Minnesota. South Dakota. Branch. Alabama. Connecticut. Washington.	Park. Bridge. Rock Creek Church Sheridan. Second. First. Georgia Thirteenth Good Hope Central. Alabama. Nichols Reno. Deane. Irving.	Northwest do do do do do do do Northeast do Northeast do Northeast do Northeast do Southeast do Northeast do Northwest do Northwest do Northeast do d	Asphalt

 $^{\rm i}$ Granite block. $^{\rm 2}$ Vitrified block. $\,$ \$1,256.53 charged to paving highway bridge app

Broken stone for macadam furnished from District quarry; freight, hauling, spreading, and rolling by day i 64838°-16. (To face page 14.) No. 2.

Table F.—Repairs to asphalt pavements for year ending June 30, 1916, under contract with Cranford Paving Co., No. 5555.

rive (- averue. From—	To-														1					Cost of				1
	10	Section.	Kind of pavement.	New pavement.	Resurfac- ing.	Base.	Binder.	Grading.	Concrete base removed.	Bitu- minous base removed.	Old curb removed.	Curb reset.	Curb set.	Vitrified- block gutters.	Vitrified block.	8 by 8 inch curb.	6 by 20 inch curb.	Circular curb.	Cost of material.	assess- ment and permit work	Cost of contract work.	Total cost of work.	Repairs completed.	Character of pavement
Hith. North Capitol Twelfth North Capitol Twelfth North Capitol Eighteenth First Eighth. North Capitol Eieventh. Pierce Second. Sixteenth Second. The Penns Ivania Month Capitol Fernal Horida Fernal	New Jersey Ninth First Fourteenth M Eighth Seventeenth Third Third Rhode Island Todd North Carolina O U Missouri S K H Massachusetts	Northwest do	do do do do do do do do	2,304.69 1,239.32 S1S, 84 4,616.01 229,42 2,099.03 1,536.48 889.88 149.10 7076.00 7076.00 147.51 147.51 1690.95 819.28 4,631.41 741.84	3. 712. 71 2. 010. 67 1, 310. 54 410. 69 747. 71 23. 05 3. 994. 35 784. 52 10, 123. 23 1. 30 54. 61 10. 21 2. 922. 10 61. 53 696. 97 4. 608. 18 696. 97 4. 608. 18 61. 90 123. 55 54. 69 10. 123. 23 10. 23 10. 23 10. 23 10. 23 10. 23 10	Cu, yiks, 75,32 75,32 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48 76,48	Cu. ft. 1.350.98 236.00 1.749.	40.00 74.61 274.10 6.41.00 271.00 271.00 22.10 33.20 33.20 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 39.00 45.00 40.00 40.00 40.00	67.30 10.20 6.75 117.30 140.64 46.94 15.30 12.50 23.60 23.60 9.90 135.50 37.66 5.00 92.50 135.50 316.50 46.50 135.50 135.50	25. 00 329. 20 5. 27 708. 00 975. 72 145. 50	221. 35 1. 228. 00 17. 00 72. 00 41. 00 606. 34 2. 427. 40 80. 00 70. 00 372. 30 70. 60 410. 00 198. 00 372. 30 70. 60 410. 00 56. 00 575. 59 888. 83 54. 00	223.08 716.92 648.73 159.71 380.03 25.27 1, \$50.13 1, 225.88 80.30 1, 522.57 527.24 92.55 644.58 668.12	2.123, 23 368, 49 9, 49 227, 65 1, 263, 54 29, 77 74, 57 19, 46 607, 54 607, 54 15, 78 345, 86 15, 78 345, 86 15, 78 345, 86 15, 78 345, 86 15, 78 35, 12 82, 35 50, 24 161, 13 75, 55 6, 30 35, 76 55 77, 76 8, 221, 96 8, 221, 96	105. 92 62. 05 46. 25 235. 93 280. 39 98. 34 66. 70 70. 71 237. 04 138. 31 220. 42 267. 46 92. 28 86. 70 47. 32 50. 20 205. 34 149. 52 59. 64 460. 67 98. 15 49. 15	2,030 2,160 11,450 7,850 2,500 19,350 4,165 2,100 14,700 4,430	228. 73 1. 642. 91 10. 00 581. 59 2. 180. 78 344. 89 654. 04 358. 75 33. 73 143. 05 15. 86 283. 69 875. 12		9.42 66.09 19.92 57.75 9.42 31.50 278.18 18.84 23.97 34.54 15.78 35.62 50.24 53.38	433.06 105.09 104.82 552.95 59.27 358.00 330.37 234.56 184.01 512.66 99.05 334.38 1,027.57 163.26	\$154.67 114.68 1.732.68 259.11 21,069.49 150.03 303.26 4.169.87 71.94 6.135.57 398.55 3,559.85	6.392.12 1.528.54 2.198.68 6.232.77 6.979.64 2.428.63 2.671.59 1.164.56 10.795.67 7.064.88 1.997.86 20.409.55 4.142.87 2.774.39	2. 307. 46 6. 761. 61 9. 303. 89 2. 557. 04 2. 803. 27 1. 235. 60 11. 032. 00 11. 032. 00 11. 032. 00 12. 074. 01 23. 758. 59 4. 725. 96 4. 725. 96 5. 478. 34 1. 790. 21 6. 692. 21 6. 692. 21 6. 692. 21 6. 7. 751. 85 2. 778. 61 12. 61 12. 63 12. 64 12. 63 12. 64 12. 64 13. 64 14. 64 15. 64 16. 64 16. 64 17. 6		Bituminous I Asphalt. Coal-tar distil Asphalt. do. do. do. Scharff coal t. Bituminous I Asphalt. do. Scharff coal t. Bituminous I Bituminous I Asphalt. do. Asphalt block Asphalt block Asphalt block Asphalt block Asphalt coal t. Coal tar do. Coal tar do. Vulcanite coa

^{1 \$192.78} chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.
2 \$349.77 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.

^{\$5,700} chargeable to 1915 appropriation.
\$67.84 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.

Work done by municipal plant (minor repairs, 1916): 95,625 cubic feet old material, at 36 cents. 2,275 cubic feet toping, at 42 cents.	
17,145 cuble feet asphaltic concrete, at 381 cents.	6,600.83

Table F.—Repairs to asphalt pavements for year ending June 30, 1916, under contract with Cranford Paving Co., No. 5555.

						Conti	ract work.							Mat	erial.			Cost of					Origi	nal paver	nent.
ction.	Kind of pavement.	New pavement.	Resurfac- ing.	Base.	Binder.	Grading.	Concrete base removed.	Bitu- minous base removed.	Old curb removed.	Curb reset.	Curb set.	Vitrified- block gutters.	Vitrified block.	8 by 8 inch curb.	6 by 20 inch curb.	Circular curb.	Cost of material.	assess- ment and permit work.	Cost of contract work.	Total cost of work.	Repairs completed.	Character of pavement.	Year laid.	Year resur- faced.	Contractor.
hwest 0. O. heast hwest 10. O. heast hwest 10. O. heast heast 10. heast heast 10. O. heast heast 10. O.	do do do do do do do do	2, 304, 69 1, 239, 32 818, 84 4, 616, 01 220, 12 2, 099, 03 1, 556, 42 1, 184, 88 19, 19 707, 66 766, 50 228, 32 1, 814, 29 147, 51 1, 690, 95 819, 28 4, 631, 11	1, 236, 93 3, 712, 71 2, 010, 67 1, 310, 84 410, 69 747, 71 23, 05 3, 994, 35 784, 52 10, 123, 23 1, 23 1, 23 1, 23 1, 24 2, 922, 10 1, 23 3, 237, 63 568, 66 696, 97 4, 608, 18 4, 608, 18 1, 23 5, 25 1, 25 1, 25 1, 26 1, 26 1, 27 1, 27 1, 28 1, 2	Cu. yds. 75.32 6.68 54.03 98.25 254.08 195.30 20.70 20.22 22 22.22 305.60 38 10.08 10.08 151.32 6.72 29.00 18.24 42.57 14.01 22.90 7.06 2,221.45	Cu. ft. 1,350,98 236,00 1,748,00 1,748,00 2,528,40 2,528,40 2,528,40 1,102,00 648,80 1,102,00	55.00 39.00 45.00 137.50 135.00 40.00	6.75 117.30 440.64 46.90 15.30 12.50 23.00 9.90 135.50 37.66 5.00 3 186.50 46.00 13.50 3 186.50 46.00 13.50	25.00 329.20 5.27 708.00 113.50 975.72 145.50	221.35 1.288.00 17.09 72.00 41.00 606.34 2.127.40 108.00 80.00 71.00 372.30 70.60 410.00 56.00 410.00 56.00 40.00 373.50 40.00	Lin. ft. 795.62 268.65 269.35 344.65 204.50 15.78 701.50 23.46 168.17 848.44 830.63 97.00 2,569.54 223.08 716.92 648.73 1,500.13 1,225.83 80.30 1,225.27 1,255.64 1,522.57 527.24 92.55 644.58 668.12	Lin. ft. 21, 23 368, 69 9, 42 227, 65 1, 263, 54 74, 57 74, 57 9, 46 607, 54 18, 90 23, 57 721, 36 15, 78 389, 12 82, 35 6, 35 50, 24 161, 13 75, 55 6, 35 57, 76 8, 221, 96	47.32 50.20 265.34 189.52 59.64 460.67 98.15 49.15 354.84 102.75	Number. 6,272 4,600 4,909 10,309 11,239 4,503 3,200 3,450 10,200 10,200 11,4809 7,709 3,750 2,500 11,459 2,500 11,459 2,500 11,459 2,500 4,165 2,100 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 14,700 180,700	349, 61 228, 73 1, 642, 91 10, 00 551, 59 2, 180, 78 344, 89 654, 04 358, 75 33, 73 113, 05 15, 86 293, 09 875, 12		66.09 19.92 57.75 9.42 31.50 278.18 18.84 23.97 34.54 15.78 35.62 50.24 53.38 18.84 61.67 6.28 37.68 9.42	433.06 105.09 104.82 552.95 59.27 358.00 330.37 234.56 184.01 512.66 99.05 334.38 1,027.57 163.26	303.26 4 169.87 71.94 6 135.57 398.55	6. 392. L2 1, 528. 54 2, 198. 65 6. 232. 77 6. 979. 64 1, 161. 56 10. 795. 67 1, 161. 56 10. 795. 67 1, 161. 56 1, 197. 5	\$8, 091. 98 6. 939. 86 6. 7939. 86 6. 7939. 86 6. 761. 61 9. 303. 89 2. 803. 27 11. 032. 00 11. 032. 00 11. 032. 00 12. 873. 48 2. 874. 48 2. 874. 61 2. 874. 61 2. 879. 48 2. 351. 25 5. 478. 34 1. 791. 25 5. 499. 58 2. 778. 61 5. 199. 58 5. 1	Aug. 2, 1915 Aug. 24, 1915 July 14, 1915 June 24, 1915 June 24, 1915 June 22, 1915 June 18, 1915 June 18, 1915 June 18, 1915 June 23, 1915 June 23, 1915 Aug. 7, 1915 Aug. 4, 1915 Aug. 21, 1915 Aug. 21, 1915 Aug. 21, 1915 Aug. 1, 1915 Aug. 26, 1915 July 6, 1915 Aug. 26, 1915	Bituminous base Asphalt Coal-tar distillate Asphalt do do Scharff coal tar Asphalt Bituminous base Asphalt do do Asphalt Bituminous base Bituminous base Bituminous base Bituminous base Bituminous base Bituminous base	1875 1878 1887 1883 1895 1881 1875 1889 1889 1879 1875 1889 1899 1898 1899 1899 1895 1898 1890 1879 1885 1891 1885	1892 1894 1891 1892 1895 1895	C. E. Evans. Do. W. R. Davis, Barber Asphalt Paving (H. L. Cranford, Cranford Paving Co. Barber Asphalt Paving (R. D. Smith, Barber Asphalt Paving (G. J. S. Baldwin, Barber Asphalt Paving (J. S. Baldwin, W. C. Murdock, H. L. Cranford, Do. Cranford Paving Co. George Truesdall, P. Maloney, W. C. Murdock, Barber Asphalt Paving (J. Baldwin, G. George Truesdall, P. Maloney, W. C. Murdock, Barber Asphalt Paving (J. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Evans Concrete Co. John O. Evans, J. W. Vandenburgh, Cranford Paving Co.

^{&#}x27;8 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.
77 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.



<sup>Square yards, asphalt block.
\$82.06 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.</sup>

^{\$5,700} chargeable to 1915 appropriation.
\$67.84 chargeable to sidewalks and curbs.

Work done by municipal plant (minor repairs, 1916):
 \$34,426.08

 95,628 cubic feet old material, at 36 cents.
 \$34,426.08

 2.275 cubic feet topping, at 42 cents.
 955.50

 17,145 cubic feet asphaltic concrete, at 384 cents.
 6,600.83



Table H.—Appropriation for repairs to streets, avenues, and alleys.

WORK DONE BY DAY LABOR UNDER SUPERVISION OF SUPERINTENDENT OF STREETS.

Brick sidewalk relaidsquare yards	30, 298, 00
Asphalt block paved	1,369.50
Asphalt block repaveddo	15,017.50
Vifrified block paved	1,886.50
Virified block repayeddo	6,638.50
Macadam roadway. do	9, 186, 00
Curb resetlinear feet	4, 229, 42
Flag relaiddo	719.00
Granite block laid	11,002.00
Asphalt tile relaiddo	363, 00
Cement walk relaiddo	1, 815, 00
Cobble relaiddo	5, 024, 00
Grading cubic yards.	
Labor.	
Material	8,689.77
Total	74, 295, 63
1001	14, 290.00

RECAPITULATION.

Commentary marting	Northwest section west of Sixteentl Northeast section. Southeast section.	l Street	11, 272, 92 13, 959, 76 10, 346, 96 14, 974, 48
Georgetown section	Georgetown section		4, 564. 89

WORK DONE BY DAY LABOR UNDER SUPERVISION OF SUPERINTENDENT OF SUB-URBAN ROADS.

Job No.	Location.	Work.	Cost.
1007	Corner Euclid Street and University Place	Repair intersection	\$63.75
1021	Various streets	Tarvia	2,940.96
1029 1035	Various streets. V Street, N.W., between North Capitol and First Streets. North side of V Street NE., between North Capitol and Lincoln Road.	Repair Grade and gutters	467. 61 261. 87
1039	Kenyon Street NW., between Eighteenth and Nineteenth Streets.	Repairs	190.59
1044	South side of V Street NW., between North Capitol and First. Streets.		326.50
1045	North side Nineteenth Street NW., between Lamont and Kil- bourn Streets.	Gutters	238.59
1054	Bryant Street NW., between Second and Fourth Streets	Repairs	667.45
1055	West side Brown Street NW., between Newton and Oak Street	Gutters	311.75
1056	Brown Street NW., Newton to Oak Streets	Repairs	521.42
1058 1070	Irving Street NW., between Fourteenth and Sixteenth Streets	Tarvia	585. 28
1079	Various streets (stone from Sherman Avenue)	Repair	342.81 65.50
1084	dema Will Day N.W. between Dridge	do	786, 58
1085	Troop Place NW from Through third Charact westward	do	271.00
1091	racy Place Nw., from Twenty-third Street, westward		41. 29
1114	Newson Brown Street NW., between Newton and Oak Street. Irving Street NW., Newton to Oak Streets. Irving Street NW., between Fourteenth and Sixteenth Streets. Various streets (stone from Sherman Avenue). West approach to T Street bridge. Adams Mill Road NW., between Harvard and Irving Streets. Tracy Place NW., from Twenty-third Street, westward. Second Street NW. from U to Bryant Streets. Fifteenth Street NW., between Euclid Street and Florida Avenue.	do	181.46
1154	Florida Avanua NW north of II Street	do	55, 60
1011	Park Place NW hotwoon Konyon and Irving Streets	do	125, 50
1050	Florida Avenue NW., north of U Street. Park Place NW., between Kenyon and Irving Streets. Monroe Street NW., between Fourteenth and Seventeenth Streets.	Patching	110. 53
1095	Hobart Street NW	Repair	91.50
1102	Champlain Street NW., from Florida Avenue, northward	do	67.50
1164	North side Irving Street NW., east of Eighteenth Street	Relay gutters	59, 21
1179	Quebec Street NW., between Georgia Avenue and Park Place	Repair	32.26
1175	Prospect Street NE., Lincoln Road to Second Street	do	84.90
1017	Lincoln Road, between R and V Streets	do	62.75
1018	T Street NE., Lincoln Road to Second Street	do	64. 75
1049	Hobart Street NW. Champlain Street NW., from Florida Avenue, northward. North side Irving Street NW., east of Eighteenth Street. Quebee Street NW., between Georgia Avenue and Park Place. Prospect Street NE., Lineoin Road to Second Street. Lineoin Road, between R and V Streets. T Street NE., Lineoin Road to Second Street. Newton Street NW., between Fourteenth and Seventeenth Streets.	Macadam	118.46
1097	Roadway of Connecticut Avenue bridge. Euclid Street NW., between Sixteenth and Eighteenth Streets	Repair	160.83
1096	Euclid Street NW., between Sixteenth and Eighteenth Streets	do	224, 41
1100 1101	Laminer Pices XW. Ontwario Piace to Adams Mill Road. Lamont Sirect XW. between Fifteenth to Mt. Pleasant Streets. Lamont Sirect XW. between Champlain and Sixteenth Streets. Kalorama Road XW., between Champlain and Sixteenth Streets. Seaton Street NE., between Lincoln Road and Second Street. New Hampshife Avenue XW., between Monroe and Georgia Avenuepshife Avenue XW.	do	180. 21
1101	Lamont Street NW., between Fifteenth to Mt. Pleasant Streets	do	80.06
1176	Raiorama Road NW., between Champlain and Sixteenth Streets	do	133. 25
1196	Seaton Street NE., between Lincoln Road and Second Street	do	33.95
1130	Avenue. Avenue NW., between Monroe and Georgia	Crushed stone	714.33

WORK DONE BY DAY LABOR UNDER SUPERVISION OF SUPERINTENDENT OF SUB-URBAN ROADS—Continued.

Job No.	Location.	Work.	Cost.
1207 1209 1235 1182 1195 1202 1201 1203 1212 1234 1187	Park Road NW., between Seventeenth and Twentieth Streets. North Capitol Street, between V and Michigan Avenue Euclid Street NW., between Columbia Boad and University Place Wyoming Avenue NW., west of Twentieth Street Lamont Street NW., between Sixth and Warder Streets. Various streets, Section 2. Various streets, Section 2. Belmont Street NW., 100 feet west of Twentieth Street Monroe Street NW., 100 feet west of Twentieth Street Monroe Street NW., between New Hampshire Avenue and Fourteenth Street. Sixteenth Street NW., between Columbia Road and Oak Street.	Old material	291. 50 91. 25 2, 430. 47 603. 68 72. 31 50. 50 43. 67
1214	Massachusetts Avenué NW., from end of asphalt to east end of bridge across Rock Creek.	Resurface	18, 506, 61
	Dangerous holes and minor repairs. Blacksmithing		6, 589, 04 25, 095, 65 164, 60
	Total		25, 260. 25

Table I.—Regular permit, 1916.

				Cement	Į	Curl	Curb set.	Vitrified	Asphalt	Dried	Old blue-	
	Location.	For whom done.	Grading.	202		6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	block paved.	bfock paved.	sidewalk.	stone curb.	Cost.
1 7	Alley, square 2107 Front, 1906 Twenty-third Street NW	-	Cu. ye	Sq. yds. 111.00	Lin. ft.			Sq. yds. 222	Sq.yds.	Sq. yds.		\$371.53
, – ~	Alley, adjacent to lot 57, square 162 1728 New Hampshire Avenue NW Northwest corner Sixteenth and Madison	Clarke Waggaman S. H. Vandegrift L. E. Breuninger	30	3.00			250.83	120				245.01 3.09 549.00
-	Forty-second Street NW., between Harri-	R. H. Rice.	99									73.92
CO 144	Son and Continue Streets. 3522 Sixteenth Street NW. North side California Street NW., between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth	John I. Cassidy		156.76 36.53		55.10						193.12 127.80
1000	Streets. 515, 517, 519 Ninth Street NW. South side Upshur Street NW., from Illi-	Daniel Loughran		89.98 144.43	• ! !							110.86 207.80
	Nost side Twenty-eighth Street NW., between Woodley Road and Cathedral	A.C. Moses Construction Co.	138	160.27		234.20						586.75
-	Avenue. 1447, 1451, 1455, 1457 Chapin Street NW	<		123.80	45, 13							137.54
01	South side Potomac Avenue, between	Fred A. Norway		138.81								142.13
02	Kentucky Avenue and filteenth Street. South side Kenyon Street NW., between Elghteenth Street and Adams Mill	Geo. Y. Worthington & Son.	24	66.67			99.60					221.56
	Front, 5604 Sixteenth Street NW. 3350 Seventeenth Street NW. East side Warder Street, between Prince	Wm. Muchlinson B. J. Smith, jr Kennedy Bros. (Inc.)		87.81 25.00 72.43	55.30 3.40		92.30					223.90 48.61 346.92
-	Princeton, from Warder Street east. Westside Sixteenth Street NW., between	William Ramsay		45.00		,	46.70					113.42
_	East side Thirteenth Street NW., be-	H. G. Smithy		83.60								103.00
_ 02	Lots 43 and 44, square 3243, Grant Circle. South side Gallatin Street No., between	M. L. Gottwalls. David J. Howell & Son		27.80								34.25 65.79
02	South side Gallatin Street NW., from	F. C. Brinley		80.47								105,30

Table I.—Regular permit, 1916—Continued.

-	Cost.	\$50.30	25.11			11.50 13.38 130.55	83.29	. 227.51	193.00	223.30	176.37	79.50	43.14	221.18	905.17	358.17	385.00 5.18 18.13
PIÓ	stone curb.			<u> </u>													
Refor	sidewalk.	Sq. yds.															10#
Asphalt	block paved.	Sq. yds.															
Vitrified	block paved.	Sq. yds.															401
Curb set.	8 by 8 inches.					62.00			82,52	85.00	150.00			111, 10	393, 90	149.90	
Curl	6 by 20 inches.									i				-			
4	reset.	Lin. ft.												7.10		15.21	
Cement	02	Sq. yds. 40.83	20.38	130.30	33.33	10.66 13.22 40.40		67.61 184.67	69, 40	85.00		64.52	35.02	62.87	260.90	$\frac{3.50}{111.25}$	6.00
	Grading.	Cu. yds.				rC.									127	40	250
	For whom done.	B II. Griiver	I. N Becord	Charles T. Burns.	Leo A. M. Readmond Edgar L. Thomas	Katharine Reinburg J. O. Lewis Geo. Y. Worthington &	Son.	Julius Weinig	William Ramsay	do.	R. H. Liggett	Fred. A. Schmitt	G. G. Cornwell	N. B. Mullett & Co	Geo. Y. Worthington & Son.	Lewis C. Putnam Kennedy Bros. (Inc.)	D. J. Dunigan. 250 Chapman W. Fowler. Charles C. Warner.
	Logation.	Doct cita Coloredo Avenue VW 16-	tween Madison and Montague Streets.	M Street side of 1159 Eighth Street NW	2124 Fourteenth Street, SE. Georgia Avenue NW., between Flagler	and Shepherd Streets. 1453 Chapin Street N W. 1459 Chapin Street N W. South side Kenvon Street NW Detween	Fighteenth Street and Adams Mill	Thirty-fourth and Lowell Streets, lots 13	and 14, square 2089. Southwest corner Sixteenth and Madison	Streets N.W. West side Sixteenth Street N.W., between	Madison and Montague Streets. North side Tracy Place NW., from	Twenty-third Street west. North side Columbia Road, between	Fourteenth and Filteenth Streets. East side Twenty-third Street, between	Wyoming Avenue and California Street. South side Meridian Street NW., between	Sixteenth and Center Streets. North side Kenyon Street NW., between Nineteenth Street and Adams Mill	Road. 1312 N Street NW South side Kenyon Street NW., from	Adams Mill Road to alley. East, north, and south alley, square 3238. Front, 1346 Irving Street NW
	Job No.	0000	0002	2032		2037		2040	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2052 2053	2056 2062 2062

171.28	50.60	124.82 33.56	289, 13	249.84	150.66	209.72	168,84	124.21	199, 46	60.04 168.50	296, 28	265, 12	84.75	84.50	100.08	1 20, 16	346.87	1 94.00	1 92. 96 1 42. 99 1 42. 00	
														3						
			19.60		47.34					53. 25				633			160.20			
			7.60							12.80									18.30	
135, 10	40.00	98.67	. 193.63	209, 56	55.56	149.53	. 133.47	98.19	150.98	42.98	. 234.22	205.67	67.00	66.80	79.59	20.00	109.04	78.85	69.40 34.00 33.00	1915 book.
			tion	51	30	34			14	d 27				175			л &			191
J. Міпко	Henry A. Vieth	Franklin T. Howe James A. McCarthy	A. C. Moses Construction	J. J. Dimon	D. J. Callahan	J. B. Gruver	II. B. Callahan	M. L. Gottwalls	R. P. Hill	George A. Craig Mary C. de Grafenreid	D. J. Dunigan	Kennedy Bros. (Inc.)	O. I. Nigh	John R. Haislip. D. J. Dunigan	W. F. Ham. Oscar Schleiehert	K. L. Russell	Geo. Y. Worthington	Son. Charles L. Tarkerley.	George A. Fuller Co John M. Henderson D. J. Dunigan	
2001 West side Twenty-fifth Street NE, between Hamfin Street and Girard Llare, and south side Hamfin Street, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth	., between	Myr-	tle Avenue and Brentwood Road. South side Upshur Street NW, be-		eet N. W. ming Avenue N.W., be-y-third and Twenty-	, between Georgia	tween	, between Taylor and	nont Road and 2400	Twent.teth Street. 2702 Wisconsin Avenue. South side Wyoming Avenue NW., between Twentz-third and Twenty-	fourth Streets. East side Fifth Street NW., between D. J. Dunigan	Shepherd and Taylor Streets. Park Place NW., between Rock Creek			Woodley Place, north of Calvert Street	Streets. Fourteen-and-a-half Street NE., between	Cand D Streets. Kenyon Street side southwest corner	, be-	Usen Irving and Neuvous Streets. 2920-2922 Upton Street NW. Ests side Sherman Avenue, between Fairmont and Girard Streets.	
2001	2001	2013	2041	2020	2054	2055	2027	20058	2029	2060	2064	2065	5000	2067	2081 2083	8808	2103	2106	2107 2108 2109	

Table I.—Regular permit, 1916—Continued.

				4		Curl	Curb set.	Vitrified	Asphalt	:	plo	
	Location.	For whom done.	Grading.	Grading, Sidewalk laid.	Curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	block paved.	block paved.	sidewalk.	stone curb.	Cost.
1	North alla Cfrand Straat and of North Thomas A. Jameson	Thomas A. Jameson		Cu. yds. Sq. yds. 99.93	Lin.ft.			Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.		1 121.72
ಕಲ್ಪಿಕ್ ಕ	Capitol Street. West side Nineteenth Street NW., between Kilbourne Place and Lamont	Simon Oppenheimer		55.40								1 68.00
SE	Street. Southwest corner Second and C Streets			73.47							:	1 89.49
28E	N.W. 1706 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W 205 Linworth Place S.W	Julius Weinig. W. Walton Edwards.		84, 52 26, 39 90, 64	29, 75							1 102, 94 1 42, 57 1 117, 30
3 E	Girard Street N.W. Southwest corner Fourteenth and Frank-	Thrift Building Co		219.03								1 279,48
E ts	In Street NE. East side Thirteenth Street NW., be- Horace C. Smithy	Horace C. Smithy		232, 16								1 296, 24
est	tween Emerson and Farragut Streets West side Central Avenue, between Myr-	Henry A. Vieth	123	136, 53	:							1 249, 56
es es	the Avenius and Membrowood Rough the Avenius Sirect NW., he here Kenyon Street and Kilbourne Son.	Geo. Y. Worthington & Son.		141.07	:		218.56					1 458, 98
:			1,278	1,278 6,511.32	194.59	289.30	289.30 2,032.22	1,376				114,178.93

1 1915 book.

Table K.—Assessment work, 1916.

-				1		Curb set—		Vitri-		Cabbla	Carretto	Cement	
Job No.	Location.	Grading.	Cement sidewalk.	curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	Old.	ned block paved.	block paved.	Cobbie Granite paved. block.	block.	road-	Cost.
2001	Allows Common 9051	Cu. yds.	Sq. yds.	Lin.ft.				Sq. yds.	Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	\$597.94
3003	Alley, Square 3118	780										1,052	1,424.29
3012	Both sides of W Street NW. from North Capitol Street to Flaciar Place					2, 209, 15							2,776,68
3013	Both sides of Seventh Street NW. from M to Q Street.					3, 109.88							4, 128, 92
3014	Both sides of Tenth Street N W. from Pennsylvania Ave- nue to B Street					1, 101, 94							1,515.87
3015	East side of Sherman Avenue from Columbia to Park				000								1 667 67
3016	Both sides of C Street NE, from Tennessee Avenue to				099.91								1,001.0
-	Fifteenth Street.				:			:				:	2,253.21
3017	North side of K Street NE. from Eighth to Ninth Street.					284.50	:	:					388.85
3019	South side of K Street NE, from Ninth to Tenth Street					273.86							340.81
3020	Both sides of Kenyon Street NW. and Warder Street to				00 100	00							9 541 70
3022	North side of Monroe Street NF, from Twelfth to Thir-				354, 42	1,000.00							2, 041. (5
	teenth Street					638, 98			-	:			807.37
3030	South side of Aspen Street NW. from Fifth to Sixth		903 73										259, 96
3031	North side of Howard Street from Nichols Avenue to		0 0										00 040
2006	South side of N Street NW from Bourth Street to New		226.13				:						278.00
0000	Jersey Avenue		179.21										182, 78
3037	Alleys, Square 3231.	950			-		:	1,602	:		-	:	3,902.07
3040	Alleys, Square 2050	- 450	14		96 86			1 238					3,382,38
3042	Alley, Square 2705.	25	:		9,42			333					700.91
3043	Alley, Square 3503.						:	515	:			:	1,066.82
3045	Alley, west part Square 1207.	200		5.4	9, 42			1 854	:	-		-	1,369.54
3047	Both sides of Sixteenth Street NW. from Aspen to But-	_		5			:	1,003					1, 202. 12
	ternut Street		550.97		'				:	:		:	703.04
3048	East side of Nichols Avenue SE, from Fortland Street to Polaire Place		101 31										241.38
3049	South side of Brothers Place SE, from Esther Place to		10:101				•						90
2051	North side of V Street SF from Thirteenth to Fourteenth		420.45										013, 30
1000	TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		10										494 52

Table K.—Assessment work, 1916—Continued.

					0	Curb set—		Vitri-	Asphalt	Cobbita	Coblyle Granite Cement	Cement	
Job No.	Location.	Grading.	Cement sidewalk.	Curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	Old.	block paved.	block paved.	paved.	block.	road- way.	Cost.
		Cu. yds.	Sq. yds.	Lin.ft.				Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	
3052	West side of Nichols Avenue SE, from Esther to High	8	710, 93					:	:		:	:	\$894.82
3053	West side of Nichols Avenue SE, from Orange Street to		376, 60										468.08
3054	Wall of Government Trispinal Both sides of Savannah Street SE, from Fourth Street to	364.5	917.93										1, 353.31
3056	South side of W Street SE. from Chester to Fourteenth		164.97										203.24
3057	South side of Good Hope Road SE, from Findal Road to		358.22										441.32
3058	Nuneteenth Street. Both sides of Raleigh Place SE, from Nichols Avenue to		69.4 32										884.36
3029	Seventh Street. East side of Fourth Street SE. from Savannah Street,		145 22								:		179.04
3060	South 300 feet West side of Seventeenth Street SE, from T Street to		965 97										326.81
3061	Good Hope Road North side of W Street SE, from Thirteenth to Four-		984 17	91									352.84
3062	Both sides of Eighth Street SE, between Alabama Ave-		599 64										743.98
3063	North of Alabama Avenue SE, from Congress Road		760, 67										954, 46
3064	South Edit of Minnesota Avenue SE, abutting Squares		695, 00										1 799. 25
3065	North side of Good Hope Road from Nichols Avenue to		749, 48	. 15								:	782.12
3071	Both sides of Seventh Street NW. between L and M Streets of Seventh Street NW. street L and M		2, 270, 63										2,410.52
3074	South side of California Street NW. from Twenty-third		320, 21										394, 50
3076	West side of Twenty-third Street NW, from Tracy Place		161.65									:	167.16
3077	East side of Twenty-third Street NW. from Q Street		68.33										71.05
3078	Both sides of Q. Street NW. between Twenty-second and Twenty-filled Streets.		570.08	86									619.03
3084 3085	Alley, Square 2111. East and West Alleys, Square 157	478						356					716.10

2, 620, 13 1, 607, 20 18.84 28.33 4, 60 394, 22 121, 93 121, 93 138, 59 139, 33 197, 27 197, 27 197, 27 197, 27 197, 46 231, 66 231, 67 231, 68 231, 68 231, 68 231, 68 231, 647, 34 231, 68 23
2, (220, 13 1, (057, 20) 2, (220, 13 1, (057, 20) 2983, 59 121, 98 121, 98 231, 00 77, 46 82, 80 231, 90 231,
2, 620, 13 1, 00 2, 620, 13 1, 00 262, 50 121, 93 362, 50 121, 93 121, 93 121, 93 139, 33 197, 27 197, 27 297, 297 297, 297 297, 657 297,

Table K.—Assessment work, 1916—Continued.

						Curb set—		Vitri-	Asphalt	1	Cement	Cement	
No.	Location.	Grading.	Cement sidewalk.	Curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	Old.	block paved.	block paved.	paved.	Grante block.	road-	Cost.
1	The state of the s	Cu. yds.	Sq. yds.	Lin.ft.				Sq. yds.	Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	-
	East side of Wisconsin Avenue a w. 110m Avenue, and Idaho Avenue, and Idaho Avenue from Wisconsin Avenue for Ordway Street.	283	390, 93										\$654.49
-	North side of Potomac Avenue SE. from Eighth to Ninth Street and west side of Ninth Streetfrom Potomac Ave-		90	ę									02022
	nue to L Street. South side of Potomac Avenue SE, from Ninth to Tenth		377 98	958 65									428.49
	Surfer. South side of Potomac Avenue SE, from Eleventh to Twelfth Street, and Eleventh Street and Potomac				,								05 886
- 02	Avenue to L Street. South side of Potomac Avenue SE, from Reservation 253		163.03										165.8
0.,	South side of A Street SE from Seventh to Eighth Street.		259.19	14			72.80						282.46
-	west side of roureefful refree SE, from Bould Carolina sound to cement walk		78.79 230.87	53			11.60						98.72 256.52
4 4	Alleys, Square 2900. Alley, southwest part of Square 502.	175						310					596.5
	East side of Seventh Street NW. from P to Q Street South side of L Street SE. from Tenth to Eleventh Street.		627. 65 307. 42	85									639. 0 332. 3
-	West side of Fifteenth Street NE. from D to Duncan Street; west side of Fifteenth Street NE. from E to F		1	Ş									69
-	Street, and F Street west from Fifteenth Street East half of Square 3045, alley	475	455. 29	9	9.42			411					1,273.23
~ ,	North side of California Street NW. from west line of lot 802, Square 2505		359.07										445.68
- 1	Both sides of Tenth Street N.W. from little B Street to Pennsylvania Avenue.		1,249.62										1, 295.95
_	East side of Sixth Street N W. from Missouri Avenue to alley, north.					156.38							215.05
_	Sast side of Eighteenth Street NW. from Pennsylvania Avenue to H Street.					145.42							199.7
4-4-	Alley, Square 980.	675	5.50		18.84			1,427					3, 452, 25 2, 279, 41
	Alley, Square 2840.	8 2			17.27			156					502.1
4 7	Alley, Square 3046.	292			18.84			188					2, 402. 7

Pourteenth Street INW, from Monroe Street to Moridian Alloy, Squares 1074

Table K.—Assessment work, 1916—Continued.

					Curb set—		Vitri-	Asphalt	Cobble	Cobble Granite Cement	Cement	
Job No.	Grading.	Cement sidewalk.	curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	Old.	block paved.	block paved.	paved.	paved. block.	road- way.	Cost.
	Cu. yds.	Sq. yds.	Lin. ft.				Sq.yds.	Sq.yds.	Sq.yds. Sq.yds. Sq.yds. Sq.yds.	Sq.yds.	Sq. yds.	
3185 East side Lincoln Road NE., from Prospect Street to	t to 107.00	508.17	24.10		160.43					:	:	\$926.33
North side Allison Street N.W., between Georgia Avenue		33 33								:		42.16
and lowa Avenue ago East side Capitol Avenue NE., from Mount Olivet to	t to	455 79										582.80
Fenwier Street. NE., between Thirteenth and North side Irving Street NE., between Thirteenth and	and 200 00	490.97										718.59
West side Third Street NE., between I and K Streets.	. :	188.64										202.08
South side Florida Avenue NE., Detween Eignen and Ninth Streets	and	137.21							:	-	:	145.04
South side Florida Avenue NE., between Sixth and M	M P	183.03								:		194.57
South side Florida Avenue NE., between Second and	and	675.34	10.95									714.19
North side Neal Street NE., between Montello and	and 74 00	349 47										477.99
Trinidad Street. West side Bladensburg Road, from Florida Avenue		171 88	4 71									196.22
West side Thirteenth Street NE., between Irving and		000000										321.
Jackson Streets. Roth sides Fifth Street NW. from N to O Streets.	90.0c	1,010.52										1,070.45
West side Sixth Street NW., between Massachuse	setts	686.41	40.70									735.35
North side Wyoming Abruhe NW., from Twenty-third	hird 86 00	943.54	23.71		207.00							624.70
Both sides Fifth Street NE., from K Street to Florida		1 770 44	9 517 40									3,015.51
South side Columbia Road NW., from Fifteenth Street	reet	170.71	2									308.51
South side K Street NE., between Tenth and Eleventh		147 15										153.77
North side Belmont Street NW., from Thirteenth Street	reet	190 70										226.09
West side Fourteenth Street NW., from Florida Avenue	_	102.10									,	565.04
East side Twenty-third Street NW., between Wyoming	ning	106.92				ŵ						111.73
3305 East side Fourteenth Street NW., from Florida Avenue	enne											208

1,100,112 2,318,525 2,116,537 1,166,544 1,166,544 1,166,544 2,222,546 1,327,89 1,427,89 1,567,69 1,282,46 1,282	3 293.64
88	\$ 1915 book
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218.74 1190.83 1190.83 119.93 345.53 440.95 227.38 911.81 212.26 227.38 87.57 576.29 424.70 677.03 80.64 80.64	213.47
28.5.00 440.00 67.5.00 67.5.00 836.40 839.00	
A Alley square 221 A LINEY Street Ne., from Tweith to Thirteenth 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweith to Thirteenth 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweith to Tweity 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweitheth to Tweity 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweitheth to Tweity 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweitheth to Tweity 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from Tweit 201 th side b Everts Street Ne., from New Hampshire Avenue to Shepherd Street. B A State Laney Street Ne., from New Hampshire Avenue to Shepherd Street. A Venue to Shepherd Street. A Venue to Shepherd Street Ne., from New Hampshire Avenue to Pist Avenue 501 A Road to Harvad Street Ne., from New York Avenue to New York Avenue 3 and on New York Avenue 100 West side Lighth Street NW., from U to W Streets. A South side Lim Street NW., from U to W Streets. A South side Lim Street NW., from U to W Streets. A South side Lanier W, from Carrol Avenue to District Line A Street Street Street Street NW., from Carrol Avenue to Distrect Line And Avenue 100 A Street Street Street NW., from Carrol Avenue to Distrect Line Are 100 A Street Street Line Place NW., from Carrol Avenue to Distrect Line And Avenue 100 A Street Street Liney Road to Harvey Street Street Line Are 100 A Street Street Line Are	
23.46 22.42 23.45 23.45 23.45 23.45 23.00 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	3195

Table K.—Assessment work, 1916—Continued.

	_			٥	- nae n mo		Vitri-	Asphalt	Coblyla	Granite Cement	Cement	
Joh No. Location. Gra	Grading. Cemeut Sidewalk.		Curb reset.	6 by 20 inches.	8 by 8 inches.	Old.	block paved.	block paved.	paved.	block.	road- way.	Cost.
S	Cu. uds. Sa.	Sq. uds.	Lin. ft.				Sq.yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	Sq.yds.	Sq.yds.	
					19.00							1\$499.92
												1 253.06
	1,81	1,817.00 2,	2,046.90	15.00							:	12,564.8
3210 South Side Florida Avenue NW., from Fifth to Seventh	64	641.58										1690.37
South side T Street NW, from Second to Third Streets. Soat Bast side Wisconsin Avenue NW, from Observatory	21		281.73									1178.87
)I	 06-6/1	:									9
Clifton Streets, and on Clifton Street from Till Section	87	18.628	646.10	:		:	:	:	:		:	11,138.87
3246 North side of H Street NW., from North Capitol to First	93	938.11							-		:	11,017.46
North side Kalorama Road NW., from Ontario Road to	25	251.26								:		1309.18
Southeast corner Spring Road and Eleventh Street and		78 61										1 100.30
Spring Road between Eleventh and Influential Successions of North side Kalorama Road NW., from Ontario Road to		:	933 50									1248.52
Champiain Avenue 3256 West side Ontario Road NW., from Euclid Street to			00.00	59.4 60	0 49							11,000.54
Ralorama Road NW., from Sixteenth to	9 ;	8 !		001:00		8						1 923, 94
	6I	199.87		047.30		90.0						1 907 29
	3	230.14	:									. 102
	55	228.13				:		:		:		12/1.80
3267 East side Twenty-lourin Street N.E., Detween Evaris and Franklin Streets.		239.78						:	:			1 292, 05
S268 East side Fifteenth Street NW., from T to U Streets	04	03. 03.										1106.32
Eleventh Street from V Street south to		200										1102.80
cement walk S278 North side Upshur Street NW., from Rock Creek Church	6 6	00.11										1112 12
Road westward from V Street to Rhode	•	10.10										1 292.31

176.96	179.97	1147.67		11,694.68	1 229, 09	1675 44	1000	1370.41	1850.51	1162 27	100,00	1 124, 82	15, 573, 63	9	11,217.42	1512, 41	203,640.07
								:							-		2,940
				:											:		257
								-								:	
															:		5, 439
								:	:								29, 476
								:	:								214.40
				547.85													12, 969. 91
																	5,345.02
				13.83				00.6							0+ °c1		8,864.65
60, 32	62.67	107.97		524.60	95.67	603.21		288.24	698.29	196 92	-	95. 23	4, 123, 98		0F :/ FA	401.58	24, 477, 90 63, 329, 60 8, 864, 65 5, 345, 02 17, 969, 91
				332, 00	240.00								472.00		:		4,477.90 6
North side Lamont Street NW., from Warder Street to lark Planc South side I amont Street NW from Warder Street to	Tark Place. Thirteenth Street NE, from Monroe to Newton Streets.	w est side Eleventh Street N W., from Kenyon Street to alley north	South side Belmont Road NW, and west side Seven- teenth Street, from west end of cement walk at lot 802	to north line of lot.	and D Streets.	Noth Sides Adams Mill Road, from Harvard Street to	East side Fifth Street NW., from Aspen to Butternut	Streets. Both sides Franklin Street NF. from Twenty-fourth to	Twenty-sixth Streets	to east line lot 2, square 4265	North side Florida Avenue NW., from Fourth to Fifth	Streets. West side Sixteenth Street NW from Blanden Mill	Road to bridge over Piney Branch.	ast side Sixteenth Street NW., between Kennedy	West side Connecticut Avenue NW. between Keokuk	and Legation	
3302		3312	3313	2216		3317 1	3318 I	3322 I	_	9959	3324 N	3397 V		3328 E	3329 V		

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Table L.—Sidewalks and curb, 1916.

	Cement sidewalk laid.	Curb reset.	6 by 20	20 8 by 8 inches	Grading.	Brick sidewalk relaid.	Asphalt block relaid.	Vitrified block laid.	Cost.
Avenue and E	Sq. yds. 365.45 495.84	Lin.ft. 48,00		145.67	Cu. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	\$378. 85 181. 26 158. 85 908. 41
Anound Reservation 31s. Anound Reservation 31s. Distrest Stop of Jure Step, between Fourteenth and Fifteenith Streets St. South side of Christ Steplo, course Third and D Streets St. South side Jofonnac A venue St., from Twellith to Thirteenth Streets. Temps yrania A venue St., from Twellith of Thirteenth Streets. Temps Train A venue St., from Twellith Streets. Anound Reservations 1 and 17c. Around Reservations 1 and 17c. Around Reservations 1 and 17c. Around Reservations 1 and 17c.	208.05 115.02 319.45 506.88 636.07	20.00 74.88		727, 55 187, 69					257.70 110.77 110.77 311.51 935.19 230.19 481.53 613.33 813.33
Nichols Avenue Br., and onlimit police station. North, south, and west sides Furners Market. North, south, and west sides Furners Market. North, side Witnes B.E., between Thirteenthand Fourteenth Streets (school) West side Ougress Rood, between Abharma and Nichols Avenues.	364.27 1,839.14 173.62 227.87 827.87 183.62 1	5.00	1,208.40						2,083.58 2,083.58 260.91 78.06
Maryland Avenne NE., between Sixth and Filtenath Streets. Maryland Avenne NE., between Sixth and Filtenath Street. Southests covera Minnesota Avenne and Eightheauth Street. Northwest Section asst of Sixteenth Street. Southwest section asst of Sixteenth Street. Southwest section.	3.93			431.17					73. 64 4. 52 525. 67 1 644. 50 1 356. 00
Northeast section Monthwest section Montputhwest section Montputhwest section west of Sixteenth Street Montputhwest School Building, Twenty-seventh Street NW, between I and New York vernea and M Street sides of Reservation 181.	191.38 635.70 42.20	345. 43							2 183. 72 2 699. 51 2 648. 95
Fillmore School, Thurly-fills three, between It and Street	363.04 191.09 . 120.33 . 52.60			178.60					2 399. 79 2 139. 58 2 61. 02
	7,063.14	664.31	1,346.72	2,017.72					11,805.03

Table M.—Miscellaneous work, 1916.

			-		3	Curb set.			Asphalt	Granite		
	Location,	Appropriation.	ing.	walk relaid.	reset.	6 by 20 8 by 8 inches.	walk.	block relaid.			Description.	Cost.
	Hanover Street NW. from North	Southwest section	Cu. yds.	Cu. yds. Sq. yds. Lin. ft.	Lin. ft.		Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	Sq. yds.	Adjusting plumbing.	\$22.25
	Capitol Street westward. N Street Bridge over James Creek	do									Removing abutments.	848.25
	Union Street SW. between O and	do	400	200					20	52		343.46
	N Street SW., Third Street to	do	800	009					300			623.29
-	Twelfth Street SE, between B	Southeast section		009								199.25
_	Tennessee Avenue NE. between	Northeast section									Repairing roadway	11.37
	A Street NE. between North Carolina Avenue and Fif- teanth and Fourteenth Streets	do							115	g		73.74
	between North Capitol Street between North Capitol Street and North Carolina Avenue. Division Avenue NE, to Grant Streat toward District of Cal	Roadway northeast Di-					,				Subgrade, sewer and	3, 114.61
	umbia line. Sherman Avenue NW. between Columbia Road and Park	Street. Grade and improve Sherman Avenue NW.									Clean and pile granite	124.69
	Koad. do.	do									Removing stone and cobble gutters.	1, 102.37
	Grade and improve V Street NE. Lincoln Road to Second Street.	Grade and improve V Street NE. Lincoln Road to Second Street.									Oiling	170.20
	W Street NW, from North Capi- tol Street to Flagler Place.	Pave W Street NW. North Capitol Street to Flag-									Adjusting macadam at end of pavement. Repairing intersection.	5. 25 189. 70
	do	ler Place.									Adjusting macadam	5.25
	Bennings Viaduct BridgeAdjacent to District pumping station.	Bennings Viaduct Bridge. Water Department, Dis- trict of Columbia high				235	28		210	98	at end of pavement. Digging test pits	$16.25 \\ 680.62$

Table M.—Miscellaneous work, 1916—Continued.

Cost	2600	\$99.21	73.67	152.12		117.00	708.32	406.38	384.48	1,	801.38	320.34	3,675.44	238.48	978.17 267.55 1,199.91	767.68
Dosorintion	режирови.		Apply Ugite		Apply Ugite		Preparing subgrade and cinders on side-	walk. Grading	Ugite and miscel-	Preparing subgrade and placing stone.	do	Grade and gravel (not completed).	Grade, spread, and roll macadam.	Apply Ugite	Paving tree spaces Marking reservations Construct revetment	wall on south side. Rebuilding fence
	relaid.	Sq. yds. 15		160		10										
Asphalt	relaid.	Sq.yds. Sq.yds.				44										
Vitri- fled	block relaid.	Sq.yds. Sq.yds.														
Cement	work.	Sq. yds. 20	9													
set.	8 by 8 inches.	9.42														
Curb set.	6 by 20 inches.															
S. C.	reset.	Lin.ft.														
Brick	-	Cu.yds. Sq.yds. Lin.ft.	12		<u> </u>	75										
C and	ing.	Cu.yds.	63			25										
	Appropriation.	Water Department Dis-	Elimination of grade	Northwest section	Southwest section	Southeast section	Grade Albemarle Street	Grade Division Avenue	NE. Grade and improve Ken-	yon Street NW. Grade and improve Mon-	Grade and improve Myr-	Widen Pennsylvania Ave-	Grade and improve Sheriff Road NE.	Pave W Street NW	Parking Commission	Dridge Maintenance of Anacostia Bridge.
	Location.	Bryant Street west of Second	1 south 10-foot	Hanover Street N.W. Irom North Capitol Street west- ward	I Street SW., from Seventh to Ninth Street.	Union Street SW., from O to M Streets.	South Carolina Avenue. Albemarle Street NW., Connec-	Division Avenue NE Wash-	ington Court to Deane Avenue.	Avenue to Park Place. Monroe Street NE., Twelfth to	Thirteenth Streets. Myrtle Street NE., Dakota to	Pennsylvania Avenue S.E., Branch Avenue to Bowen	Road. Sheriff Road NE., end of ma- cadam to District of Columbia	line. W Street NW North Capitol to	Flagler Place. Various streets.	South approach to Anacostia
	Job No.	6004	8109	1508	1608	1609	1708	1001	5051	5061	5071	2091	5131	5163	6006	

280.77	52.95	1,003.76	687.22		13,844.24
Grading and provid- ing ladder for access	Replace bumper	Grade and gravel	Tarvia and stone		
					296
		:			739
					54
					244. 42
		:			
					1, 227 2, 167
					1, 227
Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge across Rock	Maintenance of Anacostia	Grade and improve Sev-	Construction of Q Street	- Carre	
Ponnsylvania Avonue Bridge Ponnsylvania Avonue across Rock.	Anacostia Bridge	Seventh Street SE., Alabama	6036 Q Street Bridge approaches Construction of Q Street		
6709	6033	5121	9809		

Table N.—Whole cost work, 1916.

Sement side- walks laid.
Cu. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Lin.ft.
107.89
107.89

Table O .- Number of square yards and cost of repairs to cuts in streets, avenues, and alleys during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

Item No. 1 shows the number of square yards and cost of repairs to cuts made by various plumbers and corporations at flat rates

corporations at flat rates.

Item No. 2 shows the number of square yards and the cost thereof on "whole cost" work to which 5 per cent is added for tools, clerk hire, etc., for the maintenance of the miscellaneous trust-fund deposits (District of Columbia), operating account, streets, which fund is used to pay all accounts for labor material, tools, etc., used in connection with this class of work.

Item No. 3 shows the number of square yards and cost of work done on account of the Sewer Department, Item No. 5 shows the number of square yards and cost of work done on account of the Water Department, Item No. 5 shows the number of square yards and cost of work done on account of the Yater Department, Item No. 5 shows the number of square yards and cost of work done on account of other appropriations of the District of Columbia; the cost of work charged against retents, also various appropriations of the General Government.

	Square yards.	Cost amount charged.
Item No. 1 (plumbers and corporations cuts at flat rate): Sheet asphalt. Granife block. Virified block and brick. Cobble and rubble. Macadam. Cement sidewalks. Brick sidewalks. Bricks furnished. Asphalt blocks furnished. Virified blocks furnished. Plumbing in macadam roadways repaired at actual cost plus 5 per cent.	2,694.00	\$3,685.50 762.62 1,550.24 1,050.05 312.32 850.72 26,831.26 540.20 45.00 202.07 210.00 196.56
Item No. 2: Various corporations and individual depositors. Item No. 3: Various appropriations of the Sewer Department. Item No. 4: Various appropriations of the Water Department. Item No. 5: Various appropriations other than the above, including repairs to roads, streets, electrical department, improvements and repairs, assessment and permit work, parking commission, etc.	20, 686. 41 35, 721. 81 3, 576. 20 7, 298. 55	36, 226. 54 51, 008. 47 9, 774. 53 14, 234. 63 13, 405. 58 124, 649. 75

¹ Included in macadam cuts.

Total number of charges made for repairing cuts of all kinds, 10,151.

Table P.—Grading streets, alleys, and roads, appropriation, 1916.

Job No.	Location.	Grading.	Cost.
1901	South side Franklin Street NE., from Twentieth to Twenty-fourth Streets.	Cubic yds.	
	and west side Twenty-second Street NE., south of Franklin Street	427	\$353.99
1903	Eastern Avenue NE., Field Place, and Fifty-eighth Street	150	77. 25
1904	Twenty-eighth Street NW., north of Woodley Road	4,500	913.87
1913	Alley, square 1746	160	110.00
1914	Alley, square 1746. Sixth Street NW., between Aspen and Butternut Streets.	2,700	1,003.81
1915	rourth Street N W., between Dutternut and Cedar Streets	5001	342.50
1916	South Dakota Avenue NE., between Carlton and Vista Streets	2,000	610.25
1918	Park Place NW., between Irving and Rock Creek Church Road	325	223.50
1920	Que Street SE . east of Twenty-fifth Street.	350	146.06
1921	Alley, Oakwood Terrace. Montana Avenue NE., between Twelfth Street and Brentwood Road	78	65, 50
1922	Montana Avenue NE., between Twelfth Street and Brentwood Road	2,700	809.68
1923	Thirty-eighth Street N.W., north of Massachusetts Avenue	190	73.63
1924	Newton Street NW., west of Georgia Avenue	600	311.75
1925	Perry Street NE., between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets	2,000	713, 74
1926	Alley square 1876	95	17. 25
1927	Girard Place NE., between Mills Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street	500	203.2
1905	Various sidewalks (cleaning)		1, 474. 81
1907	Northwest section east of Sixteenth Street	444	222.0
1908	Northwest section west of Sixteenth Street	1,260	633, 49
1910	Northeast section	276	138.07
1912	Georgetown section	25	9.00
1928	Forty-first Street NW., between Belt Road and Chesapeake Street.	130	61.50
1933	Twenty-eighth Street NE., between Bladensburg Road and Franklin	100	01.00
	Street	70	28, 50
1934	Idaho Avenue and Ordway Street	140	59. 2
1935	E Street NE., between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets, and E Street east	140	05.2
	of Sixtoonth Stroot	3,250	285, 36
1938	Allison Street NW . 30 feet west of Georgia Avenue	500	193. 3
1942	East and west alley, square 2715. Kenyon Street NW., between Nineteenth Street and Adams Mill Road.	50	18.0
1932	Kenyon Street NW., between Nineteenth Street and Adams Mill Road	472	212. 3
1939	Alley entrance, square 5587.	15	4.38

Table P.—Grading streets, alleys, and roads, appropriation, 1916—Continued.

lob No.	Location.	Grading.	Cost.
945	Esther Place SE., between Brothers Place and alley east of Brothers	Cubic yds.	
	Place	300	\$127.00
929	Vista Street NE., between Central and Dakota Avenues	2,921	1,664.48
1930	Congress Road, between Nichols and Alabama Avenues Thirty-fifth Place, between T and U, and U Street, between Thirty-fifth		96. 13
	Street and Wisconsin Avenue	340	186.7
940	Street and Wisconsin Avenue Piney Branch Road, between Oak Street and Spring Road	130	53.00
941	Irving Street NE., 400 feet west of Twentieth Street		290. 2
944	Between Adams Mill Road, Ontario Road, and Clydendale Place		118.00
1946	Twenty-sixth Street NE., from Irving Street south of Hamlin Street	500	150.83
1947	Raleigh Street SE., between Seventh Street and Nichols Avenue	681	374.65
1948	South side Franklin Street NE., corner Twenty-second Street	193	87.2
1949	Thirteenth Street NE., between Irving and Jackson Streets	50	33.3
1950	Belmont Street NW., 100 feet west of Twentieth Street		119.78
1951	West Street SE., south of Morris Road	183	73.3
1952	Alley, square 3938	85	24.00
1954	New Central High School.	1,645	740.6
1955	Seventh and Allison Streets NW	702	351.0
1956	Sterling Street, between Nichols Avenue and Brothers Place		181.00
1900	South side of T Street NE., between Lincoln Road and Second Street	435	174.13
1959	Quincy Street, between Cedar Avenue and Thirteenth Street	· 138	55. 2
	Total		14, 216. 4

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STREET CLEANING.

Washington, D. C., October 4, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the street-cleaning division, engineer department, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916:

The operations of the street-cleaning division involve two distinct functions—the disposal of waste material originating on public property, commonly known as street cleaning, and the disposal of waste materials, originating on private property, commonly known as city wastes. The second function is just as important as the first. In order that the title may give a better and broader description of the work, Congress has been requested to appropriate for this division under the title, "Division of Street Cleaning and City Waste Disposal.'

At the present time the street-cleaning work is done by the municipality directly,

while the city wastes are removed by contract.

A diagram has been prepared showing the amount of material removed by the municipality as street sweepings and by the contractors as garbage, ashes, and miscellaneous refuse, as compared with the Washington Monument, in order to give some conception of the magnitude of this work, which is not generally realized. From this chart it will be noticed that were any one of these four materials piled up on a base equal to that of the monument, the height of the year's accumulation would in every case be far above its top, even though the original area were maintained throughout as opposed to the considerable taper of the monument. Were the four classes of waste to be piled one on top of the other on an equal base, the resulting accumulation would be over 4,300 feet in height, or, roughly, seven and one-half times the existing height of the monument.

To remove this amount of waste naturally requires a considerable force, especially when one considers the large area which must be worked over to obtain a wagonload of street dirt, or the number of houses which must be visited before a garbage wagon becomes filled. The maximum force employed on any one day during the past year totaled approximately 700 men and 250 vehicles, while the average daily force employed approximated 600 men and 200 vehicles.

The total funds available to carry on the work of the division totaled over half a million dollars, divided as follows:

Streets, District of Columbia, 1916, cleaning, etc	\$280,000
Streets, District of Columbia 1916 disposal of city refuse.	188, 768
Salaries, office, District of Columbia 1916	
Allotment for maintenance of motor vehicles, contingent and mis-	
miscellaneous expense District of Columbia 1916 4 750	
Another for contingent expenses, contingent and miscellaneous	
expenses, District of Columbia, 1916	
	46 , 6 30
Total amount of appropriations.	515, 398

If it were not for a revenue which the contractors obtain from the sale of materials, such as grease and fertilizer, reclaimed from the garbage; and paper, rags, bottles, metals, etc., from the refuse; this yearly appropriation would have to be about three-quarters of a million dollars, which represents the approximate present gross cost of the work.

At first glance it would seem as though this were an enormous expenditure for the cleaning of the streets and removal of the ordinary householders' wastes. The actual cost to the individual householder, however, for the entire service is comparatively small. The latest police census gives the total population as 357,749, which, divided into the total amount of appropriations given above, shows a cost per capita per annum of only 8 1.44. made up as follows:

of only \$1.11, made up as follows.		
Streets, District of Columbia, 1916, cleaning, etc		\$0.782
Streets, District of Columbia, 1916, disposal of city refuse		. 528
Salaries, office, District of Columbia, 1916.	\$0.115	
Allotment for maintenance of motor vehicles, contingent and miscella-		
neous expense, District of Columbia, 1916	. 013	
Allotment for contingent expenses, contingent and miscellaneous ex-		
penses, District of Columbia, 1916	. 002	
		. 130
	-	
Total amount per capita per annum		1.440

STREET CLEANING.

The best method of cleaning streets is by hand-patrol or white-wings, supplemented by washing with either squeegees or flushers. The duty of the hand-patrolman is to remove the coarser particles before they have a chance to become crushed by the traffic into dust and to keep the gutters clean. The washing machines are intended to remove all fine dust which, with the mucus from the horse droppings and oil from motor vehicles, makes the pavements slippery when wet.

The area cleaned by this method has gradually been increased. If at present it consisted of a single street 30 feet wide, it would be approximately 211 miles in length and would extend almost from Washington to New York. The expenditure for handpatrol work and washing represents over two-thirds of the total expenditure for street-

cleaning work.

The tables herewith show that a larger area was cleaned by each method except flushing during 1916 than in 1915. The increased area cleaned by the hand-patrol and washed by squeegees is large as compared with the increases for the other classes of cleaning.

The unit costs compare very favorably with those of prior years. The fact that the unit cost of hand-patrol has remained stationary is particularly gratifying. When the new system of establishing transfer points in the alleys and eliminating the practice of leaving the bags filled with sweepings along the streets was inaugurated, it was feared that the expense of these transfer grations would increase the unit costs.

The flushers are used to clean poorly or roughly paved streets, which are necessarily scattered, so that these machines are compelled to travel long distances from one street to the other without doing any work. Some of these streets have been repaved and taken from the flushing schedule, but this has only slightly reduced the distance to be traveled and naturally increases the unit cost. The difference in cost between flushing and squeegeeing does not necessarily indicate the advantage of the squeegee over the flusher, as the work is done under entirely different conditions.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF CITY WASTES.

New contracts for the collection and disposal of city wastes, excepting night soil, went into effect July 1, 1915. The specifications of these contracts were practically the same as those of the preceding contracts, several minor points having been altered to prevent possible ambiguities. The change of greatest importance required the contractor to notify the householder and report to this office whenever material was refused because of it being mixed, in unlawful receptacles, or frozen. Under the old contracts considerable difficulty was experienced because of the collectors' refusing to remove material without notifying the householder or this office. In many cases the householder could not imagine why material had been refused and generally hired a private collector or, worse still, let the material accumulate for several weeks. Under the present system any mixed material reported to this office is investigated by our inspectors and the householders notified officially that the material must be separated in accordance with the police regulations if they wish the municipality to make removal.

The following table gives a comparison of the old and new contract prices:

Contract for collection and disposal of—	Date.	Period.	Contractor.	Price per annum.	Previous price per annum.
Garbage	Dec. 23, 1914	July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1918.	Washington Fertilizer Co.	\$69,840	\$68,400
Miscellaneous refuse Ashes		do	M. R. Ready J. W. Bean Contracting Co.	28,400 69,000	17,000 73,150
Dead animals	Nov. 24, 1914	July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1918.	C. F. Mann	2,988	2,855
Ashes and refuse, build- ings under control of commissioners.	May 18, 1915	July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916.	J. W. Bean Contracting Co.	(1)	(2)

¹ 36 cents per cubic yard.

The contracts for the collection and disposal of ashes, and for the collection and disposal of ashes and rubbish from buildings under the control of the commissioners, expired on June 30, 1916. New contracts were entered into with Charles E. Myers for the collection and disposal of ashes at \$60,000 per annum for a period of two years, and for the collection and disposal of ashes and rubbish from buildings under the control of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia at 38 cents per cubic yard for a period of one year.

Bids on these two contracts were opened on April 20, 1916, the bidders being as follows:

Bidders.	Ashes.	Ashes from public buildings.
L. M. Johnston: 1 year		47 cents per cubic yard.
1 year		20
1 year	66,000 60,000 64,000	38 cents per cubic yard.
1 year	64,000	

The alternate bid provided that collections during the summer months be made only upon notice from the superintendent of street cleaning, not oftener than once per week from any particular residence. It was believed that this proviso would result in material reductions in the bids.

The table herewith gives a comparison of the number of complaints investigated by this division during the past two years:

		Gark	oage.			Ash	ies.			Ref	use.	
	1915	Per cent.	1916	Per cent.	1915	Per cent.	1916	Per cent.	1915	Per cent.	1916	Per cent.
Complaints:						-						
Fault of contractor	51	9	49	11	173	15	130	15	337	22	271	19
Fault of householder Doubtful	214 291	38 53	132 276	29 60	463 476	42 43	255 484	29 56	640 585	41 37	464 724	32 49
Total complaints Total requests	556 165	100	457 111	100	1,112 415	100	869 278	100	1,562 316	100	1,459 250	100
Grand total	721		568		1,527		1,147		1,878		1,709	

² 41 cents per cubic yard.

It will be noticed that the reduction in complaints investigated is almost entirely in those found to be the fault of the householder. It is believed that this reduction is due primarily to the contract provision in regard to mixed material described in a previous paragraph. This provision has added materially to the effectiveness of the inspection force, as it immediately locates for our inspectors householders who, through ignorance or otherwise, violate the police regulations in regard to the separation of material. Over 99 per cent of such cases are due to ignorance of the regulations

The appropriation for the fiscal year 1915 included an item of \$7,500 for the purposes of investigating and reporting on the collection and disposal of garbage and other city wastes originating in the District of Columbia, including the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction of disposal plants, the necessary accessories, and the employment of personal services and such other incidental expenses as might be necessary to carry out the purposes of the appropriation. A contract was entered into, on October 19, 1914, with Mr. Irwin S. Osborn, of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Osborn began work on this contract about December 1, 1914, filed a preliminary report with the commissioners on June 30, 1915, and the final report on October 1, 1915. In the attempt to carry out the recommendations embodied in Mr. Osborn's report the commissioners included in their estimates to Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, an item of \$885,900 to build disposal plants, purchase equipment, etc., to begin municipal collection and disposal of city wastes when the present contracts expire, June 30, 1918.

This item was eliminated from the District appropriation bill and a separate bill ntroduced. This bill was favorably reported by a subcommittee of the District

Committee, but was not reported to the House.

That any objection to the contemplated plan of municipal collection and disposal of city wastes can not be based on the economy of the present system is clearly indi-

cated by the following extract from Mr. Osborn's report:

"The net annual cost to the District in 1925, as estimated for the recommended project, amounts to \$137,658, including interest and depreciation. The amount required to collect and dispose of municipal waste by present contracts is \$191,620 per year. Assuming that the cost by contract under present conditions will not increase, there would be a saving of \$53,962 per year if the work was done by the District at the estimated cost for 1925. If this amount was set aside as a sinking fund each year with interest at 3½ per cent, it would only require approximately 13 years to amortize the total capital investment of \$885,900, so that after this period not only would the capital investment be paid off but the District would own the plants in practically as good condition as when new."

Your attention is invited to the detailed information submitted herewith.

Very respectfully,

J. W. Paxton, Superintendent of Street Cleaning.

Capt. J. J. LOVING,

Corps of Engineers, United States Army,

Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

Table showing comparative data in connection with street-cleaning work, 1912 to 1916.

SQUARE YARDS CLEANED.

	. 1912	1913	1914	1915	1916
Hand patrol	646, 377, 000	766, 918, 000	835, 588, 000	1,027,020,000	1,052,765,000
Machine sweeping	337, 990, 000 51, 664, 000	286,067,000 61,354,000	267, 557, 000 58, 671, 000	217, 235, 000 66, 206, 000	218, 852, 000 67, 842, 000
Suburban streets	27, 825, 000 88, 328, 000	43, 595, 000 144, 629, 000	31, 296, 000 144, 878, 000	43, 549, 000 167, 754, 000	50, 127, 000 187, 794, 000
Squeegeeing	8,747,000	20, 703, 000	22, 424, 000	26, 304, 000	23, 696, 000

DIRECT TOTAL COST.

	1	1		1	
Hand patrol Machine sweeping Alley cleaning Suburban streets	17,752.45 14,559.76	\$117, 980. 15 46, 088. 96 19, 908. 48 18, 552. 80	\$116, 921. 65 41, 756. 07 19, 795. 31 13, 591. 99	\$135, 553. 98 32, 378. 12 21, 914. 70 14, 269, 23	\$138, 571.03 31, 405.83 22, 155.20 15, 900.32
SqueegeeingFlushing	9, 407, 58 1	17, 026, 64 5, 148, 78	17, 478. 55 5, 210. 98	19, 337. 40 5, 099. 30	20, 037. 40 5, 033. 32

Table showing comparative data in connection with street-cleaning work, 1912 to 1916— Continued.

COST PER 1.000 SQUARE YARDS.

	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916
Hand patrol Machine sweeping Alley cleaning Squeegeeing Flushing	\$0.152	\$0.154	\$0.140	\$0.132	\$0.132
	.162	.161	.156	.149	.144
	.324	.325	.337	.331	.326
	.096	.117	.121	.115	.106
	.272	.248	.232	.194	.212

Note.—Changes and improvements in methods of measuring and distribution prevent exact comparison between the figures for different years. The above costs include only labor pay rolls; forage, shoeing, and other stable expenses; supplies, such as brooms, shovels, etc.; and repairs to equipment. NOTE.—Changes and the street of different years. The above cools between the figures for different years. The above cools of the stable expenses; supplies, such as brooms, shovels, etc.; and repairs to equipment of the stable expenses; supplies, such as brooms, shovels, etc.; and repairs to equipment.

Total cost of street cleaning, including all charges, except interest on investment and depressions of the street cleaning, including all charges, except interest on investment and depressions of the street cleaning, including all charges, except interest on investment and depressions of the street cleaning, including all charges, except interest on investment and depressions of the street cleaning, including all charges, except interest on investment and depressions.

Table showing comparative data in connection with disposal of all city wastes from 1912 to 1916.

NUMBER OF UNITS COLLECTED.

	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916
Garbage. tons. Ashes. cubic yards. Miscellaneous refuse. do. Night soil. barrels. Dead animals. number.	47, 445	50,778	48,927	50, 806	52, 207
	203, 568	200,430	255,358	148, 190	135, 305
	115, 378	138,382	140,683	146, 152	157, 180
	21, 266	19,895	15,514	12, 949	12, 741
	17, 492	21,287	19,148	20, 570	22, 724

TOTAL NET COST.

Garbage Ashes Miscellaneous refuse Night soil Dead animals	73 053.00 16,560.00 16,600.00	\$68, 388. 00 73, 129. 00 16, 593. 00 16, 600. 00 2, 855. 00	\$68, 384. 00 73, 007. 00 16, 583. 50 14, 962. 00 2, 853. 00	\$68, 374. 00 73, 041. 00 16. 609. 00 14, 996. 00 2, 855. 00	\$69, 788. 00 68, 935. 00 28, 187. 00 14, 990. 00 2, 988. 00
--	-------------------------------------	--	--	--	--

COST PER UNIT.

Garbage, per ton Ashes, per cubic yard Miscellaneous refuse, per cubic yard Night soil, per barrel Dead animals, each	\$1.44	\$1.34	\$1.39	\$1.34	\$1.34
	.36	.36	.29	.49	.51
	.14	.12	.12	.11	.18
	.78	.83	.96	1.16	1.17
	.163	.134	.149	.14	.13

FINES DEDUCTED.

Garbage Ashes Miscellaneous refuse Night soil Dead animals	440.00	\$12.00 21.00 407.00	\$16.00 143.00 416.50 38.00	\$26.00 109.00 391.00 4.00	\$52.00 65.00 213.00 10.00
Dead animals			2.00		

Note.—The reduction in cubic yards of ashes collected is due to the reports of previous years being in error. The amount collected during the past two years is probably below the average because of the mild winters, but checks on the amount reported collected by the contractor during the summer of 1914 indicate that too large an amount had previously been reported.

Miscellaneous data, street-cleaning work.

	Territory under attention.	under atten-	Observation	Interval of cleanings, etc.	Force employed, etc.
Class of work.	July 1, 1915. June 30, 1916.	June 30, 1916.	Character of territory under adoption.	6.0	
Machine brooming	Sq. yds. 1,552,179	Sq. yds. 1, 501, 735	All paved streets outside hand-patrol area.	All paved streets outside hand-patrol Daily, every other day, or every third area.	2 gangs, totaling 3 two-horse sprinklers, 94 two-horse brooms, 11 one-horse carts, and 12 broomers
Alley cleaning	1,090,252		1,120,095 All paved alleys in District	About once each week; alleys in business section, with heavy traffic, twice each	3 gangs, totaling 3 one-horse sprinklers, 2 one-horse brooms, 11 one-horse carts,
Suburban cleaning	1, 592, 620	1,639,681	Macadam, gravel, and unpayed streets in	Week. About once every 10 days	2
Hand patroling	3,666,400	3,731,092	All streets in the central portion of the	From 1 to 8 or 10 times each day, de-	6 gangs, totaling 14 two-horse wagons and 271 white wings.
Flushing	372,272	341,622	Cobblestone, granite, asphalt block, and poorly paved streets in hand-patrol	About every three days; dirt flushed to gutter removed by hand patrol.	-
Squeegeeing	2, 149, 703	2, 353, 058	area. Neary all of the smoothly paved streets About every two days in summer, three in hand-patrol area.	About every two days in summer, three in winter; dirt removed by hand patrol.	
Dust prevention; oiling	938, 492	1, 161, 937	1, 161, 937 Coating of practically all the better class of suburban streets with emulsion	About 10 times per season	Varied from 1 two-horse spreader wagon and 2 two-horse supply wagons to 2
Dust prevention; sprin- kling.	(3)	3	road oil. Practically all suburban streets not oiled; heavy-oil streets in bad condition, etc.	road oil. Practically all suburban streets not oiled; About twice each day, weather permitheavy-oil streets in bad condition, etc.	Spreader and a supply wagons. Varied from 2 to 6 two-horse sprinklers.

1 Indefinite; depends on season, weather, etc.

Miscellaneous data, street-cleaning work—Continued.

	Mate	rial rem	oved.	Aver	age for	ce per	work	ing da	y of 8	hours.	Wor	ays rked.
Class of work.	Loads.	Estimated cubic yards.	Estimated tons.	Carts.	Wagons.	Sprinklers.	Machine brooms.	Squeegee.	Flusher.	Men.	Calendar.	Actual 8 hour.
Machine brooming. Alley cleaning. Suburban cleaning. Hand patroling. Flushing. Squeegeeing. Dust prevention, oiling. Dust prevention, sprink- ling. Snow and ice.			10, 534 5, 313 9, 505 32, 604			3.0 2.8 .2 2.6 4.4 2.9	9.1 2.0	11.5	3.0	35. 5 33. 5 29. 4 284. 0 3. 0 14. 1 5. 0 2. 9 510. 0	276 276 264 292 251 269 101 254 8	273. 273. 262. 285. 245. 261. 99.

Miscellaneous data; collection and disposal of city wastes.

Class of waste.	Contractor.	Period of con- tract.	Date of expiration.	Price per annum.	Collected from—
Garbage	Washington Fer- tilizer Co.	3 years.	June 30, 1918	\$69, 840.00	All places producing garbage.
Ashes	James W. Bean Contracting Co.	1 year	June 30, 1916	69,000.00	Residences, small boarding and lodging houses, small apartments.
Refuse	Michael R. Ready.	3 years.	June 30,1918	28, 400. 00	Residences, small lodging and boarding houses, small apartments.
Dead animals Night soil Ashes and refuse from public buildings.	Charles F. Mann Warner-Stutler James W. Bean Contracting Co.		do June 30,1916	2,988.00 15,000.00 1.36	Every part of the District. All privies in the District. Public buildings under con- trol of commissioners.

¹ Per cubic yard.

Miscellaneous data; collection and disposal of city wastes—Continued.

ota san Je san Je	Hotels, markets,	City proper and more thickly settled suburbs	City proper and more hickly settled suburbs.	Outlying suburbs.	suburbs.	Manner of collection.	Manner of disposal.	Location of disposal
Class of waste.	houses.	Summer.	Winter.	Summer.	Winter.			
Jarbage	Daily and Sunday throughout year.	Daily	3 per week	3 per week	2 per week	Daily and Sunday Daily 3 per week 3 per week 2 per week Horse-drawn vehicles carry- throughout year.	Filled tanks are transported by rail to reduction plant owned by contractor	
Ashes	Not collected	1 per week	2 per week	1 per week	1 per week	Ashes Not collected 1 per week 2 per week 1 per week 1 per week Horse-drawn bottom-dump	Used as fill on low ground in outskirts of city.	None.
Refuse	Refusedodododo	ор	1 per week	do	do		Salable portion picked out. Residue put through incinerator owned by contractor and ashes there-	Twenty-sixth and Bennings Road NE., about 24 miles from city.
Dead animals	Collected within 8 hours in winter and 6 the superintendent of street cleaning.	hours in winter int of street cl	r and 6 hours i eaning.	n summer after	r notice from	Collected within 8 hours in winter and 6 hours in summer after notice from Automobile with closed body for small aminals; the superintendent of street cleaning.	from used as fill. Hauled in vehicle making collection to reduction plant owned by contrac-	Four-Mile Run, Va., about 4 miles from city.
Night soil	Collected within 48 hours after receipt of notice from the superintendent of street cleaning.	s hours after re	ceipt of notice	from the super	rintendent of	ons for large. Horse-drawn vehicle with special air-tight recepta- cles.	Transferred in these receptacles on barges to farm about 8 miles from city	None.
Ashes and refuse from publi buildings.	Collected within 48 hours after receipt of notice from the superintendent of street cleaning.	hours after re	ceipt of notice	from the super	rintendent of	Horse-drawn bottom-dump wagons, canvas covers.	Used as fall on low ground in outskirts of city.	Do.

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF ASPHALTS AND CEMENTS.

Washington, August 30, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the folloing report showing operations of this office

during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916:

In the total number of samples tested there was a slight decrease from the previous year—14,475 as against 14,785—due principally to completion of the Q Street Bridge in the early part of the year, thereby making further tests of cement for use therein unnecessary. In most all other classes of materials submitted there was an increase.

The Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co., mannfacturers of asphalt block used by the District, and whose plant was destroyed by fire in January, 1914, resumed opera-

tion October last.

Asphalt pavements.—During the year there were laid by the Cranford Paving Co., contractors for repairing and resurfacing asphalt pavements, approximately 67,862 square yards, in which there was used exclusively Bermudez and Aztec asphalts. The Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co., contractors for laying of new asphalt, paved about 74,326 square yards, in which Montezuma asphalt was exclusively used. Present conditions of streets laid during the year leads the office to believe that the asphalts

used will prove satisfactory.

Portland cement.—Tested 12,816 samples, representing 128,165 barrels. Results of test and by whom submitted are shown in Tables Nos. 12 and 13, accompanying.

During the year there have been designed by the office several new pieces of appa-

ratus—one for use in determining voids in sand and stone; special thermometers, etc. These the office have had manufactured, and they are proving satisfactory.

All work has been kept current and is current to date.

Very respectfully,

J. O. HARGROVE, Inspector of Asphalts and Cements,

(apt. J. J. Loving, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner. District of Columbia.

Total number of samples tested.	
Asphalts:	
Aztec	26
Bermudez	2
Mexican oil asphalt	3
Montezuma.	31
Standard	15
Texaco	1
Lake Trinidad (crude)	1
Asphalt mixtures:	_
Binder	15
Block	49
Block mixture	43
	127
Cement (binder)	60
Cement (block)	153
Cement (topping)	
Concrete mixtures.	34
Cement (District of Columbia asphalt plant).	238
Topping mixtures.	322
Topping (old surface material)	8
ement, l'ortland	12,816
Oils:	
Flux.	4
Fuel	5
Residuum	3
Road	12
Pitch, paving.	3
Sands.	189
Stone:	100
Binder	139
Limostone J.	48
Limestone dust.	18
Trap-rock screenings.	
Tar	6
Miscellaneous.	104
	14, 475

ASPHALTS.

Chemical and physical examination of asphalts used in laying and repairing of pavements in the District of Columbia shown in the following tables:

From Cranford Paving Co.:

36 samples Aztec, refined, representing 740 tons.

2 samples Bermudez, refined, representing 125 tons.
3 samples Mexican oil asphalt, refined, representing 90 tons.

	Aztec.	Bermudez.	Mexican oil asphalt.
Penetration: At 32° F At 77° F.		22	19 60
At 115° F. Bitumen soluble in CS2. per cent. Organic matter insoluble do.	99.78	191 93. 85 2. 14	Soft. 99. 80
Ash	. 15 1. 054	4. 01 1. 086	1.054
Ductility at 77° F. Penetration before heating. Penetration after heating, 300° F., 18 hours.	59	21 cm, 22 15	1 50+cm. 60 40
Asphalt cement hardens. per cent. Asphalt cement loses do	31. 28 . 14	31. 81 1. 83	33. 33 . 07

¹ Limit of ductility machine.

Municipal asphalt plant: 15 samples standard asphalt, representing 473 tons.

	Standard.		Standard.
Penetration at 77° F. Bitumen soluble in CS2. per cent. Organic matter insoluble. do. do. Assoline gravity at 60° F. Ductility at 77° F	99.77 .11 .12 1.045	Penetration before heating. Penetration after heating, 300° F., 7 hours Asphalt cement hardens. per cent. Asphalt cement losesdo. Flash (°F.) Burns (°F.)	21.81 .15 495

¹ Limit of ductility machine.

From Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co.:

1 sample Lake Trinidad, crude, representing 1,000 tons. 1 sample Texaco, refined, representing 300 tons.

	Lake Trinidad refined (solid).	Texaco.
Penetration:		
At 32° F		1.
At 77° F		.3
At 115° F. Bitumen soluble in CS ₂	54, 96	15 99, 6
Organic matter insolubledodo		99.0
Ashdodo		.1
Shooife gravity at 60° F	30.77	1. 05
pecific gravity at 60° F. Ductility at 77° F.		1 50+cm
Brittleness at 32° F		17 cr
Penetration before heating		2.0
Penetration after heating, 300° F., 18 hours.		3
Asphalt cement hardensper cent		7.
Asphalt cement losesdo		0.
Flash (°F.)		5
Burns (°F.)		6
Flow point (°F.)		13

¹ Limit of ductility machine.

From Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.: 31 samples Montezuma, refined, representing $928\ \mathrm{tons.}$

	Monte- zuma.		Monte- zuma.
Penetration: At 32° F	53	Specific gravity at 60° F. Ductility at 77° F. Penetration before heating. Penetration after heating, 300° F., 18 hours. Asphalt cement hardens. per cent. Asphalt cement loses do.	1 50+cm. 53

¹ Limit of ductility machine.

ASPHALT CEMENTS.

Table showing penetration results of asphalt cements used in asphalt binder, block, concrete, and topping used by the contractors and municipal asphalt plant.

	Cranford Paving Co.					
	Bermudez,		Aztec.		Mexican oil aspha	
	Binder.	Topping.	Binder.	Topping.	Binder.	Topping.
Number of samples	23	21	50	53	1	2
Office. Yard. Lowest test:	57 57	57 57	60 60	60 60	56 61	57 61
Office. Yard. Average of all samples tested:	48 50	49 50	49 50	50 50	56 61	56 60
Office. Yard.	52 53	52 53	54 56	55 56	56 61	56 60
		,	Municipa	al asphalt	Washingt Block &	on Asphalt Tile Co.
			Standard.	Sun Co.	Lake Trinidad and Texaco, block.	Lake Trinidad, block.
Number of samples			213	25	13	47
Office			. 60	66	21	
Yard					21	
Vard. Lowest test: Office.			42	39		24 25 16 19
Yard Lowest test:			42	39	24 18	25 16
Yard. Lowest test: Office. Yard. Average of all samples tested: Office.			42		18 18 19 22	25 16 19
Yard. Lowest test: Office. Yard. Average of all samples tested: Office.			42		18 18 19 22	25 16 19 19 21
Aard. Lard. Lard. Lowest test: Office. Yard. Average of all samples tested: Office. Yard. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.			53		24 18 18 19 22 Monte Binder.	25 16 19 19 21 ezuma.
Varner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.: Number of samples. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.: Number of samples. Highest test— Office			53	48	24 18 18 19 22 Monte Binder. 53 60	25 16 19 19 21 22uma. Topping.
Average of all samples tested: Office. Yard. Average of all samples tested: Office. Yard. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.: Number of samples. Highest test—			53	48	24 18 18 19 22 Monte Binder.	25 16 19 19 21 22uma.

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BINDER STONE.

During the year there were examined 139 samples of binder stone used in the laying and making repairs to asphalt pavements, representing 9,645 cubic yards, of which 118 cubic yards were rejected on account of inferior quality, softness of stone, and excess of dirt.

	Samples received.		Rejections.	
	Number.	Cubic yards.	Number.	Cubic yards.
Cranford Paving Co	43 96	4,956 4,571	1	118

ASPHALT BINDER MIXTURE.

Analysis of six samples taken from the Cranford Paving Co. and 9 samples taken from the Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co. showed an average of bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide as follows:

	Number of samples.	Bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide.
Cranford Paving Co Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co	6 9	Per cent. 3.9 3.3

ASPHALT TOPPING MIXTURES.

During the year there were 322 samples collected from the Cranford Paving Co.; municipal asphalt plant, and Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co., for examination, and analysis. The following tables show the maximum, minimum, and average per cent bitumen contained and the average mesh composition of mineral aggregate used:

	Number of samples.	Per cent bitumen.			
		Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
Cranford Paving Co.: Aztee Bermudez Mexican oil asphalt	53 20 2	12. 5 12. 1 11. 1	10. 0 10. 0 10. 8	11. 2 11. 3 10. 9	

Mesh composition of aggregate used in mixture.

Retained on sieves having—	Per	r cent.
20 mesh per linear inch		3.6
40 mesh per linear inch		22.5
60 mesh per linear inch		30.6
80 mesh per linear inch		16.5
100 mesh per linear inch		7.6
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch		19.2

	Number	Per cent bitumen.			
	of samples.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
Municipal asphalt plant: Standard asphalt Sun Co	181 21	11. 9 10. 6	7. 6 8. 3	9. 9 9. 5	

Lake Trinidad and Texaco.

Lake Trinidad.

Mesh composition of aggregate used in mixture.

Retained on sieve having—		rcent.
ich mesh 8 mesh per linear inch.	• • •	3.6
10 mesh per linear inch.		2.1
20 mesh per linear inch	٠	6.4
60 mesh per linear inch.		26.4
80 mesh per linear inch		8.4
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch.		13.4

	Number, of samples.	Per cent bitumen.		
		Highest.	Lowest.	Average.
Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co., Montezuma asphalt	77	11. 2	10.5	10.7

Mesh composition of aggregate used in mixture.

Retained on sieve having—		rcent
20 mesh per linear inch		3.5
40 mesh per linear inch.		24.5
60 mesh per linear inch.		24.2
80 mesh per linear inch		15.3
100 mesh per linear inch	.	8.6
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch.		23.9

ASPHALT BLOCK.

About 298.270 paving block manufactured by the Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co., of which 131,770 were 2-inch block and 166,500 were 4-inch block, used in the paving of avenues, streets, and alleys in this city during the year; in the manufacture of which there was used Trinidad Lake asphalt fluxed with petroleum residuum and Trinidad Lake asphalt 65 parts, Texaco 35 parts, fluxed with petroleum residuum and using a mineral aggregate composed of Potomac granite, trap rock, limestone screenings, and limestone dust.

ASPHALT CEMENT.

Bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide	63. 50 19. . 0 . 4 17	71. 87 19 5. 24 . 75
Block.		
Specific gravity:		
Manufactured 2-inch block		2.451
Manufactured 4-inch block.		2 423
Bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide:		Per cent.
2-inch block.		7.0
4-inch block.		8.0
Mesh composition of minoral aggregate:		0.0
Mesh composition of mineral aggregate: Retained on 1-inch mesh sieve. Retained on 20 mesh per linear juch		0.1
Retained on 20 mesh per linear inch.		53 0
Retained on 100 mesh per linear inch.		
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch		26.1
decome for mean per finear inch		20.1

LIMESTONE DUST USED IN SURFACE MIXTURE.

This material is used as a filler to reduce the void in the sand used in asphalt surface mixtures and crushed stone in block mixtures. During the year there were examined 48 samples, all of which passed the required degree of fineness—i. e., all to pass the 30 and not less than 85 per cent to pass the 100-mesh sieve.

	Samples.	Tons.
Cranford Paving Co. Municipal asphalt plant. Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.	6 12	300 175 300 450

SAND USED IN SURFACE MIXTURE.

Of this material 189 samples representing 23,360 cubic yards were inspected of which 11,370 cubic yards were rejected on account of coarseness and excessive percentage of mud.

	Number of samples.	Cubic yards accepted.	Cubic yards rejected.
Cranford Paving Co Municipal asphalt plant. Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co	134 17 38	6,500 2,160 3,625	10, 250 1, 125

PETROLEUM RESIDUUM.

Residuum used during the year by the contractor in the preparation of asphalt cement was the product of the Standard Oil Co. Three samples were submitted by the contractor for test and examination, which showed the following:

	Samples.	Pounds.
Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co.	3	120,000
Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co.:		
Specific gravity—		
Highest.		0, 9729
Lowest		. 9353
Average		. 9532
Gravity (Bé)—		
Highest		17.7
Lowest		13. 9
Average		16. 9
Flash (°F.)—		10.0
Highest		475
Lowest		385
Average		495
Burns (°F.)—		120
Highest		515
Lowest		475
Average		495
Loss at 400° F., for 18 hours—		490
Highest		8,00
Lowest		2.48
Average.		4.40

ASPHALT FLUX.

All flux used during the year by the contractors in the preparation of asphalt cement was the product of the Barber Asphalt Paving Co. and the Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co. A total of four samples were submitted by the contractors for test and examination, which showed the following:

	Samples.	Pounds.
Cranford Paving Co Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co	2 2	120,000 120,000

	Cranford Paving Co., Trinidad Asphalt Flux.	Warner- Quinlan Co., Montezuma Asphalt Flux.
Specific gravity:		
Highest	1.004	1.007
Lowest	1.003	.9878
Average	1.003	.9974
Gravity (Bé):		
Highest	0.6	1.0
Lowest	0.5	11.7
Average	0.5	6.3
Flash (°F.):	100	075
Highest	400	375
Lowest	395	370
Average	395	370
Burns (°F.):	455	435
Highest		
Lowest	440	405
Average.	445	420
Loss at 400° F., for 18 hours:	0.000	0.70
Highest	2.*76	3.70
Lowest	2.0	2. 70
Average	2.38	3.2

ASPHALT SURFACE MIXTURE (ASPHALT CONCRETE), MUNICIPAL ASPHALT PLANT.

During the year there were examined 34 samples of asphalt concrete, representing about 6,288 cubic yards. This material was a mixture composed of trap-rock screenings, 45 per cent; building sand, 44 per cent; limestone dust, 4 per cent; asphalt cement, 7 per cent; (penetration at 77° F., 100 grams, 5 seconds, 57). The average mesh composition of this mineral aggregate is shown in the table below. The stone, and, and limestone dust were heated to a temperature about 350° F. in the heating drum of a Warren portable asphalt mixer. The hot asphalt was added and the whole thoroughly mixed for about 5 minutes. It was then discharged into carts and hauled to the site of work, which consisted principally of repairs to asphalt pavements. Examination of the material produced showed an average of bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide of 7.3 per cent.

MINERAL AGGREGATE MESH COMPOSITION.	
	r cent.
½-inch mesh	0.8
1-Inch mesh	6.6
8 mesh per linear inch	16.8
10 mesh per linear inch.	4.4
20 mesh per linear inch.	10.5
40 mesh per linear inch	22. 2
60 mesh per linear inch	19.6
80 mesh per linear inch	6.3
100 mesh per linear inch	3. 5
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch.	9.3

ASPHALT SURFACE MIXTURE TOPPING, MUNICIPAL ASPHALT PLANT.

There were examined 178 samples of topping mixture, representing about 28,320 cubic yards. This material was a mixture composed of old asphalt surface mixture (topping and binder), which, after being removed from the street, was hauled to the municipal asphalt plant and crushed in a Noyes rotary crusher to a fineness ranging from 1 inch to dust; to this material were then added trap-rock screenings, fine sand, limestone dust, and asphalt cement about the following proportions: Old asphalt surface material, 66 per cent; fine sand, 23 per cent; traprock screenings, 6 per cent; limestone dust, 2 per cent; asphalt cement, 3 per cent (penetration at 77° F., 5 seconds, 100 grams 56), the whole being mixed as above described under asphalt concrete and used for the same purpose.

Following are results of tests showing percentage of asphalt and mesh composition of mineral aggregate of old asphalt surface material and topping mixture after

tion of mineral aggregate of old asphalt surface material and topping mixt	ure after
production.	
Gld asphalt surface mixture (after crushing).	Per cent.
Bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide	5. 9
Mineral aggregate mesh composition.	
Retained on—	Per cent.
3-inch mesh	. 2.7
inch mesh	. 11.8
i-inch mesh.	
8 mesh per linear inch	. 10.6
10 mesh per linear inch.	. 1.7
20 mesh per linear inch.	. 3.9
40 mesh per linear inch	. 14.0
60 mesh per linear inch.	. 15.9
80 mesh per linear inch	. 5.7
100 mesh per linear inch.	3. 2
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch.	. 11.9
* Topping mixture after production.	Per cent
Bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide	
Britimen soluble in carbon bisurpinde	. 9.0
$Mesh\ composition\ mineral\ aggregate.$	
Retained on—	Per cent.
1-inch mesh	3.6
8 mesh per linear inch	9.4
10 mesh per linear inch	2. 1
20 mesh per linear inch.	6.4
40 mesh per linear inch	25. 9
60 mesh per linear inch	26, 4
80 mesh per linear inch	8.4
100 mesh per linear inch	. 4.4
Passing 100 mesh per linear inch.	. 13.8

HYDRAULIC CEMENTS.

Number of barrels inspected and the average results of tests on same-Portland cement.

	Dragon.	Old Do- minion,	Saylor's.	Security.	Tide- water.	Vulcan- ite.
Number of barrels	230	2,100	135	14,120	102,610	8,970
Number of samples	23	210	13	1,412	10, 261	897
Fineness passing 100-mesh sieve.per cent	95, 7	97.6	97. 8	96.3	95, 5	95.
Fineness passing 200-mesh sievedo	79.6	82.3	80. 9	81.3	80, 0	79.
Initial set (hours and minutes)	3.30	4.50	4, 20	4.15	5, 50	5.30
Hard set (hours and minutes)	5.10	6, 20	6. 10	6. 15	7. 50	7.40
Neat cement. 3 parts Ottawa sand	24. 0 10. 5	23. 4	23.0	22. 5 10. 2	21.8 10.2	22. 3 10. 3
Temperature of air and water Tensile strength in pounds per square inch: Neat—	85	79	87	78	78	8
1 day 7-day	493 740	462	330	365	358	343
90 dorr	740			635	689	704
28-day Sand—				736	841	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1:3, 7-day 1:3, 28-day	272			285 361	285	29
Specific gravity	3, 153	3. 149	3. 153	3. 150	375 3.183	3.18

In the testing of cement, samples are taken from 10 barrels of each 100-barrel lot and tested individually. The 12,816 samples tested represent 128,165 barrels of which 300 were rejected.

Number of barrels of cement tested and by whom submitted.

Cranford Paving Co.:	
Dragon 230 Vulcanite 8, 970	
Vulcanite	
	9, 200
District of Columbia, Tidewater	93,000
E. G. Gummel, Tidewater	5,810
Municipal fish wharf, Tidewater	1, 400
Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge:	1, 100
Old Dominion	
Security	
	3,000
Q Street Bridge, Saylor's	135
Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co. Tidewater	2,400
Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.:	
Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.: Security. 11,520 Old Dominion 1,700	
Old Dominion 1,700	
1,700	13,220
Total.	128, 165

REPORT OF THE SURVEYOR.

Washington, October 5, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report concerning the work of this office, including the extension of streets and avenues (see separate report of the assistant surveyor) for the year ended June 30, 1916:

SURVEYS MADE FOR WHICH FEES ARE CHARGED.

The code provides that work of this character shall be charged for in accordance with a schedule of fees prescribed by the commissioners, and that the surveyor shall, as speedily as possible, execute any order for work made by the court or private individuals of any land within the District of Columbia and shall make due return and certificate thereof.

and certificate thereof.

The total amount collected for this class of work was \$15,005.15, against \$12.817.95
for the previous year. The orders for this class of work by various individuals and
corporations numbered 3,756, against 3,017 for the previous year. The number of
individual lots surveyed was 2,160, against 1,561 the previous year. Buildings
under construction inspected as to the location of foundations and walls numbered
1,741, against 1,535 for the previous year. Eleven large tracts of agricultural land
have been surveyed and subdivided. These figures show a very substantial increase
in revenue as well as in the amount of work actually performed.

This class of work consists of surveying building lots for purposes of construction:

This class of work consists of surveying building lots for purposes of construction; locating all new buildings to determine their correct location as required by the building regulations; determining party and property lines; certifying as to the position of buildings for title companies and private owners; surveying city and agricultural land to determine areas and furnishing descriptions, etc.; subdividing property into lots, squares, etc.; making plats as required by the regulations to accompany applications for permits to build; drawing of radius plats to accompany applications for permits for theaters, garages, etc.

SURVEYS FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

In addition to private work, this office also makes surveys for the Federal Government and the District of Columbia. This work constantly increases each year, and under the head of District work consists of giving lines for alleys and streets for the surface division in connection with improvements of the same; surveys for schools and engine houses; locating encroachments upon public space; surveys in connection with complaints of various kinds; surveys made in the preparation of condemna-

tion cases for streets, alleys, and parks; surveys for the assessor's office to determine the position of houses with respect to lots; and any other surveys that may be required

for official use upon the request of public officials.

Much work has also been performed for the Federal Government. Under this head may be mentioned the survey of the Anacostia River flats. An entire field party has been engaged in determining property lines, the high-water line, and the 10-foot contour line along the Anacostia River and furnishing descriptions for the United States Engineer's office in connection with the reclamation of these flats by the Federal Government.

Effort was made to have the highway plan amended in connection with this work so that the same would harmonize with a proposed amended taking line, and Congress was petitioned to amend the law so that the taking line would follow the proposed highway plan instead of following approximately the 10-foot contour line, as now provided by law, both of which have been unsuccessful, but effort will be renewed to accomplish these results. In this connection a very elaborate and comprehensive survey was made.

prehensive survey was made.

The following table is submitted as a matter of comparison and convenience. It will show the relation of the work for the past year with that of the previous year.

	Fiscal year, 1914-15.	Fiscal year, 1915–16.
FOR PRIVATE PARTIES.		
individual lots or parts of lots surveyed in city and county	1,561	2,160
ertificates of survey issued covering one or more lots. Duplicates of above recorded in survey certificate books.	959	1,014
Duplicates of above recorded in survey certificate books	959	1,014
Separate surveys made to verify walls	803	941
Postal-card reports concerning walls to owners . Individual buildings inspected as to location of new walls .	803	941
individual buildings inspected as to location of new walls	1,535	1,741
Large tracts in county surveyed, subdivided, and recorded.	9	11
Outline surveys in county of unsubdivided tracts	20	21
Subdivision plats prepared in duplicate	299	360
Duplicate subdivisions prepared for assessor	299 293	360
Datal of individual new lets in subdivisions	293	356
Subdivisions recorded. Total of individual new lots in subdivisions Plats of one or more recorded lots to accompany applications for building permits	1,904	2,039
(commonly called "building plats"), in duplicate.	1,029	1,191
(commonly called "building plats"), in duplicate. Plats made under regulations for theaters, stables, motors, etc.	193	297
Estimates of cost issued in triplicate	3 017	3,756
Plats made up on orders of private parties	2 500	2,894
Plats made up on orders of private parties. Total of fees paid to collector of taxes by private parties.	\$12,817,95	\$15,005.15
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Communication of the District of Columbia		
Surveys for the District of Columbia. Plats recorded (condemnations, dedications, etc.)	121	129
Plats recorded (condemnations, dedications, etc.)	67	61
Reports concerning walls to building inspector. Assessment and taxation plats recorded.	793	916
Assessment and taxation plats recorded	254	218
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Total of surveys for the District of Columbia and private parties	1,912	2,116
Total of plats, public and private, including plats drawn in books.	4,643	5, 182

STREET EXTENSION (STREET AND ALLEY CONDEMNATIONS),

Attached to this report is report of the assistant surveyor relating to matters of street, alley, and park condemnations.

As stated, 24 cases have been prepared and filed, against 18 cases for the previous year. Twenty-eight street and park condemnation cases were before the courts and 15 alley cases. A table herewith appended will show the status of each case.

This class of work must be done with great care and accuracy, as frequently very large amounts are involved. The work consists of (1) survey of the property to be acquired; (2) preparation of plats and descriptions of land to be taken; (3) furnishing the ownership and descriptions of the property benefited; (4) a man constantly in attendance before the jury and court; (5) examination of the verdict and the recommendation to the commissioners.

The office has several condemnation matters uncompleted, and will forward them as soon as completed for the consideration of the commissioners. Perhaps the most important cases now being considered are: (1) Widening of Benning Road; (2) widening of Georgia Avenue; (3) widening Wisconsin Avenue; (4) widening Cathedral Avenue and Woodley Road; (5) Thirteenth Street between Spring Road and Colorado

Avenue; and (6) extension of Calvert Street and Cleveland Avenue.

SURVEYS OF OLD SUBDIVISIONS.

An appropriation of \$2,500 was provided in the last appropriation act for surveys to mark more definitely on the ground old subdivisions, principally those prior to the law of 1888 regulating subdivisions. This appropriation, much to the detriment of this work, has been discontinued. It was hoped that this work might be carried on until all of the old subdivisions were defined upon the ground by permanent monu-

In connection with this work the following surveys have been made: Survey of all property between A and Military Roads; parcel 202/1, etc.; western addition to Georgetown; property on the Naylor Road between Good Hope and the District line; Porter Street, Connecticut Avenue, and Varnum Street; marking out many property lines along the Anacostia River; squares 5773, 1212, 2515, 5782, and 2079.

Monuments have been planted and survey plats drawn for these various surveys.

Seventy-five thousand dollars has been appropriated in three acts for the acquisition of small parks, surrounded by streets, outside the limits of the original city. These selections were to be made in accordance with map on file in this office. All of the available parcels have been condemned, or are in process of condemnation, and considerable money will be unexpended because of the lack of suitable parcels.

I do not believe the commissioners should be restricted in their selections of these parcels, as required by law, but should be left free to select those that are most desirable. Conditions change so rapidly that frequently buildings are erected upon these parcels, rendering their acquisition prohibitory. These small parks add much to the attractiveness of the city, and this appropriation should be continued. I have already submitted a table of those thought desirable to be acquired, but many of them could not be acquired if the present law is not amended. It is strongly recommended that the commissioners take the necessary steps to have this done.

Piney Branch Parkway.—This parkway extends at present from Rock Creek Park to Sixteenth Street, with a width of approximately 400 feet, but ends abruptly at the west side of Sixteenth Street. This should be continued up this valley to the Municipal Hospital, and if accomplished would make a connection from Municipal Hospital by way of Piney Branch to Sixteenth Street and the Zoological Park, and, as now

provided by new legislation, along Rock Creek to Potomac Park.

This land has much natural beauty, which renders it especially attractive for a park. It is now, however, becoming a dump, and it is only a question of time when many of the stately oaks will be destroyed and a menace to health created; besides, there is apt to be a fill along the east line of Sixteenth Street, destroying the effect of the Sixteenth Street Bridge, as well as closing the outlet to Piney Branch Parkway west of Sixteenth Street. This valley can not be filled by the ordinary dumping, due to the growth of this section, for many years, and during all this time it would seriously retard development in this section, besides being a blot to the landscape.

BARRY FARM.

It is recommended that the commissioners secure legislation providing for the widening by condemnation of all the existing rights of way in Barry Farm. These rights of way are privately owned and have so existed since 1867. This community has long since been neglected, and something should be done to relieve this very unsatisfactory and unhealthy condition.

OLD ABANDONED COUNTY ROADS.

It is also recommended that the commissioners secure legislation authorizing the abandonment of old county roads when they become useless and unnecessary by reason of the dedication or condemnation of streets in accordance with the highway plan. These old roads frequently become a hindrance to development and a nuisance to the public, and the commissioners should be relieved of any responsibility for their maintenance.

SURVEYS TO MARK PERMANENT SYSTEM OF HIGHWAYS PLAN.

Two thousand dollars was asked for in the estimates to provide for a survey to mark permanently upon the ground the permanent system of highways, which plan was made in accordance with law approved March 2, 1893, and amended June 28, 1898. tion cases for streets, alleys, and parks; surveys for the assessor's office to determine the position of houses with respect to lots; and any other surveys that may be required

for official use upon the request of public officials.

Much work has also been performed for the Federal Government. Under this head may be mentioned the survey of the Anacostia River flats. An entire field party has been engaged in determining property lines, the high-water line, and the 10-foot contour line along the Anacostia River and furnishing descriptions for the United States Engineer's office in connection with the reclamation of these flats by the Federal Government.

Effort was made to have the highway plan amended in connection with this work so that the same would harmonize with a proposed amended taking line, and Congress was petitioned to amend the law so that the taking line would follow the proposed highway plan instead of following approximately the 10-foot contour line, as now provided by law, both of which have been unsuccessful, but effort will be renewed to accomplish these results. In this connection a very elaborate and comprehensive survey was made.

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Plats made up on orders of private parties. Total of fees paid to collector of taxes by private parties.	2,509 \$12,817.95	\$15,005.1
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.		
Surveys for the District of Columbia. Plats recorded (condemnations, dedications, etc.). Reports concerning walls to building inspector. Assessment and taxation plats recorded	703	129 61 916 218
MISCELLANEOUS,		
Total of surveys for the District of Columbia and private parties	1,912 4,643	2,116 5,185

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I do not believe the commissioners should be restricted in their selections of these parcels, as required by law, but should be left free to select those that are most desirable. Conditions change so rapidly that frequently buildings are erected upon these parcels, rendering their acquisition prohibitory. These small parks add much to the attractiveness of the city, and this appropriation should be continued. I have already submitted a table of those thought desirable to be acquired, but many of them could not be acquired if the present law is not amended. It is strongly recommended that the commissioners take the necessary steps to have this done.

Piney Branch Parkway.—This parkway extends at present from Rock Creek Park to Sixteenth Street, with a width of approximately 400 feet, but ends abruptly at the west side of Sixteenth Street. This should be continued up this valley to the Municipal Hospital, and if accomplished would make a connection from Municipal Hospital by way of Piney Branch to Sixteenth Street and the Zoological Park, and, as now provided by new legislation, along Rock Creek to Potomac Park.

This land has much natural beauty, which renders it especially attractive for a park. It is now, however, becoming a dump, and it is only a question of time when many of the stately oaks will be destroyed and a menace to health created; besides, there is apt to be a fill along the east line of Sixteenth Street, destroying the effect of the Sixteenth Street Bridge, as well as closing the outlet to Piney Branch Parkway west of Sixteenth Street. This valley can not be filled by the ordinary dumping, due to the growth of this section, for many years, and during all this time it would seriously retard development in this section, besides being a blot to the landscape.

BARRY FARM.

It is recommended that the commissioners secure legislation providing for the widening by condemnation of all the existing rights of way in Barry Farm. These rights of way are privately owned and have so existed since 1867. This community has long since been neglected, and something should be done to relieve this very unsatisfactory and unhealthy condition.

OLD ABANDONED COUNTY ROADS.

It is also recommended that the commissioners secure legislation authorizing the abandonment of old county roads when they become useless and unnecessary by reason of the dedication or condemnation of streets in accordance with the highway plan. These old roads frequently become a hindrance to development and a nuisance to the public, and the commissioners should be relieved of any responsibility for their maintenance.

SURVEYS TO MARK PERMANENT SYSTEM OF HIGHWAYS PLAN.

Two thousand dollars was asked for in the estimates to provide for a survey to mark permanently upon the ground the permanent system of highways, which plan was made in accordance with law approved March 2, 1893, and amended June 28, 1898.

This would facilitate the subdividing of land into lots, blocks, etc., as well as assisting greatly in the preparation of all condemnation cases for streets and the conveyance of land by deed, as it is often found necessary to determine the street lines to be used for references in deeds. Frequently landowners also desire to have street lines determined so as to make improvements, such as fences, buildings, etc., in accordance with street lines. At present this plan is principally a paper plan, and is not marked definitely upon the ground, and it will be seen that this survey would be of inestimable value.

ASSESSMENTS FOR BENEFITS IN CONNECTION WITH STREETS, ALLEYS, ETC.

In connection with the condemnation of streets and alleys the law provides that the entire cost shall be assessed upon the property benefited. This many times works a very great hardship upon property owners, as in many instances they do not receive the full benefits until the street is improved. There is no denying the fact that the paper opening of streets a benefit. This is shown by the fact that land is subdivided and about 33 per cent of it given away for streets and alleys, the remaining part being increased in value enough and more to offset the dedication. It would seem, however, that a more equitable plan would be to suspend the collection of benefits in condemnation cases until the streets were graded, regulated, or otherwise improved for travel, similar to the law regarding water-main assessments. Water mains are constructed, but the assessments are not collectible until the property

through which they pass is subdivided.

Klingle Road Valley.—Klingle Road Valley should also be acquired from the Zoological Park just east of Connecticut Avenue, following the valley westerly until it connects with the park system running northerly just east of the Naval Observatory. Much agitation was had concerning this project during the last session of Congress. Strong influence is back of this project, and I believe if the commissioners would recommend it there would be strong likelihood of securing this much desired park. Certainly the real-estate interests have postponed the development of property along this valley, hoping that some definite plan would be adopted for its acquisition and its development. All interests, I believe, are favorable to this scheme, and it would therefore seem only fair that some definite action should be taken. There are few

places in the District with a more beautiful growth of forest trees and more pleasing

to the most esthetic than this beautiful valley.

Fort Davis and Fort Dupont, and Alabama Avenue connecting the same.—The condemnation proceedings covering this matter have just been completed and the awards paid. This transfers title to these two historic forts to the Government. There are many others, forming a chain of forts around the city of Washington which were constructed during the Civil War as a defense against any invasion of the Capital. One of these (Fort Stevens) became of special interest on account of an engagement, but they are all of historic interest and should be preserved, with a connecting boulevard between each. They form a ring around the city, and situated as they are on high ground, would offer a magnificent view of the city, the rivers, and Alexandria in the distance. They are fast being destroyed by improvements which are pressing toward the suburbs, but before they are destroyed action should be taken to acquire them by condemnation, and I would recommend that a small appropriation be made to have a survey and estimates made of the cost of acquiring these sites.

I am, however, strongly opposed to the idea of deferring the condemnation of streets until there is an appropriation for their physical improvement. This would seriously embarrass the commissioners in carrying out the highway plan in an orderly manner. Frequently it is in the interest of economy and the public to open a street in advance of the necessity of its physical improvement. The jury should not be required, as is now provided, to find the entire cost as benefits. Many streets are of a general character, through arteries of travel, and to require the owners of property in the immediate vicinity to pay the entire cost would be an unreasonable burden, amounting almost to confiscation. There are already many streets which can not be opened under the present law, but will of necessity have to await an appropriation from Congress.

Very respectfully,

MELVIN C. HAZEN, Surveyor, District of Columbia.

Capt. J. J. Loving, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner District of Columbia.

STREET EXTENSION DIVISION.

Washington, October 3, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith report on the operation of the street exten-

sion division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

sion division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

During the year 24 street, alley, and park condemnation cases were prepared and filed. The most important of these cases and those requiring extensive surveys are Thirteenth Street between Spring Road and Colorado Avenue, Perry Place and Spring Place, 11 small park sites filed as one case, Wisconsin Avenue between Garfield Street and the District line, Naylor Road between Good Hope and the District line, and Calvert Street and Cleveland Avenue. None of these cases, with the exception of Perry Place and Spring Place, has been finally disposed of, but it is expected that they will be completed this fall.

The condemnation of the Anacostia River flats has been delayed pending a change in the highway plan and authority from Congress to condemn in accordance with the

changed plan.

Submitted herewith is a table showing action on all condemnation cases filed during the year, and action on cases previously filed where such cases were not finally disposed of prior to July 1, 1915.

Very respectfully,

J. B. SHINN, Assistant Surveyor, District of Columbia.

The Surveyor.

Condemnation cases. STREET EXTENSIONS AND PARKS.

		+04					Verdiet.	Domonte
Location.	docket No.	No.	Actapproved	Case filed.	Verdict filed.	Damages.	Benefits.	Wellian Ks.
Road and park along Anacostia River.	1049	170	May 10, 1910	Nov. 27, 1912				Proceedings held in abeyance pending decision in equity suit to settle title to filled land along river.
Establishment of building-restriction line south side	1050	:		do				Indefinitely continued.
Fark Road, Horn Side Neugul Street, Dour Dewood Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets. Highway and park along Anacostia River, parcels 210,	8201	435	Mar. 4, 1913	Nov. 8, 1914	June 19, 1914	*		Verdict confirmed in part July 31, 1914.
211, 217, 218, 224. Parks, squares 2560, 2594, west of 2675, 2841, 3099, 3353, 3532, 5592.	1098	435	do	do Apr. 1,1914 Apr. 25,1916	Apr. 25,191	16 \$20,350.00	\$10,750.07	Case dismissed as to squares 2594, 2841, and 3353. Verdict confirmed May 22, 1916, as to other
Wadison Street from Fourteenth Street to Colorado Ave-	1099			ф	Oct. 5, 1914	14 5, 239. 88	5, 714. 88	squares. Verdict confirmed May 28, 1915.
nue. Widening Benning Road west of Anacostia River	1107			Apr. 21, 1914				Awaiting recording of change in highway plan; new case to be
Widening Georgia Avenue	0111			June 30, 1914				nled. Hearing concluded and case given to inry Mar 7 1916.
Square 5563 for highway and park purposes	1121			Sept. 22, 1914 Oct. 9, 1914	Feb. 4,1915			Confirmed in part Mar. 13, 1915. Hearing concluded and case given
Widening Meies Place. Sixteenth Street to Bladensburg	1124			Oct. 12, 1914	May 3, 1915	1, 116.00	1,402.79	to jury June 26, 1916. Verdict confirmed Dec. 10, 1915.
Road. Widening Columbia Road abutting square 2669.	1134			Feb. 13, 1915 Feb. 27, 1915	Nov. 26, 1915	2, 458. 40	2,725.20	Verdict confirmed Jan. 8, 1916. Dismissed by District Court Jan.
Watering Defining Road case of American	1139			Apr. 20, 1915	Nov. 16, 1915	15 4,311.91	4,677.50	13, 1916; new case nied. Verdict confirmed Dec. 15, 1915. Proceeding temporarily suspended
Building line, Euclid Street, square 2594. Widening Minnesota Avenue. Benning Road to Gault	1240			do	June 25, 1915 Apr. 25, 1916	15 3,864.60 16 1,344.00	4, 135. 40 1, 895. 82	March, 1916. Verdict confirmed Aug. 4, 1915. Verdict confirmed May 27, 1916.
Place. Central Avenue between Rhode Island Avenue and	1247	- :		Aug. 6,1915	Mar. 30, 1916	16 4, 525. 96	5,048.76	Verdict not confirmed; objections
Brentwood Road. Thirteenth Street, between Spring Road and Colorado	1249			Aug. 16, 1915	•			Hearing concluded and case given
Avenue and adjacent streets. Perry Place and spring Place. Fourteenth, Fifteenth, and Franklin Streets NE.	1250	- : :		do Apr. 10,1916 do do Mur. 30,1916	Apr. 10,191 Mar. 30,191	6 6,673.76 6 3,662.37	7,029.36	>>

ALLEYS. ,

	Court			Ver	Verdict.	6
Location.	docket No.	Case nied.	Verdict filed.	Damages. Benefits.	Benefits.	кетағкз.
Square 502 Square 522 Square 845 Square 845 Square 845 Square 845 Square 927 Square 917	1113 1123 1130 1137 1252 1252 1252 1252 1252 1252 1251 1261 126		Jume 30, 1914 Jan. 6, 1915 \$1, 079. 86 \$1, 171.51 Oct. 1, 1914 June 30, 1915 1, 480, 22 Aug. 19, 1915 July 1, 1915 31, 600. 89 Aug. 19, 1915 July 1, 1915 31, 600. 89 Aug. 19, 1915 July 1, 1915 31, 600. 89 Aug. 19, 1915 July 1, 1915 31, 600. 89 Aug. 1919 July 1, 1915 Aug. 1, 191	2,2,2,2,3,3,5,6,5,5,6,5,6,5,6,6,5,6,6,6,6,6,6,6	81, 171. 51 1, 804. 48 1, 605. 80 717. 71 2, 805. 50 3, 725. 80 3, 191. 80	Fig. 85 Fig. 17151 Case failed for reason that jury failed to find benefits equal to damages and costs. 10 Gamages a

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF TREES AND PARKINGS.

Washington, D. C., August 21, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit my thirty-first annual report dealing with the operations of the trees and parkings office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

TREES PLANTED, REMOVED, AND SPRAYED.

The planting of young trees to their permanent positions on the streets again continued to be the most important feature of our work. A total of 3,421 young trees were planted during the year-an increase of 33 over last year's record. Of the number planted 3,344 were set at the curb line, 66 in the parking between the inner edge of the sidewalk and the building line. In addition, 3 were planted in school grounds; 1 in central parking of Fourteenth Street NW., between Kennedy and Longfellow Streets; 2 in central parking of Fourteenth Street NW., north of Montague Street; 2 in the grounds of the Anacostia pumping station; and 3 in the triangle at the intersection of Thirteenth Street, New York Avenue, and H Street NW.

During the year 2,096 trees were removed for various reasons. There was a decrease of 532 trees from the number removed the previous year. Many of the trees

removed during the early part of the fiscal year have been replaced.

removed during the early part of the fiscal year have been replaced.

Attention is called to the fact that the old silver maple trees were removed from both sides of Maryland Avenue NE, between Eighth and Twelfth Streets, and replaced with red oaks. The remaining silver maples on this street between the Capitol and Eighth Street should be removed and replaced with red oaks. This treatment would greatly improve the appearance of this important street and give visitors a good impression of the city's trees, as this is one of the leading thoroughfares into this city. Tulip poplars were also removed from North Capitol Street, between N and T Streets, and replaced with pin oaks, to conform with the young trees on this street south of M Street. The Carolina poplars were removed from Fifth Street NW., between P Street and Florida Avenue, and replaced with pin oaks. This eliminates this variety of tree from this street.

Spraying operations were started at the beginning of the fiscal year and continued during the month of July, the insects having ceased their depredations about this time. No spraying was again undertaken until May last, when insects appeared in large numbers in widely scattered localities.

The following statement shows the number and varieties of trees planted, removed. and sprayed during the year:

Variety.	Planted.	Removed.	Sprayed.
Acacia		4	
Ailanthus		4	
Althea		1	
Apple		1	
Ash		8	24
'atalpa		5	24
'edar		16	
'hestnut		10	
`herry		2	
Therry, wild		3	
'hestnut, horse	7	1	14
Dogwood	1	1	19
Elm.	323	40	
Gingko.	153	30	12,93
Gum:	199	30	
Black			
Sweet		1	
Hickory .		1 2	
Linden	. 68		
Locust:	. 08	68	10,82
Honey			
Yellow		5	1
Magnolia.		18	
Maple:		1	
Norway	0==		
Norway	. 957	304	4,93
Silver		86	30
Sugar	. 24	440	6,12
Sycamore	. 201	90	1,21
		6	1
		19	
Negundo		13	1

Variety.	Planted.	Removed.	Sprayed.
Dak:			
Pin	978	76	552
Red	164	45	330
Spanish		1	
Swamp white		3	
White		8	
Willow leaf	9	1	
Osage orange		2	
Peach		1	
Pear		1	
Poplar:			
Athenian		3	
Aspen		14	
Carolina		335	
Tulip	2	92	
Sycamore	535	339	2,214
Walnut, black		1	l
Willow		2	
Willow, laurel leaf		1	
Mixed varieties.			3,647
Total.	3,421	2,096	43,665

The planting, removal, and spraying of the above trees was paid for as designated below:

	Streets, District of Columbia, 1915-16, parking commis- sion.	Streets, District of Columbia, 1916, parking commis- sion.	Appropriations for other departments.	Whole cost, deposits.
Planting Removals Spraying.	105 14,070	3,179 1,480 29,595	187 472	55 39

Of the 2,096 trees removed during the year, 984 were dead, decayed, and dangerous: 402 were of inferior and condemned varieties; 21 to relieve excessive shade; 452 because of street improvements, driveways, vaults, buildings, etc.; 8 because of improvement of parkings; 7, improvements of alleys; 152, accidents and storms: 2 to accommodate lamps; 13, injurious to curb trees; 20, injurious to private property; 5 to relieve telephone and electric wires along suburban roadways; 30 to accommodate the construction of tunnel for the central heating, lighting, and power plant, D Street NW., between Twelfth and Fitteenth Streets.

It was ascertained that 67 trees were destroyed by illuminating gas, 61 by drought, 4 by salt water, 29 by abnormal moist supply, 31 by mutilation of the roots, 7 by being girdled, 7 by being filled around, 3 by fire, 1 by the binding of the roots by the curb, and the remaining were unexplained.

One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six trees of the number removed stood at the curb line, 163 in the parkings, 37 in the sidewalk, 8 in school grounds, 19 in roadways, 11 in alleys, and 2 in the grounds of the Anacostia pumping station.

NURSERIES.

The nurseries are well stocked with trees of all varieties considered best for street planting. No trees were planted in the nursery rows at the Georgia Avenue nursery during the year, this work being confined to the E Street nursery, in the Washington Asylum Grounds. It is very necessary that the nursery should be well stocked at all times.

The total number of seedlings planted was 1,447, and of this number 340 were sugar maples, 364 were pin oaks, and 743 were willow leaf oaks.

TRIMMING.

It has been impossible to undertake any general trimming of trees during the fiscal year without neglecting other important work. A great many individual requests

for the trimming of trees were received during the year and they were given attention promptly. At the close of the year this work was practically up to date. Most of the trees throughout the city are in need of some attention, especially the soft maples, whose dead branches render them unsightly and a menace to the public. A total of 10,119 trees were trimmed.

TREE SURGERY.

During the year the cavities in 110 trees were cemented. This treatment, it is thought, will prolong their life. There are many of the city's best trees now on the streets which need similar treatment, but it is impossible to give them attention without neglecting other important work. The following shows the location, kind, and number of trees cemented:

Kind.	Curb.	Parking.
Elm.	5	
inden	58	26
Maple:		
Maple: Norway. Sycamore. Poplar, tulip. Sycamore.	3	
Sycamore.	15	
ropiar, tunp		1
sycamore	2	
Total	83	9

CULTIVATING YOUNG TREES AND MOWING PARKINGS.

It is necessary to cultivate all young trees to insure good growths; especially is this true in the case of all recently planted trees. The trees planted during the fall and spring planting seasons of past fiscal year have had the dirt lowered around them and ground loosened. This treatment allows the young trees to derive the benefit from all rain. Trees that have been planted from two to three years have to be cultivated. In connection with this work it is realized that the good looks of the street are injured by the overgrowth of weeds in the tree spaces and parkings. Many complaints are received each year for the mowing of weeds from persons considering them a menace to health. Attention was given to the maintenance and mowing of grass in front of the District Building, Center Market, Ashmead Place, the public-convenience station at Seventh and Pennsylvania Avenue, the parking around Washington Circle, the park at Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue, the slope at Twenty-second and Decatur Streets NW., the triangle at the intersection of Fourteenth Street and Colorado Avenue, the Quarry Road entrance to the Zoo Park, east approach to the Q Street Bridge, and the triangle at the intersection of Twentieth and R Streets and Connecticut Avenue NW

At the close of the fiscal year the work of cultivating trees and mowing weeds had not been completed.

TREE BOXES REMOVED.

One thousand two hundred and one old tree boxes were removed during the year from trees which no longer required their protection.

REGULATION OF TERRACES.

This office examined and issued 768 permits affecting terraces with the view of bringing about uniform conditions. During the year about one-half dozen persons violated their permits, and in most of the cases the offenders were required to change the parking according to the permit issued by this office. Exceptions were made in a few cases because ununiform conditions already existed on the street and the terraces were allowed to remain.

PAVING OF ABANDONED TREE SPACES.

There are many abandoned tree spaces throughout the city, and it is found necessary from time to time to fill the same to grade of sidewalk. This office realizing the danger of these spaces, an unusual effort is made during the year to have as many as possible paved. This work was performed by the surface division and the cost of the work paid from the appropriation for the parking commission. A total of \$978.17 was spent on this work.

SUMMARY.

Trees in streets, parkings, sidewalks, playgrounds, and school yards at the close of the fiscal year 1915. Trees planted during the fiscal year 1916. 3, 421 Trees removed during the fiscal year 1916. 2, 066	103, 135
Net increase during 1916.	1, 355
Trees in streets, parkings, sidewalks, playgrounds, and school yards at the close of the fiscal year 1916.	104, 490
Note.—In addition to the number removed above 30 were removed from alleys and roadways, but did not diminish the number included in the official count.	
Curb trees on streets at close of fiscal year 1915. Net increase of curb trees during the fiscal year 1916.	102, 818 1, 488
Curb trees on streets at close of fiscal year 1916	104, 306
Mileage of trees at close of fiscal year 1915. Increase of mileage of trees, fiscal year 1916.	584. 18 8. 46
Mileage of trees at close of fiscal year 1916.	592.64
Mileage of tree-planted streets at close of fiscal year 1915. Increase of mileage of tree-planted streets at close of fiscal year 1916.	
Mileage of tree-planted streets at close of fiscal year 1916	296.32

Expenditures.

	Lai	bor.	Mate	erial.
	1915–16	1916	1915–16	1916
Planting	\$18.00	\$8, 398, 31		\$2,937.4
Removing dead, decayed, and dangerous trees	221.75	3, 347, 81		02,0011
rimming	492, 50			
rimming. Cultivating young trees.	349, 75	1, 530, 89		
mprovement, care, and mowing of parkings Extermination of insects	144.38	2, 190, 91	\$69.52	100. 1
Extermination of insects	284.25	725. 85	\$69.52	861.1
lerical hire		2.026.75		
faintenance of vard.	85.75			
faintenance of nursery and shops	116.25			
faintenance of nursery and shops	114 75			
ree surgery	311.10			
torm damage.				
abor Day payments to laborers				
Removing wooden tree boxes and iron guards	49.50			
		350 21		
upervision and inspection. eneral repairs, sharpening tools, shoeing horses, wheel- wright work, stable and blacksmith supplies.	27.00	1, 188, 81		5.0
Apper Vision and inspection	21.00	1, 100.01	5.00	0.0
wright week, sharpening tools, shoeing norses, wheel-		ene ne	125, 28	222.7
uel.		00 1.00	120, 20	38. 2
orage			001.00	2,609.0
orage			281.00	20. 1
umber, miscellaneous				
aints, oils, glass, putty, etc				49. 2
Paints, oils, glass, putty, etc	1			66. 1
ools and agricultural implements				104.2
Iose, rubber.				45.0
tationery, printing, office supplies, manifolding ma- chines, and forms for property returns.	1			
chines, and forms for property returns				210.3
Iarness				183.8
larness. Vagons and running gears for tool boxes.				275.0
lectrical supplies				73.9
rees, arbor vitæ				121.5
undries			1.58	6.8
discellaneous work performed by this department, re- bursement being secured by repayments from other				
bursement being secured by repayments from other				
appropriations and deposits	8, 75	2, 872, 47		
IIImanomo area achomonaria				
Total.	1,911,63	34, 267. 30	482, 44	7,929.97

Charges against appropriations.

	1915–16	1916
oil accounts.	\$95.10	\$128.70
Paving tree spaces.	56.98	921.19
Rectric current		48. 90 252. 40
raveling expenses (authorized)		12.58
		220.00
faking "Street closed" signs		8. 25
Repairs to cuts		5.87 3.80
Photographing low tree spaces. Frimming shrubbery on lawn of Municipal Building		2. 20
Repairing curtain of roll-top desk. tepairs to service pipe. "roportionate part of the compensation of E. S. Dawson.		1.59
Repairs to service pipe		1.20
Total	152.08	1,666.68
By appropriation "Streets, District of Columbia, 1916, Parking mission"	-	
Total	43	8, 879. 6
Labor	34	. 267. 30
Materials.	7	(929.97)
Charges against appropriation		1, 666. 68
To balance of above appropriation, unexpended		15. 68
Total		
By the unexpended balance of the \$5,000 made immediately availal act of Congress of the preceding year and carried as appropr "Streets, District of Columbia, 1915-16, Parking Commission".	ole by	2, 540, 7
By repayment to said approriation		11.70
Total		2, 552, 42
Labor	-	1. 911. 6
Materials.		482.44
Charge against the appropriation		152. 08
To balance of above appropriation, unexpended		6. 2
	-	

Appropriation.	Through rep	payment
r ppropriación.	1915–16	1916
Care and maintenance of public-convenience stations, District of Columbia, 1916.		\$11.30
Construction of () Street Bridge across Rock Creek D. C.		664.5
Construction of suburban streets and suburban roads		4. 5
Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia, 1916:		
Assessment and permit work		955.0
Grading of streets, alleys, and roads.		60. 6
Nichols Avenue and south approach of Navy Yard Bridge.		235. 40
Northeast schedule		13. 5
Repairs to streets. Repairs to suburban roads		684.0
Repaye Seventh Street from New York Avenue to Q Street		27. 7
Repave Tenth Street NW., special		18.0
Sidewalks and curbs		6.8
Southwest schedule		254. 5
Electrical department, District of Columbia 1916 (lighting)		33. 1
Maintenance, etc., playgrounds, District of Columbia 1916 (maintenance)		80.0
Maintenance, yards and docks, 1916		29.6
Miscellaneous trust-fund deposits	20 40	304.9
Miscellaneous trust-fund deposit, District of Columbia (D), central heating and	1	00110
power plant, conduits, gas mains, cables, etc.	1	107.3
Miscellaneous trust-fund deposit, District of Columbia, Chesapeake & Potomac Tele-		20110
phone Co., general deposit		131.5

874.72

Expenditures from miscellaneous appropriations, exclusive of Parking Commission—Con.

Appropriation.		Through repayment.		
		1916		
Miscellaneous trust-fund deposit, District of Columbia, operating account (streets) Miscellaneous trust-fund deposit, District of Columbia, Potomac Electric Power Co. (general account). Miscellaneous trust-fund deposit, District of Columbia (Potomac Electric Power Co.).		\$107.75 5.78 11.00		
Quartermaster, Marine Corps, Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C. Water department, District of Columbia, 1916 (high service)	\$2.22	17. 07 53. 92		
Total	11.70	3, 879. 63		
Sums expended during the year for the purchase and maintenance of wagons, together with the amounts paid for single and double wagons team hire. [These items included in material list.]	horses, co	ırts, and rse plou		
Paid from the appropriation for streets District of Columbia 1916	T) 1			

Paid from the appropriation for streets, District of Columbia, 1916, Park-	
ing Commission: Forage, horses, wagons, and miscellaneous equipment and repairs Single-wagon hire, 461\(\frac{1}{4}\) days, at \(\frac{1}{2}\)2.5\(\frac{1}{3}\)1,038.94 Double-wagon hire, 961\(\frac{1}{4}\) days, at \(\frac{1}{4}\)4	\$3, 240. 61
Three-horse plow team, 15½ days, at \$6. 93. 00	4, 990. 94
Total	8, 231, 55
Paid from appropriation for streets, District of Columbia, 1915-16, Parking Commission:	
Forage, horses, wagons, and miscellaneous equipment and repairs	406. 34
Double-wagon life, 757 days, at \$4.	468. 38

Very respectfully,

T. Lanham, Superintendent of Trees and Parkings.

Total...

Capt. J. J. Loving,

Corps of Engineers, United States Army,

Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE PERMIT CLERK.

Washington, D. C., September 11, 1915.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the work of this office, giving the character and number of permits issued during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916:

PERMITS FOR WHICH FEES WERE PAID.	
Water connections.	1, 593
Repairs	734
Sewer connections	1,788
Repairs	
Gas and electric light connections	2,875
Repairs.	410
Auto tire-inflating apparatus	. 23
Auto tire-inflating apparatus. Carriage blocks and hitching posts at curb.	. 1
Conduits	. 347
Gas mains.	
Guard stones.	
Manholes, connect with sewer, also enlarge.	
Parking fences, erect.	. 340
Poles, erect, remove, and replace	454
Wagon tags.	. , 41
S	
(D-4-1	9 565

PERMITS ISSUED FOR WHICH NO FEES ARE PAID.

Water, sewer, gas	988
Blasting	22
Bridges across gutters	20
Bridges across gutters. Cables, aerial and overhead connections.	570
Driveways, lay and repair.	88
Engines and steam shovels; move through streets	104
Delim for seam shovers, move through streets.	37
Parking fences, repair	870
Parkings, pave, lay, and repair leads.	
Permits, renew and extend	85
Roadways; close, grade, and repair	79
Sidewalks; grade space; haul across.	103
Sidewalks; lay and repair	121
Sidewalks; lay and repair. Sidewalks and roadways; occupy temporarily and for business.	26
Steam and electric railways.	24
Steps in parking; build and repair.	460
Stop-cock boxes; regulate.	48
Trees, trim or remove.	18
United States Government.	13
Will build a maintaining	106
Walls; build or repair retaining.	
Water tables; lay and repair.	350
Wires; string overhead.	317
Miscellaneous.	57
m . 1	F.0.0

Two thousand one hundred and eleven communications were referred to this office. Briefs were made of these on cards, permits issued when necessary, reports made, papers indorsed and returned to the respective divisions having supervision over the inspection of the work for which permits were issued.

Fourteen thousand and seventy-one applications for permits were sorted, arranged according to the location of the work, and filed for ready reference.

A written report was made of all permits for excavations in the public space and forwarded to the engineer of highways. Very respectfully.

H. M. WOODWARD. Permit Clerk.

Capt. J. J. Loving,

Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

SUBSURFACE AND BUILDING DIVISION—REPORT OF ASSISTANT IN CHARGE.

Washington, D. C., September 28, 1916.

COLONEL: I have the honor to forward reports of the subsurface and building division of the engineer department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, as submitted by the superintendent of the water department, the superintendent of sewers, the inspector of buildings, the inspector of plumbing, the municipal architect, and the board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings.

The undersigned is charged with the purchase of land, and also is detailed as the chairman of the board on property accountability which devised the scheme for property keeping in the District. While the system is working smoothly, the board property seeing in the Destruction is still considering several changes which will simplify and perfect its operation. Probably the chief benefit derived so far has been to compel all departments to adopt

uniform system of property storage and accounting.

The board of examiners for steam engineers and the plumbing board have satisfactorily performed their duties as required by law.

Prices for brick and stone from Occoquan have been fixed by the price board from time to time according to current rates in the District.

Respectfully submitted.

R. G. POWELL. Captain, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner District of Columbia. LIEUT. COL. CHAS. W. KUTZ,

Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE WATER DEPARTMENT.

Washington, October 4, 1916.

Sir: I submit the following report of the operations of the water department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

The department has again exerted every effort to prevent the waste of water, with the result that the per capita consumption has been reduced to 136.5 gallons daily, with a total mean daily consumption of 49,698,000 gallons.

Attention is invited to the following statement of the average daily water consumption (in gallons) at the following locations:

	Washington Navy Yard.	Bureau of Engraving and Printing (new building).	Power Plant.	Government Printing Office, 1
1915 July	1,805,180	164,230	873, 143	1,808,210
August	1,567,537	163,012	792, 857	2,471,782
September	1,310,086	156, 530	737, 409	2, 850, 856
October	2, 112, 763	170, 117	921,330	2,568,572
November	1,735,457	179,690	629,802	2, 139, 850
December	1, 414, 570	167, 124	490, 258	2, 339, 142
1916				
January	2, 798, 690	177,756	531,069	2, 446, 439
February	1,813,408	140,029	523, 322	2,568,898
March	1,816,247	178, 369	536, 565	2,309,952
April	2,059,650	183,550	541,590	3,351,470
May	1,930,470	159,390	572, 180	2, 476, 770
June		180, 790	628, 390	2,637,090
Average	1,860,518	168, 382	648, 159	2, 497, 402

1 July 19–20, 1916: 4,570,000 gallons per day, due to breakdown of two small engines, necessitating the running of large engine and condenser, using greater quantity of water.

Statement was made by the superintendent of the Government Printing Office, that there would be no money available this year for cooling tower or other water-saving device, because of the failure of Congress to pass bill appropriating money for "Improvements to power plant." Appropriation for "Repairs to machinery" is not sufficient and "not available" for this work. A total cut in Government Printing Office appropriation of nearly \$500,000 makes any steps in the matter of installing water-saving machinery impossible this year.

The division of water surveys (formerly the pitometer division) engaged in underground survey for leaks, detected and stopped 1,981,000 gallons daily underground leakage.

The continued installation of water meters has also helped reduce unnecessary waste. During the year 5,880 meters were installed at a cost of \$69,617.67, making the total number of meters in use June 30, 1916, 53,983. The percentage of services

now metered is 77.5 per cent.

The covering of 75 per cent of Reno Reservoir was accomplished during the year, the cover being of concrete slab construction. The work was done under the supervision of division E.

In connection with the covering of reservoirs will mention at this time that in my estimates for the fiscal year 1918, an appropriation is asked for the covering of one-half of Brightwood Reservoir. Later on, if the the department is successful in securing this appropriation, it will ask for another sum to cover the other half. In this connection will state that it appears absurd to spend so much money for filtering and pumping water into open reservoirs, where same becomes contaminated by dust and germs carried by the wind and rain, which necessitates the losing of large quantities of water during the year and the expenditure of quite a sum of money for cleaning and chemically treating these reservoirs. The necessity for covering these reservoirs seems so apparent that no serious objection can be made against this project.

A financial statement will be found in detail in the report of the division of accounts and stores. From all sources there was available for use during the year \$866,133.22 plus \$1,526.56 for transfer credits not yet received by the auditor. The cash expenditures for the year amounted to \$617,690.45 and the outstanding liabilities, including balance of appropriations not available on June 30, 1916, \$204,831.47, leaving a balance available for appropriation carried forward to 1917 account, \$45,137.86. The total cost for work done during the year as distinguished from cash expenditures (the difference being due to decrease of material in storeroom) was \$658,092.75, of which 42.1 per cent was for new work, 39.7 per cent for operation, 12.7 per cent for general repairs, and 5.5 per cent for replacements.

During the year 54,114 feet, or 10.2 miles, of mains were laid at a cost of \$85,848.02. This brings the total length to mains in the distribution system up to 3,220,487 feet, or

609.9 miles.

The replacing of the large chambers for the water end of the second high-service pump was accomplished without any harm to the pump or to the service. This work, as well as many other projects of importance, was done under the direction of Mr. James T. Fink, the master mechanic.

During the year the National Board of Fire Underwriters visited this city and thoroughly inspected the mains and appurtenances of the department. In this con-

nection attention is invited to their report, No. 275, July, 1916.

At various times during the past year the department has felt the want of pumps, generators, and other mechanical devices ordered and under contract, that, for one cause or another, have not been delivered up to this time.

In every case of delayed delivery it seems that a plausible, if not a convincing excuse is always at hand for noncompliance with contract. The department would have completed several large projects this year if contracts had been lived up to.

Following are reports in detail of the activities of the several divisions of the depart-

The employees of this department have worked honestly and faithfully, and I wish to record my appreciation of the support they have given me.

J. S. Garland,

Superintendent Water Department.

Capt. R. G. Powell, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION.

Sir: I respectfully submit the following report of work done by Division D, engineering and construction, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, and as incorporated in the reports of H. Beckett, assistant engineer, in charge of general engineering; A. S. Lay, chief inspector of valves, in charge of the valve division; S. H. Harding, foreman, in charge of laying mains, etc.; G. von Dachenhausen, foreman in charge of stables; H. Saunders, in charge of greenhouse, flowers, and lawns; and H. C. Fowler, in charge of telephone switchboard.

Three thousand two hundred and thirty-five tons of cast-iron pipe, 96 tons of fire hydrants, 19 tons of miscellaneous cast-iron fittings, 50 tons of pig lead, 6 lengths of steel pipe, 5,703 lengths of terra-cotta pipe, 1111 cubic yards of broken stone, 82 cubic yards of gravel, 193 cubic yards of sand, 410 barrels of cement, and 62,600 bricks were

hauled.

Total number of water mains laid, ranging in size from 1½ to 20 inches	
New water mains laid in place of old.	116
Valves removed and abandoned. New valves installed in place of old	565
New valves installed in place of old. Air valves installed	190
Air valves installed.	47
Valve casings removed	557
Buffalo boxes installed. Buffalo boxes removed	154
Buffalo boxes removed. Valve casings adjusted to grade	26
Valve casings adjusted to grade. Fire hydrants erected (total number)	48
Fire hydrants erected (total number). Fire hydrants removed	22
Fire hydrants removed. Exected new fire hydrants in place of old	253
Erected new fire hydrants in place of old	183
Erected new fire hydrants in place of old	175
Inh 5010, 6 in al. i.i i	24

Job 5019: 6 inch joints in water main were repoured and recalked, etc., in Florida Avenue, south side, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets NW.

Job 5031: 6-inch joints in water main were recalked in Church Street between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets NW. .

Job 5089: Lowered 6-inch main; repoured and recalked joints in E Street, between Ninth and Tenth Streets SW.

Job 5107: 6-inch joints in water main were repoured and recalked, etc., in L Street,

between Fourth and Fifth Streets NW.

The above mains were laid prior to 1876, and the joints were evidently badly poured, containing only about 4 to 6 pounds of lead and were constantly leaking. Finding the pipe to be in good condition it was decided to drive back the joints and repour with lead. The old joints gave under the hammer from \(\frac{1}{4}\) to 1 inch. Since repouring there have been no leaks.

Job 4830: Changed location of 20-inch main in Nichols Avenue between Waclark

and High View Place SE.

Job 4672: Connected 12-inch main with 30-inch in Pennsylvania Avenue between Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge and Prout Street SE.

Job 4671: Made 12-inch connections with 20-inch suction main at the Anacostia

pumping station, Eighteenth Street and Minnesota Avenue SE. Job 4801: Removed and relaid five lengths of 30-inch pipe from the Pennsylvania

Avenue Bridge SE., between spans No. 4 and No. 5. Job 5062: Removed fountain from Reno Reservoir.

Job 4731: Repaired joint of 30-inch main near west abutment of Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge NW.

Number of valves operated	8,515
Number of number plates placed in valve casings	796
Number of complaints of foul water	49
Number of times dividing lines between services were examined	6
Number of times dividing lines between services were changed	13
Number of fire hydrants examined	52, 525
Number of fire hydrants repaired	1, 323
Number of fire hydrants painted	2
Number of public hydrants repaired	138
Number of public hydrants erected (new locations)	5
Number of public hydrants erected in place of old	18
Number of horse fountains erected	1
Number of horse fountains cleaned	4,956
Number of sanitary fountains erected (new location)	4
Number of sanitary fountains repaired	23
Number of sanitary fountains cleaned	22
Number of lead connections made for stock	171
Number of lead connections made for stock	197
Number of service pipes repaired	29
Number of intersections located	572

Cleaned fountains at Union Station Plaza 11 times during the year.

North basin of Brightwood Reservoir was cleaned twice and sprayed with copper sulphate twice. South basin was cleaned four times and sprayed with copper sulphate twice.

North basin of Reno Reservoir was cleaned twice and sprayed with copper sulphate

twice. South basin was cleaned twice.

Samples of water were collected once each week from Brightwood and Reno Reservoirs and delivered to the chemist at the Filtration Plant.

Gatehouse at Reno Reservoir was cleaned 16 times during the year.

East gatehouse at Brightwood Reservoir was cleaned 15 times and west gatehouse

was cleaned 21 times during the year.

The two 48-inch mains at the Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge NW., over Rock Creek, were cut off, drained, and their interiors cleaned of all sediment which had collected. These mains were restored to their normal condition after the completion of the work. At the low points of these mains about 3 feet of sediment had collected, in which was mixed a great quantity of decayed lumber, including sizes of 1 by 6 inches, 2 by 4 inches, 6 by 6 inches, and 2 by 12 inches from 6 inches to 16 feet in length. It is not known how this material got into the mains. These mains were installed by the United States Government in 1859.

Five hundred and eleven surveys were made for new mains, connections, fire

hydrants, etc.

In Nichols Avenue between High View and Waclark Streets SE., 357 feet of 20-inch pipe was relaid owing to changes in street railway and building lines of Nichols Avenue. A survey, project, and estimate were made to waterproof roadway at Brightwood Reservoir to prevent surface drainage from seeping into reservoir. This work was taken up owing to a report from the health department showing that the water was contaminated from animal excrement on this roadway. The project was considered, but, in lieu thereof, it was decided to close the roadway to horse-drawn vehicles. This

eliminated the trouble.

Work was begun on 20-inch trunk line main from Georgia Avenue and Fairmont Street to Wisconsin Avenue and Woodley Road NW. This will, when completed, be about 16,000 feet in length; 1,200 feet of this has been laid. The route will be south on Georgia Avenue from Fairmont Street to Euclid Street, west on Euclid Street to Calvert Street, west on Calvert Street to Connecticut Avenue, north on Connecticut Avenue to Cathedral Avenue, west on Cathedral Avenue to Woodley Road, and west on Woodley Road to Wisconsin Avenue NW., where connection will be made with existing 20-inch main in Wisconsin Avenue. This is to take the place of the old 12inch, 16-inch, and 20-inch mains now in use as one of the trunk lines to Reno Reserthen, 10-then, and co-men mains now in acc as one or the minimum of the purpose voir, 16,750 feet of which is 12-inch pipe. With the new 5,000,000-gallon pump installed and the new main in service, the friction head at the pumping station will be reduced approximately 50 per cent. The old 12-inch line will be used as a reinforcement for the second and third high services, connection being made with service mains where necessary. This will also permit the territory bounded by Cathedral Avenue on the north, Calvert Street on the south, Connecticut Avenue on the east, and Twenty-ninth Street on the west; to be changed from the third to second high service. This change in service, however, can not be made until the new bridge over Rock Creek is completed, allowing the 12-inch to be reconnected across the bridge.

The following items are quoted from the report submitted by Mr. Fowler, in charge

of the water department switchboard:

Recorded:

Leaks	
Leaks. Fire alarms. No water complaints.	1, 703
No water complaints. Low-pressure complaints.	744
Low-pressure complaints. Telephone connections.	42
Telephone connections	7
Telephone connections.	149,786

All records of leaks and movements of the leakmen are kept by the telephone operators at the department switchboard.

Mr. Saunders, gardener, reports that the following gardening work was done during

the vear:

Propagated and raised varieties of flowers for flower beds; planted flower beds and Fropagated and raised varieties of nowers for nower beds; planted nower beds and window boxes at Bryant Street pumping station; planted privet hedge in front of Bryant street pumping station; kept lawns cut, edged, and watered; trimmed and cultivated shrubbery on slope in rear of stables; cleaned lake and planted water lilies; planted clematis on fence in Second Street; cut, watered, and edged lawns at Reno and Brightwood Reservoirs and at Anacostia pumping station.

Statement of water-main account for the year ended June 30, 1916, showing various sizes and number of feet laid of each size

20-inch	Linear feet.
16-inch 12-inch	
12-inch	302
	8, 364
Total trunk mains.	
3-inch.	1, 450
	825
Total laid	54. 114 or 10.24 miles.
_	54. 114 or 10.24 miles.

Total length of water mains in service at the present time, 3,220,487 feet, or 609.94

During the year 6,083 feet of main of various sizes were abandoned.

H. Beckett, Acting Engineer.

The Superintendent, Water Department.

PLANS, ESTIMATES, AND TESTS.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of work done by division E, plans, estimates, and tests, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916:

Work of the division is divided under two heads, "Tests and experiments," in charge of H. D. Yates, and "Miscellaneous drafting." in charge of C. P. Heins.

Report on the work performed by these subdivisions will be taken up separately

and in the order indicated.

The subdivision of "Tests and experiments" is charged with testing and correcting the measuring apparatus used by the department; with making accuracy tests of all water meters used in the District of Columbia; with purifying the oil removed by the waste-cleaning machine; with making special tests of boilers and machinery as called for; with figuring the daily pumpage, consumption, station duty, etc., and with keeping necessary records.

Special tests made include duty trials of pumping engines and electric generating sets; measurements of the amount of water supplied to boilers and apparently evaporated and the quantities of steam actually used for power purposes during a 24-hour period of normal running; and measurements of the steam consumption by several of the steam-using devices for the information of the engineers of the Bureau of Mines, who began a study of the general power plant conditions at the pumping station in

November.

Miscellaneous tests include the following: Water meters, 5 to 6 inch sizes, tests for accuracy, 10,677; valves, & to 20 inch sizes, tests for leaks, 657; corporation cocks, \$\frac{1}{4}\$ to \$1\frac{1}{2}\$ inch sizes, tests for leaks, \$1.764; curb cocks, \$\frac{3}{4}\$-inch size, tests for leaks, \$834; fire hydrants, tests for leaks, \$143; and pressure gauges, tested and corrected, \$63\$. Also made durability tests of small-sized water meters; acid and fluid tests of greases; strength tests of paper; tests of V-notch recording meter and recording pressure gauges; tests of automatic measuring tanks; tests of a proportional flow meter; set up recording pressure gauges on fire hydrants; made slip tests on pumps; tested and adjusted pressure regulator valves; repaired clock movements; and overhauled Venturi meters, CO₂ recorder, and other testing and measuring apparatus installed in the pumping station.

All of the 4,400 five-eighths-inch Worthington meters furnished under contract

during the year met the guaranteed accuracy requirements.

During the year there were 833 gallons of oil recovered from the material passed by

the waste-cleaning machine and rendered fit for use in oil cups.

All of the coal burned at the pumping station during the year was bituminous coal and was purchased on the "ash, moisture, heat unit" basis. Samples were collected from each delivery, which was usually a 300-ton lot, and forwarded to the Bureau of Mines, where all tests were made. The analyses averaged 2.2 per cent moisture "as received" and 17.9 per cent volatile matter, 71.9 per cent fixed carbon, 1.72 per cent sulphur, 10.1 per cent ash, and 14,023 British thermal units per pound, on the "dry coal" basis. The quality of the coal delivered throughout the year was very uniform.

The total pumpage for the year was 8,621.970,000 gallons, which is 252.240,000 gallons less than in 1914-15. The cost of operation was \$49,617.60, as against \$48.950.84 in 1914-15, making the total operative cost of pumping 1,000,000 gallons of water into the mains \$5.75. This cost is approximately 4 per cent more than in 1914-15, and is in part due to an increased proportionate amount of pumping to the second and third high services and in part to the increase in the item of repairs, the other items entering into operative cost showing reductions. The cost of repairs was \$12,187.35, against \$6.271.73 in 1914-15. This item includes the new pump chambers installed on No. 4 pumping engine, costing, exclusive of labor, \$3,072.61, and \$911.41 for repairs to electric units. The cost of coal was \$3.25 per ton, which was 27 cents less than in 1914-15.

The station duty for the year was 67,607,824 foot-pounds per 100 pounds of coal. This is 3.49 per cent less than the duty obtained during the preceding year and represents an annual loss of 195.3 gross tons of coal. This loss is in part due to a less proportionate amount of work done by the high-duty pumps and in part to a slightly lower duty of the pumping engines.

The accompanying tabular statements show the sizes and makes of all private and municipal water meters tested during the year, and the operative cost of pumping. The normal force employed, in addition to Mr. Yates, consisted of 1 or 2 skilled

laborers, 1 draftsman, 1 plumber, and 1 helper.

Cost of operating pumping engines at the District pumping station during the year ended June 30, 1916.

ended June 30, 1916.		
Operating expenses:		
Salaries—1 chief steam engineer, at \$1,750 per annum;		
3 steam engineers, at \$1,100; 3 assistant steam		
engineers, at \$875; 3 firemen, at \$875; and 4 oilers,		
at \$610 (less deductions on account of leave)	\$10, 180. 13	
Miscellaneous per diem labor—substitute engineers,		
substitute firemen, boiler cleaners, steam fitter,		
electrician, helpers, and laborers	7, 296, 33	
Coal, 12,498,156 pounds bituminous coal, at \$3.25 per		\$17, 476. 46
ton (corrected for deductions on account of British		
thermal units and excess ash).	10 100 00	
20 tons of bituminous coal, at \$3.95 per ton	70.00	
	79.00	10 001 00
Supplies, oils, greases, etc		18, 201.69 $1, 752.10$
Repairs to pumps, engines, boilers, etc.—		1, 752. 10
Per diem labor	5 838 10	
Material expended	6, 349, 16	
	0,011110	12, 187. 35
Total cost of operation.		
Total numpage for the year without allowance for dim	11	49, 617, 60
		8, 621, 970, 000
meast amount pumped in I day (May 6)	do	24, 439, 100
		17, 997, 000
		23, 557, 300 117, 93
Duty=Gallons pumped×8.34×100×dynamic head		67, 607, 824
Total fuel consumed		07,007,024
Cost of fuel pumping 1 000 000 gallons I foot bigh	cents	1.79
10th operative cost of bilmbing 1 000 000 gallong 1 foot bight	. d.	4. 88
Total operative cost per 1,000 gallons pumped	do	0, 575
Notes -The above items of solarios supplies and and		

Notes.—The above items of salaries, supplies, and repairs were furnished by the clerical division. The pumpage is figured from plunger displacement, without allowance for slip. The aggregate slip of all pumps during the year, based on pitometer determinations, was 7.73 per cent of the total displacement. The average dynamic head is figured from the total work done by pumping engines and generators. The fuel consumed is the total coal burned, excluding the heating system. The cost of heating (542,435 pounds of coal) was \$787.01.

Tests of private and municipal water meters (excluding meters on endurance test) during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916.

Meter.	Size in inches.									
	5 8	. 3	1	11	11/2	2	3	4	6	Total.
American 'rown Empire Enare Eureka		1 6 13	3 2 3 10	2	4 6 1 1	6 4 6	1 10 5	1	2	70 27 24 32
Gamon Germ . Hersey Keystone. King .	1,801 465 16	153 6	25 6 7		1 24 2 8	7 16 8 3	6 1	1		2, 025 489
.ambert Nash Nagara Pittsburg disk ttandard.	150 40 20 2	201 214 21 4	46 114 32 7	9 3	18 75 29 12	11 44 12 27	5 24	7	2	3- 43 520 100 73
Fhomson Frident Union Worthington	252 5,925	6 48 1	11 28 14 12	i :	13 18 3 12	4 8 3 6	3	18		37. 37. 2
Total	8,772	683	320	15	227	165	63	28	4	10, 27

The subdivision of "Miscellaneous drafting" is charged with the work of preparing all plans and estimates, and giving out miscellaneous information, correspondence. records, and reports. The detail of the work performed follows:

Drawings and tracings made	508
Projects made	131
Files forwarded to the assessor	
Cards forwarded to the assessor	206
Postings of engineers' notes on 50, 100, and 300 foot scale maps and map tracings.	1,663
Valve notes posted	
Communications, reports, etc., written	
Locations for cut-offs given out	
Permits passed	761

The routine work of the division consists of posting daily the 50, 100, and 300 foot scale maps and map tracings of the district; making projects for water-main extension, posting, daily, the work-in-progress maps and graphic log; working up daily the data showing pumping operations and water consumptions; making up cards showing mains, valves, etc., at street intersections; posting valve notes on intersection cards; passing schedules of work to be done under commissioners' orders; passing permits for terraces, copings and driveways, miscellaneous lettering; estimates and reports on watermain extensions and new connections, and general office work.

The titles of some of the mechanical drawings made are as follows:

Special 3 by 4 inch reducer.

Proposed centrifugal pump installation for west gate chamber of Brightwood Reservoir, the purpose being to use this pump to save water whenever reservoir is cleaned, by transferring water from one basin to the other.

Overflow cap for horse fountain.

Special parts required and method of installation of Beale-Moore hydraulic operators on No. 3 48-inch Eddy valve at Twenty-ninth and M Streets NW.; and on two 48-inch valves at Fourth and College Streets, N.W.

Revised drawings of 3, 1, and 14 inch curb cocks in accordance with new standard. Lower portion of special 36-inch hydraulic taper seated valve. Forty-eight, 42, and 40 inch special blank flanges.

Portion of engine room, district pumping station, showing suction and discharge mains and available space for the installation of proposed 5,000,000-gallon centrifugal pump.

Special flange castings for 5,000,000-gallon centrifugal pump installation.

Cap for 4-inch boiler tubes.

Cap for fountain overflow.

Piston rings for 20-inch cylinders.

Automobile-driven valve operator, for operating large valves. The following drawings of an architectural nature were made:

Proposed auto sheds in west property yard of District pumping station; sketches and estimate of cost.

Changes required in stables at District pumping station to allow storage of automobiles; drawings and specifications.

New set of drawings for proposed reinforced cover for Reno Reservoir.

Estimates and reports on several methods of construction which might be used in covering Reno Reservoir.

New reinforced concrete design and estimate for covering Reno Reservoir.

Plan and index to lockers in room 314.

Tool house for gardener and shelter for wagons carrying oil pump at Anacostia pumping station.

Paint shops added to municipal garage proposed for erection on Bryant Street, between Second and Fourth Streets NW., and new set of nine drawings made, together with specifications and estimate of cost.

New drawings and revision of storeroom plans at District pumping station.

Of maps and plans made the following are worthy of mention:

Transportation map of the District of Columbia, showing character of pavements in improved streets by means of colored inks. To be used in routing trucks to various

Twenty-one new 50 and 100 foot scale water main maps were made, together with two tracings of each. In addition to this, 20 new tracings of 50 and 100 foot scale maps were made to replace those in a dilapidated condition.

Revised and completed map showing surface and subsurface construction around

Anacostia pumping station.

Index map to first valve-location book records of the water department.

Buildings and grounds of Bureau of Standards, showing proposed installation of fire hydrants.

Smithsonian grounds showing water mains.

Topographic map showing alternate routes of proposed water mains for supplying Washington Steel & Ordnance Co.'s plant.

Quite a number of diagrams and charts were made, the titles of which follow:

Diagram showing water consumption, services, meters in use, etc., from 1896 to

Diagram showing estimated and actual receipts and expenditures of water department for fiscal year 1915-16. On this diagram the estimated total receipts and expenditures for labor, requisitions, contract payment, miscellaneous, and total expenditures were platted in red ink, and at the end of each month the actual total receipts and expenditures were platted in black ink.

Diagram showing water rent and total consumption per day for fiscal year 1914-15. Small organization chart of the division heads of the office of municipal architect,

District of Columbia.

Chart showing cost of materials per cubic yard of concrete for standard mix 1:2:4; 1:21:5: 1:3:6.

Functional and expense diagram of water department for fiscal year ended June 30, 1915.

New organization chart of the water department, using rectangular blocks instead of circles.

Chart showing the various departments, bureaus, independent offices, and commissions of the executive branch of the United States Government; also the organization of the District of Columbia government.

Diagram showing average daily consumption on first, second, and third high-service areas for fiscal years from July 1, 1908, to June 30, 1915.

New table giving number of gallons of water in Reno Reservoir for each one-tenth foot of elevation.

Chart showing condensed screw data.

Chart showing comparative meter rates in 10 of the large cities of the United States. Chart showing subdivisions and standing-job numbers of the water department. Titles of some of the miscellaneous drawings made are:

Method of offsetting 30-inch water main on Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge SE. New design for bronze tablet erected by the employees of the water department in memory of the late superintendent, Walter A. McFarland.

Proposed partition wall and rearrangement of intake mains at Reno Reservoir. Small car to carry electric lights through 20-inch drain at Brightwood Reservoir. Other items of work performed by this division are as follows:

Compiled list giving location of all large valves in District on which by-passes are found. Made-up set of cards for use in computations of duty at District pumping station.

Named, numbered, and indexed 100 stereopticon slides, illustrative of water department property, work, etc.

The water rigistrar's books of 50 and 100 foot scale water-main map tracings were posted three times during the year. Compiled water department statistics for year ended June 30, 1915, for Department

of Commerce, Bureau of Census. Compiled data to be used in revising diagram showing maximum and minimum meter rates in United States cities over 100.000 population.

Made-up list showing pressures in various apartment houses.

The organization chart of the District of Columbia government was revised three times during the year.

The organization chart of the water department was revised three times during the

During the year 40 sets of blue prints of the 300-foot scale maps were prepared for distribution to the field parties. A new system was put into operation, which made quite a large saving in the number of blue prints required. A card index was prepared, allowing a card for each sheet of the set; on these cards a record is kept of each sheet that is posted during the year, and only those sheets are printed that have been posted since the last prints were made. The last time the prints were made it was necessary to make prints of only 20 out of the 30 sheets in the set.

The description of the posting of the graphical log, the pressure map, the checking of new subdivisions for possible water main assessment, posting of valve notes, green cards for water registrar, posting of tap cards, locations for cut-offs, and daily light

report will be found in last year's report of this division.

On April 4, 1916, Mr. Haar, of this division, was detailed as inspector on the construction of reinforced concrete cover for Reno Reservoir, and on May 2, 1916, another man of this division was detailed to help him. The following is a detailed report or

The growth of algae in the reservoir storing filtered water has caused much trouble and its elimination has required the expenditure of considerable money for cleaning the basins at frequent intervals each year. As this algae grows wherever sunlight strikes water it was proposed to cover the Reno Reservoir, at Donaldson and De Russey Streets NW.

Plans and specifications for two designs of concrete covers of beam and girder construction were made up by our draftsmen; one with a live load of 50 pounds per square foot and the other for a live load of 75 pounds per square foot. The proposal allowed several alternate designs of various roof constructions to be submitted for consideration so that a number of designs would be available from which to make

a choice.

Bids for this work were opened March 2, 1916. It was found that the estimates ranged from \$15,190 to \$26,000. The estimated cost of the two designs prepared by the water department was \$17,300 and \$24,800, respectively.

The lowest bidder, Edgar H. Mosher, submitted a plan for a concrete cover of flat slab construction, designed according to the Turner system of flat slab concrete floors, to carry a live load of 75 pounds per square foot, which he agreed to construct for \$15,190. This design was revised to comply with the Chicago code for flat slab floors. As both the Turner and Chicago codes were complied with in the design, the cover should embody all the desirable features of both systems. Three-eighth inch diameter round steel bars were substituted for five-sixteenths-inch round bars in the slab reinforcement. This change added \$350 to the cost. With this addition to the contract price the bid was still \$660 less than the next highest bidder. During the progress of construction it was found necessary to have placed 43 cubic yards of concrete and 3 tons of steel in addition to the amount called for on the plans.

This additional work required an extra \$830, making the total cost of the work \$16,370.

The construction work was started April 3, 1916. Work was begun at the south end of the reservoir and progressed toward the north. The footings were placed directly on the old 15-inch concrete floor. The old floor was first thoroughly tested and was found to be sufficiently strong at all places to sustain the additional load. Metal forms were used throughout, except for the footings and the column capitals.

These forms were made of wood.

The 6-inch flat slab was supported on 133 columns, 16 inches square. There are 19 rows of columns from north to south and 7 columns to the row. The area covered by the floor is approximately 44.600 square feet. The column tops are flared out at 45° forming square capitals 4 by 4 feet at their tops. The footings upon which the columns rest are 45 inches square and 18 inches thick.

The slab was poured in sections averaging 16½ feet wide, extending across the basin from east to west. Construction joints were always made in the center of a span. Topping composed of 1 part cement and 2 parts sand was placed as soon as the base was set sufficient to bear a man's weight. This topping was troweled to a smooth finish.

The concrete for the footings and columns was mixed with a one-batch mixer and placed with wheelbarrows. The concrete or the slab was mixed in a Ransome twobatch mixer, using a tower and spouts to convey the concrete to its place. Both mixers were driven by gasoline engines. The mixture throughout consisted of 1 part Tidewater Portland cement, 2 parts sand, and 4 parts gravel. After concreting was well underway approximately 100 cubic yards were placed per week.

At the end of June, 1916, approximately 75 per cent of the area of the reservoir was covered. The cost per square foot was \$0.367.

This division had complete supervision of the construction of this work. principal inspector was Herbert R. Haar, who was assisted by John E. Linder.

Other work for which men of this subdivision were detailed during the year is as

10110WS:	Days.
Public Utilities Commission.	
Field work, division D	3
Tests and experiments, routine work	57
Tests and experiments, special tests	3 <u>2</u>
Telephone exchange	- 1

117

For the greater part of the year there were eight men in the subdivision, including Mr. Heins, in charge. In May another man was added on account of two men being detailed to Reno Reservoir. But on account of leave of absence and details to other work, 382 days' work should be deducted, which would leave about seven men to perform the actual work of the subdivision.

Most organizations recognize the fact that office men are more in need of vacations than field men, but the opposite is in effect in this division, as we have only one man on the annual roll. I think that for increased efficiency it is desirable that more positions in the drafting division be placed on the annual roll.

The performance of the vast amount of detail and special work by division E was rendered possible only through the harmonious cooperation of the men of the division. and I take this opportunity to thank them for their willing and efficient assistance.

D. W. HOLTON, Assistant Engineer

The Superintendent, Water Department.

STEAM ENGINEERING AND SHOPS.

SIR: The following is a summary report of work done at the district pumping station during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1915, and ending June 30, 1916:

Water pumped, figured from plunger displacement:
 First high service
 gallons
 5, 535, 803, 610

 Second high service
 do
 2, 426, 998, 600
 Total......do.... 8, 623, 553, 740
 Coal burned.
 tons.

 Cylinder oil used.
 gallons.

 Engine oil used.
 do...
 5, 845. 71 717, 84375 Grease used.....pounds... 1,389,0625 Waste used.....do.... 372

The regular force employed for the operation of the pumping engines, boilers, and auxiliaries, cleaning of machinery, etc., is as follows:

	Steam engineers.	Assistant steam engineers.	Firemen.	Oilers.	Cleaners.	Laborers.
Sunday	3 3	3 3	3 3	4 4	4 4	0 4

For the fourth high service the water is pumped from the Reno Reservoir (which is supplied by the third high service pumps) to an elevated tank by gasoline engines and triplex pumps. This machinery is operated daily by the watchman in charge of the reservoir and one assistant on night duty. The water pumped for this service during the year was 62,090,565 gallons, or a mean of 170,111 gallons daily.

The Anacostia pumping station has been operated without interruption during

the year, pumping to the three towers supplying the area east of the Anacostia River.

This station is taken care of by two men.

The water pumped during the year, figured from plunger displacement, follows:

First high service... Second high service. 4, 947, 684

or a mean of 298,855 gallons daily.

REPAIR SHOPS.

The work accomplished during the year follows:

All necessary repairs for the machinery at the District pumping station, fourth high service and Anacostia stations; repairs to automobile trucks, both for this department and the several departments of the District of Columbia; made practically all repair parts for fire plugs, valves, street hydrants, etc.. including all tools used on the work of laying water mains, etc., such as picks, chisels, breakers, calking tools, yarning irons, valve keys, pipe bands, eyebolts, arch irons, and miscellaneous tools and appliances as required for the various work.

The detail of the work follows in part:

Replaced four pump chambers on 12,000,000-gallon vertical triple-expansion pumping engine, without dismantling any of the superstructure; replaced 36-inch hydraulic valve body in discharge main on first high service; put braces on steam main; repaired Avery scales; made new piston for oil pump; repaired gates and fence at Brightwood Reservoir; made brace irons for 24-inch pipe, Brightwood Reservoir; installed tank and pipe for gasoline pump in new repair shop; erected overhead hoist in new repair shop; moved brass foundry to new building; made pipe posts for railing on Q Street Bridge; moved and set up machinery in new repair shop; erected gates at new entrance to west yard; moved gasoline and kerosene storage tanks from west yard to receiving platform and tested same; inspected material for Public Utilities Commission; relined boiler furnaces; tested new autos for department; demonstrated auto lawn mower at Brightwood Reservoir; connected cooling cells for heating system; made and erected ladder at Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge; extended chutes for coal hoppers; made valve stem for engine at District of Columbia asphalt plant; cleaned out water softener; built road roller of 36-inch pipe; installed new economizer and made feed pipe connections for same; put in concrete foundation for new centrifugal pump; made 8 screws for 30-inch valves; changed feed line in engine room from 2-inch to 3-inch pipe to take care of feed line from new centrifugal pump; repaired iron fence at north entrance to Brightwood Reservoir; erected washer for autos in garage; repaired leaks in steam lines, economizer, and Holly drip system; repaired dirt rammer and pipe machines; put new tubes in boilers when necessary; repaired and cleaned out heating system in garage; repaired drinking and horse fountains; erected memorial tablet in pumping station; built seventy-eight 3 and 4 way valves with 6 and 8 inch bells, forty-two 4-inch, thirty-six 6-inch, one hundred and twenty 8-inch, and twenty 12inch gate valves; repaired 2-way valves as follows: Five 3-inch, thirty-six 4-inch. forty-three 6-inch, eighteen 8-inch, three 12-inch, four 4-way, and five 3-way, total 114 valves; repaired 37 Buckeye melting furnaces; reversed bells on 66 fire hydrants; made valve springs for pumps and fire hydrants; cut pipe and pipe nipples for store-keeper; repaired 2,846 water meters; repaired main valves for fire plugs; repaired 24-inch Eddy valve; made 12 main valve stems for fire plugs; assembled 15 street hydrants; unloaded tank cars of fuel oil for Anacostia station (this work consists of pumping the oil from the car at the Twining City siding to the storage tank at the station); sharpened horse-clipping knives; and completed numerous small jobs for the department.

BRASS FOUNDRY.

During the year all composition metal castings for valve work, repair parts, etc., have been made in our foundry, which has been operated without interruption. There were made in the foundry 19,446 pounds of brass castings, small and medium size, such as would be made in a general jobbing shop, also 50 pounds of aluminum castings for the electrical department. The showing of the foundry for the year is very satisfactory, and the repair work at this station has been much expedited by the casting of repair parts when needed for emergency. Attention is invited to the annual report of the foundry.

BLACKSMITHING.

The blacksmiths have made 10 curb and extension keys, 38 casing hooks, 49 meter-box keys, 54 calking sets, 32 pipe hangers, and 159 new chisels; made and sharpened 152 drills; repaired 172 stakes; sharpened 7,259 chisels and 11,925 picks; welded 118 new ends on picks; repaired 137 curb and extension keys; made and repaired 57 frost pins; repaired casing hooks, meter-box keys, calking sets, tunneling bars, angle irons, lifting chisels, pipe bands, meter wrenches, steel bars, pipe hangers, drills, and mattocks, and made necessary repairs to wagons and auto trucks.

CARPENTRY.

The carpenters have repaired pitometer field boxes; made drawer cases for office; built new entrance to west yard; inspected building for auto shop; made battery boxes for Anacostia station, work-in-progress board, screens for Anacostia station, and screens for stable; laid cement walk for brass foundry; removed fence around parking of lodge at Brightwood Reservoir; built coping and set gate at Brightwood Reservoir; built sand bins and coke bins for foundry; made cabinet for stable office; made significant built tool boxes and shelves for new shops; made tool locker for blacksmith shop; removed wall and closed up old entrance to west yard; put cover over auto pit

in west yard; repaired furnace at Brightwood Reservoir lodge; made blinds for foundry and repair shop; built tool lockers for auto shop; made filing cabinet for storeroom, made screens and built porch for Reno lodge; repaired roof of pumping station; built pipe platform at Reno Reservoir; built cabinet for CO₂ recorder; covered boilers with insulating brick; put concrete shelves under stokers of No. 5 and No. 6 boilers; built tool house at Anacostia station; built cardcases for water registrar's office; made flower boxes for Brightwood lodge; boxed patterns for shipment; made various patterns for repair parts, etc.; made 1,606 concrete rings, 485 sectional rings; filled 630 casing covers; roughed 631 covers; filled 297 meter-box covers; and made 304 concrete cylinders.

PAINTING.

The painters have painted wagons and automobiles, tank at Thirtieth and R Streets SE.; pitometer boxes: calked and painted boats for Brightwood Reservoir; painted fence at Brightwood Reservoir; made storm covers for engineer's wagons; painted gate house at Reno; crane at Anacostia; also wood work of pump house and lodge; pipe and ladders in Reno Reservoir; storehouse under wagon shed; beams and clamps pipe and ladders in Reno Reservoir, storehouse under wagon sheet, beams and clamps for pipe on Q Street Bridge; pipe on Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge; walls of lodge at Anacostia; fence around yard at pumping station; bridge at Woodridge; pipe on P Street Bridge; woodwork of auto sheds and porch at Reno; walls and ceiling in blacksmith shop, machine shop; walls in boiler room; pipe over College Pond; lettered signs for lawn; finished cardcases for water registrar's office; inspected pipe work on Calvert Street Bridge, and Klingle Road Bridge; and painted 12-inch main across Klingle Ford Bridge: made and repaired curtains and cushions for wagons, autos, and buggies; and other miscellaneous work.

ELECTRICAL WORK.

The electrician and helpers have taken care of generators, switchboards, motors, lights, etc.; operated conveyor, economizer scrapers, and crane; tested and recharged trains, etc., operated electric fans; made repairs and adjustments on motor at Union Station Plaza; inspected electrical work in new auto shop; connected telephones in brass foundry and auto shop; insulated wires and put guard rail on crane at Anacostia; repaired lights and battery at Reno lodge; put up conduit and wiring for gatehouse at Brightwood Reservoir; put in automatic alarm bell at Anacostia; put up conduit and connected motor on top of economizer: put in meter connection and lights in tool house at Brightwood Reservoir, and conduit for lights at Reno Reservoir; put lights under Q Street Bridge.

CARE OF STATION.

The janitor and his force have taken care of all cleaning throughout the building, removing shavings from the woodworking shop; attended to window cleaning; removing turnings, scrap, and other débris from machine shop; furnished messenger service

Jas. T. Fink, Master Mechanic.

The Superintendent, Water Department,

WATER SURVEYS.

Washington, D. C., August 26, 1916.

Sir: As long as the cost of abandoning and replacing all old and defective pipe construction in a water-distribution system is prohibitive, and repairs, which include the removal of the primary cause of the trouble in each instance, are practically impossible, underground leakage can not be eliminated, but must be considered as a necessary waste to be controlled and minimized. The efforts of the water-survey division for the past 10 years have been centered upon the devising of a system of surveys so thorough and exact that at the completion of detailed work under it in any section no measurable leakage should exist. In spite of the splendid results accomplished, however, it is never assumed that all leakage is eliminated in the particular section, but rather that, scattered throughout its entire area, remain hundreds of minute sources of waste, daily increasing in number and in discharge, reaching such proporsources of waste, dairy increasing in number and in discharge, reaching such proportions within a year or two that their existence can not longer be ignored. Of such nature was composed the 1,981,600 gallons daily underground leakage discovered and stopped during the last fiscal year. This represents the loss daily through 420 separate stopper during the last list a year. This represents the loss daily through 750 separate leaks, averaging 4,700 gallons per day each. Reference to statement No. 1 shows that this is the smallest average that has been obtained, and, comparing this figure with those of the previous years clearly brings out the fact that neglect of the leaks produces serious conditions, due to their gradual enlargement. The most fruitful source of leakage was found in the calked lead joints of the small service mains, a total of 101 cases, discharging 607,350 gallons daily, being found. One hundred and thirteen corroded iron services, discharging 449,440 gallons daily, represent the second important source. Wiped joints, wasting 342,490 gallons daily; broken lead and pewter services, 201,380 gallons; broken cast-iron mains, 142,800 gallons; and defective screw couplings, unions, etc., discharging 115,450 gallons daily, are named in quantitative order as fruitful sources of underground waste. The full statement of the nature of the various leaks is given on statement No. 2, and again on statement No. 3, in

comparison with previous years' results.

The leaks on the calked joints were due in most cases to the insufficient quantity of lead used previously with a false idea of economy. With sufficient lead a calked joint is wonderfully flexible, as determined by recent tests, but with the old joints, where the quantity of lead was stinted, the slightest defection of the pipe, due to settlement or other causes, serves to open a crevice through which loss takes place. The small number of defective joints found on all recent pipe installation work furnishes ample verification of this point. The corrosion of the wrought-iron service pipes is taking place rapidly and leaks from this source will continue in occurrence for years to come. Provision of the plumbing regulations prohibits the repair of these pipes under improved pavements, and this results in the abandonment of many of them. A vast quantity of this class of pipe in the ground will not be abandoned, however, for many years, and in the meantime must be kept under constant surveillance. The leaks in the wiped joints on lead services and on lead connections to iron services represent a class somewhat different from the others mentioned, in that a number of the leaks due to them is found on the work of recent date of the highest class, and where quality apparently was not sacrificed for economy. This situation calls for an arraignment of the wiped joint as an underground connection, and the question of whether this type of joint should be abandoned for some other calls for an investigation. The leaks on the lead services can be traced in most instances to the light weight of the pipe previously used. The present regulations specify a heavy weight pipe, which seems to be perfectly satisfactory, and provision is carried prohibiting the repair of the old light weight lead pipe, which is proving unadapted to modern conditions. This is gradually bringing about the weeding out of this pipe, but the process is necessarily slow. The breaks in cast-iron mains in most cases were due to the defective workmanship on the old pipe. The modern pipe now used by the department is practically free from breakage, except where due to severe stress conditions which can not be foreseen or provided against.

The routine work of the year embraced the fourth survey of permanent districts G, I, K, and L, or the entire first high service; district E (territory west of Fourteenth Street NW.) of the gravity service; the third survey of district H (Anacostia pump services); the survey of the Reno service; and miscellaneous work in the northeast section of the gravity service. The statements showing the detailed results by dis

tricts are included in the supplements to this report.

Routine house inspection was carried on in connection with the work wherever unmetered premises were located. This activity is gradually reducing each year, due to progress of meter installation. A total of 6,191 premises was inspected, however, resulting in leaks being found in 480, or 7.8 per cent. Attention is invited to statement No. 4, showing the excellent results accomplished by this work in the reduction of waste due to leaking fixtures within the houses and other buildings. The statement shows that when this work was started a large number of premises was guilty of wasting water through defective fixtures. The reduction in percentage is very material and undoubtedly saves much water. The disposition of all leaks found in this work is left to the office of the water registrar, which office serves cut-off notices and secures the stoppage of the waste, reporting back to the office of the water survey division for record.

The largest individual leaks of the year were on calked lead joints. Examples of these are a 6-inch joint on Carroll Street, between First and Second Streets SE., wasting water at the rate of 78,800 gallons per day; a 12-inch joint at Fifteenth and W Streets NW., 40,000 gallons daily; and a 6-inch joint in the United States Soldiers' Home grounds, 30,000 gallons daily. The importance of detecting these leaks promptly can not be overestimated, not only because of the value of the water involved, but because of the danger of accidents due to the undermining of the pavements and interruption of the water service. The leak at Fifteenth and W Streets NW. was on a high-pressure trunk line to the Reno Reservoir, and its prompt discovery and repair

were doubly important.

A work of considerable importance undertaken and successfully completed by employees of this division was the stoppage of practically all leakage entering the railway tunnel on First Street east from adjacent water mains. This water was the

cause of considerable uneasiness on the part of railway officials and undoubtedly aggravated the settlements of the street surfacing over the tunnel. An incidental result of tests in Cleveland Park was the discovery that the officials of the Industrial Home School refilled the swimming pool at that place whenever necessary at a high rate from a fire hydrant connected to the Reno mains. This practice was responsible for serious and previously unexplained slumps in the pressures. Arrangements were made by this office for notification of the pumping station whenever the hydrant was to be opened for this purpose.

Special work of the year was composed principally of investigation of the use of water by Federal and municipal institutions, and preparation of plans, etc., leading to the prevention of waste by shutting off unnecessary flows, securing abandonment of wasteful machines and fixtures, installation of cooling towers, river water pumping

plants, and reuse of water on mechanical operation wherever possible.

Summarizing the above as applied to Federal institutions, we may mention changes in the United States Soldiers' Home grounds, brought about entirely by pressure from this division, embracing the shutting off of the Reno supply, abandonment of wasteful fixtures and repairs to leaks, saving about 100,000 gallons daily; changes in the water system at the State, War, and Navy Building, embracing the installation of 2-inch float valve on elevator accumulator tank, prevention of overflow of elevator surge tank, and abandonment of wasteful plumbing system and fixtures, saving approximately 150,000 gallons daily; abandonment at the Bureau of Standards of defective float valves, thereby saving 80,000 gallons daily; and compilation of data of water consumption in unmetered Federal buildings and reservations, thereby aiding in saving a large quantity of water accomplished by the installation of meters, and securing the shutting off of all display fountains at night. The results accomplished in municipal buildings were indefinite as regards the quantity of water saved, because of the relatively small size of the flows involved. However, the saving was substantial and was accomplished at very little expense. Reports were forwarded by this office calling attention to apparently excessive use of water, especially at night, in the Municipal Building, Municipal Market, Central High School, and Eck-ington School, resulting in immediate reduction in consumption and waste. A list of municipal water users and an analysis of their consumption was prepared and submitted by this division during the year, and resulted in calling attention to abuses of the free-water privilege in many instances. The chief abuses noted were continuously running drinking fountains and other sanitary fixtures in schools and police stations. Steps are now underway which will result in the correction of these.

In addition to routine and special work for the direct reduction of water waste,

much other work was done by this office during the year, some of it leading indirectly to water saving, and the balance having no bearing upon the question, but being comprised of tests, experiments, and similar work relating to the other branches of the department. Summarizing these lines, we may mention the compilation of data relative to the financial relation of the water department to the United States and District of Columbia Governments; experiments with pneumatic calking tools; condelivered by pumps at the District Pumping Station; construction of pitot tubes, calibration of pump slip indicators, and miscellaneous studies of water delivery and consumption problems in several large buildings, together with periodic measurements of water delivered to Federal institutions, and tests of large meters. On January 1, of water derivered to redetal institutions, and tests of large meters. On sandary 1, 1916, the name of this division was changed from "pitometer division" to "division of water survey," the reason being to broaden the designation to indicate these mis-

cellaneous activities.

The total cost of running this division for the year was \$34,210.77, including all charges for extensions of equipments, overhead costs, and operation. what less than the corresponding figure of last year, due to the reduction in the number of employees and the substitution of two motor trucks for the five teams previously The total quantity of leakage and waste stopped was considerably in excess of 2,000,000 gallons daily, an excellent showing when the relatively small size of the leaks is considered. In making deductions from the comparison of costs and results, the point must be borne in mind that the investment must be figured, not on the quantity of water wasting at the time of the detection of the leaks but upon the increasing quantity which would be wasted should they remain undetected, and consideration must also be given to the miscellaneous work of the division, which, while producing no return in water saving nevertheless is necessary and has a decided value to the department.

Very respectfully submitted.

PAUL LANHAM, In Charge Water Survey.

SUPPLEMENTS, 1915-16.

Statement No. 1.—Underground leaks, 1907–1916.
Statement No. 2.—Year's results, 1915–16.
Statement No. 3.—Sources and quantities of underground leakage, 1907–1916.
Statement No. 4.—Results, house inspection, unmetered, 1907–1916.
Statement No. 5.—Surveys of permanent districts:

A. District E.
B. District G. B. District G. C. District H. D. District I.

Pe

B. District K.
F. District I.
G. District Reno (miscellaneous).
H. District F (miscellaneous).

Statement No. 1.—Underground leaks, 1907-1916,

Year.	Number.	Quantity per day.	Average per day.
1907-08 1908-09 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13 1913-14 1914-15	832 532 624 813 651 452 385	Gallons, 5, 604, 400 9, 560, 600 6, 364, 200 6, 921, 900 5, 115, 300 4, 195, 100 2, 552, 800 1, 828, 820 1, 981, 600	Gallons, 20,700 11,500 12,000 11,100 6,300 6,400 5,600 4,800 4,700
Total (9 years)	4,980	44, 124, 720	8,900

STATEMENT No. 2.— Year's results, 1915-16.

Service pipes inspected:	
Metered.	36,250
Unmetered	
Houses inspected, unmetered	
Houses with defective fixtures (7.8 per cent).	480
Number of notices served	205
Number of services cut off.	39

Underground leakage.

Class.	Number.	Gallons per day.	Class.	Number.	Gallons per day.
Abandoned services, taps, etc. Iron services. Jead services. Viped joints Couplings. Stopcocks. Joints on mains.	113 41 70 63 16	68,700 449,440 201,380 342,480 115,450 28,700	Broken mains. Valves. Blow-offs. Fire hydrants. Total.	4 3 1 4 4 20	142,800 3,300 8,600 13,400 1,981,600

PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK.

Blue prints made for division E	2,205
Blue prints made for division B	328
1 HOUGHADING DISTES exposed developed etc	28
Photographic prints exposed, developed, etc.	69

EXPENSES.

er diem labor and material:	
Operating.	\$32, 403. 91
New work	1,806.86

STATEMENT No. 3.—Sources and quantities of daily underground leakage, 1907-1916,

Class.	1907-8	1908-9	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915– 16
Abandoned serv-	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.		Gallons.			Gallons.	
ices and taps			355,300				101,700		
Iron services			[2,438,000				921,000		
Lead services			[1, 201, 900]	1,237,600	976,700	391,000	471,000	254, 100	201,380
Wiped joints	327,000.	E 914 000	710, 100	666,700	438, 100	282,300	237,000	213, 500	342, 490
Couplings		3, 214, 000	118,700	182,900	123,700	75,600	66,900	20,500	115, 450
Stopcocks			81,800	43,300	53,500	32,900	16,900	17,150	
Street washers		1		42,000	10,400	5,700	500		
Joints on mains	1.039,900	1.345,600	1.034.200	2,562,500			596,800	368,800	607,350
Broken mains				15,900			62,200		142,800
Valves									
Blow-offs								000	8,600
Fire hydrants		45, 500		19, 200		115,000		5,120	
Public hydrants	271,000								
Unclassified	111,000	2,039,500		97,600					
Total	5,601,400	9,560,600	6,364,100	6.921.900	5, 115, 600	4, 196, 000	2,552,800	1.828.820	1,981,630

Statement No. 4.—Results, house inspection, 1907-1916, unmetered.

Year.	Houses inspected.	Houses with defective fixtures.	Percent- age,	Year.	Houses inspected.	Houses with defective fixtures.	Percent- age.
1907-8 ¹ 1908-9 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12	27, 778 21, 642 21, 547	4,621 3,305 3,262 4,943	16. 6 15. 2 15. 1 15. 7	1912-13. 1913-14. 1914-15. 1915-16.	26, 397 17, 039 17, 563 6, 191	3,725 1,603 1,691 480	14.1 9.4 9.6 7.8

¹ No records.

STATEMENT No. 5A.—Pitometer District E, Survey No. 4.

Date of measurement, Sept. 21–28, 1915. Mean daily supply. Minimum night rate. do. Ratio of minimum night rate to mean daily supply. Per capita consumption (resident population). Subdivision survey: Started, June 5, 1915.	3 912 000
Finished Sept 13 1915	
Cost	\$3,530.12
Population: Resident— Metered. Unmetered.	6, 430 13, 201
Total	19,631
Floating— Metered Unmetered.	6 954
Total	11, 132

Total....

10,077

Buildings:	
Dwellings— Metered Unmetered.	6, 595 651
Hotels and apartments— Metered Unmetered	67 4
Restaurants — Metered Unmetered.	6
Factories— Metered Unmetered	2 0
Municipal buildings— Metered Unmetered Factorial buildings	19 1
Federal buildings— Metered Unmetered.	1 4
Miscellaneous— Metered Unmetered	514 112
Total— Metered Unmetered.	7, 204 772
Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per daygallons	
Due to flow inside metered premises do Due to flow inside unmetered premises	493, 750 130, 100
Due to underground leakage— .do. Services	229, 200 135, 650 17, 400 382, 250
Due to Federal consumptiondo	61, 080 440, 300
Total flow accounted for do. Total flow unaccounted for do.	1, 507, 480 97, 770
Statement No. 5C Pitometer district II, Survey No. 3.	
No measurement made. Subdivision survey: Started Sept. 15, 1915. Finished Oct. 5, 1915. Cost	\$ 751, 76
Population:	\$751.70
Metered. Unmetered.	3, 579 55
Total Floating—	3, 634
Metered Unmetered.	$1,122 \\ 2$
Total	1, 124

Unmetered Hotels and apartments— Metered Unmetered Unumetered Unumetered	Buildings:	
Metered Unmetered Restaurants	Metered	687 14
Unmetered Restaurants		0
Unmetered Factories Metered Unmetered Municipal buildings Metered Unmetered Unmetered Federal buildings Metered Unmetered Unmetered Unmetered Unmetered Unmetered Unmetered Total Unmetered Unmetere	Unmetered	0
Unmetered Municipal buildings	UnmeteredFactories—	0
Metered Unmetered Federal buildings Metered Unmetered Unmetered Miscellaneous Metered Unmetered Unmetered	Unmetered	. 0
Metered	MeteredUnmetered	8
Metered 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MeteredUnmetered	1 0
Metered 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Metered	$^{20}_{4}$
Unmetered		
Due to flow inside metered premises		716 18
Due to underground leakage— Services. do 1,00 Mains. do Unclassified. do Unclassified. do Unclassified. do Due to municipal consumption do Due to Federal consumption do Due to Federal consumption do STATEMENT NO. 5D.—Pitometer district I, survey No. 4. Measurement, October 4-11, 1915. Mean daily supply gallons. 16, 552, 00 Minimum night rate do 12, 736, 00 Ratio of minimum night rate to mean daily supply per cent. Per capita consumption (resident population)	Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per daygallons.	54, 700
Services	Due to flow inside metered premises do	53, 700 0
Mains	Due to underground leakage—	. 1,000
Total flow accounted for	Mainsdo	0
Total flow unaccounted for	Total do Due to municipal consumption do Due to Federal consumption do	1,000 0 0
Measurement, October 4-11, 1915. gallons. ¹ 6, 552, 06 Mean daily supply. do ¹ 2, 736, 06 Ratio of minimum night rate to mean daily supply. per cent. ⁴ 2 Per capita consumption (resident population). Subdivision survey: Started, February 2, 1916. Finished, May 1, 1916. Cost. \$2, 466. ½ Population: Resident— Metered. 21, 46 Unmetered 2, 14 Total. 23, 60 Floating— Metered. Metered. 7, 44 Unmetered 7, 44	Total flow accounted for	54, 700 0
Mean daily supply gallons 16, 552, 00 Minimum night rate do 12, 736, 00 Ratio of minimum night rate to mean daily supply per cent Per capita consumption (resident population) Subdivision survey: Started, February 2, 1916. Finished, May 1, 1916. Cost \$2, 466.2 Population: Resident— Metered 21, 44 Unmetered 2, 14 Total 23, 60 Floating— 7, 44 Unmetered 7, 44 Unmetered 7, 45 Unmetered 7, 47 Unmetered 7, 48 Unmetered 7, 48 Unmetered 7, 48 Unmetered 7, 48	Statement No. 5D.—Pitometer district I, survey No. 4.	
Minimum night rate do 2,730,00	Measurement, October 4-11, 1915.	16 552 000
Started, February 2, 1916. Finished, May 1, 1916. Cost. \$2, 466. 2 Population: Resident— Metered. 21, 44 Unmetered 2, 14 Total 23, 66 Floating— Metered. 7, 44 Unmetered 7, 44 Unmetered 7, 44	Minimum night rate	12, 736, 000 42
Population: Resident—	Started, February 2, 1916. Finished, May 1, 1916.	\$2 466 20
Resident— 21,4 Metered 2,12 Unmetered 2,12 Total 23,60 Floating— 7,49 Unmetered 7,40 Unmetered 7,40		42, 100. 20
Total. 23, 60 Floating— 7, 48 Unmetered 76	Resident— Metered	21, 456 2, 149
Floating— Metered		23, 605
Metered 7, 44 Unmetered 75	Floating—	
Total 8.20	Metered	7,493 791
***************************************	Total	8, 284

Buildings:	
Dwellings—	
MeteredUnmetered	3,661
Hotels and apartments—	- 466
Metered	101
Unmetered	. 101
restaurants-	
Metered	. 0
Unmetered	. 0
Metered	
Unmetered.	. 0
Municipal bulldings—	
Metered	. 11
Unmetered	. 4
1 oderar buildings—	
Metered	. 4
Unmetered Miscellaneous—	. 0
Metered	47.0
Unmetered	- 418
Total—	
Metered	4, 195
Unmetered. Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day	576
Due to flow inside meteoral property of the standard property of the st	1, 123, 100
Due to flow inside metered premises	503, 100
Due to flow inside unmetered premises	. 143, 400
Due to underground leakage-	
Services	994 400
Unclassified	41, 600
Totaldo	
Due to municipal consumption	76, 800
Due to Federal consumption. do. Total flow secounted for do	10,000
Total flow accounted for do. Total flow unaccounted for do.	1,071,600
dodo	51, 500
STATEMENT No. 5E.—Pitometer district K, survey No. 4.	
Measurement, October 4-11, 1915.	
Mean daily supply	
Minimum night rate	16, 552, 000
Ratio of minimum night rate to mean daily supply per cent	-2, 730, 000
Per capita consumption (resident population)gallons.	42
Started, November 1, 1915. Finished, April 13, 1916.	
Cost	
	\$3, 480. 90
Population:	
Resident—	
Metered	24, 380
Unmetered	2,668
Total	
	27,048
Floating—	
Metered	9, 167
Unmetered	675
Total	9,842

Buildings:	
Dwellings-	
Metered	7,081
Unmetered	179
Hotels and apartments— Metered	47
Unmetered	47 0
Restaurants—	U
Metered	15
Unmetered.	0
Factories—	v
Metered	. 5
Unmetered	ő
Municipal buildings—	
Metered	20
Unmetered	1
Federal buildings—	
Metered	0
Unmetered	0
Miscellaneous—	
Metered	920
Unmetered	64
Total— Metered	0.000
Unmetered	8,088 244
Total night flow detected by subdivision tests per day. gallons. Due to flow inside metered premises	9 995 200
Due to flow inside metered premises	1 977 100
Due to flow inside unmetered premisesdo	44, 200
Due to underground leakage—	
Servicesdo	81, 700
Mainsdo	35, 100
Unclassifieddo	8,600
Totaldo	125, 400
Due to municipal consumptiondo	51, 100
Due to Federal consumptiondo	0
Total flow accounted fordo	2, 197, 800
Total flow unaccounted fordo	27, 400
Statement No. 5G-Pitometer district, Reno, miscellaneous.	
N	
No measurement made.	
Subdivision survey:	
Started, July 26, 1915. Finished, September 19, 1915.	
Cost	@1 546 O5
CONTRACTOR	φ1, 540. 05
Population:	
Resident—	
Metered	10,644
Unmetered	908
Total	11,552
The discountry of the second o	
Floating—	
Metered	
Unmetered	367
Total	2, 343
	۷, نام

Development	Buildings:	
Unmetered	Dwellings— Matered	2 560
Hotels and apartments— Metered.		
Metered. 4 Unmetered. 0 Total. 4 Restaurants—	Total	2, 585
Metered. 4 Unmetered. 0 Total. 4 Restaurants—	Hotels and apartments—	
Restaurants	Metered	-
Metered. 1 Unmetered. 0 Total. 1 Factories—	Total	4
Unmetered 0 0		
Factories		
Metered. 0 Total. 0 Municipal buildings— 9 Metered. 9 Unmetered 0 Total. 9 Federal buildings— 1 Metered. 1 Unmetered. 1 Total. 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Unmetered. 11 Total. 91 Total— 2,664 Unmetered. 2,80 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981,200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177,900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises do 0 Due to underground leakage— 3ex vices do 6,700 Mains. do 40,500 Unclassified do 0 Total. do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption do 328,600 Total to Federal consumption do 250,900 Total flow accounted for <t< td=""><td>Total</td><td>1</td></t<>	Total	1
Metered. 0 Total. 0 Municipal buildings— 9 Metered. 9 Unmetered 0 Total. 9 Federal buildings— 1 Metered. 1 Unmetered. 1 Total. 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Unmetered. 11 Total. 91 Total— 2,664 Unmetered. 2,80 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981,200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177,900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises do 0 Due to underground leakage— 3ex vices do 6,700 Mains. do 40,500 Unclassified do 0 Total. do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption do 328,600 Total to Federal consumption do 250,900 Total flow accounted for <t< td=""><td>Factories—</td><td></td></t<>	Factories—	
Municipal buildings— 9 Metered 9 Unmetered 0 Total 9 Federal buildings— 1 Metered 1 Unmetered 1 Total 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Metered 91 Total— 91 Total— 2,664 Unmetered 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981,200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177,900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises do 0 Due to underground leakage— Services do 6,700 Mains do 40,500 Unclassified do 40,500 Total do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption do 328,600 Total flow accounted for do 804,600	Metered	
Municipal buildings— 9 Metered 9 Unmetered 0 Total 9 Federal buildings— 1 Metered 1 Unmetered 1 Total 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Metered 91 Total— 91 Total— 2,664 Unmetered 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981,200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177,900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises do 0 Due to underground leakage— Services do 6,700 Mains do 40,500 Unclassified do 40,500 Total do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption do 328,600 Total flow accounted for do 804,600	Total	. 0.
Metered		
Federal buildings— 1 Metered. 1 Unmetered 1 Total. 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Metered. 91 Total. 91 Total— 2, 664 Unmetered. 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day. gallons. 981, 200 Due to flow inside metered premises. do. 177, 900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises. do. 0 Due to underground leakage— 36, 700 6, 700 Mains. do. 40, 500 Unclassified. do. 0 Total. do. 47, 200 Due to municipal consumption. do. 328, 600 Due to Federal consumption. do. 325, 900 Total flow accounted for do. 804, 600	Metered	
Metered 1 Unmetered 1 Total 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Metered 91 Total 91 Total— 2, 664 Unmetered 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981, 200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177, 900 Due to underground leakage— 30 6, 700 Services do 40, 500 Mains do 40, 500 Unclassified do 47, 200 Due to municipal consumption do 328, 600 Due to Federal consumption do 328, 600 Total flow accounted for do 804, 600	Total	9
Metered 1 Unmetered 1 Total 2 Miscellaneous— 80 Metered 91 Total 91 Total— 2, 664 Unmetered 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981, 200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177, 900 Due to underground leakage— 30 6, 700 Services do 40, 500 Mains do 40, 500 Unclassified do 47, 200 Due to municipal consumption do 328, 600 Due to Federal consumption do 328, 600 Total flow accounted for do 804, 600	Federal buildings-	
Miscellaneous— 80 Unmetered 11 Total. 91 Total— 2, 664 Unmetered 28 Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons 981, 200 Due to flow inside metered premises do 177, 900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises do 0 Due to underground leakage— Services do 6, 700 Mains do 40, 500 Unclassified do 0 Total do 47, 200 Due to municipal consumption do 328, 600 Due to Federal consumption do 250, 900 Total flow accounted for do 804, 600	Metered	
Metered	Total	2
Metered	Miscellaneous—	
Total—	Metered	
Total—	Total	
Metered Unmetered 2,664 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2		
Due to flow inside metered premises. .do 177.900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises. .do 0 Due to underground leakage— .do 6,700 Mains. .do 40,500 Unclassified .do 0 Total. .do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption .do 328,600 Due to Federal consumption .do 250,900 Total flow accounted for .do 804,600	Metered	
Due to flow inside metered premises. .do 177.900 Due to flow inside unmetered premises. .do 0 Due to underground leakage— .do 6,700 Mains. .do 40,500 Unclassified .do 0 Total. .do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption .do 328,600 Due to Federal consumption .do 250,900 Total flow accounted for .do 804,600	Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons	981 200
Due to underground leakage— Services.	Due to flow inside metered premisesdo	177.900
Services		
Unclassified .do 0 Total .do 47,200 Due to municipal consumption .do 328,600 Due to Federal consumption .do 250,900 Total flow accounted for .do 804,600	Servicesdo	
Due to municipal consumption .do 328,600 Due to Federal consumption .do 250,900 Total flow accounted for .do 804,600	Mainsdo	
Due to Federal consumption. do. 250, 900 Total flow accounted for do. 804, 600	Totaldo	47, 200
Total flow accounted for do. 804, 600	Due to municipal consumptiondo	
Total flow unaccounted for do. 176, 600	Total flow accounted fordo	804, 600
	Total flow unaccounted for	176, 600

Statement No. 5H.—Pitometer District F, miscellaneous.

STATEMENT NO. 311.—Fullometer District F, miscellaneous.	
No measurement made. Subdivision survey: Started June 11, 1916. Finished June 30, 1916.	
Cost	\$517.91
Population: = Resident— Metered	1,815
Unmetered.	305
Total.	2, 120
Floating— Metered Unemtered.	12 5
Total	17
Buildings: Dwellings—	
Metered Unmetered Hotels and apartments—	30 5 112
Metered Unmetered Restaurants—	$0 \frac{1}{0}$
Metered. Unmetered. Factories. Metered.	0 0
Unmetered Municipal buildings— Metered	0
Federal buildings— Metered.	0
Miscellaneous—	ő
Metered. Unmetered. Total— Metered. Unmetered.	18 9
Chineteled	324 121
Total night flow detected by subdivision tests, per day gallons. Due to flow inside metered premises do Due to flow inside unmetered premises do Due to pale research below	84, 200 50, 700 0
Due to underground leakage—	22, 700 6, 900 0
Total. Due to municipal consumption do Due to Federal consumption do Total flow accounted for do	29,600 0 0
Total flow accounted for do. Total flow unaccounted for do.	80, 300 3, 900

ACCOUNTING AND STORES.

Sir: The following is a summary of the work done by this division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. There has been considerable of an increase in this branch of the department since the last report.

69,532

ACCOUNTS.

The expense account and other tables showing in detail the cost of operating this branch of the department are submitted.

In all. 748 separate accounts were opened during the year and the following miscellaneous office work performed:

•	
Vouchers passed	9 410
Requisitions made	794
Letters mailed	1, 100
Cards mailed	56
Official letters written	
Work orders issued.	
Files received and forwarded.	2, 259
Pay rolls made	1, 168
Miscellaneous papers handled	
Records made on cards	1,707
Letters filed	3,346
Fransfer vouchers made	809

Total An increase over the previous year of 3,298 papers handled.

STOREKEEPING.

The work of this branch has been kept up to its standard during the year, under the supervision of the stores clerk, Mr. Robertson, whose report follows:

The value of material issued during the year was \$254,945.05 and of material received

\$255,174,17.

The values of monthly receipts and issues of material were as follows:

Month.	Received.	Issued.
July, 1915 August	\$12,852,01	\$21, 747, 71
August	12,065,67	18, 502, 65
September	22, 456, 46	24, 150, 03
October	24, 931, 94	24, 450, 47
November	21,013.53	20, 758, 79
December	21, 052, 29	19, 216, 89
January, 1916		18, 292, 92
repruary	25, 082, 34	16, 772. 13
March	21, 160. 32	21, 551, 93
April	21, 976, 86	19, 796. 66
May		
June	36, 726, 89	25, 769. 25
Total	255, 174. 17	254, 945. 03

The value of tools and equipment received was \$23,461.61 and disposed of by

transfer, etc., \$30,379.82.
At the close of business, June 30, 1916, the value of material in stock was \$142,212.70 and of tools and equipment in use and in storerooms, \$646,240.66.

Total accountability of subdivision on June 30, 1916, was \$788,453.36.

Cost of operating storeroom for the fiscal year 1916 was 4.64 per cent of the value of material issued and tools and equipment disposed of-a decrease of 0.36 per cent from cost of 1915. Large quantities of tools and equipment were issued to various branches of the department, the value of which was not used in arriving at the percentage of cost.

During the year there was recovered from scrap pile lead and brass as follows:

. Material.	Quantity.	Value.
Lead pounds. Brass do	815 5, 590. 5	\$48.90 559.05 607.95

Statement No. 5H.— $Pitometer\ District\ F,\ miscellaneous.$

No measurement made. Subdivision survey:	
Started June 11, 1916.	
Finished June 30, 1916.	
Cost	\$517.9
Population:	
Resident—	
Motored	
Metered	1,81
Unmetered.	30
Total.	9 10
	2, 12
Floating—	
Metered	1
Unemtered.	
Total	1
Buildings:	
Dwellings—	
Metered	30
Unmetered Hotels and apartments—	11
Metered	
Unmetered. Restaurants—	
Metered	
Unmetered.	1
Factories.	
Unmetered	1
Metered	
Federal buildings—	
Metered	
	,
Metered	18
	16
	,
Metered	324
	121
otal night flow detected by subdivision tests, per daygallons	
Due to flow inside metered premises	84, 200
Due to flow inside unmetered premises. do	50, 700
	(
Due to underground leakage—	
Services	00 700
Mainsdo Unclassifieddo	22,700 $6,900$
Unclassifieddodo	0, 900
Total	29,600
Due to municipal consumption do.	23,000
otal flow accounted for	0
otal now accounted for	
otal flow unaccounted for	80, 300

ACCOUNTING AND STORES.

Six: The following is a summary of the work done by this division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. There has been considerable of an increase in this branch of the department since the last report.

ACCOUNTS.

The expense account and other tables showing in detail the cost of operating this branch of the department are submitted.

In all, 748 separate accounts were opened during the year and the following miscellaneous office work performed:

aneous one worn periodica.	
Vouchers passed	2,419
Requisitions made	724
Letters mailed	1,100
Cards mailed	56
Official letters written	845
Work orders issued.	2, 259
	1,489
Pay rolls made	1.168
	53, 610
Records made on cards	1,707
	3,346
Fransfer vouchers made	809
Total	39, 532

An increase over the previous year of 3,298 papers handled.

STOREKEEPING.

The work of this branch has been kept up to its standard during the year, under the supervision of the stores clerk, Mr. Robertson, whose report follows:

The values of monthly receipts and issues of material were as follows:

The value of material issued during the year was \$254,945.05 and of material received \$255,174.17.

Month.	Received.	Jssued.
July, 1915	\$12,852,01	\$21,747,7
August	12.065.67	18, 502, 62
September	22, 456, 46	24, 150, 03
October	24, 931, 94	24, 450, 47
November	21, 013, 53	20, 758, 79
December	21.052.29	19, 216, 89
January, 1916. February	20, 874, 73	18, 292, 99
February	25, 082, 34	16, 772, 1
March	21, 160, 32	21, 551, 95
April	21, 976, 86	19, 796, 66
May	14, 981, 13	23, 935, 58
June	36,726.89	25, 769. 28
Total	255, 174, 17	254, 945, 05

The value of tools and equipment received was \$23,461.61 and disposed of by transfer, etc., \$30,379.82.

At the close of business, June 30, 1916, the value of material in stock was \$142,212.70 and of tools and equipment in use and in storerooms, \$646,240.66.

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During the year there was recovered from scrap pile lead and brass as follows:

Material.	Quantity.	Value.
Lead pounds. Brass do.	815 5,590.5	\$48, 90 559, 05
		607.95

During the year there was collected, broken up, weighed, and delivered to contractor the following old materials:

Material.	Quantity.	Value.
Cast iron pounds Wrought iron do Barrels do Lead dross pounds Rubber hose, matting, tires, etc do Rope, manila do	29,655 105	\$1,514.7 103.7 70.8 233.8 112.4 14.6

MISCELLANEOUS WORK PERFORMED.

There were prepared and forwarded to the superintendent 131 requisitions for material, etc., weekly reports showing quantity of pipe and fittings on hand and work performed, daily statement of value of material, tools and equipment received and issued, value of material on hand, and tools and equipment in use in storerooms. Semiannual reports of property received, issued, and transferred were made in

January and April.

Sixty-two personal tool and equipment accounts were checked.

Five hundred and thirty-four sick and injured employees were given treatment from first-aid cabinet by employees of this subdivision.

During the year a number of visitors representing out-of-town water departments and visitors representing other branches of the District government inspected the storeroom and methods employed to keep account of tools and material.

The work accomplished by this division during the year is due to the faithful and efficient service of the employees.

Table I.—Statement of cash account of the water fund, District of Columbia, including

To the Superintendent, Water Department.

W. C. SMALL, Clerk in charge.

1,081.62

23.65

24, 669, 76 866, 133, 22

outstanding obligations and appropriations, for the fiscal ye shown by the books of the auditor of the District of Columbia	are anded Tour	bia, includin e 30. 1916, a
Balances July 1, 1915: Cash in Treasury of the United States.	\$138, 247. 93	
Cash in hands of disbursing officer, District of Columbia.	4, 903. 36	
Receipts for year:		\$143, 151. 29
Water rents		
Water rents.	624,882.18	
Taps and stopcocks.	7, 020. 80	
Water-main assessment collections—		
Principal.	60, 007. 08	
interest on deterred payments	4,640.72	
Sale of old materials.	1, 761. 39	
Departments for		698, 312. 17
Repayments for year: Cash—		
High service, 1916.	2, 178. 63	
High service, 1915.	1,843.92	
Salaries, revenue and inspection branch, 1916	41, 66	
Salaries, distribution branch, 1915	32. 55	
General expenses, 1916	11. 25	
General expenses, 1915	27. 00	
Transfer Vouchers—		
High service, 1916	17, 325. 36	
nigh service, 1915	1, 791, 05	
General expenses, 1916	313. 07	
General expenses, 1915.	1, 081, 62	

Salaries, distribution branch, 1916.....

Expenditures for year: Appropriation water department, District of Columbia,		
1916———————————————————————————————————	\$31, 997. 22 55, 111. 95 3, 809. 69 29, 044. 14 429, 769. 29	
Refunds. Reimbursement to the United States on account of appropriation for the extension of water mains	1, 615. 52 19, 967. 21	AFRI 017 00
Appropriation water department, District of Columbia, 1915—		\$571, 315. 02
Contingent expenses. General expenses. High service.	377. 47 5, 294. 92 40, 703. 04	46, 375. 43
Total cash expenditures for year		617, 690. 45
Cash in hands of disbursing officer, District of Columbia.	3, 069. 80	248, 442. 77
	-	866, 133. 22
Resources:		940 449 77
June 30, 1916, cash balances to credit of water fund as al Add amount of transfer credits due for work done by w ment during 1916 not yet received by auditor	ater depart-	
	-	249, 969. 33
Liabilities: Unexpended balances of water department appropriation years—	ns for fiscal	
1916		9, 581. 73
1915. Outstanding liabilities account appropriation for high set	vice, 1916.	3, 394. 76 191, 854. 98
Leaves balance available for appropriation, carried for 1917 account	orward, to	¹ 45, 137. 86
	-	249, 969. 33

¹ This balance should be reduced by \$30,000 when consideration is given to the fact that completion of construction work ordered by the commissioners will require the expenditure of the above amount for, labor on account of 20-inch main from Georgia Avenue and Fairmont Street to Woodley Road and Wisconsin Avenue NW.

Table II.—Cost of work done by the water department for the year ending June 30, 1916.

	Don dlam	Material expended,			Charge to general account	eral account.		Stobles
Heads of expenditures.	and salaries.	cuts, and transporta- tion.	Totalex- penditures.	New work.	Operating expenses.	General repairs.	Replacement of old work.	accounts,
Water surveys (detection of leaks) Installation and maintenance of meters. Office of water registrations. Inspection and repair of services.	\$29,079.75 32,327.93 55,088.22 28,472.15	\$5,131.02 62,422.75 5,397.19		\$2,045.52 76,508.94	\$32,165.25 18,241.74 60,485.41	\$31 651 39		
New services installed Tapping water mains	3, 477. 10			5,526.25 7,002.83		00.100		
Engineering Stable and hauling account				7,500.50	14,941.65			\$36,324,09
Operation and repairs of varves, me hydranis, etc				716.00	18,534.71	13,277.17		
Repuirs to deaks. Reservoirs, lodges, and towers. Reservoirs, lodges, and towers. Reservoirs, lodges, and towers.	11,851.10 4,813.52 8,048.96 6,384.76	5,088.24 19,207.58 1,502.78	24, 021, 10 24, 021, 10 9, 551, 74	18, 427, 57	4,618.29 9,551.74	19, 939. 34 975. 24		
Replacement work, lowering mains, etc	11, 260, 01				17. 872. 67		\$35, 777.37	
Care of District pumping station	26,613.91	3,120.06 28,361.94			16, 469.35	1,601.89		
Operating and repairs of pumps, Keno. Operating and repairs of pumps, Anaeostia. New numbing consistence.	3,277,12	1,045.02	2,611.74 4,322.14	000	2, 379, 29 3, 979, 95	232, 45		
Shop work New buildings	21, 137, 20	12,748.34	33, 885, 54	20,506,69	11,047.80	2,331.05		
Furnished other District of Columbia offices.	7,049.43	2, 736.87	9,786.30	2,310,20	9,786.30			
Gross expenditures.	385,911.49	308, 505, 35	694, 416.84	276,914.67	261,544.52	83,856.19	35, 777.37	36, 324. 09
		SUMMARY.	Υ.					
Expenditures: Per diem pay rolls. Salary pay rolls.	86	\$298, 807.31 C	Charged to— New work Operating, expenses	xpenses			\$276,914.67	Per e
Total services. Material expended, cuts, etc.	38	385, 911. 49 308, 505. 35	General repa Replacemen	Replacement work			83, 856	12.7
Gross expenditures. Less transportation credit.	8	694, 416. 84 36, 324. 09					658, 092. 75	75 100.0
Net expenditures		658 009 75						

Table III.—Statement of the distribution system, including mains laid by the United States, the District of Columbia, and on account of repayment work.

	In service June 30, 1915.	Laid during year ended June 30, 1916.	Abandoned during year ended June 30, 1916.	In service June 30, 1916.
Diameter:				
3-inchlinear feet	79,988	825	124	80,689
4-inch	152,527	1,450	1,559	152, 418
6-inch	1, 471, 548	2,983	1,906	1,472,625
8-inch	791,006	38,630	2,067	827,569
10-inchdo	9, 109	00,000	2,001	9,109
12-inch	363,211	8,364	60	371,515
16-inchdo	17,564	302	00	17,866
20-inchdo	98,868	1,560	367	100,061
24-inch	26,408	1,000	001	26, 408
30-inchdo	57,995			57,995
36-inchdo	59,437			59, 437
42-inchdo	23			25
48-inchdo	44, 172			44,172
75-inchdo	600			600
Total	3, 172, 456	. 54,114	6,083	3, 220, 487
Stop valves	9,654	565	190	10,029
Fire hydrants	3,374	253	183	3,444
Public hydrants	217	5	4	218
Sanitary fountains	13	4	1	16
Horse fountains	152	1		153
Public wells (deep)	44			44
Public wells (shallow)	9			6

Table IV.—Statement of the length and cost of water mains laid from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1916, paid from water department funds.

	In service June 30, 1915.	Laid during year ended June 30, 1916.	Abandoned during year ended June 30, 1916.	In service June 30, 1916.
iameter:				•
3-inchlinear feet	77,052	36		77.088
4-inch. do	117, 434	482	1,499	116, 417
6-inch. do	1,083,192	2,417	1,426	1,084,18
8-inchdo	738,373	37,874	843	775, 40-
10-inchdo	6,741			6,74
12-inchdo	323,546	8,295	57	331,78
16-inchdo	17,638	302		17,94
20-inchdo	88,798	1,200		89,998
24-inchdo	14,494			14, 49
30-inchdo	20,437			20,43
36-inchdo	38,248			38, 24
42-inchdo	23			2
48-inchdo	14,309			14,30
Total	2,540,285	50,606	3,825	2,587,06

 Total cost to June 30, 1915...
 \$3,686,834.55

 Total cost for year ended June 30, 1916...
 \$5,848.02

 Aggregate cost to June 30, 1916...
 3,772,682.57

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Table V.—Statement of the average cost per foot for laying water mains for the year ended June 30, 1916.

Character of pavement cut.	Size of pipe.	Cost for labor per linear foot.	Cost for material, cuts to pavements, etc., per linear foot.	Total cost per linear foot laid.
Sheet asphalt. Sheet asphalt Macadam Cement Sheet asphalt Macadam Unimproved Macadam Unimproved Macadam Unimproved Sheet asphalt	Inches. 3 4 4 6 8 8 8 12 12 16	\$0.872 .595 .482 .616 .565 .424 .332 .461 .332 .868	\$0.515 .808 1.222 .933 1.281 .846 .809 1.228 1.147 2.668	\$1.387 1.403 1.704 1.549 1.846 1.270 1.161 1.689 1.499 3.536

 ${\tt Note.-Excessive}$ cost of 3 and 4 inch main due to pipe being laid in short sections in alleys and house connections.

REPORT OF THE WATER REGISTRAR.

Остовек 3. 1916.

Sin: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the revenue and inspection branch of the water department, showing in detail the work accomplished during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

INSTALLATION OF METERS.

The work during the year consisted in metering that portion of the first high service embraced in the territory between Twenty-third Street and Rock Creek, L Street and Florida Avenue NW.; E Street and Florida Avenue, North Capitol and Thirteenth Streets NE.; Fifth and Nineteenth, East Capitol and E Steeets SE. Meters were also installed in areas previously covered where new houses have since been erected.

In the installation this year quite a number of private services were encountered, and, being of wrought iron and in a bad condition from long use and corrosion, it was necessary to disconnect the premises supplied through them and connect direct to the water main.

In all cases, as heretofore, where a curb cock or box was missing a new one was installed.

The number of meters installed during the year was 5,880 and the number discontinued was 308, making a total now in use 53,983.

The following shows the average cost of installing a meter:

and the state of the average cost of installing a meter.	
Meter	9 97
Total	11. 27
In charge, master plumber (half time 1)	13 1
The following additional work was performed in connection with the in	nstallation of

The following additional work was performed in connection with the installation of meters: Adjusting meter pits to grade; removing meters for test, etc.; setting temporary meters, etc. This work was handled by the following force:

In charge, master plumber (half	- 1	Laborers.	2
time 1). Plumbers.	1	1-horse wagons	2

In addition to the above, such assistance as may be necessary from time to time is given by the different forces engaged on other work when this class of work becomes heavy.

 $^{^1\,\}mathrm{As}$ this man also has charge of taking out meters for test and repairs, etc., only half of his time is properly charged to installation.

LEAKS AND WASTES.

During the year 36,732 examinations for leaks were made; this included ordinary leaks at house fixtures and the more complicated cases of underground leaks, the detection of which required considerable time and the employment of experienced

In all, 413 water services were disconnected at the tap in the main; of this number 264 formerly served houses that have been torn down; the remainder were installed many years ago and in a large number of cases never used. This latter class of services has caused considerable trouble in the past, owing to the fact that in some cases there was either no data as to their installation or the location was so indefinite as to be practically useless. Leaks from this source were difficult to locate.

The water supply was cut off from 6,394 houses this year during the period of vacancy which has resulted in the saving of considerable water and has prevented the reoccupying of these houses without the knowledge of the office, thereby insuring full payment for the time water was used.

During the year 4,850 taps and curb cocks were located. This work was done in advance of the meter installation, thereby rendering it unnecessary to defer the installation of a meter on account of the indefinite location of the service. For this purpose the Grove electric indicator was used. This instrument was employed during the year in 1.174 cases.

The subdivision engaged on leaks and wastes also performed the following work: New curb cocks installed or old ones repaired 164; 28 services repaired; 49 street washers repaired, replaced, or removed; 15 pressure regulators installed or repaired; 9 services lowered to grade; 50 private services disconnected; and 166 houses connected direct to mains. They also assisted from time to time in the removal of meters for repair and test and replacing them with others. Some of the old services abandoned formerly supplied two or more houses, which accounts for the difference in the number of services.

SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

There were 1.545 new service connections made, inspected, and locations recorded during the year; also 746 repairs, etc., to water services and appurtenances were inspected and recorded.

This work has been handled by the regular inspector with some assistance from the office force, and inspections have been made in the majority of cases within one hour of the time specified by the plumber doing the work.

Owing to the reduction in the number of new service connections, the tapper and assistant tapper have been used in connection with leaks and wastes and the taking out and replacing of meters, thus keeping these branches of the work up to date. This detail did not occasion any loss of time in connection with the tapping of water mains, and saved the employment of more men in the subdivision to which the assistance was given.

REVENUES.

The table of comparative revenues shows a total collection of \$722,981.93.

There has been a drop in the revenues for water rents this year, which is partly attributable to the decrease in building operations and the consequent lessening of the number of new services installed, and also to the change in the charge for water from the flat rate to the meter rate, a loss which was fully anticipated. From this it will be seen that meters have proved of considerable benefit to the consumers in general from a financial point of view, and their installation has been of the greatest value to the District of Columbia in cutting down the waste of water.

Table 1 shows statement of collections and expenditures.

Table 2 shows comparative statement of revenues.

Table 3 shows number of meters in service. Table 4 shows general information.

WATER RATES.

There has been no change in water rates during the past year. The rate for domestic purposes is charged according to stories and front feet. On all tenements two stories high with a frontage of 16 feet or less, \$5 per annum; for each additional front foot or fraction thereof greater than one-half, 31 cents; for each additional story or part thereof, one-third of the charges as computed above.

Business premises are rated according to their size, class, volume of business, and water facilities, and rate from \$1 to \$25. If the flat rate on business establishments

reaches \$25 or more, the owner or occupant is required to install a water meter at his

Meter rates.—A minimum rate of \$4.50 is charged against all consumers supplied with water through meters, which allows the use of 7,500 cubic feet of water during the fiscal year, water used in excess of this quantity being charged for at the rate of 4 cents per 100 cubic feet.

CONDITION OF THE WORK.

Notwithstanding the fact that there has been a large increase in business over that of previous years, owing to the change from the flat rate to the meter system, the condition was met without any addition to the force and the work was up to date at the close of the year.

This result was obtained by the faithful cooperation of the employees, for which I

now take pleasure in expressing my appreciation.

Very respectfully,

GEO. W. WALLACE, Water Registrar.

The SUPERINTENDENT, WATER DEPARTMENT.

Table 1.—Statement of collections and expenditures

Water rents: Flat rate. Meters. Building purposes.	\$138, 624, 30 482, 605, 92 3, 651, 96
Water-main tax, principal and interest. \$64, 647.80 Taps and stopcocks. 7, 020.80 Miscellaneous receipts. 1, 761.39	
Total receipts	698, 312. 17 24, 669. 76
Total receipts and repayments	722, 981. 93

Table 2.—Statement of cash receipts and expenditures of the water fund, District of Columbia, for the fiscal years from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1916.

Year.	Water rents.	Water- main tax, principal and in- terest on same.	Taps and stop-cocks.	Miscellaneous receipts.	and spe-	Total receipts and re- payments, balance brought forward.	Receipts and repay- ments, in- cluding balance brought forward from year to year.	Expen- ditures.
1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1909 1910 1911 1911 1912 2513 1914 1915	362, 266, 54 468, 889, 47 479, 981, 22 502, 894, 45 509, 769, 23 521, 581, 78 545, 405, 47 646, 296, 64 638, 861, 89	\$51, 713, 64 32, 217, 84 34, 395, 76 51, 319, 62 57, 462, 39 57, 654, 06 76, 905, 15 101, 987, 53 122, 458, 81 138, 693, 75 86, 379, 21 66, 107, 56 64, 647, 80	8,603.80 9,100.00 9,487.10 10,674.15 11,794.78 8,824.35 11,438.65 8,685.50 6,118.20 6,559.89	2,819.95 23.60 6,254.73 1,376.24 1,530.08 1,715.20 960.04 2,817.50 3.153.81 4,253.20 3,532.77	\$16,074.20 27,652.46 25,187.61 19,912.51 47,984.45 49,875.59 26,498.58 94,520.49 110,441.39 14,923.91 24,131.64 11,513.50 24,669.76	423, 450, 98 430, 973, 51 555, 863, 43 595, 492, 40 622, 628, 33 626, 682, 94 727, 974, 19 792, 561, 82 805, 465, 61 767, 178, 40	\$758, 460, 67 473, 806, 07 467, 568, 32 587, 770, 31 652, 883, 32 666, 270, 89 710, 361, 50 818, 092, 00 879, 760, 24 915, 695, 67 828, 396, 69 763, 020, 14	437, 211, 26 435, 661, 44 530, 379, 39 609, 240, 76 582, 592, 33 620, 243, 69 730, 893, 58 769, 530, 18 854, 477, 38 791, 952, 16 619, 868, 85
1917 ¹	6, 634, 941, 48 610, 000, 00 600, 000, 00	941, 943, 12 65, 000, 00 65, 000, 00				7, 829, 714, 21 ² 683, 000, 00 ² 673, 000, 00		7, 690, 978. 20

¹ Estimated.

² Estimated total revenue.

Table 3.—Water meters.

Name.	⁵-inch.	3-inch.	1-inch.	1½- inch.	inch.	3- inch.	4- inch.	6- inch.	8- inch.	Total.
American American, new model	159 73	3	10	4						176
Crown	2 49	12 11	33 8	25 1	10	8 2	1	2		92 73
Enare. Eureka. Gamon	38	18	19	29	10		1			76 1 38
Gem. Hersey Disc. Hersey, model F.	23, 314	548	45	94	23 26	15 13	8 2	1		729 23, 314
Hersey, Torrent Hersey, Detector Keystone (Pittsburgh Disc)			43	30	21	2 6 25	6 3	9	3	24 164
Keystone, model W King Lambert	12,661 171 1,222	1 162	3 136	6	1 61	16	7	1		12,661 182 1,712
Lambert Special	487 129	382 62	554 55	273 71	122	41 1	12	····i		487 1,514 228
Standard	11	11 71	29	4 36	23 29		1			102 2, 898
Trident Disc Trident Crest Trident Compound			116	100	2	7 3	14 1	1		24
Union	237 50	3 48	7 55	31	21	14	1 5			16 411 50
Worthington, model G (old) Worthington, model G (new) Worthington, model K	90 4, 932 3, 852									90 4, 932 3, 852
Total	50,049	1,374	1, 113	815	390	156	62	16	3	53, 978
Total meters and registers.										53,988

¹ One ½-inch meter.

Table 4 —General information

TABLE 4.—General information.	
Average cost of installing a water meter by the department: \$5.00 Meter. \$5.00 Material 3.37 Labor 2.90	
Cost of labor and material for maintenance of meters.	\$11.27 18,593.64
Average cost per meter for maintenance	
Consumption of water through meters: District meters cubic feet. District meters in municipal buildings . cubic feet. Private meters cubic feet. Private meters in charitable institutions . cubic feet.	403, 709, 400 61, 573, 100 563, 795, 600 26, 638, 900
	1, 055, 717, 000

Meters in service.	In use June 30, 1915.	Installed, 1916.	Abandoned, 1916.	Total in use June 30, 1916.
District meters. District meters in municipal buildings. Private meters in charitable institutions.	44, 843 255 3, 137 176	5,769 4 98 9	124 6 174 4	50, 488 253 3, 061 181
Total	48, 411	5, 880	308	53,983

Average cost of reading meters. Average cost of computing and making bills. Average payment for premises in which meters were installed. Average payment for flat rate accounts.	
Difference	96
Revenue:	
For metered water— District of Columbia meters. \$245, 853.44 Private meters. 236, 752.45	
For flat-rate accounts— Water rents. 138, 624. 3 Building purposes. 3, 651. 90	0 6
	- 142, 276. 26
Total revenues for the fiscal year 1916	. 624, 882.18
Water services: In use June 30, 1915. 68, 365 Installed, 1916. 1, 545	
Abandoned, 1916.	69, 761
Water services in use June 30, 1916. Water services metered.	69, 761 53, 965
Water services not metered. Percentage of services metered.	15, 796

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF SEWERS.

Washington, D. C., October 2, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the sewer division, engineer department, District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916.

DIVISION A.—DRAINAGE STUDIES, PLANS, ENGINEERING DATA.

Studies for the future development of the sewerage system, for new trunk lines as well as important extensions, included during the year the following: For sanitary drainage and separate system sewerage, detailed plans were prepared for drainage works in Falls Branch Valley, including outlet for same from the northern boundary of the Dalecarlia Reservoir to the Chain Bridge, where connection will be made to the Upper Potomac interceptor; also sanitary sewers and outlet system for Chevy Chase grove, Pinehurst, and other large areas north of Broad Branch bordering Rock Creek Park; also sanitary sewers for developing areas in the northerly part of Petworth; sanitary sewers and outlets for Kenilworth, Hillbrook, and Bennings areas, extending to the easterly boundary of the District.

Storm drainage studies were developed for new areas in the vicinity of Cleveland Park, Chevy Chase, Petworth, Brightwood, in the Anacostia River Valley, and for the Piney Branch Valley between Georgia Avenue and the District line. Detail plans also were prepared for extensions of the Petworth, Upshur Street, Kningle Road, and Connecticut Avenue Heights trunk sewers, also for the main drainage works along the east side of the Anacostia River Valley, including storm-water outlets at Scaggs Branch, Popes Run, Smiths Branch, Elys Run, and Blaine Street.

Detail plans and estimates were prepared for a new drainage sewerage system for the lower James Creek Valley in the vicinity of the Army War College, providing for storm and sanitary drainage, and for the protection of the depressed portion of this area now subject to flooding. It is considered highly important in the interest of proper sanitation, as well as protection from flooding, that the construction recommended be authorized regardless of the matter of abandoning and filling the canal below P street.

Plans were also prepared for trunk sewers in Fourteenth Street NW., between H and K Streets; Seventeenth Street NW., between New York Avenue and D Street; Pennsylvania Avenue NW., between Second and Third Streets, as well as for concrete invert in old Tiber sewer from Pennsylvania Avenue southward.

For the sewage-disposal system, plans were prepared for the Anacostia main interceptor to Bennings and for the Rock Creek main interceptor to Military Road.

The year's work included study for locations of steam tunnels and conduits of the United States Central Heating, Lighting, and Power Plant, including changes in existing underground structures to permit this construction.

During the year the records of operating and mechanical plants have been analyzed

and results tabulated, and the comparative study of unit costs both of construction

and operation continued.

The engineering record for the year included rainfall, run-off, and river-flow data, bacteriological examinations and a sanitary study of stream conditions, as well as determination of the oxygen content of river waters throughout the year.

RAINFALL AND RUN-OFF.

Data for run-off studies included rainfall records from 3 automatic recording and 21 ordinary gauges, distributed over 50 square miles of area, as well as discharge and flow-line determinations for excessive storms in a number of the main drainage lines.

The storm of greatest intensity for the year occurred on June 10, 1916, beginning about 7.10 p. m. and lasting about 35 minutes. During this interval, in the northeast section, 2.08 inches of rain fell in 35 minutes.

The following is the record for this storm, as well as for the other excessive storms of the year:

Tabulation of the total observed rainfall for the three excessive storms of the fiscal year 1916 as recorded at 24 stations.

04-45		Radial	Total rainfall.		
Station No.	Location.	distance in miles.	July 19, 1915.	Aug. 8, 1915.	June 10, 1916.
1	Pennsylvania Avenue and Thirteenth Street NW Tenth and G Streets NW Seventeenth and K Streets NW.	0	0.90	0.69	2. 9
2	Tenth and G Streets NW	.40	.85	.78	2. 4:
3	Seventeenth and K Streets NW	.60	1.05	(1)	2.5
4	Twenty-fourth and M Streets NW. Delaware Avenue and C Street NE.	1.20	1. 25	.31	2. 1
5	Delaware Avenue and C Street NE	1.20	1.15	64	2. 1.
6	New York Avenue and New Jersey Avenue NW	1.20	.88	.62	2. 2.
7	Seventeenth and II Streets NW	1,40	1.75	. 55	1. 73
8	North Carolina Avenue and Seventh Street SE	1.90	1.12	.78	2. 8
9	Rock Creek and Massachusetts Avenue NW	2.00	1.08	.38	1. 2
10	First and O Streets SE	2.10	.96	1.07	2. 20
11	Dent Place and Thirty-fifth Street NW	2. 20	1.45	.35	1.50
12	Filtration Plant	2. 20	1.75	.40	1.55
13	Maryland Avenue and Thirteenth Street NE	2.30	.92	. 65	2. 68
14	Zoological Park Park Road and Holmead Place NW.	2.40	1.85	.60	1.30
15	Park Road and Holmead Place NW	2.40	1.35	.50	1.33
16	Twenty-first and A Streets NE	3.00	.72	.62	2. 53
17	Twenty-first and A Streets NE. Fourteenth and V Streets SE.	3.00	2.38	1.12	1.50
18	Twelfth and Monroe Streets NE	3.30	1.35	. 50	1. 38
19	Fourth Street and Nichols Avenue SE		1.90	.38	1. 2
20	Nebraska Avenue and Tunlaw Road	4.20	1.75	.98	.90
21	Georgia Avenue and Nicholson Street NW	4.40	(1)	.92	1.00
22	Minnesota Avenue and Gault Place NE	4.70	, 25	.75	3.70
23	Conduit Road and Little Falls Road	5, 10	1.78	1.00	.9
24	Great Falls, Md.	16.00	.80	.16	.73

¹ No record.

Excessive storm of June 10, 1916.

DEPTH OF PRECIPITATION.

[Depth in inches at time indicated.]

Gauge.	7.10	7.15	7.20	7.25	7.30	7.35	7.40	7.45
No. 4, Twenty-fourth and M Streets NW No. 10, First and O Streets SE No. 16, Twenty-first and A Streets NE	0	0. 59 . 20 . 10	0.81 .58 .20	1.11 1.15 .45	1.38 1.44 .82	1.75	1. 84 1. 90	1.89 2.08

RATE OF PRECIPITATION.

[Rate in inches per hour during periods of time indicated.]

Gauge.	5 min-	10 min-	15 min-	20 min-	25 min-	30 min-	35 min-	40 min-
	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.
No. 4, Twenty-fourth and M Streets NW. No. 10, First and O Streets SE No. 16, Twenty-first and A Streets NE.	1.62 0	2.36 1.20 2.40	2. 43 1. 20 3. 48	2. 66 1. 80 4. 60	2. 76 2. 46 4. 32	2. 73 3. 00 4. 20	3. 80 3. 68	3. 56

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF PRECIPITATION.

[Depth in inches during periods of time indicated.]

Gauge.	5 min-	10 min-	15 min-	20 min-	25 min-	30 min-	35 min-	40 min-
	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.	utes.
No. 4, Twenty-fourth and M Streets NW. No. 10, First and O Streets SE. No. 16, Twenty-first and A Streets NE.	0. 27	0.59 .20 .10	0.81 .58	1. 11 1. 15 . 45	1.38 1.44	1. 61 1. 75 1. 25	1.84	1.89 2.08

The precipitation, by months, for the fiscal year was recorded as follows:

September October November	 January. February. March April. May. June.	2.86 2.80 2.96
	Total	39.07

RIVER FLOW AND SEWAGE DILUTION.

The main sewage outfalls of the disposal system at Grimes on the Potomac River were under observation throughout the year and the river conditions in the vicinity of the outfalls were subject to careful study. In general the conditions of river waters continued good, the beaches free from deposit, while the examination of the river bottom fails to disclose as yet appreciable evidence of sludge deposits. Altogether, however, the conditions were not so favorable as heretofore and indicate, not only the need for the introduction of finer screens than now in use to remove more thoroughly the visible evidence of sewage discharge, but also the approaching need for the removal of a considerable portion of the organic matter before discharging the sewage into the river. The most striking indication as to the latter is to be found in the noticeable and objectionable odors frequently noticeable over considerable areas in the vicinity of the outfall, observable for the first time during this year. With the increasing volume of sewage these conditions will gradually grow worse unless adequate remedy is applied, and it is greatly to be desired in the interest of proper sanitation

that treatment works be installed before the conditions reach such a stage as to con-

stitute a positive nuisance.

The following is a tabulation of the flow of the Potomac River for each month of the year, together with the average discharge through the outfall. The latter includes considerable storm water, ground water, and stream flow from suburban areas, as well as leaks and wastes of the water-supply system. The actual ratio to river flow is given in this tabulation as well as the ratio of effective dilution obtained:

River flow and sewage dilution.

	River disc	harge (see	ond feet).	Average	1 153110 10	
Month.	Maxi- mum,	Mini- mum.	Mean.	pumpage (second- feet).	river flow.	Effective dilution.
1915 July	25, 125 13, 500 43, 000	2,388 1,550 3,425 3,463 1,638 3,012	3,343 8,418 6,668 8,820 4,500 8,332	100 101 98 91 88 94	1:33 1:83 1:68 1:97 1:51 1:88	72:1 181:1 144:1 190:1 97:1 180:1
January. February. March. April. May. June.	152,500 48,125	7,712 11,175 10,550 12,750 6,362 4,700	15, 285 19, 416 31, 126 24, 892 9, 983 17, 625	95 97 88 101 94 104	1:161 1:200 1:353 1:245 1:106 1:169	325:1 418:1 671:1 536:1 215:1 380:1

During the past 12 months the river flow has fallen below 1,600 second-feet on 1 day, below 1,800 second-feet on 1 day, and below 2,000 second-feet on 1 day. The minimum flow was 1,550 second-feet, on August 2, 1915, and the maximum flow was 152,500 second-feet. On March 29, 1916. The mean flow for the year was 13,200 second-feet. The minimum flow for the preceding year was 804 second-feet.

TIDAL RANGE.

The automatic recording tide gauge located at the main sewerage pumping station, on the Anacostia River, about 1½ miles above its junction with the Potomac River, indicated the following for the fiscal year: Maximum high water, August 26, 1915, November 22, 1915, December 6, 1915, and February 21, 1916, +3.5 feet, or 2.6 feet above normal; minimum low water, September 27, 1915, -5.0 feet, or 2.8 feet below normal.

The maximum range of tide for each month of the year was as follows:

Maximum monthly range of tides.

1915	Tidal range, in feet.	1916	Tidal range, in fest.
July August September	8. 4	January February March	6, 4 7, 9 5, 3 5, 3
October November December	6. 0 6. 7 7. 6	April	5. 5.

SANITARY SURVEY OF THE POTOMAC RIVER.

The report of the United States Public Health Service on the sanitary condition of the Potomac River, particularly with reference to the discharge of the sewage from the District of Columbia, was published during the year, and affords indisputable evidence that in important respects there is no ground at present for any apprehension that the sanitary condition of the river is such as to be a menace to the public health

by the pollution of the oyster beds in the lower river or otherwise. This thorough study of the Potomac River adequately explains the peculiar natural local conditions favorable to the disposal of sewage by dilution, but it also indicates that there is a limit to the volume of sewage that may be thus disposed, beyond which it must be expected that unfavorable conditions would undoubtedly develop.

During the year dissolved oxygen tests were made to determine the condition of the river waters in the vicinity of the main sewage outfall, as well as similar determinations of samples taken in the upper river for comparison.

The following table gives the maximum, minimum, and mean results of these oxygen tests:

Comparative oxygen tests of samples of Potomac River water taken near sewage outfall and from the upper river for the fiscal year 1916.

			Oxy	gen, per cer	nt of satur	ration.			
Month. r	verage iver low.	Maxir	num.	Minin	num.	Me	an.		
		Dilution basin.	Upper river.	Dilution basin.	Upper river.	Dilution basin.	Upper river.		
July August September October November December December 1916.	ond-ft. 3, 343 8, 418 6, 668 8, 820 4, 500 8, 332	(1) (1) 98 100 97 97	(1) (1) 98 100 100 100	(1) (1) 74 76 73 95	(1) (1) 91 91 94 100	(1) (1) (86 88 85 96	(¹) (¹) 9 9 9		
January February March April May	15, 285 19, 416 31, 126 24, 892 9, 983 17, 625	100 (1) 100 98 100 100	100 (1) 100 99 100 100	100 (1) 99 92 73 86	100 (1) 100 98 94 84	100 (1) 100 95 86 93	(¹) 999999999999999999999999999999999999		

1 No test made.

METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE DISTRICT.

The condition of streams entering the District was under careful observation throughout the year, and an appreciable increase in the degree of their pollution was noted. The gradual installation of sewerage systems in the bordering Maryland towns discharging their sewage into these streams, which flow through the park system of the District, is the principal cause of increase in the pollution. With the authority granted by Congress it will be possible to permanently remedy this condition as soon as action is taken by the Maryland authorities to provide the necessary intercepting sewerage to connect with the District system. Efforts by the Maryland Board of Health to secure State legislation to this end failed during the present year, but the legislature authorized the appointment of a board to report complete plans for legislation at the next biennial session.

STREAM POLLUTION.

As an indication of the present pollution of these streams the following is a tabulation of the bacteriological determinations from samples collected by this department at or near the District line. The laboratory work was done by the Hygienic Laboratory of the United States Public Health Service, to which acknowledgments are due for this assistance.

Bacteriological survey of streams, showing total bacteria and B.-coli per cubic centimeter in analysis of samples taken from streams as located.

Date.	north	reek at end of Creek	Chevy Bran Broo Road.	Branch at Brookville		Little Falls Branch at Wis- consin Avenue.		Anacostia River at District line.	
	Total bacteria.1	Bcoli.	Total bacteria.1	Bcoli.	Total bacteria.1	Bcoli.	Total bacteria. ¹	Bcoli,	
1915.									
July 1					293,000	1,000	25,000	1,000	
July 12	130	100	400		30,000	1,000	580	100	
July 19			3,000	10	113,000	1,000	10,000	100	
July 19 July 26	470	100	21,000	100	430,000	10,000			
Aug. 2			19,400	1,000	51,000	10,000	12,400	1,00	
Aug. 9	5,000		2,400	100	20,000	10,000			
Sept. 8			22,000	100	60,000	1,000	14,900	1,00	
Sept. 14	70,000		10,000	1,000	52,000	1,000	2,800	1,00	
Sept. 20							4,700	1,00	
Sept. 27	300	10	4,000	100	40,000	10,000	5,000	1,00	
Oct. 6			2,170	10	5,000	1,000	4,000	1	
Oct. 13	0.0		-,				2,600	10	
Oct. 19	110	10	7,300	1,000	26,000	1,000	4, 400	1,00	
Oct. 26	160	ı	5, 200	1,000	10,200	1,000	,,,,,,	-,	
Nov. 2	280	10	16,500	1,000	140,000	1,000	19, 100	1,00	
Nov. 10		10	2,800	1,000	7,000	100		-,	
Nov. 17	230	10	35,000	1,000	59,000	100	1,540	10	
Nov. 23	740	10	96, 000	1,000	41,000	100	2,000		
Dec. 1	130	10	50,000		80 000	10,000			
Dec. 21	6,000	10	25,000	1,000	55,000	1,000			
an. 5	130	10	1,150	1,000	12,000	10,000			
Feb. 1	540	10	1,240	1,000	170,000	10,000	2,300	10	
Feb. 8		10	8, 700	10,000	88,000	100,000	2,000	10	
May 3	120	10	4, 800	1,000	33,000	10,000			
May 11	248	10	6, 500	1,000	18,000	1,000			
nay 11	248		500	800	18,000	1,000			
June 20				100	120,000	10,000	13,000	10	
June 26			5,600	100	120,000	10,000	13,000	10	

1 Total bacteria on Agar, 37°.

DIVISION B .- OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

The maintenance work of the year included the inspection of the interior of all main sewers, 139.53 miles in length, and the inspection of 1,316 miles of pipe sewers. General repairs were made throughout the system on both main and pipe sewers, and their condition as to maintenance was excellent. There was no case of a stoppage of a public sewer during the fiscal year. The most important maintenance work included the construction of 1,100 linear feet of concrete floor in the B Street stormwater sewer between Thirteenth and Fifteenth Streets NW, the repair and improvement of the storm-water outlet of the Piney Branch trunk sewer, and repairs to the concrete and brick work of the following important sewers: Fourteenth Street trunk, Ontario Road trunk, Rock Greek main interceptor, Easby Point high level interceptor, and the Slash Run trunk.

The operating work for the fiscal year included the cleaning of 41,295 storm-water catchment basins on permanently paved streets and 4,219 catchment basins on suburban streets and roads. The total quantity of silt removed from the city basins was 5,718 tons, and from suburban basins 2,752 cubic yards. This is an increase of 141.5 tons from city basins and 188 cubic yards from suburban basins over the amount removed during the preceding year. The cost of cleaning city basins, including the cost of labor and team haul, but exclusive of disposal, was \$12,300.10, and the cost of cleaning suburban basins was \$2,364.87, a total of \$14,664.97. The average cost of cleaning city basins was \$0.297 per basin, against \$0.285 per basin for the preceding year, and the average cost per ton of silt removed was \$2.15, against \$2.32 for the preceding year. The average cost of cleaning suburban basins was \$0.565 per basin, against \$0.493 per basin for the preceding year, and the average cost per cubic yard of material removed was \$0.859, against \$0.811 per cubic yard for the preceding year. All material from city basins was delivered aboard scows, removed from the city front and deposited as fill back of the bulkhead line of the Anacostia River improvement, between Poplar Point and Giesboro Point, under permit from the United States Engineer Office. The cost of this disposal, including loading on scows, water transportation, unloading, and grading was \$5,295, and the average cost of this work per ton removed was \$0.925. A total of 10,914 cubic feet of material was removed from sewers, and 71,500 cubic feet from the settling chamber of the sewage-disposal system, while 804,866 pounds of screenings were removed by the sewage screens and incinerated.

The following tabulation indicates the total length of sewers at the close of the fiscal year and gives the length and expenditure for 20 years for operation and maintenance, based on the total appropriation for this work and exclusive of sewage-disposal maintenance. This tabulation indicates a reduction in annual expenditure per mile, for operation and maintenance, in the past 20 years, from \$135.49 per mile to \$71.22 per mile. The gradual reduction in cost indicated has been accompanied by largely increased maintenance work and is due to improvements in efficiency and economy in this important branch of the service.

Year.	I ength of sewers (miles).	Expend- iture for mainte- nance.	Cost of mainte- nance per mile.	Year.	Length of sewers (miles).	Expend- iture for mainte- nance.	Cost of mainte- nance per mile,
1897. 1898. 1899. 1900. 1901. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1904. 1905. 1906.	369, 01 382, 78 394, 92 408, 08 421, 34 436, 89 448, 09 456, 87 468, 86 481, 40	\$50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 58,000 58,000 58,000 42,000	\$135, 49 130, 62 126, 61 122, 52 118, 67 132, 76 129, 44 126, 95 123, 70 86, 70	1907 19081 19091 19093 19094 19104 19114 19122 19133 19144 19153 19164	501. 44 521. 18 542. 03 567. 98 589. 74 618. 53 644. 28 661. 49 682. 11 702. 06	\$38,000 44,500 45,000 48,500 50,000 50,000 50,500 50,500 50,500	\$75. 77 \$5. 38 \$3. 00 \$5. 39 \$4. 70 \$0. 84 77. 61 76. 30 74. 03 71, 22

¹ Exclusive of sewage-disposal maintenance.

There are now 702.06 miles of main and pipe sewers and 5.557 catchment basins. The work of operation and maintenance includes the inspection, flushing, cleaning, and repairing of all the sewers and appurtenances. The record of cost of all work performed, including the comparative costs with preceding years, together with an accurate daily statement of work performed, is maintained on the card system.

The following summary gives a statement of the amount of work in this division for the fiscal year with details of expenditure for each class of work performed:

Cleaning and repairing, fiscal year 1916.

	Work.	Cost.
CLEANING AND INSPECTION.		
nspection interior of all main sewers	139, 53	01 177 1
nspection of pipe sewers. miles. Inshing pipe sewers. do Itshing pipe sewers. feet.	1,316	\$1,155.1
lushing of manholes feet.	6,949,719	3,953.0
Jushing of storm, water receiving business	17, 611	1 .,
nspection and cleaning of gates, regulators, and sumps	15,793	864. 8
leaning of main sewers	2,102	1, 253. 7
Teaning of pipe sewers. feet. Teaning of basin out lets do	3,743	688. 0
Teaning of basin outlets do Teaning of gravel basins	156, 733	3,556.9
leaning of gravel basins	23	188. 4
	3	188, 4
CLEANING OF STORM-WATER RECEIVING BASINS.		
ity basinsLabor	41 000	
Labor. Teams	41, 295	0.000.0
Teams		3,008.3
Total		9, 291. 7
Total		12, 300, 10
ounty basins	-	12,000.10
Labor. Teams	4,219	
Teams.		805. 15
		1,559.72
Total	1	
Removal by scows;		2, 364. 8
Londor	1=	
Loader Transportation.		1,691,70
Transportation. Unloader		1, 485. 30
		2, 118. 00
Total	_	-, 110, 00
m		5, 295, 00
Total cleaning of storm-water receiving basins	=	

Cleaning and repairing, fiscal year 1916—Continued.

	Work.	Cost.
CLEANING OF STORM-WATER RECEIVING BASINS—Continued.		
Pleaning of sediment chamber		\$1,626.88
Teaning of screens		4,900.13
falt removed from main sewers	5,694	
Silt removed from gravel basins do.	5,220	
silt removed from storm-water receiving basins, citytons	1,877	
silt removed from storm-water receiving basins, county	9,719	
Sludge removed from sediment chamber, main pumping station	71,500	
Sludge removed from sediment chamber, main pumping station	804,866	
REPAIRS.		
Relaying pipe sewers and basin connections feet. Abandoning pipe sewers do	960	1,869,9
Abandoning pipe sewersdo	1,728	103.5
Special large connections to pipe sewers	34	340.0
Repairing main sewers		4,021.0
nspection and repairs to house connections to main sewers	57	114.0
Settlements filled. Reconstruction of manholes	13	80, 7 235, 7
Adjusting and repairing manholes	123	812. 4
Abandoning manholes	29	107. 3
Replacing manhole frames	65)
Replacing manhole frames Replacing manhole covers	103	548. 4
Reconstructing basins	11	286. 4
Adjusting and repairing basins	148	1,004.8
Abandoning basins	10	41.3
Replacing alley grates	20	222.6
Replacing alley frames		278, 1
iiscerianeous work		210.

Division C.—Operation and Maintenance, Sewage Disposal System, Pumping Stations, Shops and Yards.

Under this division is included the operation and maintenance of the main pumping station, also of substations, gates, and regulators; the mechanical equipment of the sewer division, shops, stores, yards, and floating equipment, as well as the installation of mechanical apparatus and special construction.

the sewer division, snops, stores, yards, and nothing equipment, as were as lation of mechanical apparatus and special construction.

The sewage-disposal system was in continuous operation throughout the year, handling the sewage of practically the entire district, as well as the storm water from the 900-acre low area within the dyke lines. The various pumping services were maintained without interruption and the preestablished hydraulic levels, both on

the sewage and storm-water services, were not varied.

Main pumping station.—Sewage to the amount of 21,034,000,000 gallons and 303,000,000 gallons of storm water were pumped during the year, all the sewage being discharged through the outfall system to mid-channel in the Potomac River at Grimes. The following is a tabulation of the quantities for each month:

Total pumpage in gallons at the main sewerage pumping station for the year.

Month.	Sewage.	Storm water.	Month.	Sewage.	Storm- water.
July	1,815,866,000	24, 993, 000	1916. January February March. April. May June.	1, 763, 672, 000	12, 275, 000
August	1,906,441,000	53, 375, 000		1, 750, 552, 000	22, 279, 000
September	1,743,979,000	10, 900, 000		1, 615, 351, 000	21, 814, 000
October	1,996,565,000	28, 949, 000		1, 799, 992, 000	22, 955, 000
November	1,556,798,000	7, 314, 000		1, 746, 864, 000	17, 937, 000
December	1,744,164,000	21, 814, 000		1, 893, 338, 000	58, 395, 000

The expenditure of coal and other supplies for the year was as follows: Coal, 10,156,250 pounds; cylinder oil, 1,692 gallons; engine oil, 1,507 gallons; miscellaneous oils, 374 gallons; engine grease, 477 pounds; illuminating oil, 2,095 gallons; gasoline, 10,700 gallons. The latter included all usage of the department during the year. 2,227 pounds of cotton waste were used and 811 pounds of waste were washed and reused.

Poplar Point pumping station.—The Poplar Point pumping station, located at the foot of Howard Avenue, was placed in operation July 21, 1915, and has been operated not of Howard Avenue, was placed in operation July 21, 1919, and has been operated continuously thereafter, handling all the sewage from the east side of the Anacostia River between Poplar Point and Pennsylvania Avenue, and discharging the same into the main outfalls of the sewage-disposal system. This station is equipped with three motor-driven, direct-connected, vertical type, 14-inch centrifugal pumping units, electrically operated with automatic control, each having a capacity of 3,000 gallons per minute. The current for operating these units is generated at the main pumping station and delivered by submarine cables laid under the Anacostia River.

A total of 273,000,000 gallons of sewage was pumped at this station during the year. The following is a tabulation of the quantities pumped during each month of the

vear:

Total pumpage in gallons at the Poplar Point pumping station for the year.

Month.	Sewage.	Month.	Sewage.
July 1915. August September. October	2, 403, 000 7, 223, 600 4, 841, 000 9, 326, 000 11, 624, 000 16, 890, 000	January February March 'pril May June	33 201 000

The expenditure of coal for the year for heating and incinerating purposes was 91,000 pounds; 59,000 pounds of waste matter was removed from the screens and incinerated.

Woodridge substation.—The Woodridge automatic substation, connecting with the upper east side interceptor of the sewage-disposal system and located at Eastern Avenue and Brentwood Road, was operated continuously throughout the year, handling all the sewage from the area in the vicinity of Woodridge, D. C. This station is equipped with two vertical type, motor-driven, electrically operated, centrifugal pumps with automatic control.

Sewage to the amount of 5,156,000 gallons was pumped during the year. Current used was furnished by the Potomac Electric Power Co. at the rate of \$0.06 per kilowatt hour. The average cost of pumpage was \$1.46 per million-foot gallons. The following

is a tabulation of the quantities pumped during each month of the year:

Total pumpage in gallons at the Woodridge Substation for the year,

Month.	Sewage.	Month.	Sewage.
July. 1915. August Sepitamber. October November December	305, 700 360, 600 327, 800 383, 200 184, 500 306, 300	January 1916, February March April May June	342, 40 616, 70 574, 00 682, 00 438, 50 634, 30

The following are the principal items of betterment for the year:

Poplar Point pumping station.—The equipment of the Poplar Point pumping station was completed during the year and included: The erection of main switchboard; the construction and erection of electric recording indicators for suction and discharge levels; hydraulic gate valve board and indicators for distant control of all hydraulic gates; installation of two-stage centrifugal pressure pump for operating hydraulic gates and the construction and erection of screen cages. The inclosing fence and gateways were completed, lawns graded, and roadways paved during the year.

Woodridge substation.—The construction of the substation and installation of equipment was completed during the year. The exposed portion of the iron force-main crossing over the Baltimore & Ohio Railway was covered with air-cell asbestos to protect from freezing.

Main pumping station.—A 50-horsepower, vertical, compound, condensing engine for 35-ktlowatt generating unit was erected in the dynamo room and placed in oper-

Eight-inch automatic cut-off valves were installed on steam lines of boilers 1 and 2. An electric, motor-driven forge blower was installed in the blacksmith shop. A time-recording clock for the operating and shop force was installed.

Repairs and betterments, main pumping station.—Repairs were made to the copper reheating coils in second receivers of engines Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Class I, and engine No. 1 of Class II. A new valve bucket rod was made for condenser pump of engine No. 1. Class I; crank bearings were rebabbitted and low-pressure valve gear repaired on class 1: crain bearings were reparented and low-pressure varie gear repaired on engine No. 1, class II. An automatic stop valve was placed on generator No. 1, high and low pressure pistons were reset, and high and low pressure valves refitted on generators Nos. 2 and 3. In the boiler room the furnace arch of boiler No. 5 was replaced, the lower manifold to economizer repaired, the walls of the boiler room and boiler-room basement were cleaned and white coated. The concrete floor in the main pipe chamber was reconstructed. All sewage screens were thoroughly over-hauled, scraped, cleaned, and painted. Tile floors were relaid around generator No. 1 and hydraulic gate valve board, and walls and ceilings in front offices and lobby were cleaned, pointed up, and painted. A metal roller door for fire protection was erected between carpenter shop and carpenter storeroom. Copper guttering around the main building was repaired and joints in stone coping pointed up. The main stack was thoroughly repaired, new points placed on lightning conductors, weathering joints in stonework pointed with red lead and litharge mastic, and the ladder cleaned and painted.

Stores.—Supplies, construction materials, and tools purchased during the year were received, inspected, and issued at storerooms and store yards. An accurate daily record is kept on the card system and quarterly reports made covering all expendable and unexpendable property. Annually an inventory of all property is taken in order to verify the accounts and close the records for the year. All property, tools, and equipment unfit for further service were delivered to the auditor's office for

condemnation and sale.

Yard.—At the concrete plant 215 side basin tops, 93 corner basin tops, 12 special basin tops, 470 check blocks, 326 drip stones, and 908 concrete invert blocks for sewer construction were made during the year. Silt from storm-water catchment basins was weighed and loaded onto scows at this yard. Minor repairs were made to storehouse, paint shop, scale house, and roadways.

At the Poplar Point yard construction materials were stored and issued for day labor

construction and repair work east of the Anacostia River.

Ink sludge from the settling basins constructed for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing was removed and disposed of by the department. The amount of this material removed and the cost of disposal is given in the following tabulation. The cost of this work was paid from the appropriation for "Material and miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, 1916."

Material removed and the cost of cleaning the ink-settling basins of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Date of cleaning.	Tons removed.	Unit cost removal per ton.	Unit cost team haul per ton.	Unit cost transpor- tation and disposal per ton.	Total cost removal and disposal per ton.	Total cost removal and disposal.
July 18. 1915. Aug. 18. Sept. 23. Oct. 23. Dec. 2	36. 0 38. 9 33. 9 34. 3 34. 6	\$0.41 .32 .32 .32 .32	\$0.73 .72 .82 .81 .80	\$0.57 .54 .55 .54 .48	\$1.71 1.58 1.69 1.67 1.60	\$61.41 61.43 57.42 57.42 55.48
Feb. 12. 1916 Apr. 28. June 23.	48. 3 46. 3 48. 6	. 26 . 32 . 35	.65 .68 .75	.50 .49 .74	1, 41 1, 49 1, 84	68, 20 69, 03 89, 33
Total and average	320.9	.33	.75	. 55	1.63	519.72

Floating equipment.—During the year the floating equipment was employed in conveying waste materials removed from the sediment chamber, catchment basins, and ashes from the pumping station, to the point of disposal; in delivering construction materials to points along the water front where sewer work was in progress; in transportation in connection with the sanitary survey of the Potomac River; on

dredging in front of pumping station and sewer department yard, and dredging channel into the outfall wharf; also in the transportation of inspectors and assistant engineers. The hull of the towboat Virginia was cleaned and painted, engine completely overhauled, valves ground, and automatic water feed to cylinders and new cams were installed. Minor repairs were made to the launch. A new boom, boom socket, deck plates, and cables, and one three-fourth cubic yard clamshell bucket were installed on the dredge, and repairs made to engine house and platform. The pile driver was thoroughly overhauled and painted. One new flush deck scow was constructed; one scow cleaned and painted and three repaired.

Shops.—Work of the shops included repairs to pumping and other machinery, wagons, motor trucks, and construction equipment, repairs incident to maintenance and betterment of buildings, and electric lighting and power circuits. Sixteen basincleaning wagons, 6 hose reels, 15 wagons, 4 carts, and 1 buggy were thoroughly overcleaning wagons, o nose rees, to wagons, a care, and 1 dags, the discussion of the hauled and painted. Small tools were made as follows: Thirty chisels, 80 drills, 12 hose bridges, 31 signs, 46 wrenches, 48 basin scoops, 2 manhole lifters, 2 wedges, and 71 miscellaneous tools. Small tools were repaired as follows: Four hundred and twenty-three chisels, 517 drills, 72 saws, 34 axes, 51 sections of hose, 3 wrenches, 3 root cutters, 24 basin scoops, 158 busn hammer blades, 3,637 picks, 80 wheelbarrows, 30 mattocks, and 236 miscellaneous tools. Four thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight manhole from were made for construction work. Forms were made for 13 construction and repair jobs. Work was done in the shops in connection with 10 other sewer construction jobs. Other important shopwork for the year included the construction of 4 and 3 inch gasoline motor driven, centrifugal pumping units, mounted on trucks with rubber-tired wheels, for rapid transportation on emergency street service pumping.

Miscellaneous construction.—Automatic sewage regulators were installed on the Fillmore Street and Stickfoot Branch trunk sewers along the line of the Anacostia main intercepting sewer. Fifteen tide gates were built and hung at storm-water outlets along the Anacostia River. Forms and metal screens were made for a disintegrating tank designed for the Washington Steel & Ordnance Co.'s sewerage system at Giesboro Point.

Miscellaneous work.—Repairs were made to the various sewer department wharves and new piles were driven and floor repaired on public wharf near the main station.

DIVISION D.—CONSTRUCTION, SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

The following is a statement of the length of sewers constructed during the year and the cost of same aggregated for the several construction districts:

Section.	Length.	Cost.
1. County west of Rock Creek. 2. County east of Rock Creek. 3. County west of Anacostia River. 4. County east of Anacostia River. 5. Washington City-	26.499.16	\$76, 651. 65 46, 900. 73 16, 569. 54 121, 203, 31 59, 110, 21

The following is a detailed statement of sewers constructed in the various districts: Western district, county west of Rock Creek.—In this area 2,702.48 linear reet of trunk sewers, 5,744.22 linear feet of service mains, and 13,540.18 linear feet of service sewers. a total of 21,987.08 linear feet, were constructed as follows: Foxhall Heights, 332 linear feet of service sewers; Potomac Heights, 110 linear feet of service sewers; University Heights, 195.43 linear feet of service sewers; Tennallytown, 791.55 linear feet of service sewers; Chevy Chase, 3,610.82 linear feet of service mains and 9,101.70 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 12,712.52 linear feet; Cleveland Park, 1,166.50 linear feet of trunk sewers, 2,123.60 linear feet of service mains, and 1,502.50 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 4,792.60 linear feet; Woodley Park, 996 linear feet of service sewers; Massachusetts Avenue Heights, 76 linear feet of service sewers; Georgetown, 568.98 linear feet of trunk sewers; Arizona, 967 linear feet of trunk sewers and 385 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 1,352 linear feet. Two storm-water receiving basins were constructed in this section during the year.

The following special work was done during the year: Tide gate chamber and stone facing was completed at the river end of the College Pond trunk sewer. The outlet section of the College Pond trunk sewer between the north side of Canal Road and passing in tunnel under the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal to the Potomac River was

completed during the year. This work was so designed as to connect with the Upper Potomac interceptor of the sewage-disposal system

Contract was let for the construction of the Klingle Ford trunk sewer in Klingle

Valley east of Connecticut Avenue, N. W.

Central district, county east of Rock Creek.—In this area 1,385.50 linear feet of trunk sewers, 3,466 linear feet of service mains and 21,647.66 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 26,499.16 linear feet were constructed as follows: Takoma, 517.20 linear feet of trunk sewers, 2,258 linear feet of service mains and 4,257.40 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 7,032.60 linear feet; Brightwood, 43.50 linear feet of trunk sewers and 3,415.16 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 3,458.66 linear feet; Petworth, 824.80 linear feet of trunk sewers, 775.20 linear feet of service mains and 10,302.80 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 11,902.80 linear feet; Mount Pleasant, 153 linear feet of service mains and 1,515.90 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 1,668.90 linear feet; Washington Heights, 279.80 linear feet of service mains and 2,156.40 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 2,436.20 linear feet. Fifty-two storm-water receiving basins were constructed in this section during the year.

Eastern district, county west of Anacostia River.—In this area, between North Capitol Street and Anacostia River, 1,006 linear feet of trunk sewers, 198.75 linear feet of service mains and 6.617.54 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 7,822.29 linear feet were constructed as follows: Brookland, 1,006 linear feet of trunk sewers, 34.25 linear feet of service mains, and 2,996.80 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 4,037.05 linear feet; Langdon, 164.50 linear feet of service mains and 2,105.74 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 2,270.24 linear feet; Eckington, 1,515 linear feet of service sewers. Five storm-water receiving basins were constructed in this section during

the year.

Eastern district, county east of Anacostia River.—In this area, east of the Anacostia River, 3,454.10 linear feet of trunk sewers, 5,777.35 linear feet of service mains, and 16,769.86 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 26,001.31 linear feet were constructed as follows: Anacostia, 1,183.46 linear feet of service mains and 1,661.72 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 2,845.18 linear feet; Congress Heights, 1,928.94 linear feet of service sewers; Benning, 3,454.10 linear feet of trunk sewers and 2,692.90 linear feet of service mains, a total of 6,147 linear feet; Kenilworth, 1,900.99 linear feet of service mains and 13,179.30 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 15,080.19 linear feet. Thirteen storm-water receiving basins were constructed in this section during the year.

The following special work was done during the year: Tide-gate chambers with stone facing were completed at the river ends of the Burnt Bridge Run, Nailors Run,

and Hawes Run trunk sewer outlets.

A sewage regulator chamber and interceptor connection was built between the

Stickfoot Branch trunk sewer and the Anacostia main interceptor.

A screen and disintegrating tank for fresh sewage on the Washington Steel & Ordnance Co.'s sanitary sewer, at its connection to the outfall sewer, was built during the

Contracts were let and work started on the construction of the trunk sewer outlets at Smith's Branch, Ely's Run, Blaine Street, and Scagg's Run, between the established bulkhead line of the Anacostia River Improvement, east side Anacostia River, and the shore line. This work was necessary in advance of the filling of the Anacostia flats by the United States Engineer Office.

The Benning Road service main, between Anacostia River and Anacostia Road, was completed, affording an outlet for service sewers in the vicinity of Bennings Contract was let and work started on the construction of section No. 2 of the Michigan

Avenue trunk sewer.

Washington City district.—In this area 209 linear feet of trunk sewers, 8,372.65 linear feet of service mains, and 10,921.81 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 10,503.46 linear feet were constructed, as follows: Northwest section, 117 linear feet of trunk sewers, 5,801.95 linear feet of service mains, and 6,653.39 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 12,572.34 linear feet; northeast section, 92 linear feet of trunk sewers, 557.50 linear feet of service mains and 3,289.40 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 3,938.90 linear feet; southeast section, 395.50 linear feet of service mains and 755.57 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 1,151.07 linear feet; southwest section, 1,617.70 linear feet of service mains and 223.45 linear feet of service sewers, a total of 1,841.15 linear feet. Sixty-five storm-water receiving basins were constructed in this section during the year, 47 storm-water basins were reconstructed, and 8 basins abandoned

Eleven hundred linear feet of concrete floor was constructed in the B Street stormwater sewer between Thirteenth and Fifteenth Streets, N. W., replacing the old and

defective timber floor in this sewer.

The following tabulation shows the construction of the sewerage system, the average cost per mile, the funds appropriated for sewer construction, and the approximate population for each year for 20 years:

Year.	Population.	Appropria- tions for con- struction.	Miles con- structed.	Average cost per mile.
897	264,000	\$283,947.96	17.49	\$16, 234. 8
898	269,000	175,000.00	17.41	10,051.6
899		158, 629.00	10.18	15, 582. 4
900	279,000	175,000.00	12.49	14,011.2
901	284,000	250,000.00	13. 25	18,867.9
902		230,000.00	12.87	17,871.
903	294,000	170,000.00	16. 42	10, 353.
904		172,000.00	8.78	19,589.
905	305,000	168, 650.00	11.99	14,065.
906	310,000	170,000.00	15.54	10,939.
907		333,000.00	17.09	19, 485.
908		281, 800.00	19.74	14, 275.
909	326,000	259, 500.00	18.01	14,408.
910		224, 975.00	25.51	8,815.
911		219,040.00	23.18	9,449.
912	352,000	320,000.00	24.68	12, 965.
913	353,000	320,000.00	23. 52	13,605.
914		345,000.00	17.21	20, 046.
915		382, 500. 00	20.54	18, 622.
.916	360,000	360, 800.00	19.28	18, 713.

SEWAGE-DISPOSAL SYSTEM.

Rock Creek main intercepting sewer.—The construction of section No. 7 of this interceptor was completed during the year. This section embraced the laying of 60 linear feet of 54-inch diameter cast iron pipe under Rock Creek, just north of Boulder Bridge, 16 linear feet of 4 foot 6 inch diameter and 23.10 linear feet of 4 foot 6 inch by 5 foot brick and concrete sewer as well as the construction of a gate house at this point, provided with a 30 by 36 inch sluice gate, together with other controlling devices installed for the purpose of flushing and cleaning this line of sewer by the use of water admitted from Rock Creek.

Anacostia main intercepting sewer.—The construction of section No. 4 of the Anacostia main intercepting sewer, extending from Young Street to Hawes Run, a distance of

3,345 linear feet, was completed during the year.
Section No. 5, extending from Hawes Run to the Pennsylvania Railroad, a distance of 1,280 linear feet, was also completed during the year. These two sections complete the construction of the Anacostia main interceptor from the Poplar Point pumping station to the Pennsylvania Railroad, a distance of 13,230 linear feet.

The contract for section No. 6 of the Anacostia main interceptor was let during the ear. This section will extend approximately 2,300 linear feet north of the Pennsyl-

vania Railroad.

Length of main sewers and pipe sewers and number of storm-water basins constructed during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916.

Appropriation.	Main sewers.	Pipe sewers.	Storm- water basins.
Main and pipe sewers Suburban sewers Assessment and permit. Sewage-disposal system. Miscellaneous trust-fund deposits Miscellaneous appropriations.	6,628.68 4,583.90	11,352.00 73,037.12	118
Total	12,496.08	93,901.12	137

RECAPITULATION.

Total length of sewers on June 30, 1916: Main sewers miles	139, 53
Pipe sewersdo	
Totaldo	702. 06
Cost of sewerage system, June 30, 1916	\$13, 294, 695. 25
Cost of sewage-disposal system, June 30, 1916.	4, 671, 279. 19
Total	17, 965, 974, 44

DIVISION E.-MAPS, RECORDS, AND DRAFTING.

Considerable progress was made in constructing the detail set of maps showing all underground construction, including conduits, gas and water mains, sewers, vaults, building projections, as well as building restriction lines, curb, and street railway tracks. This is the most important map and record work of this office. The maps are constructed on the large scale of 10 feet to 1 inch, on mounted sheets 22 by 30 inches, with all structures accurately drawn to scale from actual detail field measurements, and the various constructions shown in color. The field measurements and other such data is recorded in loose-leaf cross-section books, the sheets being filed after use under detail card-index system for permanent reference. During the year 14 sectional maps were fully completed and 9 others were partly completed.

Detailed drainage studies have been prepared for 357 engineer department files and 97 plats prepared for extension of main and pipe sewers and for receiving basins. Thirteen files from the Health Office have required field work to determine availability of various public sewers for house connections; also 27 files have been forwarded, showing assessment on account of connections from parcel property to public sewers, for which 27 plats were prepared; 128 engineer department files of miscellaneous nature were acted on, making a total of 525 engineer department files forwarded for action

during the entire year.

Twenty-five record maps of sewers have been made, greatly extending the territory formerly covered by this method of recording sewer construction; 8 old and badly worn record maps have been replaced by new ones; likewise the work of making minor repairs to maps still maintained for use has been creditably looked after; also the work

of posting current construction on these maps has progressed up to date.

The counter tracings, for use by the public for information, have been posted with current construction and newly established or modified surface grades. Fourteen 50-foot scale counter tracings have been newly made and are in use by the public, largely extending the territory previously covered by these maps; also thirty-two 50-foot scale, and eight 100-foot scale badly worn and out of use counter tracings have been replaced by new maps.

The 100-foot scale working maps for the suburban districts have been kept posted to date with current construction, subdivisions, and newly established and modified surface grades. In addition this set of maps has been extended over a larger area of

the suburban districts by the completion of 32 new maps.

Three hundred and eighty-six cards showing assessment to be pending for future sewers have been made, and 133 engineer department files, inclosing plats showing the construction of service sewers abutting assessable property, have been forwarded, through the Chief Clerk, engineer department, to the Assessor.

Twenty-seven letters have been forwarded to the Health Officer, with plats, as notice of newly constructed service sewers where same abutted existing houses; 117 existing

houses were reported as abutting service sewers constructed during the year.

Important progress has been made on the card index of new subdivisions, 622 of same having been recorded. In connection with this work these subdivisions are also posted on maps, record made and notice prepared for the Assessor, upon subdivision of parcel property where same abuts service sewer, in order that the proper special assessment may be levied.

Two hundred and forty-nine new grade sheets have been made and recorded for work constructed during the year, and 4 old and badly worn grade sheets have been

replaced by new sheets.

In order to develop the drainage system in step with the work of the water department in its construction of water mains throughout the suburban sections, a general map showing all proposed water mains is kept posted as such work is ordered.

map showing all proposed water mains is kept posted as such work is ordered. Seventy-one street schedules of the surface division, covering 445 paving jobs, have been given careful consideration, and, where necessary, studies prepared for construction, reconstruction, or abandoning of sewers in advance of paving.

Fifty-six surface division grade maps for the establishment of new street grades have been studied with reference to the effect on the drainage system, and, where necessary, modifications requested before approval of same.

Plans, estimates, proposals, and specifications have been prepared for the construc-

tion of sewers under 31 contracts.

Fifty-four plats and deeds for rights of way have been prepared in connection with the extension of the public sewerage system, and of this number 32 have been acquired. In addition one permit has been granted by the United States Government for access to property under its control.

DIVISION F.—RECORDS AND ACCOUNTS.

The work of this division consists in the preparation of requisitions and vouchers records of costs of construction, cost keeping, preparing pay rolls, and material and equipment accounting. It included for the year 951 construction jobs, 8,874 foremen's reports, 39,780 card records, 1,014 supply bills, 602 pay rolls, 1,238 requisitions, 226 transfer and refund vouchers, 697 tool and supply orders, 746 engineer department files, 41 letters, and 28,819 miscellaneous reports. The following abstract financial statement for the various sewer appropriations and other sewer funds gives a résumé of the expenditures. The total expenditure on account of sewers for the year amounted to \$684,521,16.

SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Cleaning and repairing sewers and basins:		
Appropriation		\$68,000.00
Expended—		
Mechanics, laborers, and watchmen		
Drivers and gate tenders	8, 966. 43	
Inspectors and other per diem employees	2,493.31	
Construction material and tools	1, 708. 73	
Repairs to equipment, equipment and supplies	9, 983. 52	
Paid surface division for repaving work	338.76	
Paid engineer department stables for forage black-		
smith work, etc	3, 604, 48	
smith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries.	147.32	
-		67,922.59
Unexpended balance	-	77.41
Maintenance and operation, sewage pumping service:	=	
Appropriation		46, 500.00
Expended—		40, 500.00
Mechanics, laborers, and watchmen	\$10 256 05	
Coal, oil, waste, and other supplies	22 627 75	
Tools and equipment renewals	3 527 70	
-	0,021.19	46, 412. 49
Unexpended balance		87. 51
Main and pipe sewers and receiving basins:		
Appropriation		75, 000, 00
Expended—		75,000.00
Contract construction	\$5, 443. 22	
Day labor construction	27, 258. 88	
Construction material and tools	10, 276, 57	
Inspectors and other per diem employees		
Paid surface division for repaying work.	4, 022. 12	
Paid engineer department stables for forage, black-	3, 432, 93	
smith work, etc.	1 990 10	
Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc	1, 220. 19 589. 19	
Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.	401. 00	
Paid office of assistant to engineer commissioner for	401.00	
	100 00	
salaries (Capt. Powell's office)	162.00	
Paid disbursing office for salaries	96. 00	
Paid disbursing office for salaries. Paid corporation counsel's office for salaries		
Paid disbursing office for salaries. Paid corporation counsel's office for salaries. Outstanding contracts and material to complete	96. 00 185. 10	
Paid disbursing office for salaries. Paid corporation counsel's office for salaries	96.00	74 007 00
Paid disbursing office for salaries. Paid corporation counsel's office for salaries. Outstanding contracts and material to complete	96. 00 185. 10 21, 900. 00	74, 987. 20

Appropriation. Expended — Contract construction. Day labor construction. Construction material and tools. Inspectors and other per diem employees. Paid surface division for repaving work. Paid engineer department stables for forage, blacksmith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc. Paid chief clerk's office for salaries. Paid office of assistant to engineer commissioner for		, , , ,
Contract construction Day labor construction Construction material and tools Inspectors and other per diem employees Paid surface division for repaving work Paid engineer department stables for forage, black- smith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.	22, 026. 94 15, 845. 64 4, 976. 50	
Day labor construction Construction material and tools Inspectors and other per diem employees Paid surface division for repaving work Paid engineer department stables for forage, black- smith work, etc Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.	22, 026. 94 15, 845. 64 4, 976. 50	
Construction material and tools. Inspectors and other per diem employees. Paid surface division for repaving work. Paid engineer department stables for forage, blacksmith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc. Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.	15, 845. 64 4, 976. 50	
Inspectors and other per diem employees. Paid surface division for repaving work Paid engineer department stables for forage, black- smith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc. Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.	4, 976. 50	
Paid surface division for repaving work. Paid engineer department stables for forage, black- smith work, etc Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc. Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.		
Paid engineer department stables for forage, black- smith work, etc		
smith work, etc. Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc. Paid chief clerk's office for salaries.		
Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc	1, 183. 80	
Paid chief clerk's office for salaries	1,031.10	
Paid office of assistant to engineer commissioner for	401.50	
salaries (Capt. Powell's office)	156.00	
Poid disbursing office for salaries	156, 00	
Paid disbursing office for salaries Paid corporation counsel's office for salaries	185. 10	
Outstanding contracts and material to complete	100.10	
same	64, 900. 00	
canic -		160, 721, 94
Unexpended balance	-	78, 06
Unexpended balance	=	76.00
Assessment and permit work, sewers:	,	105 000 00
Appropriation		125, 000. 00
Expended		
Contract construction	\$35,004.38	
Day labor construction	42, 692, 65	
Construction material and tools	14, 770. 08	
Inspectors and other per diem employees	4, 484. 61	
Paid surface division for repaying work	2, 109. 48	
Paid engineer department stables for forage, black-	000 00	
smith work, etc	899. 29	
Paid purchasing office for salaries, etc	736. 49	
Paid chief clerk's office for salaries	199.50	
Paid office of assistant to engineer commissioner for		
salaries (Capt. Powell's office)	310.00	
Paid disbursing office for salaries	112.00	
Outstanding contracts and material to complete same	23, 600. 00	
		124, 918. 48
Unexpended balance		81. 52
	=	
Miscellaneous trust-fund deposits, District of Columbia:		4 105 00
		4, 185. 00
Unexpended balance of deposits from fiscal year 1915.		5, 277. 85
Unexpended balance of deposits from fiscal year 1915 Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 1915	16	
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 195	-	9 462 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Total	-	9, 462. 85
Total	-	9, 462. 85
Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	-	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total		9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	\$7,144.83	9, 462. 85
Total	\$7, 144. 83 436. 95	9, 462. 85
Amount received from various depositors, fiscal year 19. Total	\$7, 144. 83 436. 95 731. 07	9, 462. 85
Total	\$7, 144. 83 436. 95	9, 462. 85 9, 462. 58

Sewer construction from miscellaneous appropriations: Repayments	\$8, 555. 62
Expended—	
Sewer construction—	
	96. 02
	60. 07 2. 70
Paid surface division for repaving work Contingent charges for supervision, engineering,	4. 70
	33. 78
	6, 992. 57
Inspection, cleaning, and repairing—	
Inspection and repairs to trunk-sewer connec-	10.00
tions from houses	.19. 00
from fire hydrants	247, 00
	370. 00
Adjusting basins and manholes in connection	
	307. 33
Cleaning Bureau of Engraving and printing ink basins. 5	519. 72
Dasins	1, 563. 05
	8, 555. 62
Summary of expenditures, sewerage system.	
Cleaning and repairing, 1916	\$67, 922. 59
Maintenance and operation, 1916.	46, 412. 49
Main and pipe sewers, 1915	8, 894. 09
Main and pipe sewers, 1916	53, 087. 20
Suburban sewers, 1915	81, 717. 83
Suburban sewers, 1916.	95, 821. 94
Assessment and permit work, 1915.	17, 026. 00 101, 318. 48
Permit work 1916	640. 19
Suburban sewers, 1916. Suburban sewers, 1916. Assessment and permit work, 1915. Assessment and permit work, 1916. Permit work, 1916. Miscellaneous trust fund deposits, District of Columbia, 1916. Miscellaneous appropriations, 1916.	9, 462, 85
Miscellaneous appropriations, 1916.	8, 555. 62
Condemnation, 1916.	1, 886. 45
Outstanding contracts: Main and pipe, 1915	775. 00
Main and pipe, 1916.	21, 900. 00
Suburban sewers, 1915	3, 800. 00
Suburban sewers, 1915. Suburban sewers, 1916. Assessment and permit work, 1916.	64, 900. 00
Assessment and permit work, 1916	23, 600. 00
Total	607, 720. 73
The following are payments into the Treasury on account of ass	essment for service
sewers under the appropriations indicated below during the fiscal y	ear 1916:
Main and pipe sewers	
Suburban sewers	1, 363. 36
	68, 820. 97
Total	70, 524. 76
Sewage-disposal system,	
Anacostia main interceptor:	
Appropriation	\$50, 000. 00
Expended—	-01 FF
Contract construction. \$18, Day-labor construction. 3,	731. 57 413, 57
	267. 84
Inspectors and other per diem employees	543. 62
New equipment, Poplar Point Pumping Station	404. 07
Paid purchasing office for salaries.	441. 89
Outstanding contracts and material to complete same	100.00
20,	100.00 49,902.56
Unexpended balance	
4	91.44

Summary of expenditures, sewage-disposal system.

and in the second of the secon	000 000 01
Anacostia main interceptor, 1915	. \$22, 826. 81
nacostra main interceptor, 1910	23, 802. 56
Rock Creek main interceptor, 1915.	3,907.69
Jnused balances	163. 37
Outstanding contracts: Anacostia main interceptor, 1916	26, 100. 00
Anacostia main interceptor, 1910	. 20, 100. 00
Total sewage-disposal system	. 76, 800. 43
Purchase and condemnation of land for rights of way for sewers:	
Appropriation	. \$2,000.00
Expended, cost of rights of way, titles, and recorder fees	1, 886. 45
Unexpended balance	. 113, 55
$Total\ expenditures.$	
Sewerage system	\$605, 834, 28
Sewage-disposal system	. 76, 800. 43
Purchase and condemnation of land for rights of way	
Total expenditures during fiscal year 1916	. 684, 521. 16
ALLOTMENTS.	
Statement of expenditures under allotments made to other departments from priations, fiscal year 1916.	n sewer appro-

		Purenasir	g officer.	Chief	D:	Capt.	Cor-	Surface	
Appropriations.	Engineer stables.	Salaries.	Sand wharf.	clerk, en- gineer depart- ment.	Dis- bursing office.	Pow- ell's office.	tion coun- sel's office.	divi- sion.	Total.
Total allotments	\$7,142.92	\$2,093.62	\$852.35	\$1,002.00	\$208.00	\$628.00	\$122. 20	\$248.00	\$12,297.0
Expended: Cleaning and re-									
pairing and 16-	3,604,48	147.32							3,751.8
Main and pipe	1, 223. 19	418. 72	162.19	401.00	96.00	162.00	61.10	124.00	2,645.2
Suburban sewers	1,183.80	726. 78	286.75	401.50		156.00	61.10	124.00	2,939.93
Assessment and permit work Anacostia main	899. 29	601.40	54. 30	199. 50	112.00	310.00			2, 176. 49
interceptor		167.33	70.62						237. 9.
Total expendi- tures	6, 907. 76	2,061,55	573. 86	1,002.00	208. 00	628. 00	122. 20	248.00	11,751.3

Statement of expenditures under allotments from outside departments to sewer department during the fiscal year 1916.

Contingent expenses:	
contingent expenses.	
Total allotment.	\$1 082 24
Francisco et disconnection and complica	1 000 94
Expenditures, stationery, printing, and supplies	1, 002. 24

Statement of expenditures for per diem employees, fiscal year 1916.

Cleaning and repairing . Main and pipe . Suburban sewers . Assessment and permit work . Anacostia main interceptor . Rock Crack an interceptor .	5, 690. 68 7, 883. 06 6, 526. 52 752. 40
Rock Creek main interceptor	

The following is a statement of the unexpended balances of the three principal construction appropriations from 1901 to 1915, inclusive:

Fiscal year.	Main and pipe sewers.	Suburban sewers.	Assessment and permit.	Total.
1901				\$3,894.14
1902		6,745.80		9,356.55
1903		5,762.88		9,711.27
1904				2,341.24
1905		6,926.46		12,602.51
1906		4,798.30		11,975.39
1907		11,038.27		11, 293, 95
1908	3,878.93	815. 05		4,693.98
1909	678.12	570. 80		1,248.92
1910		4,486.94		5, 109. 28
1911		401.36		890.72
1912	3, 716. 32	791.12		4,507.44
1913		13. 36	\$118.16	251. 34
1914	83. 43	1,316,55	134. 65	1,534.63
1915	37.00	441.18	3,785.50	4, 263. 68
Total.	31,218.51	48,418.22	4, 038. 31	83,675.04

Statement of expenditures for supervision, inspection, and record on account of underground construction, public-service corporations, and the amounts charged to each of the several corporations for the fiscal year 1916.

Expenditures:	
Supervision.	\$766, 24
Inspection	1,050.84
Supervision. Inspection. Record.	372.17
Total	2, 189. 25
Charged as follows:	
Potomac Electric Power Co	1 047 60
Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co	244, 45
Washington Gas Light (O	469, 88
	310. 46
Washington Railway & Electric Co.	18. 60
Capital Haction Co	63. 94
Postal Telegraph Cable Co	14. 55
Western Union Telegraph Co.	19.77
Total	

DIVISION G.—Public-Service Corporations, Underground Construction.

This branch of the sewer department is charged with the location and supervision of construction of gas mains, electric, telephone, and telegraph conduits and accessories. For each construction a permit is prepared, upon application, after careful study for interference with existing and future construction work and to assure an economical and orderly occupation of the public space, to prevent the unnecessary destruction of tree roots and cutting of new pavements. During construction the work is regularly inspected, compliance with the terms of the permit and good work are insisted upon, and an accurate record of the location of all work obtained from field measurements. Detailed record sheets are prepared and the work plotted on record maps and recorded on card system.

The work of the year may be summarized as follows:

•	
Permits prepared upon application	1. 253
New record cards made	1 059
New 10bs Inspected and recorded on sheets and maps	1 253
Inspections of work under construction	3 679
Dally average tobs under construction	0.4
New gas mains laid miles	10.3
Electric duct laid	46 2
Manholes constructed	251
Drains from manholes and railway tracks	27
Houses connected for electric light and power.	1 023
1	., 020

PRIVATE PIPE LINES.

Applications received for gasoline and compressed-air pipes from building to curb.	
	1
Permits denied	3
Permits approved	:
Pipes inspected, located, and recorded	3
PRIVATE VAULTS IN PUBLIC SPACE.	
Applications approved	4
Applications approved	
, united independent, and a record and a rec	•
WATER DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS WITH THE SEWERAGE SYSTEM.	
WATER DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS WITH THE SEWERAGE SISTEM.	

There were 237 permits issued the water department for drains from fire hydrants, blow-offs, air valves, and watering troughs, and 278 were inspected and recorded.

blow-offs, air valves, and watering troughs, and 278 were inspected and recorded. Certification of noninterference with existing underground construction of record was made in connection with 57 permits for driveways, 47 conduits constructed by electrical department, and 18 letters were written the public-service corporations at request of the surface division.

During the second half of the fiscal year much time was devoted to obtaining the most accurate information possible as to the location of gas mains to be plotted on a new set of standard office maps. Records were searched and locations checked in the field by means of the Grove electric indicator. Data as nearly complete as possible was thus obtained for 15 sections of the standard maps requiring 343 field tests. tests.

RECAPITULATION.

Milegge of drainage system of the District of Columbia

Mileage of arainage system of the Di	istrict of Columbia.
Construction during fiscal year 1916: Main sewers Pipe sewers.	miles. 2.37 do 17.78
Total	20. 15
Total length of drainage system, June 30, 1916: Main sewers. Pipe sewers.	miles 139.53
Total	702.06
Cost of drainage system of District	of Columbia.
Construction during fiscal year 1916: Sewerage system. Sewage disposal system.	\$260, 593. 63 47, 092. 88
Total	307, 686. 51
Total cost of constructing drainage system, June 30, 1 Sewerage system	13, 294, 695. 25
Total Very respectfully, your obedient servant,	A. E. Phillips, Superintendent of Sewers.
Cont D C D	

Capt. R. G. Powell, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

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17. Electric conduits laid fiscal year 1916.	130
18. Electric conduits, total lengths by sizes to July 1, 1916	130
19. Electric conduits, lengths laid each year	132
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21. Gas mains, lengths by sizes laid 1906–1916.	133
22. Gas mains, lengths laid each year 1906–1916.	133

Table No. 1.—Sewerage system contract construction, fiscal year 1916.

on-	C	onstructed.	Total cost.	Appropriation.	Contractor.
No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.	Appropriation.	Contractor.
5722	Feet. [1,782.90 1,842.00 2,085.10	10 in	\$2,985.05 10,292.69	Suburban, 1915	George Hyman.
5725	1, 173.00	6 ft. 9 in. by 6 ft 7 ft. by 6 ft	24, 702. 11	Suburban, 1915	W. F. Brenizer Co.
5/20	96.00	4 ft. 6 in. by 5 ft	27,609.56	do	Do.
5727	793.40	6 ft. by 6 ft	1 13, 288. 42	do	Do.
5744	456.40 967.00	3 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in 3 ft. by 4 ft 6 ft.	6,366.07	Suburban, 1916	Do.
5750	1,069.77 412.00 527.80	6 ft. 6 in	24,084.18	do	Do.
5788	41. 18	6 ft	15, 282, 07	Suburban, 1915	Do.
794A	438.00	12 in		Main and pipe, 1915	Do.
794B	{ 343.50 60.00	18 in	1,525.95	do	Do.
5795A 5795B 5795C 5795D 5795E 5796B	657. 10 833. 20 282. 00 360. 00 773. 65	12 in 12 in 12 in 12 in 12 in 12 in	821.00 998.77 1,193.83	do	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
796D	533.60 555.55 221.85	21 in	2,849.94	do	Do.
5796E	87.80 365.60	18 in	833.07	do	Do.
5797			(2)	Suburban, 1915 Suburban, 1916	George Hyman.
5797A	{1, 247. 80 331. 40	12 in 10 in	2, 323. 38		W. F. Brenizer Co.
5798C	316.50 283.50	15 in	1,534.16	do	George Hyman.
5825	3, 515. 57	12 in	3 5, 272.87	Assessment and permit,	W. F. Cush.
5839	{1, 136, 43 1, 422, 85	12 in	} 4 3,620.29		George Hyman.

 ^{1 \$829.54} paid by the Connecticut Avenue Highlands Co.
 2 Work not started.
 3 \$2,636.44 paid by Fulton R. Gordon.
 4 Repaying not reported.

Table No. 1.—Sewerage system contract construction, fiscal year 1916—Continued.

on-	(constructed.	m-4-1		
ract No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.	Appropriation.	Contractor.
	Feet.	12 in		(Assessment and permit,	L. M. Johnston.
5939	671.79	10 in	1,848.52	1916.	12. M. Johnston.
5940	564.70	24 in	2, 226. 94	1916. Suburban, 1916	Do.
5941	460.70 f 448.40	24 in	1, 221. 75	do	Do.
5942	440, 40	15 in	3, 282. 22	Main and pipe, 1916	Do.
5943	2, 258. 00	12 in	3, 236. 18	Assessment and permit,	Dabbs-Myers.
5944	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 204.10 \\ 489.40 \\ 270.30 \\ 376.20 \end{array} \right. $	21 in	2,431.25		Do.
5947	628. 65	15 in	{	Main and pipe, 1916	W. F. Brenizer Co.
5948	$ \begin{cases} 1,455.65 \\ 777.35 \end{cases} $	15 in 12 in	4, 179. 76 1 1, 678. 15	Suburban, 1916. Assessment and permit,	Do.
5949	$\begin{cases} 460.00 \\ 1,750.00 \end{cases}$	12 in 24 in	12,355.24	Suburban, 1916	George Hyman.
5955	477.61	24 in	4,060.20	do	Chas. H. Tompkins.
	734.00	18 in	1	Assessment and permit,	1
5956	890.00 4,565.00	15 in 12 in	210, 393. 54	1916.	Harper & Voigt.
	1,934.00	10 in	619.92	Suburban, 1916	
5957	348.60	10 in	2,925.86	Assessment and permit, 1916.	W .F. Brenizer Co.
	1,785.00	12 in	1,063.04	Suburban, 1916)
5958	{ 660, 60 804, 40	12 in 10 in	2, 285. 57	Assessment and permit,	Do.
5968		12 in	1, 196, 35	do	L. M. Johnston.
5978				Main and pipe, 1916	W. F. Brenizer Co.)
5979			(3)	do	Do.
5980 5998			(3)	do	Do.
0998			(3)	Suburban, 1916	W. D. MurrayCo.(Inc.). W. F. Brenizer Co.
048			(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	Main and pipe, 1916 Assessment and permit, 1916.	Do.
3050			(3)	Suburban, 1916	L. M. Johnston.
053			(3) (3)	Assessment and permit,	George Hyman.
0054			(3)	do	Do.
	51, 792. 11		208, 770, 75		

¹ Repaying not reported.

² Continued in 1917.

3 Work not started.

Table No. 2.—Sewage-disposal system contract construction, fiscal year 1916.

Con- tract No.	Se	ction.		Total cost.	Appropriation.	Contractor.
5787 5792 5925 6027	Rock Creek interc Anacostia main main section 4. Anacostia main section 5. Anacostia main section 6.		sewer, sewer, sewer,	\$4,753.75 { 23,160.74 8,856.83 10,321.56 (1) 47,092.88	Rock Creek main, 1915. Anacostia main, 1915. Anacostia main, 1916. do. Anacostia main, 1917.	} Do. Do.

¹ Not started.

Table No. 3.—Sever construction under permit system from the appropriation for assessment and permit work for the fiscal year 1916.

-					Cost.	st.			
Order No.	Location.	Length.	Size.	Amount of deposit.	Amount of To Dis- trict of Columbia.	To de-	Total cost.	re- turned.	For whom done.
	Tr. 13 . CCl. with Chank VW of I Chond		Inches.	\$250.00	\$193.89	\$193.89	\$387.78	\$56.11	\$250.00 \$193.89 \$193.89 \$387.78 \$56.11 T. II. Pickford.
Cross Twel	Last Side of Statement Street. Was 1 Street outlet sewer Crossing Broad Branch Road with Northampton Street outlet sewer Twelfth Street NE. Offis and Newton Streets.	95.25 130	222	346.71	346.71 99.58	346.72 99.59	693.43	15.41	Fulton R. Gordon. 15.41 John Massay.
	Total	1	337.60		711.71 640.19 640.19 1,280.38	640, 19	1,280.38	71.52	

Table No. 4.—Sever construction under the assessment system from the appropriation for assessment and permit work for the fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.	Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.
		In. 12				In.	
100	415.38	12	\$486.36	180	448. 22	10	\$591.70
101	78. 70 9. 00	15	210. 16 69. 32	181. 182.	625, 00 136, 55	12 12	729. 37 238. 27
102	8.00	12 12	44.17	183	23. 00	12	35. 65
104	186. 40	10	367. 69		£ 400. 86	15	1
104 105 106	300, 00	12	493. 86	184	1 137. 73	12	661.83
106	240.00	10	345. 04	185	522.77	10	644. 38
107 108 109 110	18.00	12	68, 98	186. 187. 189.	458. 70	12	490. 45
108	419. 84 666, 00	12 10	501. 99 859. 50	189	322. 00 120. 00	24 10	838, 39 163, 99
110	173. 60	12	240. 91	190	156. 70	10	172, 27
111	191. 70	10	318. 49	190. 191. 192.	520.00	10	669, 29 83, 10
111	402, 30	10	461.97	192	104.30	- 8	83. 10
113	389. 00	12	523. 49	193. 194. 195.	163, 50	12	279. 28
114	336. 40 118. 00	12 18	393. 49	195	101. 58 97. 70	10	136, 60 222, 05
115	275.00	15	914.58	196	460, 45	12	222. 05 877. 03
110	164.00	12		196. 197. 198. 199.	571. 40	10	544. 65
116	247. 50	10	408. 45	198	200.18	10	272. 21
117. 118.	15.00	18 12	71.82	199	180.00	12 12	152.65
118	98. 95 82. 00	12	206. 44 156. 06	200	{ 139, 40 104, 00	10	221. 20
119	253, 90	10	339. 22	201	310.00	10	461.68
121	140. 50	10	177. 90	202	411.30	10	321.90
119 120 121 122	387. 10	12	496, 27	203 204	270.00	15	591. 47
123	390. 50	15	692. 78 339. 50	204	235. 50 37. 50	12	286, 21 48, 48
124	301. 50 93. 67	10 10	339. 50	205	327. 00	10	340. 59
126	12.00	10	220. 87 15. 79 355. 33	206. 207. 208.	143. 00	12	189. 62
126. 127. 128.	138.11	10	355.33	208	14.00	12	97. 32
128	190. 55	10	303, 64	209. 210. 211.	710.00	12	969. 56
129. 130. 131.	117. 87 58. 00	10	275. 97 151. 91	210	223, 00 80, 00	10	243, 90 104, 78
130	38, 90	12	56, 73	212	331.00	12	454. 13
132	144. 20	12	56. 73 243. 57	212. 213. 214.	301.30	12	608, 16
132. 133. 134.	140.00	12	214. 57	214	158, 60	12	225. 80
134	452. 00	12	811. 43	215. 216. 217.	126.00	12 12	244. 67
135	256. 30	12 12	367. 17 201. 88	210	408. 55	(2)	619. 17 36. 70
135. 136. 137. 138.	110. 00 30. 00	10	41.06	218	180, 00	(2) 12	597. 42
138	110.00	10	187 20	219. 220. 221.	220.60	8	254. 83
139	90.00	12	182. 40 109. 27	220	255. 35	8	187. 10
140	50. 50	12	109. 27	221	84. 80 88. 20	10 12	89. 00 261. 27
141	529. 90 450. 00	10 12	769.34 514.97	222	92, 50	10	156. 04
142 143 146 147	429. 80	12	508 81	223. 224.	123. 00	10	178. 98
146	147. 50	10	198. 90	926	314. 33	12	431. 61
147	214.60	12	566.38	227 229 230	149. 00	8	138, 12
148	185. 70	15	700. 29	229	25. 00	12	113. 48 696, 19
149 150	192. 20	15 12	483. 52 546. 80	230	216. 50 300, 00	10	1 418. 86
150	332. 00 47. 00	15	82. 48	231 232 233	310.00	12	508, 79
152	190. 20	10	295, 50	233	425. 00	12	508. 79 762. 79
152. 154. 155.	158, 10	12	295. 50 494. 76	234	140.00	12	197. 56
155	20.00	8	68.98	235 236	46.00	8	1 53. 88 545. 29
156. 157. 158.	120.00	10	240. 31		378. 40 26. 00	10 15	1
157	208. 20 100. 00	10	219. 26 170. 64	237	160.70	12	214. 19
159	80.00	10	89. 54	238	195. 43	12	263. 40
160. 161. 162.	286, 50	10	323. 88	239	85, 00	- 8	849. 41
161	355. 70 508. 56	18	636, 37		535. 50	10	435. 07
162	508. 56	12	602. 40	240 241	364. 50 366. 50	12 10	549. 93
163 164. 165.	20. 00 50. 00	12 10	84. 88 121. 42	0.49	373. 50	15	497. 07
165	11. 50	12	39. 03	243	622, 50	12	678. 50 327. 29
166	140.00	10	263, 64	244	220. 80 50. 00	10	327. 29
166. 167. 168.	25. 00	10	35. 78 489. 46	242 243 244 245	50.00	10	59. 20 191. 38
168	385.00	15	489. 46	246. 247. 248.	76. 00 577. 00	18 10	631 66
169	116.00	12	216. 14	248	236.00	12	631. 66 1 377. 90
170 171 172	260. 70 294. 10	15	417. 58 531. 86		20.20	15	1 415. 73
172	75. 47	15 10	203. 60	249	120.00	12	,
173	134. 77	10	266, 83	250. 251.	248. 00	10	264. 64
173. 174. 176.	524. 89	8	672. 51 72. 30	251	84.00	12 12	2 128, 29 2 384, 16
176	70.00	10	72.30	252	198. 40	12	87. 99
177	376. 70 260. 74	12	577. 67 505. 49	253		12	
178	260. 74 306. 60	10	696. 87	Total	33, 937. 30		51, 450. 95
		1 10					

¹ Repaying not reported.

Table No. 5.—Basin construction from the appropriation for main and pipe sewers, fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Basins.	Total cost.	Order No.	Basins.	Total costs.
500	1	\$9. 25	549	1	\$267, 39
501	3	315, 27	550	1	68, 54
505	1	68. 76	551	8	477, 20
507	1	88, 17	553	1	163, 17
508	1	91.36	554	2	259, 65
510	1	61, 49	555	4	291. 2
511	3	238, 23	557	2	130, 17
512	2	167. 52	561	1	160, 62
513	1	58, 31	563	3 1	3 38, 07
514	8	687, 03	565	ĭ	144.00
515	1	94. 15	572	î	59.96
516	î	107, 93	573	î	140. 13
517	2	141.00	577	2	470. 71
518	3	200, 60	581	1	61. 7
519	2	169, 45	586	2	249.5
520	1	80.14		2	
	3	212. 61	587	$\frac{2}{2}$	378, 11
	2		593		313.9
522	2	126.69	595	1	87.4
	1	78.48	596	1	52. 5
525	1	79. 30	597	1	66.8
526	1 1	4, 00	6.03	1	107.0
529	1	47. 76	610	1	178.3
531	11	8.00	617	1	153.33
532	1	202. 24	619	6	576.67
533	1	110. 29	620	1	56.6
34	1	101.90	621	1	43.0
535	1	87. 86	622	1	58.8
36	1	85.35	623	1	82.8
539	1	78. 22	624	11	736.13
540	1	96. 72	625	6	364.0
542	1	81.77	627	1	87.30
543	4	344. 85	630	3	410.10
544	1	100.92	631	2	2 131. 7
545	3	249. 97	635	1	85, 10
546	1	67.94		- 1	
547	2	182, 35	Total		12, 349, 82
548	2	171, 35			1-,010.0

¹ Basin abandoned.

² Repaying not reported.

Table No. 6.—Sewer construction from the appropriation for main and pipe sewers, fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.	Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.
	_	Inches.				Inches.	
502	261 feet	18	\$933.23	583	House laterals		\$54.83
503	281.80 feet	12	823.04	584	ſ200 feet	15	1, 153, 93
506	113 feet	15	313.27		166 feet		1, 133. 9.
509	198.12 feet	12	720.80	585	Manhole		81.4
524	103.30 feet	12	273, 37	588	House laterals		73.7
527	140 feet	12	270, 59	589	do		68, 7
528	122 feet	12	430, 94	590	Manholes		72.5
530	362.70 feet	12	1, 123, 15	591	29.40 feet	12	132. 4
537	Manholes		48.32	592	10 feet		19. 9
538	298.30 feet	24	1, 392, 97	598	Manhole		55. 8
000	[103.80 feet	18	1,002.01	599	do		52.3
541	29 feet	12	645.85	600	Manholes		240. 3
021	135 feet	6	(040.00	601	Manhole		58.6
	(79 feet	21	{	602	do		68.6
552	200 fe-4	15	878.55		11 feet	10	80.9
352	398 feet	13	818.00	604	11 1eet		62. 2
	156.70 feet	12		605	Manhole		
556	House laterals		47.52	606	do		50.6
1	[42 feet	21	1	607	do		48.9
558	373 feet	18	916, 14	608	House laterals		70.2
000	33.50 feet	15	1 510.11	609	Manhole		299.5
	16 feet	12	1	612	do		165.0
559	House laterals		70.70	613	(75.40 feet	18	396.8
	(348 feet	18	1	013	159.40 feet	15	1
560	12 feet	15	945.61	614	344 feet	12	834.0
	12 feet	12		615	Manhole		32.9
562	Manhole		157.59	616	97.70 feet	12	157.6
564	Manholes		176.79	626	House laterals		24.8
566	41 feet	10	81.59	628	79 feet	12	168.5
567	House laterals		217. 28	629	House laterals		126.9
569	Manhole		87.87	632	17 feet	30 by 42	1 183, 7
571	do		70, 70	633	Manhole	0003 12	88.8
574	do		74. 23	634	House laterals		184. 2
576	House laterals		315, 22	636	181 feet	12	1 517.1
578	Bulkheads		44. 61	637	House laterals	12	19.9
580	Manholes		148, 51	037	Liouse laterals		- 9. 9
582	Mannoles	12	842.09		Total		17.687.3
002	400 feet	12	642.09		10031		11,001.0

¹ Repaying not reported.

Table No. 7.—Sewer construction from the appropriation for suburban sewers, fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.	Order No.	Length.	Size.	Total cost.
	Lin.feet.	In.			Lin. feet.	In.	
00	317. 9	24	\$827. 82	822	43.5	15	\$175. 8
01	48.8	18	170. 46	823	(3)		344. 5
02	(1)		21. 66 939. 62	825	51 34, 25	15 15	165, 51 165, 51
04	(1) (2)		939. 62	826 827	166. 1	24	511. 10
05	387. 6	12	512. 82		1 18	10)
06	387. 6	12	526. 78	828	30	12	55.8
07	146	12	329, 86	000	1 14	24	1 140 0
08	180.8	18	418. 37	829	92	41	1,148.2
)9	398. 2	18	654. 50	830	(4)		36. 19
10	67	10	91. 83	831	212. 4	24	562. 4
11	37	12	105. 10	832	21.3	12	73. 6
12	139. 8	15	393.35	833	147 35, 3	24 15	515. 4 109. 8
13	344.7	24 18	848.85	834	545. 7	10	664.0
15	22. 5	15	68, 13	836	(4)	10	563. 9
16	271.06	24	945, 14	837	230	21	595, 30
17	63	18	580, 67	838	164.5	10	336, 36
18	5	10	54, 91	839	7	12	54. 6
19	(3)		340. 29	840	45	10	140. 2
20	(3)		444. 27				
21	(3)		481. 59	Total	4, 699. 41		15, 014. 5

Regulator chamber.
 Interceptor connection.

Facade walls and gate chamber.
Manhole.

TABLE No. 8.—Sewer construction under whole cost system from miscellaneous trust fund deposits for fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Location.	Length.	Size.	Remarks.	Amount of deposit.	Cost of work.	Cost of Amount work. returned.	For whom done.
0011 0011 0011 0011 0011 0011	South side of Q Street NW., Tenth and Eleventh Streets. They stune 2891. They stune 2891. Fifth Street and Illinois Avenue Fifth Street NW., Piffh Street and Reio Road Fifth Street NW., South of Aspen Street. Alley, stune 610. Alley,	Zin feet. Inches 25.7 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	Inches. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 Y branch set I manhole. By-pass connections, settling and set een chambers, gate	255.00 1750.00 1750.00 2750.00 2750.00 2750.00 2850.00 2850.00 2850.00 2850.00 2850.00	\$11.73 \$5.79 \$19.33 \$19.33 \$10.95 \$10	213, 27, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	Henry Schaffert. L. E. Breuninger. L. G. Mose Construction Co. Thos. J. Fisher Co. (Inc.). Israel Diamond. Israel Diamond. Israel Diamond. J. Henry Keiler. J. S. Gruyer. J. S. Gruyer. J. T. Jamisson. Washington Steel & Ord- name Co.
73	1915 Grounds of Columbia Institute for the Deaf	12	21	well.	40.00	24.22	15.78	15.78 Louis L. Hooper, disbursing agent.
1016	Eighteauth Street NW., north of N Street	{ 25.25 54.5	25	24 15 Basin connection	225.00 5.85	196.54	28. 46 None.	Clarke Waggaman. Washington Railway and Electric Co.
		1,371.10		3, 205.85	3, 205.85	2, 536. 95	668.90	

Table No. 9.—Sewer construction from miscellaneous appropriations, fiscal year 1916.

Order No.	Location.	Work done.	Total cost.	Appropriation.
1100	Crossing Seventeenth Street NE., line alley, square 4540.	101 feet 8-inch pipe; 53 feet 12-inch	\$244.09	Maintenance of playgrounds, 1916.
1101	Twenty-first and N Streets NW.	pipe. 1 basin	88.59	Repairs to streets, District of Columbia, 1916.
1102	Seventh and K Streets NE	do	71.46	Improvements and repairs, 1916, northeast schedule.
1103	Fifth Street NW. at O and at Ridge Streets.	2 basins	131.40	Repairs to streets, District of Columbia, 1916.
1104	Nineteenth and E Streets NW	1 basin	62.54	Improvements and repairs, 1916, northwest schedule.
1105	Seventeenth Street NE., Law- rence and Monroe Streets.	4 feet 3 by 6 foot sewer.	28.07	Repairs to suburban roads, 1916.
1106	Seventh Street and P Street NW	1 basin	75- 14	Improvements and repairs, 1916, Seventh Street NW. from New York Avenue to O Street.
1107	N Street NW., Thirteenth Street and Vermont Avenue.	do	151.44	Repairs to streets, District of Columbia, 1916.
1108 1109	and Vermont Avenue. Second and T Streets NE Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Twenty-sixth Street and Rock Creek.	2 basins	139.90 120.91	Do. B. H. Hardaway (retent).
1110	N Street NW., Twelfth Street	2 basins	29.98	Repairs to streets, District of Columbia, 1916.
$1111 \\ 1112$	N Street NW., Twelfth Street and Vermont Avenue. Fifteenth and K Streets NW Flagler Place and W Street NW.	1 basindo	90.38 87.60	Do. W Street NW., North Capitol Street to Flagler Place.
1113	Seventh and Q Streets NW	do	21.42	Improvements and repairs, 1916, Seventh Street NW., New York Avenue to O Street.
1114 1115	Tenth Street NW. at B Street, C Street, and Louisiana Ave- nue.	6 basins	88.41 632.49	Do. Improvements and repairs, 1916, Tenth Street, B to Pennsylvania Avenue.
1116	Twenty-fifth Street NW. at K Street and at Pennsylvania	3 basins	22.86	Repairs to streets, District of Columbia, 1916.
1117 1118	Avenue. Fourteenth Street and Park Road. Alley, square 3050	Repairs 1 basin	35.45 60.90	Maintenance of playgrounds, 1916. Improvements and repairs, 1916, A and P Streets.
1119	Nichols Avenue SE., Good Hope Road, etc.	9 basins	673.71	Improvements and repairs, 1916, paving Nichols Avenue.
1120	C Street NE. at Warren and at Fifteenth Streets.	2 basins	127.18	Improvements and repairs, 1916, northeast schedule.
1121	Douglas Street NE., west of	21 feet 18-inch pipe	51.30	Improvements and repairs, 1916, suburban roads.
1122	E Street NW., Eighteenth and Nineteenth Streets.	436.35 feet 21-inch pipe.	11,539.11	Building Interior Department offices.
1123	Eighth Street and Florida Avenue NW.	1 basin	70.42	Improvements and repairs, Dis- trict of Columbia, 1916, special.
1124	Pennsylvania Avenue SE., west of Third Street.	do	83.25	Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia, 1916, repairs to streets.
1125	Fourth Street SE., C Street and North Carolina Avenue.	2 basins	117.11	Do.
1126	Nichols Avenue SE., south of V Street.	1 basin	76.70	Improvements and repairs, 1916, repaying Nichols Avenue.
1127	N Street SW., First and Second Streets.	3 basins	190.08	Improvements and repairs, Dis- trict of Columbia, 1916, south- west schedule.
1128	Hanover Place and North Capi- tol Street NW.	1 basin	70.54	Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia, 1916, northwest schedule.
1129	Twelfth and C Streets SE	2 basins	71.57	Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia, 1916, southeast schedule.
1131 1132		1 basindo	89.76 88.16	Construction of Q Street Bridge.
1135	E Street NW., Eighteenth and Nineteenth Streets.	2 Y branches	27.57	Building Interior Department
1136	Nineteenth Streets. Ninth and I Streets SW	. 1 basin	69.31	Improvements and repairs, Dis- trict of Columbia, 1916, south-
1137 1138		Sewer connection 3 basins	31. 85 231. 29	

1 Repaying not reported.

Table No. 9.—Sewer construction from miscellaneous appropriations, fiscal year 1916—Continued.

Order No.	Location.	Work done.	Total cost.	Appropriation.
1139	Tenth and I Streets NE	1 basin	\$59.69	Improvements and repairs, Dis- trict of Columbia, 1916, A and P Streets.
1140	Fourteenth Street SW., B and C Streets.	Drain	23.12	Washington Aqueduct, 1916, maintenance and operation.
1141	Fifth Street NW., L and M Streets.	4 basins	225. 31	Improvements and repairs, Dis- trict of Columbia, 1916, A and P Streets.
1142	Georgia Avenue NW., Morton and Quebec Streets.	8 basins	74. 78	Suburban roads and streets, 1916, Georgia Avenue.
1143	Rock Creek Church Road and Georgia Avenue.	1 basin	165.79	Suburban roads and streets, 1916.
1144	Georgia Avenue NW., north of Euclid Street.	27 feet 12-inch pipe	45. 24	Water department, 1916, high service.
1147	Sixth Street SW., north of Maine Avenue.	2 basins	1 403. 60	Elimination of grade crossings, 1916.
1148	Euclid Street and Sherman Avenue NW.	27 feet 12-inch pipe	1 29. 25	Water department, 1916, high service.
1149	Georgia Avenue, north of Rock Creek Church Road.	1 basin	1 73. 89	Improvements and repairs, District of Columbia, 1916, repairs to streets.
	Total		6,892.61	

Table No. 10.—Inspectors and other employees of the sewer division, temporarily employed, and the appropriations from which paid, fiscal year 1916.

Appropriations.	Inspectors.	Overseers.	Other employees.	Total.
Construction, sewerage system: Main and pipe sewers. Suburban sewers. Assessment and permit work.	3,966.56	\$665.00 198.00 1,148.50	\$3,473.80 3,718.50 3,306.59	\$5,690.68 7,883.06 6,526.52
Construction, sewage-disposal system: Anacostia main intercepter. Rock Creek main intercepter. Maintenance: Cleaning and repairing.	364. 50 157. 50	301.50	387.90	752. 40 157. 50 3, 266. 24
Total	9, 699. 31	2,313.00	12, 264. 09	24, 276. 40

 ${\it Table~No.~11.-Average~cost~of~constructing~pipe~sewers~and~storm-water~receiving~basins~for~fiscal~year~1916.}$

	Unit cost	per foot.	Total
Size of sewer.	Labor.	Material.	cost per foot.
S-inch diameter	\$0.756	\$0.245	\$1.001
10-inch diameter.	1.003	. 364	1.367
12-inch diameter.	1.045	. 426	1.471
15-inch diameter.	1.311	. 621	1.932
18-inch diameter	1. 493	. 716	2. 209
	1. 867	1, 126	2. 995
24-inch diameter.	2. 111	1. 159	3. 270
Storm-water receiving basins, each.	53. 517	29. 30	82. 81

Table No. 12.—Average cost of constructing pipe sewers for 15 years.

		nch eter.		nch neter.		inch neter.	15-i dian	nch neter.		inch neter.		nch neter.		nch eter.
Year.	La- bor.	Mate-	La- bor.	Mate-	La- bor.	Mate-	La- bor.	Mate- rial.	La- bor.	Mate-	La- bor.	Mate-	La- bor.	Mate rial.
902	. \$0.83	\$0.32	\$0.97	\$0.41	\$1.04	\$0.46	\$1.46	\$0.62	\$1.74	\$0.78	\$1.91	\$0.96	\$2.43	\$1.2
903		.36	1.03	. 53	1.09	.54	1.32	.73	1.52	.81	1.57	1.06	1.74	1.3
904		. 36	.92	. 55	1.17	. 65	1.45	.81	1.61	.91	1.94	1.24	2. 24	1.4
905	98	.38	.96	. 55	1.19	.60	1.41	.77	1.45	.89	1.92	1.01	1.87	1.4
906		.33	1.19	. 47	1.26	.54	1.41	.67	1.53	.78	1.88	.93	2.45	1.2
907		. 43	1.43	. 48	1.30	. 56	1.46	.70	1.82	. 85	2.09	.98	2.78	1.2
908		. 42	1. 26	. 50	1.44	.61	1.69	.75	1.91	.90	1.74	1.14	3.65	1.3
909		. 36	1.16	.36	1.46	. 46	1.59	. 56	1.58	.62	1.67	1.07	1.91	1.
910		. 29	. 99	. 35	1.12	. 43	1.19	. 52	1.49	. 66	1.52	. 85	1.72	1.1
911		. 27	1.02	. 32	1.17	. 40	1.36	. 52	1.64	.67	1.50	.75	1.82	1.0
112		. 25	1.08	. 33	1.20	.39	1.46	. 56	1.63	.67	1.70	.88	1.76	9
913		. 26	1.07	. 29	1.35	.38	1.53	. 58	1.74	.75	1.93	1.08	2.20	1.5
014		. 28	1.08	. 45	1.32	. 51	1.44	.69	1.56	. 89	1.69	1.34	2. 11	1.
)15		. 19	1.12	. 42	1.25	. 51	1.56	.67	1.63	.89	1.89	1.18	1.78	1.4
916	76	. 25	1.00	. 36	1.05	. 43	1.31	.62	1.49	.72	1.87	1.13	2.11	1.

Table No. 13.—Contract prices for construction materials for 15 years.

Year.	Cement,	Sand,	Gravel,		Т	erra-cott	a pipe, li	near foot	t.	
	per barrel.	cubic yard.	cubic yard.	8-inch.	10-inch.	12-inch.	15-inch.	18-inch.	21-inch.	24-inch
1902		80.65	\$0.88	\$0.115	\$0.17	\$0.205	\$0.275	\$0.39	\$0.59	\$0.77
1903	1.96	. 55	. 87	.12	. 185	. 235	. 33	. 42	.62	. 80
1904	1.75	. 85	. 85	.12	. 228	. 297	. 401	. 5049	.7425	.965
1905	. 1.13	. 81	. 85	. 14	. 20	. 29	. 40	. 50	.74	.96
1906	. 1.35	. 85	1.05	.122	. 1647	. 2236	. 2997	.3672	. 5454	. 7263
1907	1.55	.74	.97	. 155	. 195	. 261	. 353	. 443	. 5454	. 848
1908	. 1.52	. 84	1.04	.155	. 225	. 30	. 405	.51	.75	.975
1909	. 1.20	. 55	.75	. 155	. 1707	. 239	. 3233	.4066	. 5975	.7775
1910	975	.54	. 65	. 125	. 15	. 20	. 27	. 3825	. 5625	. 7312
1911	99	.395	. 485	. 115	.175	. 22	.30	. 42	. 55	.715
1912	98	. 345	. 435	. 121	. 176	. 22	. 31	. 40	. 59	.715
1913	94	. 345	. 435	. 105	. 15	. 18	. 351	. 494	.78	. 845
1914	. 1.11	.54	.69	.11	. 256	. 25	. 432	.608	. 96	1.04
1915	. 1.04	. 54	.69	.11	. 23	. 245	. 43	.60	. 96	1.04
1916	. 1.00	. 54	.69	. 11	. 16	. 21	. 284	. 40	.63	. 6825

Table No. 14.—Maintenance work, sewerage system, for 10 years.

	1916	1915	1914	1913	1912
Main sewers cleaned feet	3,743	4,885	1, 113	4,525	4,071
Pipe sewers cleaneddo	156, 733	156, 773	145, 767	123, 545	122, 838
Pipe sewers flusheddo	6, 949, 719	6,077,129	6, 339, 122	6, 705, 367	5, 906, 405
Manholes flushed	17,611	15,473	17, 208	18, 594	16, 733
Spected	2, 102	3,618	4, 222	3,949	2, 245
spected Basins flushed.	15, 793	15, 242	18,586	18, 416	5, 293
Basins cleaned	45, 514	51, 201	45, 502	40, 244	38, 760
Pipe sewerscubic feet	5,220	4,499	4,079	3,723	2,479
Basinsdo	198, 128	191,928	160,660	168,696	147, 741
Sediment chamberdo	71,500	71, 100	62,856	66,744	53,140
Screens nounds	804,866	708,388	798,666	869, 640	1,084,128
Screens pounds. Main sewers inspected miles.	139.53	137.36	134.00	130.90	126.24
Pipe sewers inspecteddo	1,316,00	1, 150, 00	1, 200, 00	1,270,00	491.47
Basins repaired.	148	163	124	117	141

Table No. 14.—Maintenance work, sewarage system, for 10 years—Continued.

	1911	1910	1909	1908	1907
Main sewers cleaned	300	1,185	11,624	13,723	24,724
Pipe sewers cleaneddo	161, 190	149,626	153, 145	84,914	86, 101
Pipe sewers flusheddo	5,685,423	3,717,332	1,873,142	1,795,200	1,846,300
Manholes flushed Sumps, regulators, gates cleaned and in-	15,994	11,943	5, 295	6,093	2,351
spected	530	568	11	8	9
Basins flushed.	11,950	18,884	2,829		٥
Basins cleaned	60,379	57,753	52,634	40,866	45,809
Pipe sewerscubic feet	3,538	5,052	3,334	3,256	3,455
Basins	166, 428	190,204	188,460	277,319	347,598
Sediment chamberdo	58, 131	58,577	61,695	30,000	,
Screenspounds	833,617	890, 230	16,394		
Main sewers inspectedmiles	122. 78	114.00	114.00		
Pipe sewers inspecteddo	469, 42	448, 78	346.00	340,00	350.00
Basins repaired	155	249	123	88	99

Table No. 15.—Summary of sewerage system for 25 years.

	Т	otal length		Total	l cost.	Annual cost mainte- nance and operation.		
Fiscal year.	Trunk sewers.	Pipe sewers.	All sewers.	Sewerage system.1	Sewage- disposal system.	Sewerage system.	Sewage- disposal system. ²	
892	Miles, 67, 16	Miles, 227, 60	Miles. 294, 76	\$7,842,721.62		\$42,000.00		
893	68.37	238, 45	306, 82	8,007,721.62				
894	71.32	250.13	321.45	8, 298, 931. 62				
895	74.48	260.20	334.68	8, 476, 431, 62				
896	77.65	270. 28	347.93	8,661,731.62		45,000.00		
897	81.36	284.06	365. 42	8,901,731.62		45,000.00		
898	83.92	298.91	382.93	9,047,731.62		50,000.00		
899	85.65	307.36	393.01	9, 183, 731. 62		50,000.00		
900	88.30	317. 20	405, 50	9,309,731.62		50,000.00		
901	90, 89 93, 49	327.86	418.75	9,515,731.62		50,000.00		
902 903	96.31	338. 13 351. 73	431.62 448.04	9,696,731.62 9,817,731.62 9,940,731.62		58,000.00		
904	99.12	357, 70	456, 82	0, 817, 731.02		58,000.00		
905	103.21	365.60	468, 81	10,040,881.62		58,000.00 58,000.00		
906	109.09	375. 26	484. 35	10, 128, 881.62		42,000.00		
907	112.20	389.24	501. 44	10, 363, 881. 62	\$3,714,823.00	38,000.00	3 \$37,295.0	
.908	113.94	407.24	521. 18	10, 536, 681. 62	3,952,768.65	44,500,00	3 38,625.0	
909	117.24	424.02	541. 26	10,688,681.62	4,031,888.27	45 000,00	58,000.0	
.910	119.20	448.78	567.98	10,860,556.62	4,095,630.70	48,500.00	58,000.0	
911	122.78	469.42	592.20	11, 204, 188.79	4, 146, 228. 01	50,000.00	58,000.0	
912	126.01	492.52	618.53	11, 539, 374, 28	4, 228, 555. 94	50,000.00	59, 500.0	
913	130.90	513.38	644.28	11, 922, 177. 04 12, 470, 940. 74	4,366,524.43	50,000.00	59, 500.0	
914	133.50	527.99	661.49	12, 470, 940. 74	4, 495, 830.13	50, 500.00	62,000.0	
915	137.36	544.75	682.11	13,032,082.86	4,624,186.31	50,500.00	64,000.0	
916	139.53	562.53	702.06	13, 294, 695. 25	4,671,279.19	50,000.00	64, 500.0	

1 Exclusive of sewage-disposal system.

² The sewage-disposal system went into operation July 1, 1906.
³ Handling a part of the sewage only during these years.

Table No. 16.—Rights of way acquired for sewer extensions, fiscal year 1916.

For separate system outlet sewer (upper Anacostia intercepter) through property of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., just south of Polk Street NE., Baltimore & Ohio

Railroad Co., owner of record.\(^1\)

For separate system service sewer (upper Potomac intercepter) through parcel \(^25/31\), vicinity Wisconsin Avenue and Fessenden Street NW.\(^2\)

For separate system service sewer (upper Potomac intercepter) through parcel 25/24, vicinity Wisconsin Avenue and Forty-second Street NW.²

For separate system service sewer (upper Potomac intercepter) through parcel 25/14, vicinity Wisconsin Avenue and Forty-second Street NW.

¹ Permit, not recorded.

For combined system outlet, Hawes Run trunk sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 211/13, vicinity Hawes Run SE.1

For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through parcel 155/3,

vicinity Twentieth and Franklin Streets NE.2

For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through parcel 155/4, vicinity Twentieth and Franklin Streets NE.³

For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through parcel 155/89, vicinity Eighteenth and Franklin Streets NE.³

For separate system outlet sewer (upper Anacostia intercepter) through property of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad Co., just south of Polk Street NE.; Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad Co., owner of record.4

For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through parcel 165/32, in

line of Twenty-seventh Street NE., near Vista Street.3

For separate system trunk sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through property of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., just south of Bennings Road NE., Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., owner of record.

For combined system trunk sewer (Rock Creek main intercepter) through parcel

55/90, vicinity Macomb Street and Reno Road NW.3

For Anacostia main intercepting sewer through parcel 169/1, vicinity Bennings Road NE.1

For storm-water outlet sewer (Rock Creek main intercepter) through lot 56 of square 2995, vicinity Illinois Avenue and Jefferson Street NW.

For separate system sewer for service of Bennings abattoir (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 168/5, vicinity Bennings Road NE.3

For separate system trunk sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 169/7.

vicinity Bennings Road NE.5 For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through lots 5 and 6, square 4211, vicinity Twentieth and Girard Streets NE.1

For separate system sewer lateral from Bureau of Standards (Rock Creek main intercepter) through parcel 44/18, vicinity Idaho Avenue and Van Ness Street NW.3

For separate system sewer for service of Bennings abattoir (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 168/2, vicinity Bennings Road NE.³

For separate system service sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel

218/19, vicinity Nineteenth and P Streets SE.3

For separate system trunk sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 168/2,

vicinity Bennings Road NE.3

For Anacostia main intercepting sewer and combined system trunk outlet sewers at Ely's Run, Blaine Street, and Scagg's Branch (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 168/7, along the eastern shore of Anacostia River, south of Bennings Road. For separate system service sewer (east side intercepter) through parcel 155/5.

vicinity Eighteenth and Franklin Streets NE.3

For separate system outlet sewer (east side intercepter) through lot 2, square 4316, vicinity Rhode Island Avenue and Monroe Street NE.

For sanitary outlet intercepting sewer (Rock Creek and B Street intercepter) through lot of 21, square E. 1264, vicinity Rock Creek and Q Street NW.1

For combined system outlet, College Pond trunk sewer (upper Potomac intercepter), through property of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., west of Aqueduct Bridge; Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., owner of record.4

For separate system service sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 218/16, vicinity Nineteenth and P Streets SE.6

For separate system service sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 218/17, vicinity Nineteenth and P Streets SE.6

For separate system service sewer (Anacostia main intercepter) through parcel 218/18, vicinity Nineteenth and P Streets SE.⁶

For combined system Piney Branch trunk sewer (Rock Creek main intercepter) through lots 1 to 7, inclusive, square 3007, vicinity of Ninth and Gallatin Streets NW.6 For combined system Piney Branch trunk sewer (Rock Creek main intercepter),

through lots 5, 7, and 8, square 3004, vicinity of Ninth and Gallatin Streets NW.⁶

For separate system outlet sewer (outfall sewer) through parcel 234/27, vicinity Milwaukee Place SE.

For storm-water outlet sewer (Tiber Creek and New Jersey Avenue trunk) through lot of 5, square 796, vicinity Third Street and Virginia Avenue SE.6

For combined system outlet sewer through parking on east side of Sixth Street SW., northward from Maine Avenue, the property of the United States Government.4

¹ Consideration paid.

Revocable license, not recorded.
 Voluntary dedication.

[·] Permit, not recorded

⁶ Consideration not yet paid.
6 Consideration paid by condemnation.

Table No. 17.—Electric conduits laid July 1, 1915, to July 1, 1916.

Number o	of duets		Washingto way & Ele	on Rail- etric Co.	Potomac Powe		Capital Tr	action Co.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.
1			Feet.	Feet.	Feet. 4,926	Feet. 4,926	Feet.	Feet.
2			15	31	5,677	11,354		
3 4 6					23,986 26	95,944 158		
8 12					6,074 183	$\frac{48,590}{2,194}$	49	
14 15							28	686 428
16							78 950	1,251 30,400
36 44					22	990	125	4,500
Total			15	31	40,894	164, 156	1,230	37, 265
Number of ducts.	Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co.				Postal T		Total.	
Attitudes of duces.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.
12		Feet. 767 30,985	Feet. 124 180	Feet. 124 360	Feet. 81	Feet. 81	Feet. 5,898 21,364	Feet. 5, 896 42, 730
3 4 6	116 239	465 1,434		2,564			35 24,743 265	98, 97 1, 59
		1,864				3,391	6,307 466 49	59,45 5,58 68
8. 12. 14.								
12							28 78	42 1,25
12. 14 15							28 78 950	42

Table No. 18.—Electric conduits; lengths laid by sizes to July 1, 1916.

Number of ducts.	Washingt way & Ele		Potomac Electric Power Co.		Capital T		Chesapeake & Poto- mac Telephone ('o.	
	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duet.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.
	Feet.	Feet.	Feet. 77,275	Feet. 77,275	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet. 53, 76
	28	57	154, 210 236	308, 421	15,742	31,484	53,765 296,919 5,832	593, 83 17, 49
	. 33,398	133,592	485, 489	1,941,955	22,681	90,724	180,049	720, 19
	5,117	30,702	46,100	276,602	8,174 29	49,044	95,914 82	575, 49 57
		152,688	96,320 7,325	770, 560 65, 925	15,214	121,712	52,242 114	417,9 1,0
0 2	8,275 11,458	82,750 137,496	121 50, 836	1,210 610,036	32 908	320 10,896	22,364 11,336	223,6 136,0
3 4	1,880	26,320	374 1,224	4,862 17,136	4,306	60, 284	3,831	2,7 53,6
5 6			4,998	1,020 79,960	28 479	428 7, 667	8,037	128,5
8		39,852					636	10,8 74,6
22	134	2,948	3,176	11, 240 76, 224	830 9,109	16,600 200,398		28, 1 18, 1 54, 4

Table No. 18.—Electric conduits; lengths laid by sizes to July 1, 1916—Continued.

Number of ducts.				Electric er Co.	Capitai	Traction	Chesapeake & Poto- mac Telephone Co.		
rumber or dubby	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	
	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	
25							304	7,600	
26					280	7,280			
8	87	2,436	2,174 53	60,872 1,590			313	0.200	
2			77	2 464	950	30,400	485	9,390	
6			3,854	2,464 138,744	125	4,500	26	15, 520 936	
8	193	7,334							
0							1,589	63,560	
4 6			446	19,646			749		
8			7	406			149	41,944	
34			106	6, 784			176	11.264	
0							53	3,710	
2							118	8,496	
32							35	11, 264 3, 710 8, 496 2, 870	
Total	81,870	616, 175	935, 032	4, 473, 640	78,888	631,940	743,831	3, 276, 482	
		Western	Western Union Tel-		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.		tal.		
Number	of ducts.		egrap	egraph Co.		e Co.			
			Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct	Conduit.	Duct.	
			Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	
l			217	217	15,378 1,045	15,378 2,090	146, 635	146, 638 942, 70	
2			3,409	6,817 20,924	1,045	2,090	471, 353 13, 043	942, 70	
3			6,975 7,936	20, 924 31, 744	34,001	136,004	13, 043 763, 554	39, 12 3, 054, 21	
1 5			4,177	20, 885	34,001	130,004	4,177	20, 88	
j			4, 232	25, 392	17,313	103,878	176, 851	1,061,10	
7							111	77	
₹					1,140	9,120	184,002	1, 472, 010	
J			183	1,830			7,439	66, 95	
12			100	1,000	283	3,391	30, 975 74, 821	897. 85	
13			309	4,017			74, 821 895	309, 75 897, 85 11, 63 157, 37 2, 10 216, 21 10, 81 114, 53	
14							11,241	157, 37	
15			. 44	660			140	2,10	
16 17							13, 514 636	10 81	
18							6,363	114, 53	
20							2,799	00,90	
22							10,066	221, 45	
24							5,446	130, 70	
25 26							304 280	7,600 7,280	
28							2,261	63, 30	
30							366	10,98	
32							1,512	48, 38	
36							4,005 193	144, 18	
38 40							1,589	7,33 63,56	
44							446	19,640	
56							749	41,94	
58							7	40	
64							282 53	18, 04	
70 72							118	3, 71 8, 49	
82							35	2, 87	
					-				
Total			27, 481	112, 486	69,160	269, 861	1,936,261	9,380,58	

This table does not include 9,550.7 feet of United States Government conduit, 7,915 feet of United States Government pipe lines, 216 feet of Washington & Old Dominion Railway Co. conduit, 879.5 feet of Washington Market Co. pipe lines, 645.6 feet of private conduit, and 457 feet of 7 by 8 feet subway, 110 feet of 7 by 6 feet subway, and 87.6 feet of 3 by 2.2 feet subway laid by the United States Government.

Table No. 19.—Electric conduits; lengths laid each year to July 1, 1916.

Fiscal year.	Washingt way & Co.	on Rail- Electric		Electric er Co.	Capital 7	
	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duct.
Laid prior to Mar. 27, 1900	Feet. 75, 742 88	Feet. 569, 333 704	Feet. 342, 786 16, 387 8, 098 24, 655	Feet, 1,812,108 65,952 89,958 105,592	Feet. 47,687	
1905 1905 1906 1907	4,670	37, 360	15, 635 13, 798 50, 057 38, 053	65, 412 56, 892 287, 311 252, 741 154, 940		
1908 1909 1910 1911	859 420	6,643 1,800	39, 705 58, 607 46, 097 56, 028	235, 225 159, 420 240, 518	23 11, 769 263 914	92 90,660 1,788 6,321
1912 1913 1914 1915	34	136	63, 842 39, 884 45, 018 35, 487	336, 390 146, 121 170, 580 130, 388	9,416 2,300 1,231	58, 542 18, 400
Total.	81,870	616, 175	40, 894 935, 032	164, 156 4, 473, 640	78,888	631,940
Fiscal year.	Chesapea tomae Co.	ke & Po- Telephone		Union Tel- oh Co.	Postal T	'elegraph Co.
	Conduit.	Duct.	Conduit.	Duet.	Conduit.	Duct.
Laid prior to Mar. 27, 1900	. 876	Feet. 698, 920 4, 690	Feet.		Feet. 14,702	Feet. 14, 70
1902 1903 1904 1905	123, 604 35, 905 39, 409	640, 448 138, 649 147, 002				
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	. 75, 110 58, 005 45, 919	278, 693 281, 405 228, 725 172, 772	10,615 383 11,463 2,322	1,710 51,775 7,515		
	. 56, 582	140, 859 297, 760	329		531	53 232, 99
1910. 1911. 1912. 1913.	. 19,966 22,981	45, 698 64, 632			50, 238 2, 915	15, 70
1911 1912.	. 19,966 . 22,981 . 24,391 . 19,059	45,698	627 763	1,234 1,474	50,238 2,915 410 364	

Table No. 20.—Gas mains; tengths laid, by sizes, July 1, 1915, to July 1, 1916.

Size of main.	Washing- ton Gas Light Co.	Georgetown Gas Light Co.	Total.
4-ineh 6-ineh S-ineh 12-ineh 20-ineh	Linear feet. 13, 453. 4 10, 720. 8 1, 686. 5 1, 363. 6 2, 040. 8 312. 0	Linear feet. 8,512.1 3,257.2 13,171.0	Linear feet. 21, 965. 5 13, 978. 0 14, 857. 5 1, 363. 6 2, 040. 8 312. 0
Total.	29, 577. 1	24, 940. 3	54, 517. 4

Table No. 21.—Gas mains; lengths laid, by sizes, July 1, 1906, to July 1, 1916.

Size of main.	Washing- ton Gas Light Co.	Georgetown Gas Light Co.	Total.
11-inch	Linear feet. 9, 298 5, 073 5, 798 201, 414 233, 694 13, 796 5, 365 73, 919 3, 959	Linear feet. 3, 120 1, 485 40, 316 56, 600 32, 688 4, 107 35, 420 234	Linear feet. 12, 418 6, 558 5, 798 241, 730 290, 294 46, 484 9, 472 109, 339 4, 193
20-inch 24-inch 30-inch	10,312 9,571 312		10,312 9,571 312
Total	572, 511	173, 970	746, 481

Table No. 22.—Gas mains; lengths laid each year, July 1, 1906, to July 1, 1916.

Fiscal year.	Washing- ton Gas Light Co.	Georgetown Gas Light Co.	Total.
	Linear feet.	Linear feet.	Linear feet.
1907	36,605	8,450	45,055
1908	61, 642	19,777	81, 419
1909	83, 692	25, 498	109, 190
1910	69, 237	2,202	71, 439
1911	48, 192	10,983	59, 175
1912	88, 583	50, 178	138, 761
1913	61, 234	11,688	72,922
1914	48, 475	5,839	54,313
1915	45, 274	14, 415	59, 690
1916	29, 577	24,940	54, 517
Total	572, 511	173,970	746, 481

REPORT OF THE MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT.

Washington, October 10, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to forward herewith the seventh annual report of the office of the municipal architect for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916.

During the year seven buildings were under construction, as follows:

Building.	Appropriation available.	Cost.	Comp	pleted.
New Central High School, No. 173, Eleventh and Thir- teenth Streets, Florida Avenue and Clifton Street NW Excavating.	June 26, 1912 July 1, 1913 July 21, 1914	\$1,053,260.32 49,000.00	Sept.	5, 1916 17, 1914
Excavating, soiling, sodding, etc			{May July	19, 1916 1916
Dunbar High School, No. 174, First Street, between N and O Streets NW	June 26, 1912 July 1, 1913	259, 326. 25	July	22, 1916
Excavating and substructure. Pile driving. Heating and ventilating. Plumbing. Electrical work. Radial brick chimney.		55,730.87 12,337.83 63,283.18 13,160.00 9,095.00 1,786.00	July May July Aug.	15, 1915 1, 1915 5, 1916 21, 1916
Park View School, No. 175, west side of Warder Street, between Newton and Otis Streets NW Heating and ventilating Plumbing. Electrical work. Hardware.	July 21,1914	99,718.18 13,051.00 5,770.00 1,170.00	July June June	22, 1916 1, 1916 15, 1916

Building.	Appropriation available.	Cost.	Com	pleted.
Western High School, No. 117, Thirty-fifth and R Streets NW. Steel and Iron work, concrete footings, floor slabs and roof, fireproof partitions, and repairing brick walls	July 29, 1914 .			
and partitions. Heating Electrical work. Millwork, carpenter work, etc Plumbing.		\$50, 211. 31 17, 670. 00 3, 537. 36 30, 516. 58 11, 992. 33	May Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept.	
Plastering. Painting. Electrical fixtures. Clock and bell system and electrical work.		8,900.00 6,309.32 1,128.00 1,490.00 617.40	Sept. Sept. Sept.	7,1915 7,1915
Powell School, No. 157, School Street, opposite Lamont Street NW., addition. Heating and ventilating. Electrical work.	July 1, 1915	57, 601. 00 13, 568. 00 700. 00	Dec. Nov. Dec.	11, 1916 15, 1916 18, 1916
Engine house No. 28, Connecticut Avenue, between Ordway and Porter Streets NW. Plumbing. Hardware. Truck house No. 1, New Jersey Avenue, between D and	July 21, 1914	23, 854. 90 1, 318. 85 439. 77	Sept.	2, 1916
E Streets NW	July 21, 1914	35,007.05 588.16	Sept.	15, 1916

Specifications and proposals were prepared for the following improvements:

Building.	Work.	Date of adver- tisement.
Curtis School.	Retubing boiler	July 8, 191
Grant School	Retubing boilers	July 9, 191
Force School	Retubing boiler	July 10, 191
Dennison School	Retubing boilers	Do.
Peabody School	do	July 16, 191
Lincoln School	do	Do.
McKinley Manual Training School.	Painting two smokestacks	July 20, 191
Armstrong Manual Training School.	Painting smokestack	Do.
M Street School power plant	do	Do.
Business High School	do	Do.
industrial Home School	New boiler and appurtenances	July 22, 191
Stevens School	Two new boilers	July 24, 19
Garnet School	do	Do.
Cranen School	Retubing boiler	July 26, 19
Gales School	Retubing boilers	Do.
Busiless figh School	do	July_ 27, 19
Tenley School	Retubing boilerdo	Do.
Wallach School	do	July_28,19
	do	Do.
Franklin School	do	Do.
Eastern High School	Retubing boilers	July 31, 19
Western High School	Retubing boilers Electrical fixtures	Do. Aug. 2, 19
Emery School.	Two new boilers	Do. 10
Engine house No. 21	Electrical work	Aug. 3, 19
Truck house No. 5	do	Aug. 5, 19
Engine house No. 12	Electric lights	Do.
Armstrong Manual Training School.	Electrical work	Do.
Takonia Park Branch Public Library.	Mosaic floor	Aug. 11,19
Engine house No. 27	Electrical work	Aug. 16, 19
Syphax School	Retubing boiler	Aug. 18, 19
Ketcham School	New fireproof stairways	Do
Park View School		Aug. 20, 19
Do	Heating and ventilating system	Aug. 23, 19
Do	Plumbing installation.	Do.
Weightman School.	Electric lighting system	Do.
Western High School	Four new hot-air furnaces. Installation of composition blackboards.	Do.
District of Columbia Public Library.	Elevator	Aug. 31, 19 Sept. 11, 19
Residence Superintendent Tuberculosis Hospital.	Installation of electrical work and fixtures	Sept. 16, 19
Ketcham School	Carpenter work, ironwork, concrete and cement and mis-	Sept. 17, 19

Building.	Work.	Date of advertisement.
Truck house No. 3 Truck house No. 4 Engine house No. 11 Engine house No. 10 Truck house No. 5 Dunbar High School Congress Heights School New Central High School	Extension of smokestack Installation of window guards and gates. Electrical work do do Excavating, filling, grading, soiling, and sodding. Water-closet partitions, promenade tile roofing, enamel tile work, window guards, drinking fountains, lavatory, etc. Installation of clock and bell system and electrical work. Installation of electrical system Installation of electrical system Lighting fixtures and extension of lighting system Lighting fixtures and extension of lighting system Heating system do do do do do Section of belustrade. Construction of plu rail galleries. do New boiler equipment. Removal of frame buildings on approach Electrical work Removal of frame buildings on approach Electrical work Removal of frame buildings on approach Electrical work Repairs to furnaces. Plumbing work	Sept. 20, 1915 Sept. 25, 1915 Sept. 25, 1915 Oct. 7, 1915 Oct. 7, 1915 Oct. 25, 1915 Oct. 23, 1915 Oct. 30, 1915 Nov. 6, 1915 Nov. 6, 1915 Nov. 10, 1915 Nov. 10, 1915 Nov. 10, 1915 Nov. 11, 1916 Feb. 21, 1916 Mar. 11, 1916 Feb. 21, 1916 Mar. 11, 1916 Do. Do. Apr. 29, 1916 May 3, 1916 May 4, 1916 Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Jan. 11, 1916 June 5, 1916 June 5, 1916 June 6, 1916 June 8, 1916 June 13, 1916 June 13, 1916 June 13, 1916 June 13, 1916 June 19, 1916 June 20, 1916

CUBIC COST OF BUILDINGS.

In the annual reports of previous years the cubic cost of District buildings has been given since 1897. These tables show the increase in cost since 1898, which now amounts to an increase over the cost at that date of about 60 per cent. The following table shows the cubic cost of buildings erected during the fiscal year. Comparison of cost between the District buildings and similar buildings in other cities will show that, with the exception of Cleveland, Ohio, the buildings and repairs cost less in Washington than in any other city.

Building, name, number, description, and location.	Cost.	Cubic contents.	Cost per cubic foot.	Heating plan.
New Central High School, No. 173, Eleventh, Thirteenth, and Clifton Streets and Florida	\$1,053,260.32	Feet. 5, 712, 462	Cents. \$0. 1844	Fan system, steam.
Avenue NW. Dunbar High School, No. 174, First Street, be-	414, 719. 13	2,913,295	.1423	Do.
tween N and O Streets NW. Park View School, No. 175, west side of Warder	120, 796. 46	829, 417	. 1456	Do.
Street, between Otis and Newton Streets. Powell School, No. 157, addition, School Street, opposite Lamont Street, NW.	71, 869.00	439, 899. 5	.146	Do.
Engine house, No. 28, Connecticut Avenue, between Ordway and Porter Streets NW.	25, 613. 52	131,805	. 194	Steam.
Truck house, No. 1, New Jersey Avenue, between D and E Streets NW.	35, 595. 21	183, 213. 4	. 194	Do.

The plans and specifications for all buildings appropriated for were completed and contracts made pefore the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of the fish market and the public convenience station at Fifteenth and H Streets NE. The plans and specifications for these buildings were completed before the end of the fiscal year, but, at the request of the Commission of Fine Arts, the plans were revised and are now about ready for proposals.

The two high schools were occupied by the school authorities and pupils on the

opening day of the school term, October 2, 1916.

The Park View School was also completed and occupied on the opening day of the schools.

The Powell School will be completed and ready for occupancy about the 1st of December next.

The truck house, No. 1, on New Jersey Avenue, and engine house, No. 28, on Connecticut Avenue, will be ready for occupancy about the 1st of November, 1916.

I would renew the recommendations, made in previous annual reports for the last three years, for an increased force in this office and the repair shop, and for a reorganization on a more workable basis; and in this connection I would invite attention to the fact that the total expenses of this office, exclusive of heat, light, and quarters, but including superintendence, drafting, inspection, clerical, and all other personal expenses, amount to less than 4 per cent per annum of the cost of the buildings constructed each year.

The school buildings and other district buildings, which have heretofore been constructed at a cost of between 14 and 17 cents per cubic foot, on account of the great advance in wages and the continual advance in the prices of materials, will probably cost from 18 to 20 cents per cubic foot within the next year.

A property-accounting system has been established at the repair shop and other

improvements made to expedite that branch of the work.

Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner.

Heretofore it has been the practice to begin the repairs on the buildings, especially the schools, about the 20th of June, and about 80 per cent of the repairs was made during the summer months while the schools were closed. On account of the failure of the appropriation bill to pass until September, the repair work on the schools must be made during the winter with as little interference with the schools as possible.

I submit herewith the report of the superintendent of repairs, showing in detail the amount expended in repairs on each and every building under his supervision. Very respectfully,

Capt. R. G. POWELL,

SNOWDEN ASHFORD, Municipal Architect, District of Columbia.

Corps of Engineers, United States Army,

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF REPAIRS.

Washington, September 13, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

HENRY STOREY, Superintendent of repairs, District of Columbia.

The MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT.

Public schools, District of Columbia, 1916—Repairs to buildings.

School.	Labor.	Material.	Contract.	Total.
Abbot	\$57.98	\$14.78	\$110.86	\$183.62
Adams. Addison.	693. 37 56. 24	427. 50	40.38	1, 161. 25 79, 15
Ambush	78 08	22. 14 166, 95	224, 21	469. 24
Amidon	160.05	38.54		198.59 370.80
Arthur	92. 29	162.02 49.10	25, 50	166.89
Banneker Bell.	219. 26 54. 73	151.35 14.73	176. 07	546, 68 70, 24
Benning	192, 70	58, 22	. 18	250.92
Berret. Birney.	20. 55 178, 52	9. 91 50. 03	14.80	45. 26 228, 55
Biair	63 71	46. 74	35.88	146. 33
Blake. Blow.	87 49		15, 11	714, 49 121, 69
A. Bowen	145. 73		10. 31	189. 25

Public Schools, District of Columbia, 1916—Repairs to buildings—Continued.

School.	Labor.	Material.	Contract.	Total.
S, J. Bowen.	\$164.89	\$28.04	\$145.14	\$338.07
Bradley	29.21	5.84	8.76	43.81
Brent	175.00 63.24	142. 57 14. 28	86.03	317. 57 163. 55
Brightwood	98.96	38.14		137. 10
Brightwood Brightwood Park Brookland	760, 64	455, 00	11. 47 103. 20	1, 227, 11
Brookland	208.53	68.74	103, 20	380. 47
Brown Bruce		106.58 36.70	30.53 15.42	530.33 137.28
Bryan	505. 31	36. 70 58. 71		564.02
Bruce. Bryan. Buchanan. Bunker Hill.	111. 19	173.99	10.62	295.80
Burker Hill	60. 22 69. 67	25, 20 80, 14	21.78	107. 20 149. 81
Business High.	1,087.50	1,089.58	611.00	2,788.08
Conhour	180 22	192.31	.93	382, 56
Cardoza Cardoza Manual Training	140.38	29.99		170. 37 84. 08
Chain Bridge	67. 84	16. 24 27. 29		60.85
Cartoza Manuar Franting Chain Bridge Central High	667.98	321.15	137.00	1, 126, 13
		106.95		376. 33 10. 25
Conduit Road. Congress Heights and Annex.	734. 67	612. 11		1, 346. 78
		88, 85		340.00
H. D. Cooke. J. F. Cook. Corcoran and Portable.	607.01	304.90 91.59	17. 67	929.58 508.01
Corcoran and Portable	403.09	26.15	13, 33 76, 00	243.47
Crummell	89.84	55. 62		145.46
Curtis	. 207. 19	94. 72	147. 20	449.11
Dennison	91.59	66. 70 66. 43	184.00 19.42	342, 29 195, 41
Deanwood Dent.	273, 48	175, 28	13.42	448. 76
Deuglas. Eastern High Eaton.	41.93	95. 60	213.50	137. 53
Eastern High	851.14 111.28	568. 50 65. 44	213, 50 187, 00	1,633.14 363.72
Eckington	282.73	298.80	131.00	581, 53
Eckington Edmonds Emery	. 99.08	71. 19	10.31	180.58
Emery	. 435.08	162.31	1,946.00	2,543.39
Fairbrother Fillmore	. 84.09 . 66.79	28, 73 27, 80	25.34	112.82 119.93
		155, 11	104.00	1,056,52
Franklin. B. B. French. Gage.	. 1, 291.88	399.79	104.50	1, 796, 17 136, 83
B. B. French	. 83.44 480.98	38.74 108.35	14.65 348.52	937. 85
tiales	. 134.33	97.07	189,00	418 42
Garnet	223, 30	98.25 128.77	1,546.54 333.41	1,868.09 648.49
Garfield Garrison	89 01	99, 60	26, 81	215.42
		11.11	6.97	56. 94
Grant	. 532.54	533. 07	210.00	1, 275. 61 550. 51
Grant Greenleaf Harrison	. 327. 02 108. 32	207.84 210.15	15.65 .77	319.24
		273.09		518.50
Henry Hilton	. 285.19 39.31	161.04	106.55	552.78 63.13
Hubbard	. 184.17	18.32 59.33	5. 50	243, 50
Hyde	201.78	425. 93		627 71
Industrial Home	. 6.00	6.10	.78	12. 10 267. 65 867. 14
Jackson.	. 162.35 440.25	104. 52 314. 89	112.00	867.14
Johnson and Annex	391.55	66, 88	219.60	678.03
Jones	. 173.00	377.90	76.65 11.31	627. 61 2, 627. 20
Kenilworth Ketcham	. 1,947.01	668.88 191.23	3, 301. 71	4,092.61
Langdon	. 20.96	4.71		25. 67
Langston	. 281. 22	59.24 269.66	0.14	340.46 977.82
Lenox Lincoln	. 699.02 130.24	65.21	9.14 150.50	345.95
Logan	408.72	362.99	36.27	807.98
Loveiov	337.06	117.62	23.95	478. 63 891. 61
M Street High M Street Heating Plant	. 549.01 152.53	342.60 113.13	65.00	330.66
		194.89	7.67	353. 10
Magruder Maury McCormick	. 197. 48	212.62	15. 11	410. 10 331. 89
Maury	251.64	65. 14 21. 37	4.03	61, 89
McKinley Manual Training	545.40	740.79		1, 286. 19
McCormick McKinley Manual Training Military Road Miner Normal	8.18	1. 27 108, 97		9. 45 505. 05
Miner Normal	296.08 684.99	108.97		1, 149. 48
Monroe Montgomery	120.38	61.05	9.76	191. 19
		26, 32	29, 68	155. 76
Morse New Mott	154.37 470.61	72. 05 629. 74	114. 39	249. 44 1, 214. 74
Old Mott				60, 28
Orr	109.38	65. 31	19. 14	193. 83

Public Schools, District of Columbia, 1916—Repairs to buildings—Continued.

School.	Labor.	Material.	Contract.	Total.
Street Manual Training.	\$36, 88	89.99		\$46,8
ark View Portable	79.07	46.34		125. 4
	340.95	107.97		448.9
udlow	172.75	41.97 123.15	\$19.84	214.7
eabody	182.47 324.25	241.64	201.10	325.4 766.9
ptworth	276.38	110.62	5.35	392.3
etworth helps	64.35	19. 41	0.00	83. 7
	38.02	16.12	23.02	77.1
minps lerce olk	201.68	241.76		443.4
olk	156.60	209.65	7.60	373.8
ld Potomac. owell andall.	1.50 509.13	1.51 446.86	217.44	3.0
andall	141.15	74.85	7. 67	1,173.4 223.6
andle Highlands.	1, 146. 45	176.31	323.64	1,646.4
andle Highlandseno	57.45	26.32	110.82	194.5
eservoir	44.53	49.64		0.4 1
.0ss	29.73	7. 79		37. 5 360. 9
eaton	186.35	174. 57		360.9
immons	19.06	8.79		27.5
aterort Slocum	65.65 125.43	113. 26 102. 25		178.9 227.6
mallwood.	124.87	58.65	11.70	195.2
tanton	26, 46	15.94	17.51	59.9
mot hers.	19. 47	13.07		32.
tevens	585.67	427.02	1,547.52	2,560.2 262.0
umner	173.92	88.11		262.0
yphax akoma	292.58 189.10	82.48 91.60	127.80 11.24	502. 291.
avlor	389. 60	352.05	7. 67	749.
aylor enley and Annex	163.76	81.41	103.20	348.
homson	131 31	56.35	200.57	388.
hrelkeld oner	141.44	94.84		236.3
oner	170.56	205.95	50.53	427.0
owers	52.44	29.72	34.33	116.
'wining	454.45 108.49	167.89 38.29	12.17	634. 146.
an Buren and Annex	127.57	173.64		301.
yler an Buren and Annex. Van Ness	178.07	245. 87		423.9
vallach	702.51	450.10	2,647.00	3,799.0
Vebb	49.01	13.46	2.40	64
Vebster.	198.88	107.95		306.
Veightman Vestern High	783.51 300.68	1,571.48		2,354. 383.
Vest	221. 20	82.79 141.10	305.12	667
West	201.40	92.10	000.12	667. 293.
Vilson	80, 61	22.64	17.36	120.
Wilson Normal Wisconsin Avenue Manual Training.		188.75		572.
Woodburn	46.49	7.13		53. 44.
Wormley.	35. 18 61. 44	9.52	37.36	110
20 Twenty fourth Ctreet NW		19.85 2.50	37.30	118. 2.
District of Columbia repair shop	139.03	68.05		207.
District of Columbia repair shop. Parious schools (on written orders in shop).	10, 158. 18	1,745.18		11,903.
SUMMARY.	,		-	
Appropriation Running stock on hand June 30, 1915.				\$100,000.
Running stock on hand June 30, 1915. Fen per cent on outside orders for superintendency				17,524. 2,252.
Potel amount of labor accounted for an amilitary and				119,777.
Potal amount of labor accounted for on written orders			848, 432. 75	
Potal amount of minor contracts and shop orders			17 069 96	
las consumed (pro rata share)			43.80	
Expressage on adding machine to Chicago to be repaired			2.98	
as consumed (pro rata share). Expressage on adding machine to Chicago to be repaired. Horseshoeing and blacksmith work done by shop. Ultiment to engineer stables			553.56	
Allotment to engineer stables.			295, 00	
Allotment to District of Columbia property yards			21, 25 21, 25	
Motment to engineer stables. Motment to District of Columbia cement house. Motment to District of Columbia property yards. Motment to crane and office of District of Columbia sand yard Pro rata share of purchase of horse (engineer department, 131,2 Purchase of forme			82.21	
Pro rata share of purchase of horse (engineer department 131 2	24)		210.00	
to the state of th			1,062.05	
Purchase of forage.	lity)		66, 83	
Purchase of forage. Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountabil			207.50	
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountabil Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine Coal			273.59	
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountabil Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine Coal				
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountable Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine Coal. Purchase of guides, drop cloths, flash lights, and 2 anemometer	S	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	145.32 636.91	
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountabil Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine Coal. Purchase of guides, drop cloths, flash lights, and 2 anemometer Unexpsended Fractional differences in prices on material caused in issuince.	S	tition and	636.91	
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountable Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine. Coal Purchase of guides, drop cloths, flash lights, and 2 anemometer Unexpended. Fractional differences in prices on material caused in issuing strengthed in the difference in prices of District of Columbia contract set the difference in prices of District of Columbia contract set.	S	tition and	636.91	
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountable Pro rata share of purchase of comptometer adding machine Coal. Purchase of guides, drop cloths, flash lights, and 2 anemometer	S	tition and	145.32 636.91 4.338.08	99,782.

Fire department, District of Columbia, 1916-Repairs to engine houses.

House.	Labor.	Material.	Contract.	Total.
No. 1 engine.	\$67.31	\$29,66		\$96, 97
No. 2 engine	53, 25	12.77		66, 02
No. 4 engine	102, 61	31, 79		134, 40
No. 5 engine	385.02	204, 94		589. 96
No. 6 engine	33, 97	30, 74		64. 71
No. 7 engine	332, 24	304, 80		637.0
Fire department repair shop	60, 06	77, 95		138.0
No. 8 engine	450.39	533, 97		984. 36
No. 8 engine	275.08	141.70		416, 78
No. 10 engine	66. 28	52, 41		118, 69
No. 10 engine	151.76	81.01		232. 7
No. 11 engine	318, 20	221.99		540, 19
No. 12 engine		26, 36		229.6
No. 13 engine	203, 25			779.9
No. 14 engine	547. 48	232, 47		229. 9.
No. 15 engine	142.44	87.51		
No. 16 engine	179.82	44.48	**********	224. 3
No. 17 engine	54.00	52.00	\$90.00	196.0
No. 18 engine	105, 83	26.07		131.9
No. 19 engine	122, 57	65.04		187.6
No. 20 engine and No. 12 truck.	252. 84	69.47		322.3
No. 21 engine and No. 9 truck	125.68	35.40		161.0
No. 22 engine and No. 11 truck.	236, 92	93.30		330. 2
No. 23 engine	253.03	139.68		392.7
No. 24 engine	27.15	27.98		55.1
No. 25 engine and No. 8 truck	825.72	374, 72		1,200.4
No. 26 engine	53.31	48, 19		101.5
No. 26 engine No. 27 engine and No. 1 chemical	109.99	88, 11		198. 1
No. 2 chemical	84. 27	21.94		106. 2
No. 1 truck	26, 87	19.03		45.9
No. 2 truck	255. 81	77.58		333.3
No. 3 truck	515.37	222.52		737. 8
No. 4 truck	25, 42	35, 09	30.00	90.7
No. 5 truck	185, 51	134.80		320.3
No. 6 truck	64, 10	74.05		138. 1
No. 7 truck	103, 46	51, 22		154.6
No 10 truck	138, 48	64, 49		202, 9
Various engines (on written orders in shop)	232, 39	17,65		250, 0

SUMMARY.

Total amount of labor accounted for on written orders	\$7, 167, 88
Total amount of material accounted for on written orders.	3,852.88
Total amount of minor contracts and shop orders.	120.00
Allotment to engineer stables.	
Allotment to District of Columbia cement house.	2, 50
Allotment to property yards	
Allotment to crane, District of Columbia sand yard	
Another to crane, District of Columbia said yard	
Pro rata share of purchase of horse (engineer department, 131,224). Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountability).	7. 86
Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property accountability)	27.50
Pro rata share of purchase of 1 comptometer adding machine. Purchase of forage.	246.00
Purchase of forage	5. 80
Gas consumed (pro rata share)	
Unexpended	278.26
·	41 700 07
	11,790.85
Appropriation Expended .	12,000.00
Expended	11, 790. 85
·	
Credited school stock	209.15

Metropolitan Police, District of Columbia, 1916—Repairs to stations.

	Labor.	Material.	Contract.	Total.
No. 1 station	\$527.18	\$252.08		\$779.2
No. 2 station	81.60	15, 47		97.0
No. 3 station	494.66	173.81		668.4
No. 4 station	174.02			262. 2
No. 5 station	30754			438.8
No. 6 station	287. 61			507.1
No. 7 station	130.92 567.50			178.0
No. 9 station	274. 18			875. 1 394. 6
No. 10 station	175. 90	81. 26		257.1
No. 11 station	49.94	25. 93		75. 8
Tenley substation	377.34	141.33		518.6
Various stations (on written orders in shop)	203.50	25.02		228.5
SUMMARY Total amount of labor accounted for on written orders. Total amount of material accounted for on written orders. Allotment to engineer stables Allotment to cement house. Allotment to property yards. Allotment to crane and sand yard. Pro rata share of purchase of horse (engineer department, I Pro rata share of purchase of blank forms (property account Pro rata share of purchase of lemptometer adding machi- Gas consumed (pro rata share).	31,224)			1, 629.2 25.0 1.2 1.2 4.8 12.5 3.9
Unexpended				5, 793.
AppropriationExpended		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6,000. 5,793.
Appropriation Expended Credited to school stock				
Credited to school stock	ce court—	Repairs to	building.	206. 9
Credited to school stock	ce court—	Repairs to	building. \$	
Credited to school stock	ce court—	Repairs to	building. \$\$	206. 9 1, 000. 0 990. 0
Credited to school stock	ct of Col	Repairs to	\$ building. \$\$	206. 1, 000. (990. (9. (vehicle)

Report of inspection of steam boilers, public schools.

6.31

Unexpended....

School.	Date of inspection.	Remarks.
Armstrong Manual	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 15, 1915.	Good condition.
Training.	Boilers Nos. 3 and 4, July 15,	Fair condition. Everlasting blow-off placed in line; also new steam gauge furnished.
Birney	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 31, 1915.	Good condition.
S. J. Bowen	July 26, 1915	Tubes renewed. Reinforced manhole opening and caulked patch on girth seam. Condition fair.
Brightwood	June 10, 1915	Condition fair
Brookland	July 28, 1915 (low pressure).	Renewed valves on gauge and drilled and plugged two pits.
Do		Tubes slightly nitted
Business High	Boiler No. 1, July 21, 1915	Retubed. Fire-box sides repaired and valve put in feed line.

Report of inspection of steam boilers, public schools—Continued.

School.	Date of inspection.	Remarks.
Business High	Boiler No. 2, July 21, 1915	Retubed. Valve stem on return repaired.
Do	Boiler No. 3, July 21, 1915	Tubes renewed.
Central High	East boiler No. 1, June 19, 1915.	Condition poor.
Do	Center boiler No. 2, June 21,	Tubes renewed. Fire-box sides repaired; blow-
	1915.	off lines renewed.
Do		Condition poor.
Do	1915. High pressure, Aug. 11, 1915.	Condition fair.
Congress Heights		Condition good.
-	1915.	
Cranch		Shell slightly pitted.
Do Curtis		Tubes renewed. Good condition.
Do	Boiler No. 2, July 7, 1915	Tubes renewed.
Dennison	. Boiler No. 1, July 9, 1915	Tubes renewed. Condition fair.
Do	Boiler No. 2, July 9, 1915	Do.
Eastern High	Boiler No. 1, July 31, 1915	Tubes renewed.
Do Emery		Do. Two new boilers installed.
Force		Condition good.
Do	Boiler No. 2, July 9, 1915	Tubes renewed. Condition good.
Franklin	Boiler No. 1, July 31, 1915	Good condition.
Do	Boiler No. 2, July 31, 1915	Tubes renewed.
Gales		Tubes renewed. Condition poor.
Do		Two new boilers installed.
Grant	Boiler No. 1, July 8, 1915	Tubes renewed. Condition fair.
Do	. Boiler No. 2, July 8, 1915	Do.
Henry	Boiler No. 1, June 9, 1915	Do.
Do		Do. Good condition.
Jefferson	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 26, 1915.	Good condition.
Lincoln	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 14,	Tubes renewed. Condition fair.
	1915.	
M Street Power Plant.		Condition good.
McKinley	Boilers Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and	Repaired indirect heating coil; repaired fire-box
McKilley	6, July 15, 1915.	sides and installed tile brick.
Do	Upright boiler, Aug. 11, 1915.	Condition good.
Miner Normal		Repaired fire-box sides and linings.
Peabody	4, 1915. Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 13,	Tubes renewed.
1 eabody	1915.	Tubes renewed.
Seaton	do	Good condition.
Stevens		Two new boilers installed.
Sumner		Put in new grates.
Syphax	Aug. 4, 1915	Tubes renewed. Condition fair.
Tenley	July 27, 1915	Tubes renewed.
Wallach	Boiler No. 1, July 14, 1915	Put natch on girth seam.
Do		Put patch on girth seam and reinforced handhole
Wohaton	Dellar Nor Land 9 Tolog	plate. Installed two sets of lower grates. Condition
Webster	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2, July 31,	good.
Wilson Normal	Boilers Nos. 1 and 2	Repaired grates and fire-box sides. Condition good.

The following amounts were expended on the buildings named below in making reapirs due to fire damage (appropriation, "Repairs to buildings injured by fire, District of Columbia, 1916"):

C-1 M 1 m 1 1	4988 79
Cardoza Manual Training	фэоо. 15
Central High.	7. 95
No. 9 police station.	39. 03

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REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF BUILDINGS.

Washington, July 10, 1916.

Sir: I submit herewith the annual report covering the transactions of the building division during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. No operations of the Federal Government were reported during the year.

Statement showing the number and character of buildings, repairs, etc., for which permits issued from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, and the respective values.

	Num- ber.	Value.		Num- ber.	Value.
Brick:			Concrete:		
Repairs	1.345	\$1,178,008	Garages	16	\$5,067
Dwellings	993	3,480,150	Warehouses	6	38,850
Apartments	60	4,396,000	Reservoir	1	500
Stores	51	481,944	Factory	1	30,000
Stores and dwellings	8	37,350	Storeroom	î	1,500
Stores and apartments	6	45,500	Metal:	-	2,000
Office buildings	6	698, 900	Garages	489	53,503
Warehouses	11	110,150	Sheds	43	33,850
Workshops	4	9,950	Oil tanks	2	9,000
Sheds.	11	8, 400	Frame:	-	0,000
Theaters	2	100,000	Sheds	343	15,048
Factories	2	70,000	Repairs	455	84,258
Bank	1	15,000	Dwellings	306	1,040,239
Garages	296	521,826	Garages	97	14,692
Churches	6	159, 200	Churches	2	2,850
College.		115,000	Stores	2	1,500
Bakery		60,000	Factory	1	24,000
Nurses' home (Homeo-	_	00,000	Stables	2	100
pathic Hospital)	. 1	31,000	Elevators	92	215, 18
Studios	2	7,000	Motors	318	82,631
Cemetery vault		4,500	Boilers	6	4,650
Stables	3	4, 504	Engines	2	350
Wagon shed		3,000	Gas engines	2	1,06
Printing office		35,000	dus digitiosititititititi		-,
Laboratory	1	7,000	Total	5,075	13, 477, 120
Dairy	1	900	Awnings.	141	10,57
Tile:	1		Signs	784	7,840
Dwellings	50	227,650		101	1,01
Garages	21	5,850	· Grand total	6,000	13, 495, 53
Church		4,500	Grand volulining	0,000	20, 100, 000

Comparative statement for the years 1915 and 1916.

	New buildings.	Repairs, etc.	Dwellings.	Apart- ments.	Business buildings.
1916. 1915.	1,839 1,486	3, 236 3, 368	1,349 1,155	60 42	430 289
Total	353	1 132	194	18	141

¹ Decrease.

Valuation of building operations, including awnings and signs:	
1916	\$13, 495, 535
1915	8, 599, 932
Increase	4, 895, 603
Permits issued, number, including awnings, signs, etc.:	
1916	5, 797
1915	5, 571
Increase	226
Projections beyond the building line, number of permits for:	
1916	1, 999
1915	1,760
Increase.	239

The following summary shows the distribution of improvements in the respective sections of the District and the values of same:

	Buildings.	Repairs, etc.
Northeast. Southeast. Northwest. Southwest. County.	252, 610 4, 037, 764 105, 655	\$75,077 50,195 837,551 101,347 621,519
Total	11,791,431 1,685,689	1, 685, 689
Sum total.	113, 477, 120	

Does not include awnings or signs, cost of which is estimated.

Estimated number of buildings in the District of Columbia.

	Brick.	Frame.
1916, erected 1916, razed	1,529	310 171
Total	1,491 62,099	239 26, 337
Total estimated number	63,590	26,576

¹ The number of razed buildings represents only those buildings for the razing of which permits were issued. The number of buildings in the District, therefore, can be only broadly approximated, the estimate being calculated upon the basis that a new building succeeds one torn down, and that if one large building replaces several small ones, several small ones replace a large one.

This was the biggest year the building division has had since the year 1912. As will be noted there was a considerable increase in all classes of new buildings.

Notwithstanding the receipts for fees were \$4,650 more than taken in last year, and the expenses some \$200 less than last year, the receipts for fees just about equaled the pay roll of the office, but transportation and contingent expenses made the total ex-

penses \$2,797.32 in excess of the receipts.

In this connection it is to be noted that a number of individuals and corporations refuse to pay fees for the quarterly inspection of elevators and the annual inspection of hotels and places of public amusement. This inspection work must be done, but the office does not receive any return for a large portion of it. It is earnestly hoped that the court may soon decide on the legality of these fees, for meanwhile it is not fair that some who desire to comply with all regulations should pay and others who dispute the propriety of the fee should receive the same service gratis. Had all the fees due the office been paid the expenses this year would have exceeded the receipts by only \$1,117.32.

The most important change in the building regulations during the past year was the revision of the section relating to reinforced concrete construction. Our regulations

are now in accordance with approved practice.

The number of inspections made by the field force was somewhat greater than the previous year. The fire escape inpector examined all theaters and places of public amusement in the District of Columbia, as well as all hotels, public halls, etc., and all

of the public schools.

The two elevator inspectors examined some 800 passengers elevators, all of these cars except those in private residences being inspected once every three months. This is the limit of these men's capacity for thorough work, and it is a question of but a short time when another inspector will be needed to take care of the increase in this

class of inspection.

The building regulations are believed to be reasonable, and, as a matter of fact, there is little fault found with them, but the height of buildings law should be amended so as to correct the unfair and unsightly condition which arises at the intersection of streets of different width, where the height permitted on the wider street is allowed to extend an unlimited distance on the streets of lesser width. Also it is believed the

policy of dividing the city into zones for the purpose of regulating and restricting the location of buildings designed for specific uses should be considered by the commissioners and recommendation made to Congress to enact a law which, besides fixing the height of buildings, would also prohibit the establishment of stores or other business on purely residential streets.

As recommended in detail in the estimates certain deserved increases in compensa-

tion of employees in this division are strongly urged.

My acknowledgements are due the employees of the office for the work accomplished during the past year.

Morris Hacker, Inspector of Buildings.

Capt. Roger G. Powell, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF STEAM BOILERS.

Washington, D. C., October 10, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, together with fees received and expenses incurred:

Boilers inspected	525
Boilers inspected for District of Columbia.	65
Boilers condemned	
Cases of scale and deposit	
Cases of defective setting	10
Cases of defective steam gauges	15
Cases of defective tubes	25
Cases of defective shell plates.	9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total amount received	\$2,300.00
Total amount expended	325.00

E. F. Vermillion, Inspector of Steam Boilers, District of Columbia.

1,975.00

The Inspector of Buildings.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF STEAM ENGINEERS.

Washington, D. C., September 21, 1916.

Sir: We herewith submit to you the report of the board of examiners of steam engineers for the year ending June 30, 1916.

The following table shows the work as it progressed during each month:

	Meetings held.	Applicants received.	Applicants approved.	Appli- cants incom- petent.	First class.	Second class.	Third class.	Special hoist- ing.	Dupli- cate.
1915.									
uly	5	12	3	9			2	1	
\ugust		8	3	5			2	1	
September	4 5	6	2 5	4			2		
October	5	11	5	6			1	2	
November		7	3	4	l	1	2		
December	5	5	3	2		1	2		
1916.									
January	4	7	3	4		1	2		
February	4	10	4	6	1	-	3		
March	5	19	5	14	1	2	i		
April	4	7	2	5	-	ĩ	î		1
May		8	2	6			2		
June	4	18	4	14			2	1	
Total	53	118	39	79	2	6	22	5	

In addition to examining applicants for steam engineer license, the board has also conducted the examination of applicants for automobile and motor cycle operators, a full report of which is being submitted by the secretary of the automobile board.

Our estimate of expenses for the year ending June 30, 1918, has been submitted to the secretary of the Board of Commissioners on the regular blank forms supplied for

that purpose.

E. F. VERMILLION, H. BOESCH, JAS. T. FINK, Board of Examiners.

The Inspector of Buildings.

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF PLUMBING.

Washington, October 1, 1916.

I have the honor to submit the thirty-fourth annual report of the work performed by the division of plumbing inspection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. The following table shows the work performed by the outside force of assistant inspectors:

Preliminary inspections.	7, 110
Cast-iron sewers:	
New	4,473
Repairs	987
Terra-cotta sewers:	
New	37
Repairs	443
	1,560
Rough work in—	
	2,561
	1,780
Water services.	783
Notices served	74
	2,894
Work not ready for inspection when ordered	878
Changes ordered in work incorrectly installed	244
Special inspections of municipal work	40
	2, 130
Complaints	5, 758
Total.	31. 752

To the above are to be added inspections by the head of the office of a general nature, 2,208; special inspections on construction work for the District, 342; and by the principal assistant inspector of plumbing, examination of materials, visits to the homes of witnesses, and general police work which does not appear elsewhere, 1,440. The total of these inspections should be added to the above total, which gives a gen-

eral total of 35,742 inspections made by the entire force.

The following table shows the total inspections made each year since the fiscal year

1895

1000.	
1895-96	1906-7
1896-97	1907-8
1897–98	1908-9
1898–99	1909–10
1899–1900	1910–11
1900–1901	1911–12
1901–2	1912–13
1902–3	1913–14
1903-4	1914–15
1904–5	1915–16
1905–6	

It is estimated that the total cost of new plumbing work installed during the year was \$962,978, and the estimate of value of repairs and remodeling work is \$331,695, both of which are much greater than for last year. This is accounted for partly by increased building and partly by a better class of plumbing work generally.

The total number of investigation would be the outdoor form (31,759) divided by the

The total number of inspections made by the outdoor force (31.752) divided by the total number of days in the field gives an average of 15 inspections per day per man.

The greatest number of inspections made by any man in one day was 61.

Dismissed...

PER DIEM EMPLOYEES.

With the exception of the men employed as temporary assistant inspectors, etc., under the special appropriation for that purpose, there were no other per diem employees in this office during the past year.

POLICE-COURT CASES.

The total number of warrants obtained was 15, divided as follows:

Violations of the plumbing regulations. Work done by unlicensed plumbers.	$\frac{5}{10}$
Total.	15
These cases were disposed of as follows:	
Nolle prossed on compliance with commissioners' order	6
Fined	

Amount collected from fines and forfeitures, \$75.

OFFICE WORK.

The following table gives the amount of office work performed during the past year and a comparison with that of the five preceding years:

	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916
Official letters	2,542	2,340	1,915	1,138	877	845
Unofficial letters	5,240	4,973	4,138	3,679	3,957	3,642
Indorsements	2,905	2,204	2,118	1,177	1,180	1,300
Inspectors' reports	9,641	9,659	9,015	10, 262	9,715	9,440
Indexes		1,404	1,683	1,771	1,332	1,400
Plans prepared	1,223°	33	26	18	30	24
Specifications prepared	45	41	34	50	66	55
Plans prepared Specifications prepared Plans and specifications revised	6	14	1	4	1	3
Examinations of plans for new buildings	2,273	3,256	1,857	1,518	1,486	1,361
Examination of repair applications	2,907	2,263	3, 138	2,628	3,347	2,955
Postage stamps used:	2,001	2,200	0,100	2,020	0,011	2,000
2-cent				1		1,582
1-cent						2,623
Postal cards						88
Cartickets used						1,766

REGULATIONS.

During the year but few changes were made in the regulations, all of the changes made looking to simplification and reduction of the total cost of plumbing to the householders.

COMPULSORY DRAINAGE.

During the last year 27 cases were recommended for compulsory sewer and water connections by the health department and other branches of the District government, including 2 nuisance notices. Notices were served in all these cases, with the exception of 3, where legal service could not be made. Fifteen of these notices were complied with by owners or agents and in 1 case the building was razed by the owner. On 3 of the cases the work was done by the District of Columbia and assessment made. The 8 remaining drainage notices are pending service.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE STATIONS.

There were 3 public convenience stations in operation during the year, open from 6 a.m. until midnight, in 2 shifts of attendants, each working 9 hours per day. The station at Seventh and Pennsylvania Avenue accommodated 1,779,010; that at Thirteenth-and-a-half Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, 561,191; and at Ninth and K Streets, 782,747 patrons during the year, this being a total of 3,122,948. The female patronage was about 14 per cent of the total and they contributed 10 per cent of the

cash receipts. These receipts, amounting to \$3,098.16, were for the use of pay compartments, the furnishing of clean towels, shoe-shine concessions, etc.

The patronage of the stations is increasing year by year and demonstrates the urgent need of facilities of this character. This office has for several years recommended stations at the points where street traffic is most dense, such as in the vicinity of Ninth and F Streets NW., Fifteenth and New York Avenue NW., Wisconsin Avenue and M Streets NW., and near the Peace Monument, and it is urgently recommended that a definite policy of appropriating for one new station each year be adopted until these locations are provided for.

The work of the field and office forces for the past year has been well and promptly

handled, and I beg to commend to you the loyalty and efficiency of the personnel.

A. R. McGonegal. Inspector of Plumbing, District of Columbia.

The Inspector of Buildings.

REPORT OF THE PLUMBING BOARD.

Washington, October 1, 1916.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of the plumbing

board for the past fiscal year:

There were held during the year 24 regular and two special sessions and consultations for examination and rating of candidates as master plumbers and gas fitters. The total number examined was 48.

The number of original candidates examined for licensing as master plumbers and

gas fitters was 22, of whom 6 passed and 16 failed.

Of the 26 who had been previously examined for licensing as master plumbers and gas fitters, 1 passed and 25 failed.

Examination of candidates appearing before the board one or more times resulted as follows:

	Passed.	Failed.		Passed.	Failed.
First Second Third Fourth	1	15	Fifth. Sixth. Seventh. Eleventh.		1

On April 1, 1916, Richard A. O'Brien, secretary of the board, died. Samuel Tapp was appointed member and secretary of the board.

PETER C. SCHAEFER, President.

SAMUEL TAPP. Secretary.

The Inspector of Plumbing.

REPORT OF THE ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Washington, October 10, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of the Electrical Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

Very respectfully,

WALTER C. ALLEN, Electrical Engineer, District of Columbia.

Lieut. Col. Chas. W. Kutz, Corps of the Engineers, United States Army, Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

STREET LIGHTING.

No increase in the appropriation for lighting for this fiscal year was granted by Congress, so that but few extensions of the lighting system could be made. The additional lamps that were established, as shown by the following tables, were erected after July 1, 1915, as a part of the work of the preceding fiscal year which was not completed on the latter date.

IMPROVED INCANDESCENT ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

This system was ordered for the following streets during the previous fiscal year, and was completed after July 1, 1915: Pennsylvania Avenue SE., from Second to Seventeenth Streets; Eighth Street SE., from Pennsylvania Avenue to M Street; Eleventh Street SE., from Pennsylvania Avenue to O Street; Seventh Street NW., from New York Avenue to Florida Avenue, Nichols Avenue SE., from Navy Yard Bridge to Sheridan Road. This work involved the erection of 528 lamps, of 100 candlepower each, over approximately 3.1439 miles of streets.

ARC LIGHTING.

The appropriation act for the fiscal year 1912 (sec. 7) required that all inclosed arc lamps in service on March 2, 1911, be replaced either with 4-ampere magnetite arc lamps, or with some other form of improved lighting to be selected by the commissioners, the changes to be made at the rate of not less than 400 lamps per annum, and to be completed by April 1, 1914. Acting under the interpretation of the provision of this law, which reads, "except as otherwise directed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia," all lamps were not replaced by "4-ampere 320-watt magnetite, or other arc lamps of equal illuminating value." but in many cases were replaced by new forms of lighting which had been adopted later as standard for certain classes of streets. Under this provision the rate of replacement "of not less than 400 lamps per annum" was also varied from in the case of streets for which a new form of lighting was preferable but for the increased cost of which funds were not available. In such cases the changes were delayed until the next appropriation became available.

cases the changes were delayed until the next appropriation became available.

On March 2, 1911, there were 1,202 inclosed arc lamps in service in the streets in the District of Columbia, and seven of such lamps were added as a temporary measure on November 27, 1911. The following list gives the kinds of lamps by which these 1,209 inclosed arc lamps were replaced and the dates on which the changes went into effect:

Replaced by incandescent electric lamps: Replaced by incandescent electric lamps: May 9, 1911 5 Sept. 7, 1911 1 Sept. 21, 1911 42 Oct. 3, 1911 17 Oct. 6, 1911 12 Oct. 9, 1911 2 Oct. 10, 1911 7 Oct. 20, 1911 7 Oct. 23, 1911 36 Oct. 25, 1911 4 Oct. 28, 1911 36 Oct. 28, 1911 36 Oct. 30, 1911 36 Nov. 3, 1911 36 Nov. 3, 1911 3 Nov. 8, 1911 1 Mar. 20, 1912 42 Mar. 20, 1912 4 Jan. 29, 1912 9 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 14, 1915 15 Jan. 14, 1915 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>too on which the changes went into enect.</th>			too on which the changes went into enect.
lamps:	Replaced by incandescent electric	1	Replaced by incandescent electric
May 9, 1911 5 Apr. 7, 1915 30 Sept. 7, 1911 1 May 11, 1915 29 Sept. 21, 1911 42 June 15, 1915 44 Oct. 3, 1911 17 Sept. 2, 1915 77 Oct. 6, 1911 12 Sept. 8, 1915 1 Oct. 10, 1911 5 Total 673 Oct. 20, 1911 36 Replaced by 4-ampere magnetite arc lamps: 1 Oct. 23, 1911 4 1 1 Oct. 24, 1912 4 1 4 Oct. 25, 1911 4 1 4 Oct. 27, 1911 1 1 4 Oct. 30, 1911 36 Mar. 13, 1912 42 Nov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 20, 1912 20 Nov. 8, 1911 10 Mar. 26, 1912 83 Jan. 29, 1912 9 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 14, 1915 35 July 20, 1912 3 Jan. 14, 1915 35 Oct. 17, 1912 <td>lamps:</td> <td></td> <td>lamps:</td>	lamps:		lamps:
Sept. 7, 1911	May 9, 1911	5	
Sept. 21, 1911. 42 Oct. 3, 1911. 17 Oct. 6, 1911. 12 Oct. 9, 1911. 2 Oct. 10, 1911. 5 Oct. 20, 1911. 7 Oct. 23, 1911. 36 Oct. 25, 1911. 4 Oct. 28, 1911. 36 Oct. 28, 1911. 3 Oct. 28, 1911. 36 Oct. 30, 1911. 36 Oct. 30, 1911. 36 Nov. 3, 1911. 1 Oct. 28, 1911. 36 Nov. 3, 1911. 1 Oct. 28, 1911. 36 Nov. 3, 1911. 10 Nov. 8, 1911. 10 Nov. 8, 1911. 10 Nov. 8, 1911. 10 Signature of the state of the st	Sept. 7, 1911		May 11, 1915 20
Oct. 3, 1911 17 Sept. 2, 1915. 77 Oct. 6, 1911 12 Sept. 8, 1915. 1 Oct. 10, 1911 5 Oct. 1, 1915. 21 Oct. 20, 1911 7 Total. 673 Oct. 23, 1911 36 Replaced by 4-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Oct. 26, 1911 4 lamps: Oct. 28, 1911 3 Mar. 13, 1912. 42 Oct. 30, 1911 36 Mar. 20, 1912. 20 Nov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 26, 1912. 20 Nov. 8, 1911 10 Apr. 1, 1912. 11 June 7, 1912. 9 May 11, 1914. 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 14, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 35 Oct. 17, 1912 1 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 21, 1912 3 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 21, 1912 30 Jan. 16, 1915. 29	Sept. 21, 1911		June 15, 1915
Oct. 6, 1911 12 Sept. 8, 1915 1 Oct. 9, 1911 2 Oct. 1, 1915 21 Oct. 20, 1911 36 Total 673 Oct. 23, 1911 36 Replaced by 4-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Oct. 28, 1911 3 Jan. 27, 1912 42 Mov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 13, 1912 45 Nov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 20, 1912 20 Nov. 8, 1911 10 Mar. 20, 1912 20 Jan. 29, 1912 9 Mar. 20, 1912 83 June 7, 1912 16 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Apr. 1, 1912 11 June 7, 1912 16 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Apr. 1, 1912 11 June 7, 1912 16 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Apr. 1, 1915 15 July 31, 1912 22 19 Mar. 26, 1912 83 Jan. 14, 1915 15 15 <	Oct. 3, 1911		Sept 2 1015
Oct. 9, 1911 2 Oct. 10, 1911 5 Oct. 20, 1911 7	Oct. 6, 1911		Sept. 8, 1915
Oct. 10, 1911 5 Oct. 20, 1911 7 Oct. 23, 1911 36 Oct. 25, 1911 4 Oct. 26, 1911 1 Oct. 28, 1911 3 Mar. 28, 1912 42 Mar. 31, 1912 45 Nov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 20, 1912 20 Mov. 8, 1911 10 Mar. 26, 1912 83 Jan. 29, 1912 9 May 11, 1912 11 June 7, 1912 16 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 14, 1915 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915 15 Jan. 13, 1912 2 Jan. 16, 1915 29 Dec. 13, 1912 22 Total 377 Dec. 21, 1912 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: 4 July 3, 1913 2 Total 377 Feb. 1, 1913 3 Jun. 26, 1911 8 Feb. 3, 1914 <td>Oct. 9, 1911</td> <td></td> <td>Oct 1 1915</td>	Oct. 9, 1911		Oct 1 1915
Oct. 20, 1911	Oct. 10, 1911		The state of the s
Oct. 23, 1911. 36 Replaced by 4-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Oct. 26, 1911. 1 Jan. 27, 1912. 42 Oct. 30, 1911. 36 Mar. 13, 1912. 45 Nov. 3, 1911. 1 Mar. 20, 1912. 20 Nov. 8, 1911. 10 Mar. 26, 1912. 83 Jan. 29, 1912. 9 Apr. 1. 1912. 11 June 7, 1912. 16 Jan. 11, 1914. 87 July 20, 1912. 13 Jan. 11, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Jan. 12, 1912. 3 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 12, 1912. 3 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Dec. 28, 1912. 1 Jan. 21, 1913. 3 Feb. 1, 1913. 2 Yow. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Jan. 20, 1914.	Oct 20, 1911		Total 673
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Oct. 28, 1911 3 Mar. 13, 1912 42 Oct. 30, 1911 1 Mar. 20, 1912 20 Nov. 8, 1911 10 Mar. 26, 1912 83 Jan. 29, 1912 9 Apr. 1. 1912 11 June 7, 1912 16 Jan. 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 11, 1915 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915 15 Aug. 9, 1912 3 Jan. 15, 1915 10 Dec. 12, 1912 3 Jan. 16, 1915 29 Dec. 21, 1912 3 Jan. 16, 1915 29 Dec. 21, 1912 3 Total. 377 Dec. 21, 1912 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: 3 Feb. 1, 1913 2 Total. 78 4 July 3, 1913 2 Nov. 13, 1914 1 3 July 20, 1914 42 Jan. 30, 1914 42 3 July 20, 1914 45 Jan. 19, 1915 3 4 Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 22, 1915 16 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Apr. 23, 1915 5	Oct. 26, 1911		lamps:
Oct. 30, 1911 36 Mar. 13, 1912 45 Nov. 3, 1911 1 Mar. 26, 1912 20 Nov. 8, 1911 10 Mar. 26, 1912 83 Jan. 29, 1912 9 Mar. 11, 1914 87 June 7, 1912 16 May 11, 1914 87 July 20, 1912 13 Jan. 14, 1915 35 Aug. 9, 1912 38 Jan. 14, 1915 15 Oct. 17, 1912 1 Jan. 15, 1915 10 Dec. 12, 1912 3 Jan. 16, 1915 29 Total 377 Dec. 28, 1912 1 Jan. 16, 1915 29 Total 377 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: 4 June 26, 1911 8 Feb. 3, 1913 2 June 26, 1911 8 July 3, 1913 2 June 26, 1911 8 July 20, 1914 42 Jan. 19, 1915 3 July 20, 1914 45 Jan. 19, 1915 3 Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 29, 1915	Oct. 20, 1011		Jan. 27, 1912 42
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Nov. 8, 1911. 19 Mar. 2e, 1912. 83 Jan. 29, 1912. 9 Apr. 1, 1912. 11 July 20, 1912. 16 Jan. 11, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 15, 1915. 10 Dec. 12, 1912. 3 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 13, 1912. 22 Total. 37 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite Jun. 21, 1913. 3 arc lamps: Feb. 3, 1913. 5 June 26, 1911. 8 July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 <td< td=""><td>Nov. 2 1011</td><td></td><td>Mar. 20, 1912</td></td<>	Nov. 2 1011		Mar. 20, 1912
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June 7, 1912. 16 May 11, 1914. 87 July 20, 1912. 13 Jan. 11, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Oct. 17, 1912. 1 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 13, 1912. 22 Total. 377 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Jun. 21, 1913. 3 June 26, 1911. 8 Feb. 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Jan. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 22, 1915. 36 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 3 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Apr. 23, 1915. 2 Pec. 3, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Ion 20 1010		Apr. 1, 1912
July 20, 1912. 13 Jan. 14, 1915. 35 Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Jan. 14, 1915. 15 Oct. 17, 1912. 1 Jan. 15, 1915. 10 Dec. 12, 1912. 3 Jan. 16, 1915. 29 Dec. 13, 1912. 22 Total. 377 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Jan. 21, 1913. 3 arc lamps: Feb. 3, 1913. 5 Jan. 30, 1914. 78 July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Dec. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Jan. 29, 1912	-	May 11, 1914
Aug. 9, 1912. 38 Oct. 17, 1912. 1 Dec. 12, 1912. 3 Dec. 13, 1912. 22 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Dec. 28, 1912. 31 Jan. 21, 1913. 3 Feb. 1, 1913. 2 Feb. 3, 1913. 5 July 3, 1913. 2 July 20, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 July 20, 1914. 45 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 July 20, 1914. 45 Aug. 11, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Aug. 11, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 38 Apr. 2, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 5 Dec. 30, 1915. 5 Aug. 5, 1914. 16 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Aug. 11, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 5 Total. 377 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: June 26, 1911. 8 Jan. 30, 1914. 78 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Aug. 11, 1914. 3 Apr. 23, 1915. 5 Total. 377	Jule 7, 1912		Jan. 11, 1915. 35
Oct. 17, 1912. 1 Dec. 12, 1912. 3 Dec. 13, 1912. 22 Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Dec. 28, 1912. 1 Jan. 21, 1913. 3 Feb. 1, 1913. 2 Feb. 3, 1913. 5 July 3, 1913. 5 June 9, 1914. 22 July 20, 1914. 45 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 3 377 377 Total. 377 380 4 496 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: June 26, 1911. 8 June 26, 1911. 8 June 26, 1911. 8 Jan. 30, 1914. 1 Dec. 30, 1914. 1 Jan. 22, 1915. 3 Jan. 22, 1915. 5 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Jan. 25, 1915. 2 Jan. 25, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	July 20, 1912		Jan. 14, 1915
Dec. 12, 1912 3 Dec. 13, 1912 22 Dec. 21, 1912 30 Dec. 28, 1912 1 Jan. 21, 1913 3 Feb. 1, 1913 2 June 26, 1911 8 Feb. 3, 1913 5 July 3, 1913 2 June 9, 1914 22 July 20, 1914 45 Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 19, 1915 3 Aug. 11, 1914 16 Jan. 22, 1915 16 Jan. 23, 1915 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total. 159	Aug. 9, 1912		Jan. 15, 1915
Dec. 13, 1912 22 Total. 377 Dec. 21, 1912 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Jan. 21, 1913 3 June 26, 1911 8 Feb. 1, 1913 5 Jan. 30, 1914 78 July 3, 1913 2 Nov. 13, 1914 1 June 9, 1914 22 Dec. 30, 1914 42 July 20, 1914 45 Jan. 19, 1915 3 Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 22, 1915 16 Aug. 11, 1914 16 Jan. 23, 1915 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Jan. 25, 1915 2 Dec. 3, 1914 3 Apr. 23, 1915 4 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total. 377	Det. 17, 1912		Jan. 16, 1915
Dec. 21, 1912. 30 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite arc lamps: Jan. 21, 1913. 3 June 26, 1911. 8 Feb. 1, 1913. 2 June 26, 1911. 8 Feb. 3, 1913. 5 Jan. 30, 1914. 78 July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 3 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Dec. 12, 1912		
Dec. 28, 1912 1 Replaced by 6.6-ampere magnetite alongs:	Dec. 13, 1912		1 otal 377
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Feb. 1, 1913. 2 June 26, 1911. 8 Feb. 3, 1913. 5 Jan. 30, 1914. 78 July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Dec. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 25, 1915. 2 Dec. 3, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Dec. 28, 1912		are lamper
Feb. 3, 1913. 5 Jan. 30. 1914. 78 July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Dec. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 25, 1915. 2 Dec. 3, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Jan. 21, 1913		June 26, 1011
July 3, 1913. 2 Nov. 13, 1914. 1 June 9, 1914. 22 Dec. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 25, 1915. 2 Dec. 3, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Feb. 2, 1012		Jan 30 1914 ~~
June 9, 1914. 22 Dec. 30, 1914. 42 July 20, 1914. 45 Jan. 19, 1915. 3 Aug. 5, 1914. 12 Jan. 22, 1915. 16 Aug. 11, 1914. 16 Jan. 23, 1915. 5 Nov. 20, 1914. 3 Jan. 25, 1915. 2 Dec. 3, 1914. 38 Apr. 23, 1915. 4 Apr. 1, 1915. 8 Total. 159	Luby 9 1019		Nov 13 1014
July 20, 1914 45 Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 22, 1915 16 Aug. 11, 1914 16 Jan. 23, 1915 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Jan. 25, 1915 2 Pec. 3, 1914 38 Apr. 23, 1915 4 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total 159	July 3, 1913		Dec 20 1014
Aug. 5, 1914 12 Jan. 22, 1915 16 Aug. 11, 1914 16 Jan. 23, 1915 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Jan. 25, 1915 2 Dec. 3, 1914 38 Apr. 23, 1915 4 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total 159	June 9, 1914		Jan 10 1015
Aug. 11, 1914 16 Jan. 25, 1915 5 Nov. 20, 1914 3 Jan. 25, 1915 2 Dec. 3, 1914 38 Apr. 23, 1915 4 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total 159	July 20, 1914		Ian 99 1015
Nov. 20, 1914 3 Jan. 25, 1915 2 Dec. 3, 1914 38 Apr. 23, 1915 4 Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total 159	Aug. 11 1014		Jan 23 1015
Dec. 3, 1914	Nov. 20, 1014		Jan 25 1015
Apr. 1, 1915 8 Total	Doc. 2, 1014		Apr 23 1015
	Apr. 1 1015		
		8	Total

The replacement of the inclosed arc lamps by other forms of lighting was completed on October 1, 1915.

LIGHTS ALONG STEAM RAILROADS.

The situation with respect to the several suits brought by the District of Columbia against steam railroad companies to compel repayment for the sums expended by the District in maintaining lights along the respective rights of way of such companies is as follows:

Washington Terminal Co.—A verdict of the jury was obtained in favor of the District in the amount of \$10,223.22, covering the period from September, 1909, to November, 1911, both inclusive. Motion for a new trial was made, which has not yet been disposed of.

A third suit has been entered for \$10,553.23, for the period from December, 1911,

to August. 1914, Both inclusive.

Philadelphia. Baltimore & Washington Railroad Co.—Suit was filed on March 3, 1916, against this company for \$17,178.25, covering the period from March, 1913, to June. 1916, both inclusive.

This suit is now on the calendar awaiting trial.

Lamps of all kinds in service July 1, 1916, as compared with July 1, 1915.

Kind of light.	1915	1916
Mantle gas.	10, 195	10, 248
Electric arc:	1	,
6.6-ampere series, inclosed.	99	
6.6-ampere magnetite.	320	317
4-ampère magnetite	522	523
Electric incandescent:		
250 candlepower, series.	4	4
100 candlepower, series.	2,860	3,428
100 candlepower, multiple.	101	98
60 candlepower, series.	3,243	3,323
60 candlepower, multiple	320	321
4 glower Nernst	64	64
Street designation lamps:		
Gas	391	388
Electric	82	91
Total	18, 201	18,805

Net increase during year, 604 lamps.

During the year the following changes have been made in the various forms of street lamps:

Kind of light.	Added.	Discon- tinued.
Mantle gas.	134	81
Electric arc:		
6.6-ampere series, inclosed		99
6.6-ampere magnetite	2	5
4-ampère magnetite.	1	
Electric incandescent:		
100 candlepower, series.	1 570	2
100 candlepower, multiple.		3
60 candlepower, series	² 124	44
60 candlepower, multiple	1	
Street designation lamps:		
On fire-alarm posts—		
Gas	38	3
Electric incandescent		
On patrol posts, gas		1
On plain posts—		_
Gas		7
Electric incandescent.		1
Total	850	246

¹ These lamps replaced 54 mantle gas lamps, ninety-nine 6.6-ampere series inclosed arc lamps, thirty-seven 60-candlepower incandescent electric lamps, and three 100-candlepower incandescent electric mulset tiple lamps.

In the establishment of these lamps 12 mantle gas lamps were replaced.

In the establishment of these lamps 3 designation fire-alarm gas lamps were replaced.

Net increase during the year, 604 lamps.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES.

Net increase in number of lamps. Discontinued.	
Replaced by other kinds.	
Total changes.	850

Cable installed and withdrawn during the year and amount in service June 30, 1916.

INSTALLED.

	SZ.	Signal.		Telephone.				Combination	n.			Total.	al.	
				Conductors	Conductors (Brown & Sharpe).		Cor	Conductors (Brown & Sharpe).	own & Sl	narpe).		Conductor	Conductors (Brown & Sharpe).	Sharpe).
Size of cable.	Cable.	No. 14, Brown &	Cable.			Cable.	Z	No. 14.	Ż	No. 19.	Cable.	1	SI SI	9
		Oliva pe.		No. 19.	No. 22.		Pairs.	Pairs. Conductors. Pairs. Conductors.	Pairs.	Conductors.		NO. 14.	140. 19.	NO. 22.
rair	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet. 685			No. 20		Feet. 685	Feet. 13, 700	Feet. 27, 400	7 :
25 pair. 12 pair. 8 pair. 5 pair.	290	6,960				2,391 3,894 17,364 648	0,000	46,728 46,728 138,912 3,888	0 4 61-	46, 728 138, 912 2, 592 180	4,184 17,364 648	3, 888 3, 888 3, 888 3, 888	46,728 138,912 2,592 180	
rotal	290	6,960				25,072	1:		1	1 1	25,362	258,368	287,542	
						WITHDRAWN.	AWN.							
30 pair. 12 pair. 10 pair. 8 pair. 5 pair.						2, 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820	0109488	2, 700 3, 200 17, 864 1, 692 820 820	092777	5, 400 3, 200 17, 864 1, 128 1, 128	135 406 320 2,233 282 705	2,770 3,200 17,864 1,692 2,820	5, 400 4, 772 3, 200 17, 864 1, 128 1, 140	2,820
Total						4,081		33,048		33, 774	4,081	33,048	33, 774	

IN SERVICE JUNE 30, 1916.

pair			7,941 2,310		2,382,300 462,000						7,941 2,310			2,382,30
air			10.812	2, 162, 400							10.812		2, 162, 400	
ir				,		480	30	28,800	09	57,600	480	28.800	57,600	
						4 503	30	970, 180	20		4 503		450,300	
			4 275	641 250		2	3		3		4, 275	6	641,950	
_				1		1 857	30		40		1,857	111 490	148,560	
						9,785	25		200		9 785	62, 550	978, 500	
						2,040	30		36		0,000	176,000	176,000	
poin						11, 401	100	249,000	99	010, 400	11,401	240, 400	110, 400	
	004	000 040	007	000	001	101, 11	PT		0.5		11,401	047,000	912,000	
UF	2,533	253,300	6, 432	431,800	211,400						8,965	253, 300	431,800	211, 400
ir						6, 214	50	248,560	52		6, 214	248,560	310, 700	
ir						20, 919	15	627.570	30		20,919	627,570	1, 255, 140	
Ţ.						7,542	15	226, 260	22		7,542	226, 260	377, 100	
ir						23, 767	10	713,010	200		23, 767	713,010	050,680	
1						4,633	17	157, 599	16		4 633	157, 599	148 256	
	12 010	781 140	3 036	189 160		574	10	17, 990	10		16,699	708, 360	100,380	
	10,010	21,110	2006	204,400		87 096	2	1 240, 550	06		67,026	1 240,590	0 651 040	
			12 467	672 250		95, 901	0,0	505, 850	24	756,030	96, 258	505, 890	1,429,050	
			10, 10	200,000		10, 101	0,0	000, 000	9 9		200, 100	905, 970	1, 702, 000	
ii.			01e'6	020,020		13, 137	107	080,040	01		23, 100	030, 040	192,400	:
dr						5, 494	00	82, 904	10		5, 494	87, 904	109,820	:
ir	19, 247	577, 410	7.5	2, 160		7,611	œ	121, 776	-1		26,930	699, 186	108, 714	
ir						7,016	9	84, 192	00		7,016	84, 192	112, 256	
ir.	19 530	300 790				64, 251	9	771, 112	9		76, 781	1 071 832	771,112	
ir	570	11,400				94,657	10	946, 570	10		95, 997	957, 970	946, 570	
	2	77, 100				175,000	4	1 407,064	7		175,883	1 407 064	1 407 064	
						100		47, 679	. 0		5,084	47,879	92,036	
						00, 004		407,470	40		00,001	101,101	100,000	:
			:			32,520	2	195, 150	7		97, 970	199, 199	130, 104	
	-		:			114,897	2	459, 588	-		114,897	459, 588	229, 794	
Total	47,899	1,923,970	58,261	4, 489, 760	3,055,700	638, 043		8, 665, 936		12, 055, 416	744, 203	10,589,906	16,545,176	3,055,700

Installed 4.8 miles of cable containing 108,392 miles of conductor; withdrawn, 0.773 mile of cable containing 12,656 miles of conductor; in service June containing 5,717,951 miles of conductor.

Amount of space occupied by cable installed and withdrawn during year and that in service July 1, 1916.

	Space o	occupied by c	able.
Owner of space.	Installed during year.	Withdrawn during year.	July 1, 1916.
District of Columbia. Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. Washington Railway & Electric Co. ¹ . United States Goyernment	12,655	1,355 2,500	172, 501 528, 077 27, 590 1, 536
Western Union Telegraph Co. Washington Terminal Co. Submarine cable.			7,180 1,019 150
Placed in parking Miscellaneous		226	2,917 3,233
Total.	25, 362	4,081	744, 203

¹ Under this name are included the conduits of all companies controlled by this corporation.

Aerial cable withdrawn during the year and the amount in service June 30, 1916.

WITHDRAWN.

	Tele	phone.		(Combinatio	on.			Total.	
Size of cable.		Conduc-		Cond	uctors (Br	own &	Sharpe).		Condu (Brow Shar	ne &
Size of carrier	Cable.	tors, No. 19 (Brown & Sharpe).	Cable.	N	io. 14.	N	To. 19.	Cable.		
		onar po).		Pair.	Conduc- tors.	Pair.	Conduc- tors.		No. 14.	No. 19.
25 pair	Feet.	Feet.	Feet. 2,772	No. 10	Feet. 55, 440	No. 15	Feet. 83, 160	Feet. 2,772	Feet. 55, 440	Feet. 83, 160

IN SERVICE JUNE 30, 1916,

25 pair			9,558	10 6 6 4	147, 160 103, 500 114, 696 6, 816	6	220, 740 155, 250 114, 696 6, 816	8,957 8,625 9,558 852	114,696	155, 250 114, 696
Total	1,599	79, 950	26, 393		372, 172		497, 502	27,992	372, 172	577,452

In service June 30, 1916, 5.3 miles of cable containing 179.85 miles of conductor.

TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

The following 22 telephones were added to the two switchboards of the departmen during the year:

District Building:	
Offices of the auditor	, extension telephones
Offices of the plumbi	ng inspector, room 116
Offices of the Board of	of Children's Guardians, room 337, extension
Offices of the automo	bile board, room 119
Offices of the health	officer, room 207
Offices of the chief er	ngineer, fire department, room 3.

Outside offices:	
Leper hospital, in watchman's quarters. Third pouce precinct garage	1
Rosedale playgrounds. Howard playgrounds. Thirty-fourth street and Volta Place playgrounds.	1 1 1
Fire department repair shop. Public schools:	1
Miner Normal School. Mott School. Garnet School. Ludlow School. Jefferson School. Curtic School extension	1 1 1 1 1 1
Curtis School, extension Wisconsin Avenue Manual Training School, extension Business High School, extension	1
The following nine telephones on these switchboards were discontinued during the year:	ne
District Building: Offices of the Public Utilities Commission, room 17 Offices of the Public Utilities Commission, photostat room. Offices of superintendent of sewers, room 305, extension. Outside offices: Old Emergency Hospital Building, one extension. Public schools: Storerooms, 1500 Eckington Place.	1 1 1 2
O Street Vocational School.	1
Franklin School switchboard: Three telephones for use of the public schools stor rooms, 1600 Eckington Place, were added to this switchboard during the year; of telephone, Franklin School Building, on this switchboard was discontinued during the year. Police Department switchboard: Two telephones, rooms 217 and 217-A, Distri	ne ng
Building, were added to this switchboard during the year. Water department switchboard: One telephone, repair shop, Bryant Street puming station, was added to this switchboard during the year.	p-
Number of telephones connected to the District system July 1, 1916.	
Offices in the District Building.	62 82
Public schools	01 52
Police department, private branch exchange.	50 28
Water department, private branch exchange.	$\frac{42}{17}$
James Ormond Wilson Normal School, private branch exchange. Miner Normal School, private branch exchange. Washineton Asylum and Jail, private branch exchange.	15 29 14 17
Police patrol service.	34
There are 26 portable telephone sets in service, the property of the District of C	
Intere are 20 portable telephone sets in strict, the paperty and the employees the electrical department.	of
STORAGE-BATTERY SYSTEM.	
The number of cells of storage battery in service July 1, 1916, was as follows:	
On pation cheures	62 26 86

DISTRICT UNDERGROUND CONDUIT AND CABLE SYSTEM.

The following conduit connections were made to the underground system:

Fire-alarm posts (total, 23).

Nichols Avenue and Howard Road SE. Thirteenth and K Streets SE Connecticut Avenue and Tilden Street NW. Nichols Avenue at intersection of Maple

View Avenue and Pleasant Street SE. Water and F Streets SW. First and N Streets SW. South Capitol and O Streets. New Jersey Avenue and M Street SE. Seventeenth and East Capitol Streets NE. Thirteenth and I Streets NE. Fifth Street and Seward Square SE.

Florida Avenue and Eckington Place NE.

Sixth and I Streets SW. Seventh and K Streets SW. Seventh and H Streets SW. Sixteenth and E Streets SE. Nineteenth Street and Potomac Avenue SE.

F Street between Fifteenth Street and Tennessee Avenue NE. Twenty-seventh and Garfield Streets NW. Connecticut Avenue and L Streets NW Madison Street and Colorado Avenue NW. Ninth and Longfellow Streets NW. Eighth and Jefferson Streets NW.

Police patrol posts (total, 19).

Thirteenth and L Streets SE. Fourteenth and K Streets SE. Fourteenth and Kennedy Streets NW. Half and O Streets SE. South Capitol and O Streets. First and N Streets SW. Seventeenth and A Streets SE. Fifth Street between Pennsylvania Avenue and Seward Square SE. Twelfth and E Streets NE.

Seventeenth and Kramer Streets NE. Twelfth and I Streets SE. Eleventh and G Streets NE. Fifth and Shepherd Streets NW. Sixth and K Streets SW Potomac Avenue and E Street SE. Fourteenth and F Streets NE. South Capitol and B Streets SE. Eighth and Kennedy Streets NW. Sixteenth and Longfellow Streets NW.

Connections to buildings (total, 15).

Naval Hospital, Twenty-fourth and E | Howard Playgrounds, Fourth and W Streets NW. Hygienic Laboratory, Twenty-fifth and E

Streets NW.

Review & Herald Publishing Co., Carroll and Willow Streets NW. Lemon Building, 1729 New York Avenue

Emergency Hospital, New York Avenue between Seventeenth and Eighteenth Streets NW

Convention Hall, Fifth and L Streets NW. Syphax School, Half Street between N and O Streets SW

Jackson School, R Street between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets NW.

Streets NW.

Rosedale Playgrounds, Seventeenth and Gales Streets NE.

Playgrounds, Thirty-fourth Street and Volta Place NW. Willard Building, 515 Fourteenth Street

Ambush School, L Street between Sixth

and Seventh Streets SW. Webb School, Fifteenth and Rosedale Streets NE.

No. 28 Engine House, fire department, Connecticut Avenue between Ordway and Porter Streets NW.

Connections between conduits (total, 4).

Twenty-ninth and Tilden Streets NW. K Street between Half and South Capitol | Eleventh and I Streets SE. Streets SE.

Thirty-first and R Streets NW.

Conduit extensions (total, 11).

Seventh and Q Streets NW. Seventh and R Streets NW. Seventh Street and Florida Avenue NW. Seventh and L Streets NW. Seventh and M Streets NW. Tenth and C Streets NW.

Tenth Street between B Street and Louisiana Avenue NW. Blair Road and Fourth Street NW. Thirtieth and K Streets NW. Twenty-second and N Streets NW. Sixth and M Streets SW.

In making the above-mentioned connections and extensions, 20.549 feet of conduit (duct feet) and 34 manholes were built, the work being done by this department.

Connections to the underground system, July 1, 1916.

Fire-alarm posts.
Police-patrol posts.
Cable-terminal posts.
Cabe-terminal posts.
Schoolhouses
Fire-department houses.
Police station houses
Miscellaneous District buildings.
Ti state of District buildings.
United States Government buildings.
Private buildings. Cable poles.
Cable noles
Casto Potes.
Total 1

POLICE-PATROL SYSTEM.

The following changes and — new installations were made in the patrol system:

Fourth precinct.—(change from overhead to underground connection: Box No. 23, First and N Streets SW.; box No. 36, South Capitol and O Streets SW. Fifth precinct.—New installation, connected underground: Box No. 40, South Capitol and B Streets SE.; box No. 46, Fifth Street between North Carolina Avenue and Seward Square SE. Changed from overhead to underground connection: Box No. 17, Italia of O Streets SE.; box No. 48, Part Streets Box Vo. 17, Half and O Streets SE.; box No. 21, Fourteenth and K Streets SE.; box No. 26. First and L Streets SE.; box No. 39, Thirteenth and L Streets SE.; box No. 53, Seventeenth and A Streets SE.

Seventh precinct.—The system was changed in this precinct from a two-circuit registering and bridging system to a straight telephone service, each box connected direct to the precinct station by an independent circuit. Box No. 54, Conduit and Foxhall Roads, was transferred to the subprecinct, Tenleytown.

Ninth precinct.—New installation, connected underground: Box No. 55, Seventeenth and Kramer Streets NE.; box No. 61, Twelfth and E Streets NE.; box No. 62, Eleventh and G Streets NE.

Tenth precinct.—New installation, connected underground: Box No. 127, Fourteenth and Kennedy Streets NW.; box No. 128, Sixteenth and Longfellow Streets NW.; box No. 152, Fifth and Shepherd Streets NW.

Eleventh precinct.—New installation, connected overhead: Box No. 56, Giesboro Road and District line SE.

Subprecinct, Tenleytown.—Box No. 124, Little Falls and Conduit Roads NW., and box No. 131 Nebraska Avenue and Ridge Road NW., were changed from booth to wall boxes. Box No. 54, Conduit and Foxhall Roads, was transferred to this precinct from the seventh precinct.

On July 1, 1916, the distribution of boxes among the precincts was as follows:

	Wall	boxes.		
Precinct.	Under- ground.	Over- head.	Booths.	Total.
First	31	1		32
Second	26			26
Third	46			46
Fourth	34	3		37
Fifth	36 26	5		41 26
	20	3		20
Seventh Eighth	25	0		2:
Ninth.	29	21		50
Tenth.	42	15	1	58
Eleventh		35	1	36
Subprecinct, Tenleytown	9	17	1	27
Total	² 326	100	3	429

¹ One of these posts carries a private fire alarm box.
² Six of these boxes, at following locations, are not on posts; 3, Union Station; 1, Engineer stables, First and Canal Streets; 1, Takoma Park, watchbox; 1, Treasury Department.

FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM.

Fourteen new fire-alarm boxes were placed in service during the year-11 public and 3 private-located as follows:

Public boxes.

No. 357, Connecticut Avenue and L Street NW.

No. 463, Seventh and H Streets SW. No. 535, Fifth Street and Seward Square SE. No. 567, New Jersey Avenue and M Street SE. No. 756, Twenty-seventh and Garfield Streets NW.

No. 931, Stanton and Pomeroy Roads SE.
No. 958, Alabama Avenue and Stanton Road SE.
No. 989, Forty-eighth Street and Sheriff Road NE.

No. 6117, Thirteenth and I Streets NE.

No. 8124, Sixteenth and Longfellow Streets NW. No. 8156, Blair and Riggs Road NE.

Private boxes.

No. 498, Agricultural Department.
No. 1239, Willard Building, 515 Fourteenth Street NW.
No. 8165, Review & Herald Publishing Association Building, Takoma Park, D. C.
Two private boxes were discontinued during the year, located as follows:
No. 344, St. John's Orphanage, Twentieth and F Streets NW.

No. 358, Department Quartermaster's office, 532 Seventeenth Street NW.

During the year 14 fire-alarm boxes were changed from overhead to underground connection.

Fire-alarm boxes in service.

	July 1, 1915.	July 1, 1916.
Connected by overhead wires: Public boxes. Private boxes. Connected by underground wires: Public boxes. Private boxes.	80 28 381 92	75 21 1 397 100
Total.	581	593

Nine additional boxes connected to underground system, but not yet in service.

Alarms received by the month.

	Box.		Local.			
Month.	Number.	False.	Number.	False.		
1915.						
July	41	7	26			
August		8	24	1		
September	44	4	28			
October		5	45			
November	71	10	78			
December	93	20	65			
1916.						
January	81	14	61	1		
February	69	15	49			
March		10	93			
April	77	7	67			
May		8	44			
June	43	7	26	-		
Total	734	115	606	18		

157

Alarms received and transmitted:	
Regular box alarms	727
Alarms from telephone stations	7
Alarms from National Automatic boxes	. ()
Local alarms	606
Second alarms	. 18
Third alarms.	
Fourth alarms	 . 1
•	
Total	 . 1.362
False box alarms	 . 115
False local alarms.	 15

Each fire-alarm box was tested several times during the year, the contact points cleaned, and the mechanism thoroughly overhauled. This is done regularly once a month as far as possible. The total number of tests amounted to 5,277, being an average of 8,915 per box.

POLES.

Under the authority of the act of Congress approved June 30, 1902, regulating the use of telephone wires in the District of Columbia, the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. has reported the following amount of work done during the fiscal year: Poles erected in streets within the prescribed area:

Total creeked in Streets within the prescribed area.		
Line		1
LineGuv.		
Anchors		
Poles erected in streets outside the prescribed area:		40
Line	146	
Guy	13	
Anchors.	41	200
Poles erected in alleys outside the prescribed area:		
LineGuv.		
Anchor.	32	
		163
Total		404
Poles taken down in streets within the prescribed area:		1
Line		•
LineGuv.	29	
Anchor		
Poles taken down in streets outside the prescribed area:		45
Line	83	
Guy. Anchors	15 3	
		101
Poles taken down in alleys outside the prescribed area:	22	
LineGuy.	4	
Anchors	3	29
Total	· - • •	176
Total erected during the year		404
Total taken down during the year.		176
Net increase.		228
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FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM.

Fourteen new fire-alarm boxes were placed in service during the year-11 public and 3 private-located as follows:

Public boxes.

No. 357, Connecticut Avenue and L Street NW.

No. 463, Seventh and H Streets SW.

No. 535, Fifth Street and Seward Square SE.
No. 556, Fifth Street and Seward Square SE.
No. 756, New Jersey Avenue and M Street SE.
No. 756, Twenty-seventh and Garfield Streets NW.
No. 931, Stanton and Pomeroy Roads SE.
No. 958, Alabama Avenue and Stanton Road SE.
No. 989, Forty-eighth Street and Sheriff Road NE.

No. 6117, Thirteenth and I Streets NE. No. 8124, Sixteenth and Longfellow Streets NW. No. 8156, Blair and Riggs Road NE.

Private boxes.

No. 498, Agricultural Department. No. 1239, Willard Building, 515 Fourteenth Street NW. No. 8165, Review & Herald Publishing Association Building, Takoma Park, D. C.

Two private boxes were discontinued during the year, located as follows: No. 344, St. John's Orphanage, Twentieth and F Streets NW. No. 358, Department Quartermaster's office, 532 Seventeenth Street NW.

During the year 14 fire-alarm boxes were changed from overhead to underground connection.

Fire-alarm boxes in service.

	July 1, 1915.	July 1, 1916.
Connected by overhead wires: Public boxes. Private boxes. Connected by underground wires: Public boxes. Private boxes.	80 28 381 92	75 21 1 397 100
Total	581	593

¹ Nine additional boxes connected to underground system, but not yet in service.

Alarms received by the month.

	Во	Box.		Local.			
Month.	Number.	False.	Number.	False.			
1915.							
fulv	. 41	7	26	i			
August		8	24				
September		4	28				
October		5	45				
November		10	78				
December.		20	65				
1916.							
January	. 81	14	61				
February	. 69	15	49				
March	. 64	10	93	:			
April	. 77	7	67				
May		8 7	44				
June	. 43	7	26				
Total	. 734	115	606	1.			

. 228

Alarms received and transmitted:		
Regular box alarms	72	27
Alarms from telephone stations.		7
Alarms from National Automatic boxes.		0
Local alarms.		96
Second alarms.		18
Third alarms.		3
Fourth alarms		1
Total	1 2	69
False box alarms.		$\frac{02}{15}$
False local alarms.		15
Each fire-alarm box was tested several times during the year, the contact cleaned, and the mechanism thoroughly overhauled. This is done regularly of	poin	its
cleaned, and the mechanism thoroughly overhauled. This is done regularly o	once	a
month as far as possible. The total number of tests amounted to 5,277, being an	ı ave	er-
age of 8.915 per box.		
POLES.		
Under the authority of the act of Congress approved June 30, 1902, regulatives of telephone wires in the District of Columbia, the Chesapeake & Potomac	ng tl	he
phone Co. has reported the following amount of work done during the fiscal year		le-
Poles erected in streets within the prescribed area:		
Line		1
Poles erected in alleys within the prescribed area:		1
Line	26	
Guy.	3	
	11	
	_	40
Poles erected in streets outside the prescribed area:	10	
Line	$\frac{46}{13}$	
	41	
Anchors		00
Poles erected in alleys outside the prescribed area:		
Line 1	15	
Guy		
Anchor		63
Total	4	04
Poles taken down in streets within the prescribed area:		
Line.		1
Poles taken down in alleys within the prescribed area:	29	
Line		
Anchor.	4	
AllChor		45
Poles taken down in streets outside the prescribed area:		
Line	83	
Guy	15	
Anchors.	$\frac{3}{-1}$	01
Poles taken down in alleys outside the prescribed area:	1	JI
Line	22	
Guy	4	
Anchors.	3	00
_	_	29
Total	1	76
	_	_
Total erected during the year	4	104
Total taken down during the year	1	76
•	-	_

Net increase.....

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Miscellaneous pole work-Poles erected, taken down, moved, etc.

	E	recte	d.	Tak	en do	wn.	Mo	red.	Repla	ced.	Re	set.	Incre	ase.	Dec	erease.
	Line.	Guy.	Anchor.	Line.	Guy.	Anchor.	Line.	Guy.	Line.	Guy.	Line.	Guy.	Line.	Guy.	Line.	Guy.
Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co	287	32	84	134	31	10	46	2	171	11	30	1	153	1		
Co Western Union Telegraph Co District of Columbia	380		152	38 5 55	11	4	67		113	1	16 2		342	24	5	
Baltimore & Washington Transit Co					1	7			6				·····		55	
Washington & Maryland									1							
City & Suburban Railway Co Washington Interurban Railway Co	1			1					1		· • • •					
Postal Telegraph Cable Co East Washington Heights Traction Co.				1					2							
	670	67	236	235	43	21	113	2	303	12	48	1	496	25	61	1

List of poles of all kinds, July 1, 1916.

	Line.	Guy.	Total.
District of Columbia.	468	14	482
United States Government	297	1	298
Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co	6, 178	643	6.821
Potomac Electric Power Co	5,996	194	6, 190
Western Union Telegraph Co	909		909
Postal Telegraph Cable Co.	356	9	365
Brightwood Ry, Co	340		340
Columbia Ry. Co	461	4	465
Anacostia & Potomac Rv. Co	3		3
City & Suburban Ry. Co	86		86
Georgetown & Tenleytown Ry, Co	304		304
Capital Railway Co	208		208
Washington & Baltimore Transit Co.	30		30
Maryland & Washington Ry. Co.	158		158
Capital Traction Co	204		204
Washington & Glen Echo Ry, Co	8		8
Steam railroads	545		545
Washington & Great Falls R. R. Co.	401	1	402
Washington Interurban R. R. Co.	185	1	189
East Washington Heights Traction R. R. Co.	65	4	65
1. CO	03		03
Total	17, 202	870	18,072

ELECTRIC-WIRING INSPECTION.

The following tables show the amount of work performed by this department in connection with the electrical wiring inspection:

Permits issued by the inspector of buildings authorizing electrical wiring:	7 050
Buildings.	1,258
Machinery	164
Signs.	54
	1, 476

OPERATIONS OF THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT, D. C.	159
Permits issued by the electrical department:	
For inside-electrical work	3, 160
For outside electrical work	140
Temporary permits—	110
Electric wiring	33
Use of current	233
Without fee (ordered by District of Columbia, etc.)	132
Building permits	1, 582
Quarterly	56
Gas lamps outside	112
	5, 448
Certificates issued:	
Final	3, 408
Without fee.	53
Preliminary	7
	3, 468
T 1	
Lamps and apparatus installed:	70 501
Incandescent	78, 591 72
Arc lamps	4, 250
Blank outlets.	
Motors	
Total horsepower of motors	
Generators.	14
Total kilowatt capacity of generators	109, 75
Defective wiring reported by inspectors	296
Notices of defective wiring sent	1,465
Requests for inspection	18
Miscellaneous	
Cooking ranges, etc	10
Inspection in connection with yearly license	135
Fees paid to the collector of taxes:	
For permits	\$5,948.00
For certificates	60.00
For 157 copies Rules and Regulations, at 30 cents each	47. 10
	6, 055. 10
Work of inspectors of electric wiring from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916.	
Inspections in private buildings	11, 980
Inspections in municipal buildings	953
Inspections in theaters	2, 011
Total inspections	14, 944

MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

This department prepared plans and specifications for and supervised the introduction of electric installation in the following municipal properties:

Completed work.

Fire department:

No. 3 truck house, extension of electric lighting system.
No. 5 truck house, alterations and repairs to electric lighting system.
No. 7 truck house, alterations and extensions to electric lighting system.
No. 5 engine house, repairs to electric lighting system.
No. 6 engine house, repairs to electric lighting system.
Repair shops, battery-charging system.
Ro. 9 engine house, alterations to electric lighting system.
No. 9 engine house, alterations to electric lighting system.
No. 10 engine house, repairs to electric lighting system.

Fire department—Continued.

No. 16 engine house, extensions and repairs to lighting system.

No. 12 engine house, electric lighting system.

No. 21 engine house, extensions and repairs to electric lighting system. No. 27 engine house, alterations to electric lighting system.

Board of Education:

Western High School, clock and bell system. Western High School, electric lighting system. J. O. Wilson School, assembly hall exit lights.

J. O. Wilson School, stage equipment—dimmers.

M Street High School, central heating plant, repairs to electric lighting system. Grover Cleveland School, assembly hall, exit lights.

Smallwood School, electric-power system.

S. J. Thomson School, alterations and extensions to electric lighting system. Armstrong Manual Training School, repairs to generator equipment.

Police department:

Tennallytown substation, alterations to electric lighting system.

Harbor precinct station, electric wiring for launch.

Miscellaneous:

Washington Asylum Laboratories, electric lighting system and X-ray machine

Tuberculosis Hospital, superintendent's residence, electric lighting system.

Western Market, repairs to electric lighting system.

Leper house, electric lighting system.

Surface division blacksmith shop, electric lighting system.

Surface division blacksmith shop, drill-press motor.

Pennsylvania Avenue Rock Creek Bridge (interior), electric lighting system. Engineer department storerooms, electric lighting system.

Work in progress.

Fire department:

No. 1 truck house, electric lighting system. No. 6 truck house, electric lighting system. No. 28 engine house, electric lighting system.

Board of Education:

Park View School, complete electric wiring system.

New Central High School, electric lighting and power system; supervision, inspection, and tests only.

New Central High School, stage equipment; border light fixtures. New Central High School, motion-picture machine and wiring.

Jefferson School, stereopticon outlet.

Armstrong Manual Training School, repairs to motor. Franklin School, alterations to fixture equipment.

C. F. Powell School addition, electric-lighting system.

Dunbar High School, electric lighting system.

Dunbar High School, motion-picture machine and equipment.

Dunbar High School, alterations to power panel.

Dunbar High School, laboratory equipment.

Dunbar High School, wiring for dish-washing machine and electric oven.

Police department: No. 4 station, repairs to electric-lighting system.

No. 9 station, electric lighting system.

Specifications prepared—work not started.

Old Central High School, extension of electric lighting system. Brookland School, stereopticon outlet.

Miner Normal School, extension to electric lighting system.

Miner Normal School, motion-picture machine and equipment.

Western High School, laboratory generator.
Western High School, extensions to electric-lighting system.

Franklin School, electric heater.

J. O. Wilson School, electric wiring for dish-washing machine. Water department garage, electric lighting and power system.

Workhouse wharf, electric lighting system.

No. 5 truck, District of Columbia Fire Department, extension of electric lighting system.

Public convenience station No. 4, electric-lighting system. District Building, health office, repairs to electric oven.

Minor repairs were made by inspector to the electric wiring or apparatus in the following buildings: No. 5 truck house, No. 6 truck house, No. 7 engine house, No. 9 engine house, No. 10 engine house, No. 16 engine house, No. 8 police station, Wisconsin Avenue Manual Training School, S. J. Thomson School, Western High School, Armstrong Manual Training School, engineer department stables, electrical department garage, Home for the Aged and Infirm, crematorium, smallpox hospital, smallpox quarantine station, public convenience station No. 1, public convenience station No. 2.

GENERAL SUPPLIES.

m		
Re	cera	nts

Appropriation	\$11, 050. 00 83. 26
m-1-1	11 100 00

Expenditures

Expenditures.	
Office expenses	\$846, 42
Telephone rental, etc	3, 898, 11
Instruments and apparatus	905. 88
Cable	1,746.14
Labor pay roll	1, 148, 44
Storeroom expenses	360.04
Wire	460. 51
Line supplies	207.25
Tools and hardware	68. 35
Batteries and battery supplies	228.58
Renairs to nevements	5. 70
Maintenance of engineer department stables.	109.88
Paints	1. 25
Car tickets	80.00
Gas and electric current	31.44
Cartage, freight, and expressage	10.05
Conduit supplies	102.40
Stable expenses	488. 59
Telegraph messages	1. 31
Ice	5. 22
Miscellaneous	20. 75
Total	10, 726. 31

LIGHTING.

Receipts.

Appropriation	\$395,000.00
Repayments by Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co	337. 99
Repayments by Georgetown Barge, Dock, Elevator & R. R. Co	520. 91
Renayments by Washington Terminal Co.	1 3, 797. 41
Repayments by Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington R. R. Co	1 5, 669. 13
Repayments, miscellaneous	91. 95
- · · · - · · -	105 115 00

^{.....}

¹ Due, but not paid.

Expenditures.		
Mantle gas lighting: Washington Gas Light Co\$ Deductions for defective service	165, 675. 21 19. 51	#10F 0FF =
Georgetown Gas Light Co	10, 410. 68 12. 39	\$165, 655. 70
Incandescent electric lighting: Potomac Electric Power Co. Deductions for defective service.	133, 589. 37 546. 87	10, 397. 79
Electric arc lighting: Potomac Electric Power Co. Deductions for defective service. Deductions for Pennsylvania Avenue lights extinguished after 1 a. m.	68, 927. 77 809. 66 1, 204. 27	133, 042. 50
Street designation lighting: Washington Gas Light Co Deductions for defective service.	3, 594. 69 . 31	66, 913. 84
Georgetown Gas Light Co Deductions for defective service	249. 97	3, 594. 38
Potomac Electric Power Co.	84 5 . 16	249. 88
Lamp-posts, globes, etc. Street signs, etc. Erecting, moving, and taking down lamp-posts. Paints, oils, etc. Office and traveling expenses. Repairs to pavements. Freight, expressage, and cartage. Stable expenses. Maintenance of engineer department stables. Rent of storeroom. Tools and hardware. Car tickets. Storeroom expenses. Ground-glass shades and holders. Telegraph and telephone messages. Tree trimming. Electric current and gas. Labor pay roll.		844. 52 3, 099. 20 1, 440. 63 716. 80 94. 68 110. 66 89. 28 21. 07 103. 75 142. 50 780. 00 32. 15 70. 00 35. 90 50. 96 . 55 497. 15 4. 80 4, 718. 13
Receipts.		
AppropriationRepayments.		\$7,000.00 1,057.34
Total		8, 057. 34
Expenditures. Labor pay roll. Cable. Conduit supplies. Repairs to pavements. Posts for fire-alarm and police boxes. Tools and hardware. Wire Conduit construction Cartage. Total.		\$2, 467. 45 1, 989. 80 1, 295. 34 729. 98 691. 85 151. 82 128. 09 35. 54 16. 50

EXTENSION OF POLICE PATROL.

Rece	ins	
I $xece$	tDI	S.

Appropriation	\$1, 200. 00 7. 71
Expenditures.	1, 207. 71
Cable. Conduit supplies. Posts for police patrol boxes. Repairs to pavements. Labor pay roll. Apparatus. Tools and hardware. Cartage. Total.	\$387. 72 184. 50 151. 55 119. 74 67. 13 48. 00 29. 26 8. 25
FIRE-ALARM BOXES.	
Receipts.	
Appropriation Repayments.	\$2,000.00 1.15
Total	2,001.15

Expenditures.

Fire-alarm boxes	\$750.00
Cable.	432.00
Repairs to pavements	224.19
Posts for fire-alarm boxes	159.60
Conduit supplies	
Labor pay roll	109.25
Tools and hardware	20, 70
Cartage	8. 25
Total	1 852 00

REPORT OF THE CHIEF CLERK OF THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

Washington, D. C., October 2, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916:

,	
Communications received, briefed, recorded, and indexed	12,426
Vouchers prepared and recorded	472
Contracts drawn and indexed	241
Bonds approved and indexed	337

The tables accompanying this report show statement of contracts entered into during the year.

Very respectfully,

Daniel E. Garges, Chief Clerk, Engineer Department.

Lieut. Col. C. W. Kutz, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

STATEMENT OF CONTRACTS.

Contracts entered into by the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1916.

1. HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS.

No.	Name of contractor.	Nature of contract.
5835	Edward G. Gummel	Grading and improving streets and avenues.
5850	G. B. Mullin	Do. 1
5900	Warren F. Brenizer Co	Laving cement sidewalks.
5926	Cranford Paving Co	Paving approaches to Q Street Bridge.
5930	G. B. Mullin Co	Grading Division Avenue and Albemarle Street.
5935	Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co.	Laying asphalt block pavement on Twelfth and Four- teenth Streets SE.
6049	Louis M. Johnston	Constructing culvert at Evarts Street NE., between Twen- ty-fourth and Twenty-sixth Streets.
6052	George Hyman	Grading Naylor Road SE.

2. SEWER CONSTRUCTION.

5825	William F. Cush	Northampton Street outlet sewer.
5839	George Hyman	Northampton, McKinley, Morrison, and Thirty-second Streets.
5925	do	Anacostia main interceptor, section 5.
5931	Warren F. Brenizer Co	Hillbrook service sewers.
5939	Louis M. Johnston	
	,	house Streets.
5940	do	Nichols Avenue SE., between Howard Road and Talbert Street.
5941	do	Fourth Street, Takoma Park.
5942	do	Third Street NE., between E and F Streets.
5943	Dabbs & Myers	Van Buren, Sixth and Underwood Streets.
5944	do	Taylor Street and Rock Creek Church Road.
5947		
5948	do	Connecticut Avenue and Van Ness Street.
5949	George Hyman	Benning Road, between Thirty-fourth Street and Anacostia Road.
5955	Charles H. Tompkins	Alley, Square 3238, and in Illinois Avenue.
5956	Harper & Voigt Co. Warren F. Brenizer Co.	Kenilworth service sewers, section 2.
5957	Warren F. Brenizer Co	Tilden Street, Rock Creek to Connecticut Avenue.
5958	do	Reno Road, Rodman and Thirty-fifth Streets.
5968	Louis M. Johnston	
5978	Warren F. Brenizer Co	
5979	do	
	,	Streets.
5980	do	Old Tiber Creek, between Second and Third Streets.
5998	W. D. Murray & Co	Outlet sewers, Anacostia.
6026 6027	Warren F. Brenizer Codo.	
6048	do	
6050	Louis M. Johnston	Klingle Ford trunk cower
6053	George Hyman	Kenilworth
6054	do	Hillbrook

3. MATERIAL AND HAULING.

5831	Morgantown Brick Co	Sewer invert brick.
5836	Standard Oil Co	Paving pitch.
5837	United States Asphalt Refining Co	Road oil.
	American Steel & Wire Co	
5838		Copper wire.
5841	Sun Co	Road oil.
5854	Barrett Manufacturing Co	Refined tar.
5855	Ward & Co	Copper wire.
5862	Mary S. Mann Richmond Granite Co	Hauling books, etc., for school
5864	Richmond Granite Co	Curb.
5868	North Carolina Granite Co	Do.
5871	Queen City Brick & Tile Co	Paving block.
5872	Standard Oil Co	Fuel oil.
5877	United Gas Improvement Co	Road oil.
5886	Lynchburg Foundry Co	Cast-iron water pipe.
5887	do	Cast-iron water pipe specials
5896	Fred J. White	Miscellaneous castings.
5912	Richmond Granite Co	Curb.
5913	American Sewer Pipe Co	Terra-cotta sewer pipe.
5922	Headley Good Roads Co	Road-patching material.
5923	William T. Galliher & Bro. (Inc.)	Bridge lumber.
5961	H. Mueller Manufacturing Co	Lead flange couplings.
5962	Cuyler & Mohler	Brass curb cocks.
5963	Nassau Smelting & Refining Works	Pig lead.
	O	-0

Contracts entered into by the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1916-Contd.

3. MATERIAL AND HAULING-Continued.

No.	Name of contractor.	Nature of contract.
5969 5975 5976 5977 5987 6009 6012 6013 6016 6020 6045	Napoleon S. Violett Barber & Ross L. A, Clarke & Son William T. Galliher. Washington Asphalt Block & Tile Co. Glamorgan Pipe & Foundry Co. Standard Lime & Stone Co do Lewis Hopfenmaier. National Mortar Co. Smoot Sand & Gravel Co	Bridge lumber. Do. Asphalt paving block. Water pipe and water pipe specials. Quarrying stone near Dickerson, Md. Limestone and limestone dust.

4. BUILDING AND BUILDING REPAIRS.

5821	P. F. Gormley Co	Superstructure, Dunbar High School No. 174.
5847	Riggs, Distler & Stringer	Heating and ventilating, Dunbar High School No. 174.
5852	Standard Engineering Co	Electrical work, Dunbar High School No. 174.
5853	do	Plumbing work, Dunbar High School No. 174.
5860	Heine Chimney Co	Brick stack, Dunbar High School No. 174.
5882	Samuel A. Gregory	Repairing furnaces in schools.
5897	Samuel A. Gregory The Biggs Heating Co	Boilers, Stephens and Garnet Schools.
5898	do	Boiler, Industrial Home School.
5899	Reading Chandelier Works	Lighting fixtures, Western High School.
5906	The Biggs Heating Co	Boiler, Emery School,
5914	Isadore Freund	Plumbing work Park View School No. 175
5916	Isadore Freund Riggs, Distler & Stringer	Heating and ventilating, Park View School No. 175. Electrical work, Park View School No. 175.
5917	Standard Engineering (o	Electrical work, Park View School No. 175.
5928	Henry B Davis	Mill and carpenter work. Western High School.
5933		Fireproof stairways, Ketcham School.
5950	James L. Marshall	Engine House No. 28, constructing.
5951	Skinker & Garrett	House for truck company No. 3 and engine company No. 1.
5952	Robert H. Sanford	Remodeling convenience station No. 1.
5967	G. B. Mullin Co	Grading Central High School grounds.
5971	Herman E. Burgess	Addition to Powell School No. 157.
5972	G. B. Mullin Co	Soiling, sodding, etc., grounds of Central High School.
5973	Detroit Plumbing (o	Plumbing work, Engine House No. 28.
6000	The Biggs Heating (o	Heating and ventilating, Powell School No. 157.
6002	Carroll Electric Co	Electric wiring, Powell School No. 157.
6008	Standard Electric Time (o	Clock and bell system, Western High School,
6014	Federal Heating Co	
6046	The Biggs Heating Co	Boiler, Wallach School,
6051	Carroll Electric Co	Boilers, water department pumping station.

5. GENERAL SUPPLIES.

819	Martin Wiegand	Furniture and lumber.
822	Eagle Pencil Co	Stationery.
824	Joseph Dixon Crucible Co	Do.
826	Thomas Somerville Co	Plumbing material, oils, etc.
828	Merchants Bag & Cover Co	Hardware.
829	W. M. Galt & Co	Forage.
830	W. S. Hoge & Bro	Do.
832	C. F. Wilkins, Son & Co	Do.
833	Z. D. Gilman	Drugs and saddlery.
834	Charles G. Stott & Co	Stationery.
840	B. F. Bond Paper Co	Do.
842	Milton Bradley Co	Stationery, school books, etc.
843	James F. Ovster	
844	Manhattan Coffee Mills (Inc.)	
845	Washington Tobacco Co	Tobacco.
846	R. Carter Ballantyne	Stationery, school books, etc.
848	Mathers-Lamm Paper Co	Stationery.
849	Fred A. Schmidt	Stationery, hardware, paints, etc.
851	George F. Muth & Co	
856	Smith-Dixon Co	Stationery.
857	R. P. Clarke Co	Drugs, stationery, and dry goods.
858	James B. Lambie Co. (Inc.)	Hardware, plumbing material, etc
859	Globe-Wernicke Co	
861	TT 6 Dombons	Monte
863	Corroll Electric Co	Hardware and electrical supplies.
865	William A. Simpson	Milk and cream.
866		
867	Prong Co	Kidnergarten suppnes, pamo, co.
869	Corby Baking Co	Groceries.

Contracts entered into by the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1916—Contd.

5. GENERAL SUPPLIES—Continued.

No.	Name of contractor.	Nature of contract.		
5873	Dulin & Martin	House furnishings and hardware.		
5874	Washington Rubber Co	Furniture, plumbing material, etc.	~	
875	J. W. Hunt & Co	Paints, hardware, etc.		
876	McDowell & Sons	Forage.		
878	B. F. Goodrich Co	Plumbing material and automobile supplies.		
879	Barber & Ross	Hardware, paints, and automobile supplies.		
880	Browning & Middleton	Groceries.		
884	Morris & Co	Groceries and drugs.		
885	C. D. Kenny Co	Groceries.		
889	Guy, Curran & Co	Shoes, drugs, and dry goods.	*	
890	National Electrical Supply Co Mackall Bros	Electrical supplies, hardware, etc.		
5891	Chesley & Harveycutter	Drugs. Automobile tire.		
5892	Francis H. Leggett & Co	Groceries.		
5893	United States Tire Co	Automobile tires.		
5894	Cudahy Packing Co.	Meats.		
5895	Hugh Reilly Co.	Paints.		
5902	Swift & Co.	Groceries.		
910	W. A. Smoot & Co	Fuel.		
5936	C. F. Wilkins, Son & Co	Forage.		
5937	Washburn-Crosby Co	Do.		
5938	W. M. Galt & Co	Do.		
5945	W. S. Hoge & Bro	Do.		
6018	American Ice Co	Ice.		
3019	J. B. Kendall Co	Hardware.		
3021	W. B. Moses & Sons	Furniture.		
5022	William H. Horstman Co	Flags.		
5023	C. M. Woolf & Co. (Inc.)	Saddlery.		
3024	Albert L. Johnson	Hardware.		
6025 6028	Harry Kaufman Charles Scribner's Sons	Shoes and dry goods. School books.		
5029	L. P. Steuart & Bro	Ice.		
3030	Theo. Kromm & Sons.	Saddlerv.		
6031	Swift & Co	Groceries.		
3032	Manhattan Coffee Mills (Inc.)	Do.		
3033	Lansburgh & Bro	Furniture and dry goods.		
3034	D. T. Buzby & Co.	Groceries.		
6035	A. G. Spalding & Bros.	Athletic goods.		
6036	Francis H. Leggett & Co	Groceries,		
6037	Clark & Co	Tobacco.		
5038	Browning & Middleton	Groceries.		
6039	Cudahy Packing Co	Groceries and meats.		
6040	Wm. T. Galliher & Bro	Lumber.		
3041	W. A. H. Church (Inc.)	Do. 1		
3042	The Corby Baking Co	Bread and yeast.		
3043	Peck & Hills Furniture Co	Furniture.		
3044	Hoover & Denham	Groceries and meats.		

6. MISCELLANEOUS.

1		
5820	Henry R. Worthington	Water meters
5823	David Notes	Auctioneer services
5827	L. G. Kelly Printing Co	Printing.
5870	White House Lunch Co	Coffee and sandwiches police court
5881	Campbell Electric Co	X-ray machine for Washington Asylum.
5883	Moorman Drayage Co	Removing refuse from markets
5901	Central Foundry Co	Fire-alarm and natrol boxes
5903	Boston Wood Finishing Co	Opera chairs, Western High School
5904	The Dulany-Vernay Co	Tables, desks, etc., Western High School.
5905	Harper-Overland Co	Four automobiles
5907	Barber & Ross	Steel trusses for workhouse
5908	Canton Art Metal Co	Steel cabinets, office of register of wills.
5909	Perry Scott	Horses for fire department
5911	The Dulany-Vernay Co	Laboratory equipment, Western High School
5915	Western Electric Co	Underground cable.
5918	Edward Darby & Sons Co	Steel lockers, Western High School
5919	Commercial Garage	Auto trucks for water department
5920	Walker Electric Co	Switchboards, Western High School
5921	Gramm-Berstein Co	Auto trucks for water department
5924	A. G. Spalding & Bros	Playground equipment
5927	A. P. Smith Manufacturing Co	Fire hydrants.
5929	Virginia School Supply Co	Playground equipment.
5932	The Seagrave Co	Installing tractors on fire angines
5934	American-La France Fire Engine Co	Two combination has and chamical wagens
5946		
5953	De Laval Steam Turbine Co	Steam turbine unit, water department, pumping station.
9999	B. F. Sturtevant Co	Fuel economizer, water department, pumping station.
5954 5959		Hose for fire department. Fuel economizer, water department, pumping station.

Contracts entered into by the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1916—Contd.

6. MISCELLANEOUS-Continued.

No.	Name of contractor.	Nature of contract			
5960	L. G. Kelly Printing Co	Printing list of delinquents in payment of taxes.			
5964	Combs Motor Co	'Two automobiles.			
5965	A. Rice Son & Co	Horses for fire department.			
5966	Dover Fire Brick Co. American-La France Fire Engine Co.	Fire brick.			
5970	American-La France Fire Engine Co	New boiler for fire engine No. 20.			
5974	Edgar H. Mosher	Concrete cover for Reno Reservoir.			
5981	Fred Medart Manufacturing Co	Lockers, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5982	The Dulany-Vernay Co	Tables, etc., Central and Dunbar High Schools. Desks, etc., Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5983 5984	W. B. Moses & Sons	Desks, etc., Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5985	John E. Sjostrom Co.	Opera chairs, Central and Dunbar High Schools. Cabinetwork, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5986	General Fireprocfing Co	Metal book stacks, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5988	Boston Wood Finishing Co	Equipment, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5989	Arthur Bryont	Purchase of oyster shells.			
5990	Arthur Bryant. Federal Equipment Co	Cabinetwork, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5991	do	Banking counter, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5992	Fred Medart Manufacturing Co	Gymnasium equipment, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5993	Globe-Wernicke Co	Desks, etc., Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5994	Wm. F. Dougherty & Sons	Kitchen equipment, Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
5995	Barnhart Bros. & Spindler	Printing outfit, Central High School,			
5996	Bramhall, Deane Co	Kitchen equipment, Washington Asylum.			
5997	Kemp Machinery Co	Forge and machine shop equipment, Central and Dunbar			
		High Schools.			
5999	J. A. Fay & Egan Co	Woodworking machinery, Central High School.			
6001	Charles A. Langley	Blackboards, etc., Central and Dunbar High Schools.			
6003	Ornamental Foundry Co	Lamp-posts.			
6004	Oliver Machinery Co	Woodworking machinery, Central High School.			
6005	The Hall Organ Co	Organ for Dunbar High School.			
6006	Charles E. Myersdo	Collecting and disposing of ashes from private residences, etc			
6007	do	Collecting and disposing of ashes and refuse from municipa			
	0 25 . 1 0 1 12 0	buildings.			
6010	Crown Metal Construction Co	Furniture, office of register of wills. Pianos for Central High Schools.			
6011	E. F. Droop & Sons Co				
6015	West End Laundry	Stage and other curtains, Central High School.			
6017	Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Co	Chairs for Park View School, No. 175.			
6055	J. H. Weil & Co				
6056	Harper-Overland Co				
6057	Edward M. Bemis				
0007	Daward M. Demis	public-service corporations.			
6058	Worthington Pump & Machinery Co.				
6059	The Seagrave Co	Gasoline engine for fire department.			
0009	The Seagrave Co	Casoline engine for the department.			

REPORT OF THE WHARF COMMITTEE.

Washington, October 10, 1916.

Sin: The wharf committee has the honor to submit the following report of its operations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916:

Accompanying is a list of wharf property now under lease on the Potomac River, the Anacostia River (or Eastern Branch), and James Creek Canal.

The rentals received from Potomac River wharves during the year amounted to \$17,278; from the Anacostia River, \$956.25; and from James Creek Canal, \$1.367.50, making the total amount received during the year \$19,601.75. This is a decrease from the rentals received during the preceding fiscal year of \$1,843.64. The reason for this decrease is that certain wharves which were formerly under lease have been assigned by the commissioners for municipal use.

AVAILABLE WATER FRONTAGE.

The actual water frontage in the District of Columbia, with the exception of canals devoted to commerce, is about 2 miles. The total available water frontage, exclusive of canals, which is practicable of commercial development is about 18 miles; this frontage, however, includes the portion set apart for parks and purposes of the United States, about 8 miles.

WHARVES ALONG THE WASHINGTON CHANNEL.

The largest amount of wharf property is that along the Washington Channel. This has a total frontage on the city side of 9.275 linear feet, of which 4.675 linear feet, between the grounds of the War College and the south curb line of N Street, is under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Engineers. United States Army, and of the remaining 4,600 feet, between the south curb line of N Street south and Fourteenth Street SW., 4,021 feet is under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and 559 feet, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets, is under the jurisdiction of

the United States.

The leases for these wharves are generally for a period of five years, expiring March 15, 1918. The basis of rental is a net return of 4 per cent on the estimated value of the wharf property, with the requirement that the lessee shall make improvements and repairs. No appropriation has been made for making a general improvement of this water frontage, except an appropriation for the construction of fish wharves and wharf for the District property yard, nor for dredging adjacent to the wharves, and the wharf property, particularly the piling structures, is deteriorating rapidly.

Along the frontage are located the harbor police station, the dock of the harbor boat, the house and dock of the fire boat, the District morgue, a District property yard, and

the municipal fish wharf and market.

WHARVES ALONG THE ANACOSTIA RIVER.

This frontage is largely undeveloped, owing to the uncertainty of ownership of the abutting land and riparian rights. One wharf which was formerly under lease has been turned over to the superintendent of sewers as a municipal wharf.

WHARVES ALONG THE GEORGETOWN CHANNEL.

All the wharf property along this frontage is under private control with the exception of the foot of streets. Two leases have been entered into with private parties—one for the foot of Thirty-third Street and the other for the foot of G Street NW.

JAMES CREEK CANAL.

The public space bordering this canal from N to P Streets is under lease. By an order of the commissioners, dated September 29, 1916, it was determined, in the interest of public health and sanitation, that the canal should be filled between N and P Streets, and the lessees were notified that their tenancy for the portion of the frontage between N and O Streets would not be extended after April 1, 1917, and between O and P Streets, after October 1, 1917.

DANIEL E. GARGES, Chairman, D. E. McComb, RUSSELL DEAN,

Wharf Committee.

The Engineer Commissioner.

List of wharf property under lease Oct. 1, 1916.

POTOMAC RIVER FRONT.

Name of lessee.	Location.	Expires.	Water front- age.	Area.	Rental per year.
R. M. Allen.	Sec. 2, structures 39 and 40, foot of Ninth	Mar. 15, 1917	Lin. ft.	Sq. ft. 2,400	\$85.00
	Street SW.				
Capital Yacht Club.	Foot of Ninth Street SW., between structures 39 and 41.	June 30, 1917	24	2,080	75.00
L. A. Clarke & Son.	Sec. 2, structures 68 to 77, inclusive, including 70½ feet Tenth Street SW.	Aug. 1,1918	280	45,000	1,900.00
Colonial Beach Co	Sec. 1, structures 31 to 37, inclusive, Water Street, between M and N Streets.	Mar. 15, 1918	132	8,000	500.00
Cranford Paving Co. J. Maury Dove Co. (Inc.).	Foot of Thirty-first Street NW	Feb. 1,1918 Monthly	53 168	38,000	240.00 1,570.00
G. W. Forsberg	Foot of G Street NW. Sec. 2, structures 22 to 23, inclusive, ex-	Mar. 15, 1918	100 156	18,000	120.00 733.00
W. E. Garner	cept 24, foot of Eighth Street, SW. Sec. 2, structures 36, 37, and 38, foot of Ninth Street SW.	do	44	3,320	130.00
E. Madison Hall	Scc. 1, structures 26 to 30, inclusive, foot of N Street SW.	Sept. 30,1917	120	7,000	460.00
Wm. C. Hamburg	Sec. 3, structure 23, foot of Thirteenth Street SW.	Apr. 15, 1917	18	1,440	60.00
Johnson & Wim-	Sec. 3, structures 5 to 11, inclusive, foot of Twelfth Street, SW.	Mar. 15,1918	190	43,500	2,244.00
Mount Vernon & Marshall Hall Steamboat Co	Sec. 1, structures 59, 62, 63, and 64, foot of M Street SW.	do	125	10,000	600.00
Norfolk & Wash- ington Steamboat	Sec. 1, structures 41 to 49, inclusive, and 57 to 69, inclusive, foot of M Street SW.	do	220	20,300	1,500.00
Co. Do	Scc. 1, structures 60 and 65 to 72, inclusive, foot of Seventh Street SW.	Dec. 31, 1916	190	44,000	2,345.00
Potomac & Chesa- peake Steamboat	Sec. 2, structures 11 to 21, inclusive, foot of Eighth Street SW.	Mar. 15,1918	198	35,600	1,596.00
Wm. A. Ragan	Sec. 3, structures 21 and 22, foot of Thirteenth Street SW.	Mar. 15,1917	65	4,200	100.00
Jos. P. Stephenson, Stephenson &	Sec. 2, structures 1 to 10, inclusive, foot of Seventh Street SW.	Jan. 31,1917	300	59,900	2,300.00
Bro. Wimsatt & Church.	Sec. 2, structures 34 and 35, foot of Ninth Street SW.	Mar. 15,1918	80	18,000	720.00
District of Colum- bia:	20000 2				
Municipal fish wharf and market.	Sec. 2, structures 78 to 82, inclusive, and 85 to 97, inclusive, structures 98 to 129, inclusive.		700	152,100	
Do	Sec. 3, structures 1 to 4, inclusive, Water Street, between Tenth and Twelfth Streets SW.		126	11,015	
Property yard	All water frontage on Water Street be-			96,370	
Fire-boat wharf.	Sec. 1, structures 39 and 40, Water Street, between N and M Streets.				
Morgue	Sec. 1, structures 41 and 42, Water Street, between N and M Streets.	1			
Harbor mas-	Sec. 1, structure 38, and sec. 2, slip be- tween structures 41 and 42.				
ter's wharf. United States, site of central heat	Water Street, between Thirteen-and-a- half and Fourteenth Streets SW.		359	38,975	
and power plant. Do	Sec. 3, structures 24 to 27, inclusive, foot of Thirteenth Street SW.		200	26,600	
Total					17, 278. 00

ANACOSTIA RIVER FRONT (EASTERN BRANCH).

Lame of lessee.	Location.	Expires.	Water frontage.	Rental per year.
Harry D. Bailey	North side, just west of Anacostia Bridge to west abutment wall of old Anacostia Bridge.	Oct. 18,1916	Lin. ft. 81	\$76.00
C. C. Carlsen	Water front, between building lines of Fourth Street SE.	June 1,1917	50	50.00
Edward S. Dean	Water front, between the lines of N Street SE.	Monthly		67.50
Eastern Power Boat	Directly west of the west abutment of the old Anacostia Bridge.	June 30, 1917	93	162.75
Lewis E. Smoot Standard Oil Co	Foot of Third Street SE., square 803 Water front, between building lines of Q Street SE.	Apr. 1,1917 Dec. 31,1921	106.3	409 00 200.00
District of Columbia sewer division.	Foot of First Street SE., opposite lot 1, square south of square 744.	4	330	
United States Super- intendent of Capitol Buildings and Grounds.			40	
Total				956.25

JAMES CREEK CANAL, BETWEEN N STREET AND THE ANACOSTIA RIVER.

Name of Iessee.	Designation.	Water frontage.	Rental per year.
W. A. Anderson. Galiber & Higusely Robert Murphy Henry Raum. Mrs. Frieda Rentz. William Rentz. Washington Brick & Terra Cotta Co. George C. Taylor	Parcels Nos. 5, 7, 9, and 11. Parcels Nos. 1 and 3. Parcel No. 31. Parcel No. 32. Parcels Nos. 27, 28, and 29 Parcels Nos. 2 and 10.	377 445 50 25 125 570	\$158.75 282.75 173.50 25.00 12.50 62.50 427.504 225.06
Total			1,367.50

The above lessees have been notified that no leases will be extended for that portion of the canal between N and O Streets after April 1, 1917, and for that portion between O and P Streets after October 1, 1917.

TOTAL RENTALS.

Potomac River (rontage	\$17,278.00
Anacostia River (or Eastern Branch) frontage.	956. 25
James Creek Canal	1, 367, 50

19,601.75

REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT ENGINEER IN CHARGE OF ROCK CREEK PARK.

 $\label{eq:Washington} Washington, D. C., \textit{October 10, 1916}.$ The annual appropriation for care and improvement of the park was \$18,000. An itemized statement of the expenditure is given below:

Job No.	Work.	Labor.	Material.	Cost.
2600 2601	General repair and care	\$8,074.32	\$620.67	\$8,694.99
2602	Ross Road, macadamize	2,687,58	1,974.54	380.60 4,662.12
2603 2604	Repair of foreman's quarters. Oiling roads.		2. 38	89. 38 699. 62
2605 2606	Bridge across Rock Creek Plumbing	55. 38	126.01	181.39
2607	Bridle paths	601.24		19. 2 601. 2
2608	Cut and haul dead and fallen timber Blacksmithing	1,342.92		1,342.92 303.83
	Forage. Tools and implements.		1	465 4
	Harness (2 sets)			119.9
	Boots. Unpaid bills.			11.40 302.56
	Balance			96. 1
	Total			18,000.00

The macadamizing of Ross Road, begun in the previous year, was completed. The expenditure for macadamizing the roadway during the year, including the necessary grading to widen it, was-

For material ... \$1, 974, 54 For labor 2, 687, 58

4, 662, 12

A considerable quantity of dead and fallen timber was cleaned up, at a cost of \$1,342.92. This was mostly made into firewood, of which 220 cords were sold to the public schools and 30 cords were sold to private parties, the receipts for this being returned to the Treasury of the United States.

The bridle path along the west side of Rock Creek above the bowlder bridge was widened and relocated for about three-fourths of a mile, so as to permit of two horses being ridden abreast without danger, and this path was connected with the system

farther west.

Sufficient corn and hay was raised in the park to feed the horses, but oats and bran

were required to be purchased.

A steadily growing use of the park for picnics was noted, increasing the work of A steadily growing use of the park for picnics was noted, increasing the work of care of the grounds. Additional temporary toilet facilities were supplied. Two baseball diamonds were laid off. The swimming pools were provided with rustic shelters for use of the bathers. One new swimming pool was established near the Pebble Bridge, and trees were planted to screen it from the road.

The use of the localities known as Camp Good Will and the Baby Hospital by the

Associated Charities was continued, and temporary additions to the buildings were

made by them.

It is proposed during the coming year to clear of undergrowth as much as possible the area of the park adjacent to roadways and in the more frequented sections and in Piney Branch Parkway; to extend the system of bridle paths and footpaths, and to construct another line of roadway crossing the park.

Respectfully submitted.

L. R. GRABILL, Assistant Engineer Rock Creek Park.

The Engineer Commissioner,

District of Columbia, Secretary, Board of Control, Rock Creek Park.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF STABLES.

Washington, D. C., October 10, 1916.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report showing the operation of the stables under the care of the superintendent of stables, engineer department, District of Columbia, for the fiscal year 1916.

LIST OF FIVE STATEMENTS ATTACHED.

1. Location of stables and departments using same.

 Number of employees and departments to which assigned.
 Number of horses, mules, vehicles, and harness, and departments to which Number of employees and departments to which assigned. assigned.

4. Amount of appropriations allotted and expenditure of same.

Average cost of upkeep of horses.

The Congress of the United States in making appropriations for the District of Columbia does not provide funds for the operation and maintenance of the engineer stables, except to the extent of designating and making provision for several annual employees. This, therefore, necessitates the superintendent requesting the several breakers the superintendent requesting the several heads of the departments to annually make allotment to the superintendent on a prorata basis from appropriations designated by said head for the maintenance of the stables. This method, however, was revised by Maj. J. L. Schley, assistant to the engineer commissioner, District of Columbia, and last year witnessed the inauguration of his simplified plan whereby funds were acquired with which to operate the stables, the same being as follows: (1) Overhead charges, or transportation for the assistants to the engineer commissioner, District of Columbia; (2) departmental charges; and (3) quarterly requisitions on departments for forage and other supplies. Since this system has been in force it has proven entirely satisfactory as well as greatly diminishing the number of papers handled.

It is recommended, on account of its value as a pasturage, that the commissioners continue to retain control of the land in Rock Creek Park some time ago courteously loaned to them by the board of control of that park for that purpose. This tract has now attained a high state of cultivation for grazing, and in view of the fact that animals in order to be kept in the best physical condition should have a certain period of rest each year, it is aimed to so treat them, and for this purpose we have available the above farm, where they are free from work, shoes, and harness and may roam as they see fit. Several other departments of the District owning horse, appreciating the value of such a place, take advantage thereof.

Respectfully,

J. W. BEALE, Superintendent of Stables.

The Engineer Commissioner.

Statement No. 1.—Location of stables and departments using same.

- First and Canal Streets SW.—Disbursing officer; plumbing inspector; sewer department; surface division (part); surveyor; weights, measures, and markets.

 2. Second and Canal Streets SW.—Electrical department.

 3. UStreet stables, UStreet between Sixteenth and Seventeenth Streets NW.—Municipal
- architect, repair shop, surface division (part), engineer commissioner and assistants.

Statement No. 2.—Number of employees and departments to which assigned.

	Employees.						
	Annual.				Per diem.		
	Black- smiths.	Drivers.	Watch- men.	Drivers.	Stable- men.	Watch- men.	
tll. Clectrical department. Ingineer commissioner and assistants. Inminispal architect Plumbing inspector Lepair shop. Sewer department Surface division Surveyor. Weights, measures, and markets.	1			1 1 3 28 25 3	3		

STATEMENT No. 3.-Number of horses, mules, vehicles, and departments to which assigned.

	Horses.	Mules.	Vehicles.	Harness (sets).
Disbursing office. Electrical department. Municipal architect. Plumbing inspector. Repair shop Sewer department. Surface division. Surveyor. Weights, measures, and markets. Emergency.	1 8 10 18	3 27 13	1 4 1 1 6 40 30 3 4 2	36

Horses. Mules.	. 49 . 43
Total	

Note .- 2 horses and 1 mule died during the year,

STATEMENT No. 4.—Amounts of appropriations allotted and expenditures of same.

Department.	Allotment.
Electrical Miscellaneous trust fund deposits	\$379. 16 492. 88
Municipal architect	865, 71
Sewer department	
Sewer department. Street-cleaning division.	181. 62
Surface division	1,485.04
Surveyor. Water department.	105. 62
Water department	453. 76
Total.	5,663.90
Pay rolls. Supplies. leaving a balance of \$181.94, which was returned to the appropriation.	
STATEMENT No. 5.—Average cost of upkeep of horses dur	ring fiscal year 1916.
Forage (allowance for 1 horse for 1 month):	
100 pounds rye straw, straight, No. 2, at \$0.796 per 100 pounds. 210 pounds long timothy hay, at \$1.04 per 100 pounds. 210 pounds mixed clover hay, at \$1 per 100 pounds. 384 pounds oats, at \$1.687 per 100 pounds.	\$0.80
210 pounds long timothy hay, at \$1.04 per 100 pounds	2.18
210 pounds mixed clover hay, at \$1 per 100 pounds	2. 10
384 pounds oats, at \$1.687 per 100 pounds	6. 48
50 pounds bran, at \$1.27 per 100 pounds	
Total cost of forage for 1 horse per month.	12. 20
Forage for 1 horse for 1 year	146. 40
Shoes, 80 cents per month.	9.60
water, or come per management	
(Foto)	156, 00

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF THE DISTRICT BUILDING.

Washington, D. C., October 9, 1916.

GENTLEMEN: We have the honor to report, in addition to the routine work incident to the maintenance, repair, and operation of the District Building and its power plant

for the fiscal year 1915-16, the following:

The refrigerating plant used in connection with the cool drinking water system had deteriorated to an extent which necessitated the renewal of certain essential parts. Anticipating the change in the source of power from the District Building plant to the central station, a compressor was provided, thereby changing the system from the absorption type, which requires live steam, to the compression type, which does not. New expansion coils were also installed.

All direct pneumatic tubes to the office of the collector of taxes were extended, by direction of the commissioners, from the east end of the room to the center, in order to have their terminals in close proximity to the cashier's cage, and has resulted in

material improvement in this service.

The entire detective bureau, located in the basement, was remodeled to meet the needs of increased business of that department.

A small fire occurred in room 1, which is a storeroom of the police department, on November 2 last, and it was extinguished with the building fire apparatus by members of the fire department, with the assistance of the watch force. The damage to the building was \$25, and to contents, according to an estimate of the property clerk of the police department, \$50. During the year 20 per cent of the lighting system in the office rooms was changed

from the direct to the semi-indirect type, making the total semi-indirect lighting now 65 per cent. In the report of this office for the previous fiscal year it was stated that the additional current required for the semi-indirect method would be more than offset by a saving in fuel effected by the improved power plant methods inaugurated in

May, 1915.

The total current generated for the fiscal year 1914 was 400,840 kilowatt-hours, of which 264,985 kilowatt-hours were consumed in lighting, and in 1916 the total was 451.120 kilowatt-hours, of which 314.290 kilowatt-hours were consumed in lighting—an increase in the lighting load for 1916 of 18½ per cent. The fuel consumed in 1914 was 1,993 tons at an approximate cost of \$7,250, and in 1916, 1,733 tons at a cost of \$6,020—a decrease for 1916 of 13 per cent in weight and 17 per cent in value.

During the year 29,752 kilowatt-hours of current were furnished the electrical department for the telephone, fire-alarm, and police patrol box system; and electrical power, steam, compressed air, and hot water for industrial purposes were supplied to two laboratories of the health department and the laboratory of the inspector of asphalt and cement.

On January 17, 1916, by direction of the commissioners, this office took over the emergency printing, and, on February 1, blue printing and photography, between which dates and June 30, 231 printing jobs were completed for the various departments at a total cost of \$1.417.09, 31.059 square feet of blue printing at a total cost of \$376.93, and photography to the value of \$292.75.

Very respectfully,

R. G. POWELL,
Captain, Corps of Engineers, United States Army,
J. J. LOVING,
Captain. Corps of Engineers, United States Army,
Jointly Superintendents, District Building.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia (Through the Engineer Commissioner).

REPORT OF THE BOARD FOR THE CONDEMNATION OF INSANITARY BUILDINGS.

Gentlemen: We have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of the board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings for the year ending June 30, 1916.

Buildings on which acti on was taken in response to notice for the year ending June 30, 1916

	Demolished.	Repaired.	Pending.
Buildings in alleys. Buildings in streets.	16 48	32 57	18 23
Total	64	89	41

Buildings acted upon since the creation of the board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings up to and including June 30, 1916.

·	Examined.	Demol- ished.	Repaired.	Pending.
Buildings in alleys. Buildings in streets.	3,880 2,703	664 1,376	490 1,037	18 23
Total	6,583	2,040	1,527	41

Total number of meetings of the board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings for the year ending June 30, 1916	7
Preliminary notices served	56
Condemnation notices served	7.1
Condemnation signs affixed to buildings	11
Condemnation signs affixed to buildings. Inspections and miscellaneous visits made in connection with the service of notices. 2, Cases referred to other departments for appropriate action under existing regu-	567
Cases referred to other departments for appropriate action under existing regulations.	281
Estimated number of tenants required to secure other quarters through action on the part of the board for the condemnation of insanitary buildings for the	176
Total number since the creation of the board	947
Estimated number of tenants benefited by repairs for the year ending June 30,	267
	116

Four cases have been referred to the corporation counsel for appropriate action in the police court, which resulted in the vacation of the buildings in question.

Repairs have been made on the basis of informal requests of the board by many

owners and agents on buildings, both in streets and alleys, for which no notices were served, and consequently no record was kept by the board.

> R. G. POWELL, Captain, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, Assistant to the Engineer Commissioner. Wm. C. Woodward, M. D., Health Officer, District of Columbia. Morris Hacker, Inspector of Buildings, District of Columbia.

Board for the Condemnation of Insanitary Buildings.

To the COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

APPENDIX.

Specifications for Paving Streets and Avenues With Sheet Asphalt.

 Work.—The work to be done under this proposal and contract will consist of 1. Work.—The work to be done under this proposal and contract will consist of paving with sheet asphalt or asphalt block such streets, avenues, and roads in the District of Columbia, or parts thereof, or doing any portion of such work, as may be ordered in writing by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917.

A list of streets expected to be paved under this contract will be furnished on application. In case the price bid justifies such action, the commissioners reserve the right to add streets to this list. The commissioners also reserve the right to

regulate the order in which the work shall be executed, as may appear most advantageous to the District. All work under the contract must be completed prior to June 30, 1917, unless authorized by the engineer commissioner to be completed at a later date.

2. Amount of work.—The estimated amount of the work is as follows:

Squa	re yards.
Standard sheet-asphalt pavement on concrete base	81,000
Vitrified block gutters on concrete base	
Asphalt block	6,400

These amounts are approximations only and may be considerably varied from. but they will be used in canvassing bids, and the awards will be based thereon. Bids will be scheduled on the basis of the prices named for pavements with a 6-inch concrete base, but the prices named for a 5-inch base will be incorporated in the

contract, and such work as may be so directed will be executed and paid for as such.

3. Bids.—The contractor will, for the prices bid, do all the work prescribed in these specifications; do all the necessary grading and trimming of the roadbed and all rolling; provide bridges, fences, and other means of maintaining travel on intersecting streets, roads, and railroads, and all private driveways, after giving due notice to parties affected thereby; maintain the same in good and safe condition as long as may be necessary, and then remove such temporary expedients and restore such roads to their proper condition; provide watchmen, lights, fences, and other precautionary measures necessary to the protection of person and property; furnish all materials (except as specified) and all tools and implements, labor, and transportation required to lay and put in complete order for use the specified pavement; and do each and all of these to the satisfaction of the engineer. Upon the completion of the work he will remove any temporary structures erected during the progress of the work and restore all fixtures, pavements, and parkings, both public and private, to satisfactory condition.

4. Old material.—Old material removed from the streets will be the property of the District of Columbia, and the work of removal will be paid for at prices named in paragraph 14 of these specifications. Granite blocks, cobble, old curb, etc., must be removed to the nearest property yard, or to such other places as the engineer may

direct.

5. Grading and subgrade.—Lines and grades will be established by the engineer, and no work will be commenced until these are given. The area over which the pavement is to be laid must be excavated to the proper depth below the surface of the pavement when completed, any objectionable or unsuitable matter below the bed being removed to such depth as may be directed by the engineer, and the space filled with suitable material thoroughly compacted. The bed, after being trimmed so as to be parallel to the surface of the pavement when completed, will be thoroughly compacted by rolling with a roller weighing not less than 5 tons, and by heavy ramming at places which can not be reached by the roller, dampening the bed before rolling and ramming, if required, to the satisfaction of the engineer. No extra allowance will be made for trimming or rolling, but the volume of earth, etc., removed will be paid for as grading of its class. Any filling will be done in layers not exceeding 12 inches in thickness, and all materials used for this purpose will be subject to approval. If improper or unsuitable material be used, it will be removed at the cost of the contractor. All measurements will be made in place, and payments made thereon. Should the grading involve work in both "cut" and "fill," the measurement of it will be computed on the basis of the volume of the material in place in the "cut" only; the excavated material from the "cut" section deposited in the "fill" will not be again paid for as "fill." Should the amount of cut on the street not suffice to make the necessary fill, the amount borrowed from other designated localities will be paid for as grading.

6. Six-inch concrete base.—Upon the bed prepared as described in paragraph 5 there

will be laid 6-inch foundations of concrete as directed, made of the following mate-

rials by volume:

One part Portland cement, 3 parts sand, 7 parts gravel.

Broken stone, run of the crusher, may be substituted for part or all of the gravel

at the option of the contractor.

(a) Cement.—The cement used will be a standard brand of Portland cement, uninjured by age or exposure, and delivered at the work in original undamaged packages. The right is reserved to reject any cement that has not established itself as a highgrade Portland cement and has not been made by the same mill for two years and given satisfaction in use for at least one year under climatic and other conditions of at least equal severity as those of the work proposed. The contractor shall keep the cement in store, under proper cover, in the city of Washington, and shall properly protect it until used. The engineer shall have the right to test the cement as he judges necessary and to reject any or all lots. The cement, after being accepted, can not be transferred or used by the contractor on other work without the consent. of the engineer commissioner. The cement while in storage or upon the work or while being hauled upon the work shall be properly protected, and no cement shall be used which, in the opinion of the engineer, has been injured by age or exposure.

No cement shall be used upon the work until it has been tested in the office of the engineer commissioner and accepted by him, the tests to extend over such length of time, not exceeding seven days, as the engineer commissioner may think necessary.

Cement furnished by the contractor that has been tested and accepted by the Bureau of Standards and that is identified as such will be subject only to the following retests by the District of Columbia: Firmness, initial set, hard set, 24-hour tensile.

(b) Sand.—The sand used shall be clean, sharp river or pit sand, containing both fine and coarse grains, but free from sewage, mud, clay, mica, paper, leaves, chips, or other foreign matter, and not showing when shaken with water and after subsidence

more than 5 per cent, by volume, of silt.

(c) Broken stone.—Stone used in concrete must be hard, durable, and properly broken to a size small enough to pass through a ring 2 inches in diameter when the run of the crusher is substituted for gravel. The run of the crusher shall not contain over 1 per cent of material passing a No. 10 sieve. The stone shall be thoroughly cleansed from all foreign substance, and shall be screened and washed, if so ordered by the engineer. Sand, detritus, or any material other than hard, angular fragments of stone, will be considered foreign substances.

(d) Gravel.—Gravel shall be clean, washed gravel and shall not contain pebbles greater than 2 inches in their largest dimensions, and shall run from that down to

pea size, well graduated.

(e) Water.—Water used for mortar and concrete shall be fresh and clean, free from earth, dirt, or sewage, and shall be used in such quantity as the engineer may direct.

(f) Platforms.—Platforms shall be provided, if so ordered by the engineer, upon which all sand, gravel, and broken stone for concrete shall be placed when brought upon the line of the work, and kept there until used.

(g) Mixing.—The thorough mixing and incorporation of all material will be insisted

upon. If done by hand labor, the dry cement and sand shall be turned over and

mixed with shovels by skilled workmen not less than six times before the water is added; the stone or gravel, after being drenched with water, shall be added to the mixed sand and cement; the drenching shall not be done while the stone or gravel is in the wheelbarrow; the whole mass shall be thoroughly turned over with shovels not less than four times, and mixed upon a water-tight platform until every particle of stone or gravel is completely enveloped with mortar. The whole operation of mixing and laying each batch shall be performed as expeditiously as possible, by the aid of machinery or a sufficient number of skilled men. If the concrete is mixed in batches requiring one barrel of cement, the platform must not be smaller than 10 feet by 12 feet, nor will a larger amount of concrete than can be made with one barrel of cement be allowed to be mixed in one batch by hand. In mixing by machinery the materials must be so delivered as to insure a uniform product of the specified proportions of all ingredients to the satisfaction of the engineer.

(h) Setting.—Concrete shall not be used after it has begun to show evidence of set-No concrete which has once set shall be used as material for mixing a new batch. Each batch of concrete, after being mixed, shall be spread in place in horizontal. layers by means of shovels so as to give the requisite thickness after being tamped and shall then be thoroughly compacted. Any evidence of lack of compaction will be regarded as sufficient reasons for removal and replacement of the base. Hauling over base less than three days old will not be allowed unless planks are laid.

7. Five-inch concrete base.—All provisions of the specifications for a 6-inch concrete base shall apply to a 5-inch concrete base, which shall differ from the 6-inch base only in respect to the thickness thereof and the price paid therefor.

8. Asphalt binder.—The binder course shall be composed of broken stone, equal in quality to the stone specified for concrete base, its largest dimension passing an inchand-a-quarter screen, and the stone, after passing the heating drums, shall not contain

less than 5 nor more than 15 per cent of material passing a No. 10 screen.

The stone will be heated not higher than 350° F. in suitable appliances. then to be thoroughly mixed by machinery with asphalt cement, such as is acceptable for surface cement, penetration 60 to 90, at such temperature and in such proportions that the resulting binder will have life and gloss without an excess of cement. Should it appear dull from overheating or lack of cement, it will be rejected. While hot it will be hauled upon the work, spread upon the base so that when compacted it will be at least 1½ inches in thickness, and immediately rammed and rolled until it is cold. Should the resulting course not show a proper bond, it must be immediately removed and replaced by and at the expense of the contractor. Binder and top shall not be taken from the yard to the site of the work when, in the judgment of the engineer, weather conditions are unsuitable for the work of laying the pavement.

The contractor shall not enter upon a concrete base in order to lay the binder course until it has obtained sufficient strength for such a purpose, and during the period between laying the base and binder he shall properly protect it, and, when ordered by the engineer, shall sprinkle it in warm weather between the hours of sunrise and sunset as often as may be deemed necessary, and in cold weather cover it with a material

suitable for its protection.

9. Asphalt wearing surface.—The wearing surface of the pavement shall be composed of asphalt cement (refined asphalt and asphaltic flux); clean, sharp-grained sand;

fine absorbent mineral dust.

(a) Asphalt.—The asphalt shall be refined until homogeneous and free from water and shall not at any time be heated to a temperature high enough to injure it, and 100 parts of the refined product shall require not more than 30 parts of flux to produce the asphalt cement described in paragraph 9-c.

The asphalt for class (a) work shall conform to such tests as will establish its identity as a product of the refinement of a natural crude asphalt without the admixture of any

other material.

The refined asphalt for class (b) work shall be the product of refinement of an unadulterated natural asphaltic oil, and shall contain, after refinement, not less than

90 per cent of bitumen soluble in carbon bisulphide.

(b) Asphaltic flux.—The flux used in the manufacture of asphalt cement shall be an asphalt oil from which the lighter oils have been removed by distillation without cracking, until the flux has the following characteristics: Free from water and foreign matter; flash point, not less than 300° F.; distillate at 400° for 18 hours, less than 10 per cent. The flash point shall be taken in New York State closed oil tester. The distillate shall be taken in New York State closed oil tester. The distillate shall be made with about 50 grams of flux in a small glass retort, provided with a thermometer and placed in a copper holder. The residue in the retort, after distilling, must be free from coke. Any other softening agents approved by the engineer commissioner may be used in place of asphaltic flux.

(c) Asphalt cement.—The asphalt cement must be of refined asphalt, fluxed when necessary with asphaltic oil, refined maltha, or other approved flux. The cement

must be practically free from water and must be within the range of 40 to 70 penetration when tested at 77° F. on Dow penetration machine with No. 2 needle, 100 grams, 5 seconds. The degree of penetration to be fixed by the engineer commissioner.

Preference will be given to an asphalt cement that is not readily affected by water, provided it is satisfactory in other respects. The use of an asphalt under these specifications shall be subject to the approval of the engineer commissioner, and if an asphalt has been proposed for use by the contractor and approved by the engineer commissioner no change in the asphalt to be used shall be made unless with the approval of the engineer commissioner. If an asphalt or flux is submitted for use which has not been successfully used for a period of at least two years for paving under conditions similar to those existing in the District of Columbia, its use may be limited to such extent as may be deemed advisable, or it may be rejected for use entirely in the discretion of the engineer commissioner.

The asphalt cement must comply with the following tests:

1. It must be of such consistency that when tested at 32° F. it will not show a hardness below 10 penetration, and when tested at 115° F. it will not be softer than 350 penetration.

2. When a briquette of the cement having a minimum cross section of 1 square centimeter, having a penetration of 50 to 53 degrees at 77° F. is tested for ductility at 77° F, the bitumen must stretch at the rate of 5 centimeters per minute to a distance of 25

centimeters before breaking.

3. When the cement is heated in an open tin box 3 inch deep by 21 inches in diameter at a temperature of 300° F. for seven hours, in a hot-air oven, it must not show a loss by volatilization of over 5 per cent and must not have been hardened over 30 per cent by this heating.

The asphalt cement must never be heated to a temperature that will injure it.

When the asphalt cement contains over 5 per cent of material that will separate by subsidence while in a molten condition it must be thoroughly agitated before drawing from storage and while in use in the supply kettles so as to insure a uniform cement.

These properties shall be determined by tests made by uniform methods, as adopted in the office of the engineer commissioner.

(d) Sand.—The sand to be used shall be free from mud, hard grained and moderately sharp. On sifting it should have at least 15 per cent of material that would be caught on a 40 mesh per inch screen, 25 per cent of material that will pass an 80 mesh to the inch screen, and 10 per cent at least must pass a 100 mesh to the inch screen. If the sand to be used does not contain the desired fine material, mineral dust may be added to make up the deficiency, and in any case at least 5 per cent of such mineral dust shall be used. The amount of fine material may be increased at the discretion of the engineer commissioner.

(e) Mineral dust.—This shall be any fine Portland cement or limestone dust, the whole of which shall pass a 30-mesh screen, and at least 85 per cent pass a 100-mesh

screen.

(f) Asphalt paving mixture.—The materials complying with the above specifications shall be mixed in proportion by weight depending upon their character and the traffic on the street, and upon the character of the asphalt, and will be determined by the engineer commissioner, but the percentage of bitumen in any mixture soluble in carbon bisulphide shall not be less than 9 nor more than 13 per cent. If the proportions of the mixture are varied in any manner from those specified the mixture will be condemned; its use will not be permitted; and, if already placed on the streets, it must be removed and replaced by proper materials at the express of the contractor.

must be removed and replaced by proper materials at the expense of the contractor. The sand or the mixture of sand and stone dust and the asphalt cement will beheated separately to about 300° F. The dust, if limestone, will be mixed while cold with the hot sand in the required proportions and then mixed with the asphalt cement at the required temperature, and in the proper proportion in a suitable apparatus, so as to effect a thoroughly homogeneous mixture. Sand boxes and asphalt gauges will be weighed in the presence of inspectors as often as may be desired.

Samples of all material entering into the composition of the pavement shall be supplied to the inspector of asphalt and cements when required, in suitable tin boxes and cans; he shall have access to all branches of the works at any time and shall have the

right to obtain samples of all materials from the source of supply.

(g) Laying asphalt surface.—The asphalt paving mixture, prepared in the manner described, will be hauled to the site of the work at a temperature of not less than 250° or more than 350° F. in trucks or wagons, canvas covers being provided for use in transit. It will then be shoveled into place and thoroughly spread to a thickness of at least 2½ inches by means of hot iron rakes, in such manner as to give uniform and regular grade, so that after having received its ultimate compression it will have a net thickness of at least 1½ inches. This depth will be constantly tested by means of gauges furnished

by the engineer commissioner. The surface will then be compressed by steam rollers; first, with a roller weighing not less than 21/2 tons, after which a small amount of hydraulic cement will be swept over it, and it will then be thoroughly compressed by a steam roller weighing not less than 10 tons, the rolling being continued for not less than five hours for every 1,000 yards of surface. The street to be barricaded, the barricades to remain for such length of time as deemed necessary by the engineer commissioner. Binder or topping shall not be laid when in the judgment of the engineer weather conditions are unsuitable for the work of laying the pavement.

10. Laying vitrified blocks.—Vitrified-block gutters will ordinarily be 13½ inches wide, laid on a concrete base 6 inches in depth, of the same material and proportions and laid in the same manner as prescribed in these specifications for the concrete base

under asphalt pavements.

As soon as practicable after the concrete base has been laid, a dry mixture, composed of four parts of the sand specified in paragraph 6-b and one part of Portland cement, thoroughly mixed, will be spread thereon to the depth of not less than one-half inch, as a bed for the paving blocks, and regulated so as to be exactly parallel to the finished grade of the gutter.

On the bed thus prepared for them the blocks will be set on edge, with the longest

dimensions at right angles to the curb, or as directed by the engineer.

The longitudinal joints of each course of blocks laid must be broken by a lap of not

less than 4 inches

The blocks will then be carefully rammed by placing a plank over several courses and ramming the plank with a heavy rammer. The ramming will be continued until the blocks reach a firm, unyielding bed and present a uniform surface, with proper grade. Any lack of uniformity in the surface or defect in the grade must be corrected by taking up and relaying the blocks.

After proper ramming the entire gutter will be thoroughly grouted with a thin,

easily flowing grout, of neat Portland cement.

A similar construction of block to that described for the gutters may be used adjacent to railroad tracks; the base will in that case extend to the bottom of the crossties, or at least 6 inches thick.

The blocks will be furnished the contractor at the district property yards, and must

be hauled to the work at his expense.

13. ADDITIONAL WORK.

The following specifications will cover incidental work which may be required of

(a) Setting 6 by 20 inch granite and bluestone curb.—This curb will be set in the following manner: A trench parallel to the curb line, having a depth of 24 inches below the top of the curb when set, and 20 inches wide, will be excavated to receive the curb and its gravel bed; the dimensions of the trench, in width, will be 14 inches from the curb line toward the building line of the street, and 6 inches from said curb line toward the center line of the street. In the trench thus prepared the curb will be set, and brought to line and grade, with plumb face. Spalls of stone, hard-burned brick, or other acceptable substance prepared for the purpose, will be used to adjust the curb to grade, and these spalls will be so placed and adjusted as to support the curbing permanently, and afford a firm and stable support for it, without the use of small chips and fragments, used as "shimming" pieces, to wedge the stone in place. After the curb has been properly placed, and adjusted to line and grade, the trench will be filled with gravel of approved quality, to within 8 inches of the top of the curb, the filling to be done in layers of not more than 3 inches in depth and thoroughly compacted by suitable ramming. Close contact joints and even surfaces must be made, and the lines and grades furnished strictly followed.

(b) Setting 8 by 8 inch granite curb.—This curb will be set in the following manner: A trench parallel to the curb line, having a depth of 15 inches below the top of the curb when set, and 18 inches wide, will be excavated to receive the concrete and the The dimensions of the trench in width will be 14 inches from the curb line toward the building and 4 inches from the curb line toward the center line of the street. In this trench thus prepared a bed of concrete, composed of 1 part of Portland cement, 4 parts of clean concrete sand, and 10 parts of screen pebbles, will be laid, filling the trench to a depth of 5 inches, the material to be mixed and laid under the same conditions as prescribed for laying cement concrete base for sheet asphalt pavements. On the base prepared and laid as above, the curb will be placed before the concrete has set, and adjusted to line and grade by setting it to a firm, unyielding bearing in a bed of freshly made concrete, by the use of heavy wooden mauls. The face of the curb must be plumb and true to line, and the top of it carefully set to grade with close and even contact joints. After the curb has been set to line and grade, the trench on the footwalk side will be immediately filled with concrete to within 5 inches of the top of the curb, which will be thoroughly rammed and compacted, after which it will immediately be covered with earth to prevent injury to it through too rapid evaporation, etc. In case vitrified block gutters are to be laid in front of the curb, any portion of the concrete base of the curb that would interfere with the laying of such gutters must be removed immediately after the curb is set.

(c) Resetting 6 by 20 inch granite and bluestone curb.—The work to be done under this classification is identical with that specified for setting this class of curb, except no hauling of the curb is required other than that incidental to the necessary disposition of it upon the line of the work. Under this classification also, the curb may be adjusted to line and grade without removing it from its trench, if so ordered by the

engineer.

(d) Resetting 8 by 8 inch granite curb.—The work to be done under this classification is identical with that specified for setting this class of curb, except that no hauling of the curb is required other than that incidental to the necessary disposition of it upon the line of work, and no new concrete is required other than that sufficient to imbed

the stone and back and adjust it to line and grade.

(e) General instructions.—All curb will be furnished to the contractor at the District property yard, and will be hauled by him to the site of the work; any curbing unaccounted for, or improperly disposed of, or damaged, or broken, through careless or unskilled handling, will be charged against him, and the value of the loss to the District will be deducted from any amount due the contractor for work done, as deter-

mined by the engineer.

All expenses connected with or incidental to the work of setting or resetting curb, as described above, including the hauling of the curbing, preparing the curb trenches, and the necessary grading connected therewith, furnishing gravel and spalls, furnishing and placing concrete, and all other material and labor necessary to execute the work in accordance with the specifications therefor, are included in the fixed price for the respective items as hereinafter stated. The cost of dressing, jointing, or cutting the curb will be paid for additionally, but no other claim for additional compensation will be entertained. Should the adjoining brick footwalks be disturbed in order to set or reset the curb the portion so disturbed shall be repaved, if required by the engineer, without cost to the District.

14. Prices for additional work.—Contractors must do such additional work incident to the construction of new pavements as may be ordered on each street by the engineer commissioner. All such work shall be in accordance with current District specifica-

tions. Prices paid for this work will be as stated below:

(1) Removing old curb including haul, not to exceed 2 miles, 8 cents per linear

(2) Hauling same beyond distance of 2 miles, 1 cent per liner foot per mile.

(3) Hauling from District property yard and setting 6 by 20 inch curb, 25 cents per linear foot. (4) Resetting 6 by 20 inch granite and blustone curb, 25 cents per linear foot.

(5) Hauling from District property yard and setting 8 by 8 inch curb, 35 cents per linear foot.

(6) Resetting 8 by 8 inch curb on new concrete base, 31 cents per liner foot. (7) Resetting 8 by 8 inch curb on old concrete base, 15 cents per linear foot.

(8) Dressing, jointing, and cutting curb, etc. (stonecutter's time), including setting-up labor, 65 cents per hour.
 (9) Removing old rubble, cobble, flagging stone and brick, vitrified block or

brick, etc., including haul not to exceed 2 miles, 15 cents per square yard.

(10) Removing old asphalt blocks, including haul not to exceed 2 miles, 20 cents per square yard.

(11) Removing old granite block, including haul not to exceed 2 miles, and removal of old paving bed and cleaning concrete base where same exists, 25 cents per square yard. (12) Overhaul on items 9, 10, and 11, 1 cent per square yard per quarter mile or

fraction thereof.

(13) Removing old coal-tar or asphalt surface and binder from concrete base in connection with resurfacing work, including haul, 12 cents per square yard.

(14) Grading and hauling earth, not to exceed 1,000 feet, 60 cents per cubic (15) Grading and hauling macadam not to exceed 1,000 feet, 60 cents per cubic

vard.

(16) Removing old coal-tar and bituminous pavement or base of the class laid since 1880 and hauling not to exceed 1,000 feet, \$1 per cubic yard.

(17) Removing old coal-tar and bituminous pavement or base of the class laid prior to 1880 and hauling same not to exceed 1,000 feet, \$1.85 per cubic

(18) Removing old concrete base and hauling not to exceed 1,000 feet, \$1.50

per cubic yard. (19) Hauling excavated material, per 100 feet, over first 1,000 feet, 1 cent per

cubic yard. (20) Laying or relaying vitrified brick or block on old concrete base, 60 cents per square yard.

(21) Laying vitrified block on new concrete base in connection with asphalt

block pavement, \$1.30 per square yard. (22) Laying or relaying asphalt block and vitrified brick or block on gravel base, 40 cents per square yard.

(23) Cleaning old vitrified brick or block for relaying, 25 cents per square yard.

(24) Laying and relaying granite block, 75 cents per square yard. (25) Relaying cobble and rubble, 30 cents per square yard.

(26) Repairing cement walks including haul, \$1.50 per square yard.

(27) Repairing brick walks, 25 cents per square yard.

(28) Laying Portland cement concrete base in place, \$5 per cubic yard. (29) Adjusting manhole tops and basin covers to grade, \$1.50 each.

(30) Adjusting water-valve casings to grade, \$3 each. (31) Asphaltic top, 47 cents per cubic foot.

(32) Asphaltic binder, 39 cents per cubic foot.

(33) Adjusting electric-light or telephone manhole tops to grade, as follows:

(a) Size, less than 6 square feet area, \$1 each.
(b) Size, over 6 and less than 16 square feet, \$2 each.

(c) Size from 16 to 28 square feet, \$4 each.

15. Extra work.—The contractor must be prepared to do any extra work that may be ordered in writing by the engineer, and for this he will be paid at current rates for work of a similar character, or, if the extra work should be of a class for which no rate is fixed by current contracts, the actual reasonable cost to the contractor, as determined by the engineer, plus 15 per cent of said cost. The contractor shall have no claim for compensation for extra work unless same is ordered in writing by the engineer. All additional and extra work shall conform to current District of Columbia specifications therefor.

16. Guarantee.—All work under this contract will be guaranteed and kept in repair by the contractor without cost to the District of Columbia for a period of one year

from date of its completion as indicated on the final voucher for each street.

It is further expressly understood and agreed that if any of the pavements laid should, for any reason whatsoever, within the period of one year, prove inferior to the best laid in the District prior to July 1, 1916, then the contractor shall, on demand of the commissioners, remove such defective pavements and relay them with new material of approved quality. The engineer commissioner shall decide the question of inferiority.

On expiration of guarantee for maintenance the work is to be inspected, and all imperfections must be corrected where and to such extent as the engineer shall direct, upon which the engineer will accept the same in writing, and until such acceptance the guarantee shall be in force. Repairs that may become necessary during the guarantee period will be made by the contractor when ordered by the engineer

commissioner.

If the contractor fails to make such necessary repairs after notice to do so, the commissioners may cause such work to be done, and the contractor and the surety or sureties under the bond shall be jointly and severally liable for the cost of the

17. Cuts.—Contractors shall be responsible for any work done upon any street over plumbers' cuts or other work done by the permission of the commissioners before

the work is begun.

18. Modification.—The commissioners reserve the right to modify these specifications as may from time to time seem desirable. The amount of compensation, if any, due the contractor for said modifications will be determined by the engineer commissioner on the same basis as in the case of extra work.



